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Catalogue of the Coins in the Indian Museum Calcutta

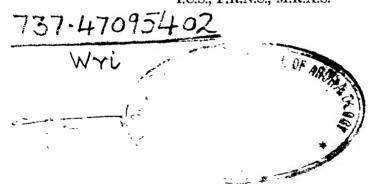
Including the Cabinet of the Asiatic Society of Bengal

Volume III

Mughal Emperors of India

By

H. Nelson Wright I.C.S., F.R.N.S., M.R.A.S.



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PREFACE

This volume contains a catalogue of the coins of the Mughal Emperors, or as they styled themselves on their coins Bádsháhs, of India from the time of Bábar (A. H. 932 = A. D. 1526) to the deposition of Bahádur II by the English (A. H. 1274 = A. D. 1858).

In the period of its greatest prosperity the empire of the Mughals extended from Kábul in the North (not to mention Balkh, of which a coin of Sháhjahán bears witness to the temporary possession) to Tanjore in the South, from Tatta and Júnagarh to the seaport town of Chittagong.

A reliable index to the geographical limits of the empire in its varying fortunes is to be found in the coins, owing to the custom of issuing money from many of the most important provincial centres, as well as at the capital, and of recording on the coin the mint from which it was issued. This practice which, as we have already seen in Vol. II, was to a small extent adopted by the Sultáns of Dehlí, was developed by the Afghán Shér Sháh after he had driven Bábar's son out of India. When, sixteen years later, Humáyún and Akbar regained the throne of Dehlí, they found it convenient and politic to retain the numismatic system which they found established. The coins, therefore, form a valuable adjunct to the plentiful, but often unsatisfactory, historical records of the Mughal period.

¹ I refer to a gold coin in the cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby of Allahábád, U. P., India.

iv PREFACE

During recent years the interest taken in the coins of the Mughals has received considerable impetus, partly as a result of private, partly public efforts. The publication in 1892 of the catalogue of the coins in the fine collection belonging to the British Museum may be said to have started the movement. This was followed in 1893 and 1894 by Mr. C. J. Rodgers's catalogues of the coins in the Láhor and Calcutta Museums. America, Germany, France, and Russia have seized opportunities to acquire well-known private collections, and, latterly, India herself has begun to take more systematized action to preserve her fast disappearing numismatic records. A striking proof of this is to be found in the present series of coins. Thirteen years ago the total of the Mughal coins in the cabinet of the Indian Museum stood at 863. The number now described is 2,560, and, though part of the increase is due to the transfer to the Indian Museum as a permanent loan the collection belonging to the Asiatic Society of Bengal, it is a fact that between July, 1904, and May, 1906, more than 800 coins were sent to the Calcutta Museum Cabinet, mainly as a result of the stricter working of the Treasure Trove Act.

It was therefore fully time that the existing catalogue should be replaced by one that included recent additions. The Trustees have at the same time wisely recognized that a catalogue of coins without illustrations is shorn of half its value from the numismatist's point of view. The plates illustrating this volume have been executed by the autotype process from casts skilfully taken by Mr. A. P. Ready, Electrotypist to the British Museum.

The coins have been classified, as in the volume devoted to the Sultans of Dehli and for the reasons there given, under the mints from which they issued, these latter being arranged in English alphabetical order. This has given rise PREFACE

to no practical difficulties, and I have purposely avoided an arrangement according to the Persian alphabet, in the belief that the majority of those using the volume are likely to be more readily conversant with the former than the latter.

For those to whom the chronology of the coins is of more importance than their locale, an index has been prepared, showing for each sovereign the coins issued in each year.

The side bearing the Muḥammadan profession of faith—the *Kalima*—has invariably been treated as the 'obverse' of the coin. Where the *Kalima* is absent, the 'obverse' is that side on which the Emperor's name appears, except in cases where the two legends form a couplet, and the Emperor's name is obviously in the second half of that couplet. Where neither the *Kalima* nor the Emperor's name is given, the side on which the mint name occurs has been shown as the 'obverse'.

In view of the abundant literature on the Mughal period, I have not thought it necessary to preface the catalogue by any historical sketch. The introduction takes the form of notes on the various mint towns recorded on the coins in the catalogue. My aim has been to let the coins illustrate themselves, how, from a small kernel—the principality of Kábul—the tree of Mughal empire grew strong enough for its branches to cast their shadow over the greater part of the Indian peninsula, till cumbrous with too much weight it fell stricken by the storms that swept round it, the spoil of Afghán and Marāthā, Sikh and Rohilla, French and English. Yet such was the prestige which lingered round the tottering monarchy that its supplanters preferred, by recording the name of the sovereign of Dehlí on their coins, to retain the semblance of suzerainty which such an issue of coinage implied. To this is due the difficulty which presents itself to any one who attempts to discriminate between the coins of the Mughal empire proper in its later stages, and those issued by the rulers of the territories which had been wrested from the Mughal. The point has been considered by Mr. Lane-Poole on p. cviii of his introduction to the British Museum Catalogue, 'Moghul Emperors.' 'We have first to determine,' he writes, 'what coins must be placed under Sháh 'Alam. Under this head are classed all those coins which bear his name, and have legible mints and consistent dates (i. e. dates in which the regnal and Hijra years are in accord). A large number of these coins were issued by one or other of the numerous quasi-independent states which sprang up all over India upon the decay of the Moghul authority; but so long as they show the Emperor's name, and so long as their dates tally with his reign, they must be classed as his coinage, though he was only a figure-head.' This method of treatment, though it does not cover every case-e.g. the coins issued by the East India Company at Murshidábád after A. H. 1178-9 = A. D. 1765^{-1} , and has not been followed by Mr. Lane-Poole in the case of the coins of the Banáras mint (p. 244 of the British Museum Catalogue)—goes a long way towards providing a practical working plan. Except, therefore, where cogent reasons to the contrary have been found, I have classed as Mughal issues all coins down to the close of the reign of Sháh 'Álam II which bear the name of the Dehlí Emperor, excluding only those which were obviously struck by the East India Company.

I desire to express my obligations to Mr. R. Burn, I.C. S., the Rev. G. P. Taylor, D.D., of Aḥmadábád, Bombay Presidency, and Dr. O. Codrington, Librarian of the Numis-

¹ See a paper by Mr. J. M. C. Johnston in the Numismatic Chronicle of 1903, Part I, p. 71.

PREFACE vii

matic Society, for the help I have received at their hands in the preparation of this volume. Mr. Burn very kindly gave up some of his scanty leisure to read through the proofs of the catalogue, and brought to my notice several points that required correction. He was also good enough to send me notes on some of the mints, which were of much assistance.

Dr. Taylor placed unreservedly at my disposal his wide experience of Mughal numismatics, and spared himself neither time nor trouble in helping me to make the introductory notes on mint towns as complete as possible.

To Dr. Codrington I am indebted for his experienced and ready aid at all times in dealing with difficult points.

For their careful composition and prompt execution of work my thanks are again due to the Staff of the Clarendon Press.

H. NELSON WRIGHT.

CLEVEDON, SOMERSET, September, 1907.

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TABLE SHOWING

THE METHOD OF TRANSLITERATION ADOPTED

IN THIS

CATALOGUE

غ ا	а		ط	ā	
ب	h	! !	ع	e	
ں	γ		ع	gh	
ر ر	t		ن	f	
	8	1	ق	\overline{q}	
€	\boldsymbol{j}	i		k .	
হ ভ	ch		ك ك	 g	
ح ح	h		J	l	
2	\underline{kh}	į		m.	
٥	J	 	ر ن	n	
į	ž.	İ	2	h	
ر	r				
ر ن ش ص	\$		و م	tr a	
س	8		می -	y	1
ۺ	sh		<u>-</u> a		1 <u>-</u> á
ص	s		<u> </u>	e	آ -ي
ض ط	<i>؞</i>		' "		ن. o ∸ ن
ط	<u>t</u>		<i>ي</i> – ي	n, é	uu - و

ABBREVIATIONS

A. D				Anno Domini.
Æ				copper, including bronze.
A. H				Hijra era.
A ḥmadábá	d			found in the Aḥmadábád district of Bombay Presidency.
Æ	•	,		silver.
Art.			,	article.
A. S. B				Asiatic Society of Bengal.
A				gold.
Bétúl .				found in the Bétúl district of the Central Provinces.
$Bhandcute{a}ra$	C. I	·.		found in the Bhandára district of the Central Provinces.
B. M. C				Catalogue of the British Museum, 'Moghul Emperors.'
Bombay G	over	nment	:.	presented by the Bombay Government.
Dehlî .				found in the Dehlí district of the Panjáb.
Dinájpúr				found in the Dinájpúr district of Bengal.
E. D				Elliot and Dowson's History of India.
Ellis .			•	acquired from the collection of Mr. Ellis, sold at Amsterdam, 1906.
Gurgáon .				found in the Gurgáon district of the Panjáb.
I. M. C. .		•	•	Catalogue of the Indian Museum, by Mr. C. J. Rodgers, 1894.
J. A. S. B.				Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.
Jihlam .				found in the Jihlam (Jhelum) district of the Panjáb.
J. R. A. S.				Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society.
J. R. A. S.	Bom		•	Journal of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatro Society.
$L\'ahor$.				found in the Láhor district of the Panjáb.
L, M, C.			•	Catalogue of the 'Coins of the Moghul Emperors of India', collected by Mr. C. J. Rodgers and purchased for the Láhor Museum, 1893.

mint mark or ornament.

М. .

Madrás . . . presented by the Madrás Government.

Mánbhúm . . found in the Mánbhúm district of Bengal.
Míánwálí . found in the Míánwálí district of the Panjáb.

Num. Chron. . . . The Chronicle of the Royal Numismatic Society, London.

Num. Supp. . . Numismatic Supplement to the J. A. S. B.

Pánch Maháls. . . found in the Pánch Maháls district of Bombay Presi-

dency.

Pl. . . . plate.

Procs. A. S. B. . Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

Púnó . . found in the Púná district of Bombay Presidency.

Rf. . . refer to.

R. Y. . regnal year.

S. . . . size.

Ságar . . . found in the Ságar (Saugor) district of the Central

Provinces.

Sq. . . . square.

Thána . . . found in the Thána district of the Bombay Presidency.

U.P. . . presented by the Government of the United Provinces

of Agra and Oudh.

w. . . . weight.

INTRODUCTION

NOTES ON THE MUGHAL MINT TOWNS MENTIONED IN THIS CATALOGUE

For the observations made in the following notes I have relied largely on the coins published in the British Museum Catalogue 'Moghul Emperors', and Mr. C. J. Rodgers's Catalogue of the coins in the Lahor Museum, together with those described in the present volume. I have, however, also made references to the catalogue of the fine collection made by Dr. L. White King, I.C.S. retd., which was prepared by Mr. Schulman of Amsterdam when that collection was dispersed, and to a manuscript catalogue of my private collection.

Mr. R. Burn's paper on 'Mints of the Mughal Emperors', which appeared in the Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1904, together with some notes supplied to me during the preparation of this volume; a manuscript list of mints prepared by Dr. G. P. Taylor of Aḥmadábád, showing the extent to which they are represented in some of the better known collections; Dr. Codrington's list of mint towns in his Musalmán Numismatics; and, occasionally, Mr. Leggett's Notes on the Mint Towns and Coins of the Mohamedans, have been of great assistance. Besides these, numerous publications in the Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal and Chronicle of the Royal Numismatic Society have been consulted.

The historical matter which the notes contain has been extracted mainly from the following publications:—

'Ain-i-Akbarí, translated by Prof. Blochmann and Col. Jarrett.

The History of India by its own Historians, Elliot and Dowson.

Muntakhabu-t-tawáríkh of Al-Badáoní, translated by Mr. W. H. Lowe.

Akbar, by Col. Malleson (Rulers of India Series).

Aurangzéb, by Mr. S. Lane-Poole (Rulers of India Series).

The Fall of the Mughal Empire, by Mr. H. G. Keene.

The series of Mughal coins is such a large one that very few numismatists can hope to have either the opportunity or the means required for forming a representative collection, and the time has now come when private collectors will do most good by concentrating their attention on the coins of individual mints. A series of monographs on the lines of Dr. Taylor's 'Coins of Aḥmadábád' (J. R. A. S. Bom., vol. XX. No. LVI. p. 409) would be of great assistance to students of this period, and for such work these notes will, it is hoped, prove of practical help, by illustrating the working of the mints as gleaned from the coins in some of the principal collections of Mughal coins, and by bringing together the scattered notices that have appeared from time to time in numismatic publications. in so far as they affect the coins here catalogued.

They may also be useful in serving as a guide to the authorities of the Indian Museum by showing in what directions efforts should be made to enlarge the collection. It is much to be hoped that such efforts will be made. I cannot claim that these are any but rough notes, to be corrected as fresh coins are brought to light. Where the references to be consulted are so numerous and scattered it is, perhaps, hardly to be expected that none have been overlooked, and, where the information from which deductions have been derived is of necessity incomplete, it would be presumptuous to hope that no errors will be discovered. If, however, the objects which I have had in view are in any measure advanced, and some incentive is given to the more systematic preservation and record of valuable but fast disappearing numismatic evidence, something will have been gained.

ÁGRA

ÁGRA [AKBARÁBÁD]

	Lat. 27° 10'	Long. 78° 3′	
	$A\!Y$	Æ	Æ
Bábar			6
Humáyún		1 ?	21
Akbar	12	1	12
Jahángír	19	18	7
Sháhjahán	1 (Ágra) 6 (Ágra)	— (Ágra)
•		rábád) 20 (Akbará	
Aurangzéb	<u> </u>	6	1
Sháh 'Álam I		6	
Jahándár	1	1	
Farrukh-siyar	1	6	
Rafí'u-d-darját		1	
Sháhjahán II		2	
Muhammad	1	13	*****
Alimad	1		
'Álamgír II	_	2	
Sháhjahán III		1	
Sháh 'Álam H		16	

A mint was first established at Ágra in the reign of Bábar ÁGRA apparently in the year A. H. 936. Its issues seem to have been confined to silver and copper, the former following the Central Asian dirham in weight and form (vide L. M. C., p. 2), while the copper coins, both under Bábar and his son Humáyún, conformed to the Bahlolí standard of about 145 grains. The latter are peculiar in that they do not bear the name of the reigning sovereign. Dáru-l-khiláfat, Dáru-z-zarb Qil'a, and Dáru-l-amán were used as honorific epithets of the town. On the silver coins the Kalima, and the names of the first four Khalífas, appeared on the obverse, the king's name and titles on the reverse.

Sher Sháh remodelled the coinage, issuing rupees of 180 grains and copper dáms of 330 grains, and the mint was worked freely during the Súri interregnum. Silver coins are known of Akbar's earliest years (L. M. C., p. 53), following the Súri standard of weight, but the issue of gold appears not to have started till A. H. 971. The weight of the gold muhar of this time averaged 168 grains with a maximum of 170 grains. In the British Museum (B. M. C., No. 23) is a five-muhar piece of A. H. 971 of the Ágra mint that weighs 838 grains. The silver coins weigh a little heavier, and Abú-l-fazl gives the weight of Akbar's rupee as $11\frac{1}{2}$ mashas or $178\cdot25$ grains. Between 970 and 980 Akbar spent much of his time at Ágra, and the fort, which took eight years to build, still remains as a monument of this period.

In A.H. 981 appeared the rare *Mihrábí* gold muhar, struck at 'Baldat', (the town of) 'Agra' (No. 70), but the shape was evidently not found suitable, for it does not appear again except in an issue of the forty-ninth year (B. M. C., No. 168), also from the Agra mint.

After Akbar moved his head quarters to Fathpur Sikri, coins of Agra appeared with less regularity, and few, if any, specimens are known with dates between A.H. 988 and 1005. By this time Akbar had promulgated his Iláhí religion and era, and the gold and silver coins (which are by no means common) bear on their obverse the formula الله اكبر جل جلاله which has led some to wonder whether the الله not meant to precede the الله الله الكبر المعادية in the legend.

In copper Akbar's earlier Ágra issues were of the Súrí type known as dáms, but inscribed fulús. In A.H. 1009 (R.Y. 44) appeared the tanka (L. M. C., p. 97) with its half-piece, and two years later these made way for the four, two, and one tankí pieces. These were current at the close of the reign.

Under Jahángír the Ágra mint resumed its activity, and from it issued some of the finest specimens of the Mughal coinage. On some of Jahángír's earliest issues the *Kalima* was reintroduced, but as

AGRA a general rule the inscriptions were in the form of rhyming couplets. The weight of the muhar and rupee was also changed, some specimens weighing as much as 220-5 grains (*L. M. C.*, No. 20, P. 131). The old standard was, however, reverted to in the sixth year of the reign, and only one or two heavy coins are known of later date.

A specimen of a five-muhar piece of the Ágra mint, dated A. H. 1028, and weighing 843 grains, is preserved in the British Museum (No. 305, B. M. C.). In A. H. 1028 also appeared the well-known series of coins, bearing on their reverse the sign of the zodiac corresponding to the month in which the coin was struck. Of these, in gold, the Indian Museum possesses thirteen (Nos. 570-82) with eight signs, issued between 1028 and 1032, and in silver three (Nos. 603-5), with the signs of Taurus, Gemini, and Cancer; but I regard only two of these latter as above suspicion.

The following five couplets are inscribed on gold and silver coins of Agra in this Catalogue.

'Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, illumined the face of the coins (money) with the colour of the sun (gold) and the moon (silver),'

a poetical way of saying that he struck gold and silver coins.

'The king, the refuge of the world, Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, struck coin in the city of Ágra.'

'In (the month of) Isfandármuz the supreme sovereign of the age, Sháh Jahángír, son of Sháh Akbar, struck this coin in gold in the city of Ágra.'

i

ÁGRA

```
AV No. 570
              (1028-14) Aries
No. 572-4 (1030-16) Taurus
Æ No. 603
AV No. 575
                         Gemini
AR No. 604
              (1028-14)
AV No. 576
              (1030-16) Cancer
R No. 605
              (1029-15)
AV No. 577
              (1031-17)
AV No. 578
                          Virgo
AV No. 579
              (1031-16) Libra
AV No. 580
              (1032-18)
AV No. 581
              (1031-16) Sagittarius
AV No. 582
              (1028-13) Pisces
AR No. 601
              (1031-17)
Æ No. 602
              (1034-19)
     یافت در آگره روی زر زیور
از جهانگیر شاه شاه اکبر
```

'The face of money received beauty at Ágra through Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Akbar Sháh.'

'The stamp of Ágra gave decoration to money through Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Sháh Akbar.'

To these may be added the couplet on the rupees which bear the name of Jahángír's queen Núrjahán—Nos. 811-13:

'By order of Shah Jahangir money gained a hundred beauties from the name of Núrjahan, his queen.'

The Museum possesses two only of the copper issues of Ágra, viz. the 'rawáne' and the heavy 'fulús'. It will be noticed that one of these is struck on a Súrí $d\acute{a}m$ (No. 828). The 'ráij' is wanting.

In A. H. 1038, during the second year of Sháhjahán's reign, the name of Ágra was altered to Akbarábád (No. 889 and B. M. C., No. 583), the honorific epithet (Dáru-l-khiláfat) and the name of the Persian month being at first retained. These, however, were replaced in the same year by an uncommon type in which the names of the first four khalífas and their attributes are recorded above and below the Kalima (No. 890). Between 1039 and 1043 the type changes

AGRA frequently. On the obverse the Kalima is enclosed first in a circle, then in a sixfoil area. In 1041 the area becomes square, in 1042 circular again and then diamond-shaped, till finally in 1043 a dotted square area is adopted. On the reverse the king's name and titles are written in lines across the face of the coin till 1043 when the obverse design of an area with margin is introduced. After 1039 the mint name is to be found on the reverse, before that on the obverse.

On the gold coins the areas are lozenge-shaped after 1043 and these Akbarábád muhars are perhaps the commonest of the earlier Mughal gold issues.

The collection contains only one example of a Nisár (largesse money) of this mint and that an imperfect specimen—No. 908.

The copper coinage is also meagrely represented by one coin, a 'fulús' weighing 37 grains.

In the struggle for the throne between Sháhjahán's sons Ágra appears to have been effectively occupied by Sháh Shuj'á, for coins were struck in his name from the Ágra mint (B. M. C., No. 690) during A. H. 1068, but there is no specimen in the present collection, nor does the Museum possess any gold coin of Aurangzéb of Ágra mintage. The earliest coin of this reign is of 1071 (R.Y. 3). On the obverse is a square area inscribed ابو المظفر معى الدين محمد اورنگزيب بهادر and the date in the margin. The reverse contains the mint name also in a square area, while in the margin appears the formula used consistently by Aurangzéb and his successors to express their regnal year, viz.: مستة جارس ميمنت مانوس : year of the reign of tranquil prosperity'.

This type remained unchanged till the twenty-ninth year of Aurangzéb's reign, when it gave place to the type usually associated with this monarch, the obverse containing the following couplet:—

'Shah Aurangzeb 'Alamgir struck coin in the world like the shining moon,'

while on the reverse appear the regnal year and mint name. From this time also Akbarábád went by the name of مستقر اللافنة, 'the permanent seat of the Khalifate.'

The catalogue contains only one copper coin of this mint which can be ascribed to Aurangzéb. It is dated the eighth year, and weighs 213 grains (No. 1646). It does not, however, bear Aurangzéb's name. Under Sháh 'Álam Bahádur Sháh the honorific epithet of the mint was altered to مستعر اللك , and this epithet was also employed

by Jahándár and Farrukh-siyar, the latter reverting to مستقر الخلافة in **ÁGRA** the fifth year of his reign (see B. M. C., No. 924).

The remaining history of the mint calls for little comment. Coins bearing the usual inscriptions were issued from it in the name of each king down to Sháh 'Alam II, and one or more specimens of each reign are to be found in the catalogue. Even the puppet king Sháhjahán III, raised to the throne by Gházíu-d-dín, seems to have issued money from Akbarábád (No. 2263), but the attribution of this coin is somewhat uncertain. In the troublous times of Shah 'Alam II Agra was successively in the hands of the Játs, Maráthás, and Imperial troops. Eventually it was taken by Sindhia and held for him by his French generals until the victorious progress of Lord Lake in 1803 (A. H. 1218) left Hindústán at the mercy of the British. Meanwhile the mint continued to send out coins in the name of Shah 'Alam, but there appears to have been a break between 1180 and 1198. In the latter year coins again appeared bearing on them the distinctive mark of a fish. In 1219, when the mint must have been in British possession, the legend on the obverse was slightly altered from -but the fish, سكه صاحب قراني زد زتائيد الله to سكه زد بر هفت كشور از فضل الله mark was retained. Of this type a coin of 1220, the year before Sháh 'Alam's death, is the latest that I can find (B. M. C., No. 1132), the coin described on p. 246 of the Lahor Museum Catalogue evidently being, as suggested by Mr. C. J. Rodgers, of doubtful authenticity.

On the whole the Akbarábád (Ágra) mint is well represented by its coins in the Indian Museum cabinet, the most noticeable defect being the absence of any gold coins of Aurangzéb, Sháh 'Álam I, and the last three emperors in whose reigns the mint was working. There is also a lamentable paucity of silver coins of the smaller values.

АӉУ		AHMAD-			
Lat. 23° 2′		Long. 72° 35′			ÁPÁD
	$A\!\!\!\!/$	Æ	Æ		
Akbar	7	53	12		
Jahángír	2	31			
(Núrjahán)		1			
Sháhjahán	1	12			
Murád Bakhsh		1			
Aurangzéb	_	10			
Sháh 'Álam I					
Jahándár		_			
Farrukh-siyar		1			
Rafí'u-d-darját		1			
v				1	

AḤMAD-ÁBÁD

	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	Æ	Æ
Sháhjahán II	_		
Muhammad	-	7	
Aḥmad			
'Àlamgír II		2	
Sháhjahán III		1	
Sháh 'Álam II		3	
Bídár-Ba <u>kh</u> t		1	
Akbar II		1	1

The coinage of the Aḥmadábád mint has been admirably dealt with by Dr. G. P. Taylor in his article in the J. R. A. S. Bom., vol. XX, No. LVI, pp. 409-447, and in a note on 'Akbar's copper coins of Aḥmadábád' in the J. A. S. B., 1904, Num. Supp. IV, art. 26.

Aḥmadábád was founded in A.D. 1411 (A.H. 814) by Aḥmad Sháh I, sovereign of the independent kingdom of Gujarát in Western India, and became the capital of that principality. The connexion of the Mughals with Gujarát began in the reign of Humáyún who, after overrunning Málwá, proceeded to invade Gujarát and drove the reigning sovereign Bahádur Sháh to seek protection from the Portuguese. Copper coins were struck by the invader at Chámpánír (L.M.C., p. 12) in A.H. 942, but there is none in the present collection.

As a Mughal mint the history of Ahmadábád starts in A. H. 980, when Gujarát was annexed by Akbar, and No. 76 of this catalogue is a specimen of the first gold coins issued in Akbar's name. No. 77 is another coin of the same year, but on it Aḥmadábád is called 'Daru-l-khilafat'. The latter type only is noticed in Dr. Taylor's paper, but he mentions a rupee of 980 very similar to No. 76. The type changed both for gold and silver in 981 and again in 982, Ahmadábád now being known as 'Dáru-s-saltanat'. Five years later. in 987, Akbar introduced a square coinage (Nos. 82 and 114), the Kalima on the obverse being in a diamond for gold, a square for silver, issues, the four sides of which are formed by elongating some of the letters of the marginal legends. No gold coins of Akbar seem to have issued from the Ahmadábád mint after 987, but this square type continued in silver till A. H. 1000. In 1000 and 1001 while the orthodox inscriptions remained the Hijra date was replaced by the Iláhi year (No. 127), and the epithet 'Dáru-s-saltanat' was dropped; but some time during the latter year the Iláhí coins, with the Akbari creed on the obverse and the date, month, and mint on the reverse, made their appearance, square at first, but changing to round in the course of the thirty-ninth year. Another variation

occurred in A. H. 1010—Akbar's forty-seventh year—when for eight AHMAD-months a more ornate type of coin was issued (Nos. 152-3). ÁBÁD

In copper, as in the other metals, the coins struck immediately after the conquest (Nos. 347 and 348) were soon discontinued, and in 982 appeared a type of 'fulius' which was not superseded till the thirty-eighth year. Nos. 356 and 357 are examples of this type, but the Iláhí date is unfortunately obliterated. The copper coinage of Ahmadábád after 987 is very poorly represented in the Indian Museum, there being no specimens of the 'tanka' issue, which in Ahmadábád, as in Ágra, was current in the forty-fourth and two successive years. Of the issues between 1009–1013, there is only one very imperfect specimen, a 'yak tankí'—No. 357 (a).

Of the gold coins struck in Ahmadábád by Akbar's successor two only are here described (583-4), and, with the possible exception of an undated zodiacal muhar in the British Museum, probably no gold coins were issued before 1028 from this mint.

Aḥmadábád was, however, one of Jahángír's principal silver mints, and from it issued in 1027 (R.Y. 13) the earlier zodiacal coins. Of these the Museum possesses ten (Nos. 627-36), with five signs—Aries, Taurus, Gemini, Cancer, and Leo. Of the remaining seven signs, two only—Scorpio and Pisces—seem to be known in silver. The signs of Cancer and Aquarius are represented on gold muhars in the Cabinet des Médailles, Paris.

The silver coins that issued from the Aḥmadábád mint during the first nine months of Jahángír's reign have a distinctive character of their own, in that the king is called by the name given him at his birth—Salím. The full legend runs—

The coins are also peculiar in that the first five are dated '50', referring to the fiftieth year of Akbar's reign, while the other four give the regnal year '2'. The Salimi coins and their dates are discussed by Dr. Taylor in a note in J. A. S. B., 1904, Num. Supp. I.

They were followed by heavy rupees with the *Kalima* on the obverse, and to these succeeded in 1017 the still heavier coins with the couplet—

These were current for three years only, but the inscription was revived in the lighter series of coins struck between 1027 and 1033 (Nos. 621-5). The intervening period was occupied by coins bearing the names of Iláhí months except during part of 1027 (R.Y. 12), when a new type (L. M. C., p. 146) was current for a short

AHMAD- time. During the last four years of the reign, while the influence of Núrjahán was predominant, the coinage was restricted to issues bearing her name with the usual couplet (see under Ágra). This collection has no examples of the copper coinage of Jahángír from the Aḥmadábád mint, nor, indeed, of any of his successors except Akbar II.

Shahjahan at once reverted to the use of the Kalima, and some of the coins of his first year bear on them the word 'Hijri' after the date, while the regnal year 1 is termed if to the first time, but No. 528 in the British Museum Catalogue shows that he began to record the Ilahi months on his coins very early in his second year. This type was current till 1043. In the latter year we find the Kalima on the obverse and the king's name on the reverse enclosed in linear squares, and this type obtained till the close of the reign. At that time Murad Bakhsh was governor of the province. It is therefore natural to find the Aḥmadábád mint issuing coins in the name of that claimant to the throne during 1068. From this time to the end of the dynasty the mint is very poorly represented in the present catalogue. Of gold coins there is none, of copper one, and of silver only twenty-seven—the reigns of Sháh 'Alam I, Jahándár, and Aḥmad exhibiting conspicuous gaps.

The silver issues of Aurangzéb bear the usual couplet associated with that sovereign, and the same may be said, mutatis mutandis, in regard to the coins of other reigns, but the single specimen of Rafí'u-d-darját's rupees (No. 1816) is of interest in that it gives Ahmadábád a new epithet—Zinatu-l-bilád, 'the beauty of towns.'

No. 2262 shows that Ahmadábád was ready to recognize the right of the pretender, Sháhjahán III, to strike coins, and Bídár-Bakht, the titular emperor set up by Ghulám Qádir in 1202, was permitted to exercise a similar privilege (No. 2499).

The latest coin from this mint is No. 2511, a copper coin of Akbar II, dated 1234.

AḤMAD-NAGAR

AHMADNAGAR

Lat. 19° 5'		Long. 74°	55′
	A	At	Æ
Jahángír	1	7	
Sháhjahán	_	3	
Aurangzéb		5	
Sháh 'Alam I		1	

Aḥmadnagar was founded early in the sixteenth century by Aḥmad Sháh, the first of the Nizám Sháhí kings, and became the capital of that dynasty.

When Akbar had consolidated his power north of the Vindhyas, ARMAD-his thoughts turned towards the Dakhan, and in the fortieth year NAGAR of his reign he sent his son Murád in command of an invading army. Aḥmadnagar was besieged but without much energy, and eventually terms were made leaving Aḥmadnagar with the Nizám Sháh. In 1008 Akbar himself proceeded to the Dakhan, and Aḥmadnagar was taken after a siege of four months. In Jahángír's reign the city was lost and regained. When Sháhjahán came to the throne, the fort of Aḥmadnagar was all that was left to the Mughals south of Khándésh and Berár, but a more vigorous policy was pursued, and by 1637 (1047) the Nizám Sháhí kingdom had been incorporated into the Mughal empire.

Akbar struck coins at Aḥmadnagar, but only a few specimens are known. Nos. 638-43 are probably, to judge from the evidence of the *Kalima* on the obverse, specimens of a type current early in Jahángír's reign. They are, however, of the normal rupee weight, and may therefore be placed after the sixth year. The gold muhar, No. 585, is later, and both it and the rupee of 1036 are rare coins. The latter would show that Núrjahán's influence had not penetrated to the Dakhan.

There are two types of the coins of Sháhjahán, one (No. 886) giving the Iláhí month dated 1041 and the other with the usual square areas. The mint was apparently little used during the first half of Aurangzéb's reign, only one coin—of the first year—(L. M. C., p. 179) being published of that period. In 1681 (A. H. 1092), however, Aurangzéb himself took command of his Dakhan army, and coins began soon after to issue more freely from Ahmadnagar. Nos. 1165-6 of the twenty-eighth year (1095-6) may possibly be examples of the first issues, as they are peculiar in having the Hijra date on the reverse and the regnal year on the obverse. A gold coin of 1097 (B. M. C., No. 710) retains this peculiarity, but in No. 1167 of 1098 the usual practice is introduced. A'zam Sháh, during his brief struggle for the throne (A.H. 1118), struck rupees at Ahmadnagar. The latest coin in this collection from the Ahmadnagar mint is No. 1654 of Sháh 'Álam I, and copper coins both of this king and Fárrukh-siyar (year 5) were in Dr. White King's cabinet, but after this latter reign the mints of Southern India gradually disappear, a new power springing up into independence in Haidarábád under Chin Kulich Khán and his successors.

INTRODUCTION

AḤSAN-ÁBÁD

AḤSANÁBÁD [KULBARGA]

Lat. 17° 21'	Long	g. 76° 51′	
	$A\!\!\!\!/$	${R}$	Æ
Aurangzéb (A.)	1		-
(K.)	1	2	_
Jahándár (K.)	1	-	

Aḥsanábád—more commonly known later as Kulbarga or Gulbarga—was the capital of the Bahmaní dynasty of the Dakhan in the latter half of the fourteenth and first quarter of the fifteenth centuries. On the decay of that dynasty it became part of the 'Ádil Sháhí kingdom of Bíjápúr.

It was taken by Aurangzéb for his father in 1656 (A. H. 1067), but the latter's illness delayed the final fall of the 'Ádil Sháhs till 1686 (1097-8), and it was not till that year that Kulbarga passed into Mughal hands. No. 1413 (of 1098-31) was doubtless one of the first issues of the mint under the name of Kulbarga. Both gold (L. M. C., p. 179) and silver coins were issued bearing the usual inscriptions.

In the year 1115, however, it would seem that the Bahmaní name of the town was temporarily revived on the coins (4 No. 1120, A cabinet of Dr. White King). Kám Bakhsh issued coins both from Ahsanábád and Kulbarga (Dr. White King's collection) and a coin is known of Ahsanábád of Sháh 'Álam I (cabinet of Mr. Frámjí Jámasjí Thánawálá). The latest known coin of the mint under its name of Kulbarga is of Jahándár, and is described in this catalogue No. 1710. Its attribution, however, though probably correct, cannot be called certain.

AJMÉR

AJMÉR

Lat. 26° 27	,	Long. 71°	37′
	\boldsymbol{A}	AR	Æ
Λ kbar			6
Aurangzéb		8	
Muḥammad		1	
Sháh 'Álam II		4	

Ajmér was an important place as far back as the tenth and eleventh centuries, when it was the head quarters of the Tomára dynasty. Later, in the twelfth century, it sent its representative Prithví Rájá to oppose Muḥammad bin Sám. In the days of Akbar it had acquired special sanctity as the burial-place of the Muḥammadan saint Khwája Muʻinu-d-din Chishtí, and for the first twenty-five years of his reign Akbar seldom missed an annual visit to the shrine of the saint.

In A. H. 978 he 'laid the foundation of a fortress in the environs AJMÉR of that pure city and ordered a lofty palace to be built by the great Amírs'.¹

He had at an earlier date established a mint there and copper dâms from it were issued in 970 (L. M. C., p. 107). The earliest coin in the present collection is dated 979 (No. 358) and gives Ajmér an epithet which I have been unable to decipher. The remaining seven coins are of the ordinary type, the words 'sikka' and 'fulús' both occurring in the inscription. The coinage went on for some years after Akbar's interest in the shrine had waned, 996 being apparently the latest year of issue.

Under Jahángír, Ajmér became a mint for gold and silver also, and from it issued the well-known gold coins portraying Jahángír seated with a wine-cup in his hand-unfortunately not represented in the present collection. Mr. Gibbs also published a zodiacal muhar (Cancer d. 1034) of this mint bearing the name of Núrjahán (Proc. J. A. S. B., January, 1883). Sháhjahán must have coined very little money at Ajmér, for only a single rupee is known (in the Lucknow Museum); but the mint was revived by Aurangzeb in or about the thirtieth year of his reign, and was working regularly up to its close The issues were almost entirely rupees, gold coins from this mint being most scarce. The obverse contains the usual On the reverse Ajmér is called 'Dáru-l-khair'-the inscription. abode of well-being. This epithet is retained to the end of the series, but in the reign of Sháh 'Alam I the title Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat is also applied to the city.

Although coins are known to have been struck at Ajmér in nearly every succeeding reign, the only kings represented in the present collection after Aurangzéb are Muḥammad Sháh and Sháh 'Álam II.

AKBARÁBÁD. See ÁGRA.

AKBAR-AKBARNAGAR NAGAR Lat, 25° 3′ Long. 87° 50' \boldsymbol{A} $\mathcal{A}\!\mathcal{R}$ Jahángír 10 Sháhjahán 9 Aurangzéb 34 Sháh 'Álam I 1 2 Muhammad Ahmad 1 'Alamgir II 1

¹ Badáoni (Lowe's translation, Bibliotheca Indica, p. 137).

AKBAR-NAGAR Akbarnagar is the modern Rájmahal in Bengal. It was founded by Mán Singh in the fortieth year of Akbar's reign (Blochmann's 'Ain-i-Akbarí, p. 340), and was used in that reign as a mint both for silver and copper, the Lucknow Museum possessing a rupee of the fiftieth year. But it was during the three following reigns that the mint was most active. There are no examples in this catalogue of the heavy Kalima and 'couplet' coins, which were issued in Jahángír's first three years (see L. M. C. and B. M. C.), but the normal weight coins of 1019 and 1020 exhibit the following rare couplet:—

'King Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Sháh, struck coin in Akbarnagar, the court of the king of heaven.'

The remaining coins of this reign are of the usual Iláhí type. Under Sháhjahán are to be found the regular types—the non-Iláhí rupees of the first year, followed by the Iláhí rupees from the second to the seventh year, and the 'square areas' type from that year to the end of the reign. These are all represented in the catalogue.

Of Aurangzéb there are no less than one gold and thirty-four silver coins. The gold issues of the twelfth year (cf. B. M. C., No. 706) had the king's name in a square area on the obverse, and the mint and date in a square on the reverse, but in the thirteenth year the type was changed, and we get (No. 1121) the king's titles in lines on the obverse with Aurangzéb's ordinary reverse.

On the rupees the obverse legend is the one usually found on the gold coins of Aurangzéb (مر taking the place of بدر) until the forty-second year, when بدر comes into the couplet. A further peculiarity is that both the Hijra date and regnal year are recorded on the reverse up to the forty-sixth year (1114). The British Museum Catalogue describes (B. M. C., No. 742 (a)) a rare two-anna piece of this mint.

After Aurangzéb the issues from Akbarnagar become scarce, but the Museum possesses examples of the rupees of Sháh 'Álam I, Muḥammad, Aḥmad, and 'Álamgír II. The latest of these bears the date 1167-ahd, and is of the first year of 'Álamgír II.

AKBAR-PÚR

There are but three coins—all copper—of this rare mint in the collection here catalogued. From two of these it is possible from the

inscription to identify the mint town with the Akbarpúr near Tánda AKBARin the Faizabad district of Oudh. The ناصر الدنيا و الدين on the PÚR reverse of these recalls the same title on the silver coins of the neighbouring town of Jaunpur. Whether No. 364 was struck at the same mint town it is difficult to say. I can trace no notice of the Akbarpúr of Oudh in the chronicles of the Akbarí period. Where Akbarpúr is mentioned, reference is to the place on the Narbadá river, south of Ujjain, at the crossing of the Great Dakhan Road. In the 'Khulásatu-t-tawáríkh' (India of Aurangzéb, by Sirkár, p. 18) mention is made of an Akbarpúr at the junction of the Chambal with the Jamna-the birthplace of Rájá Bírbal, and there is an Akbarpúr of some pretensions in the modern district of Cawnpore. In the Lahor Museum are two rupees of Akbar dated 971 and 972, which, from the half-deciphered reading on L. M. C., p. 56, appear to have been struck at Akbarpúr Tánda. There is also a rupee of Akbarpúr of the reign of Jahándár in the cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby of Allahábád.

AKHTARNAGAR AWADH. See AWADH.

'ÁLAM-GÍRPÚR

'Alamgírpúr of the coins has hitherto been regarded to be the town of that name near Karnúl (Qamarnagar) in the Dakhan, but Mr. R. Burn informs me that Bhílsa, which was a mint town of Sháhjahán, was renamed 'Alamgírpúr. There is, however, this difficulty in attributing the coins of 'Alamgírpúr to Bhílsa—that Dr. White King's cabinet contained a coin of the Bhílsa mint dated year 21 (1089) of Aurangzéb, whereas No. 1233 of this catalogue, which is of the 'Alamgírpúr mint, is dated 1076. It does not seem likely that a mint renamed after the reigning king would revert to the use of its old name on its coins during that king's lifetime.

No. 1233, which is the earliest coin of 'Alamgirpur hitherto published, has the mint name at the top of the reverse. This type obtained till 1095, in which year the mint name first appears at the bottom of the reverse. After 1095 the mint seems to have worked regularly till the close of Sháh 'Alam I's reign. Coins of the latter king are uncommon.

ALLAH-ÁBÁD

ALLAHÁBÁD

Lat. 25° 26′	Long.	81° 55′	
	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	Æ	Æ
Akbar		5	2
Jahángír		_	
Sháhjabán		1	
Aurangzéb	1	1	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1	
Muḥammad	_	3	_
Ahmad	1	2	
'Álamgír II	-	3	
Sháh 'Álam II	_	4	

Allahábád, the ancient Prayág, lies at the confluence of Jamna and the Ganges, and is the present head quarters of the Local Government of the province of Ágra. Its connexion with the Mughals, as a town of importance, dates from A. H. 982. To quote from Badáoní (Lowe's translation, Bibliotheca Indica, 1884, p. 179): On the 23rd of the month Safar the Emperor encamped at Payág, which is commonly called Illáhábás.... He laid the foundation of a great building and left the name of that city Illáhábád.'

The fort which Akbar built is still the most prominent landmark in Allahábád.

In Akbar's thirty-third year, however (Nos. 367-8), the coins still retained the old name الهابات regarding the derivation of which Mr. R. Burn, I.C.S., has a note in J. A. S. B., 1904, Part I, No. 2. The rupees of this reign are peculiar in that the inscriptions on the obverse and reverse form a couplet—one of the few known on Akbar's coins, viz.

It has been thought that these rupees may have been struck by Jahángir, who in 1008 rebelled against his father and, assuming the title of king, struck coins in his own name (Blochmann's 'Aini-i-Akhari, p. xxv, and E.D., vol. VI, pp. 99, 205). Rupees are, however, known of the fortieth year (1003-4), and the following passage from Badáoni (Lowe's translation, Bibliotheca Indica, p. 345) seems to fix the date of first issue of these coins as A. H. 991:

'The year after sending Mirzá Khán and the army of Málwá to Gujarát, the Emperor started from Ágra in a boat on a pleasure expedition to Iláhábád... and it was determined that thenceforth

that place (Allahábád) should be the Capital. And they struck ALLAHa new coinage, and Sharif Sarmadi wrote this verse for the coin: ÁBÁD

"Ever may it current be
Like the gold of sun and moon
From east to west of the world
The coinage of Allahábád."

It is possible that the coins of this type without date may be the issues between 991 and 1003. After Akbar, coins of this mint are rare, and there is none of Jahángír in this collection. Of Sháhjahán, too, there is only one specimen, a rupee of the 'square areas' type, dated 1043, but the 'Iláhí' coins of 1039-43 are represented in the British Museum (B. M. C., 606), and the 'Hijrí' issues in the cabinet of Mr. Longworth Dames (Num. Chron., 1902, p. 275). Dr. White King had a copper coin from this mint.

ALWAR

ALWAR

Alwar was first used as a Muḥammadan mint by Shér Sháh Súr—for copper only. Akbar also had a mint there in his early years, the two dáms in this collection being dated 967 and 968, and the specimen in the Láhor Museum 972. He also issued rupees from the Alwar mint, but only two or three specimens are known. No coins of Alwar are known of any other Mughal Emperor.

AMÍR-KOT

AMÍRKOT

The above two dáms of Akbar are the only published specimens of coins from this mint town, which is identified by Dr. Codrington in his Musalmán Numismatics as Amarkot in Sind, Akbar's birth-place. The coins are dated 979 and 989, and the mint has the prefix of Qaṣba—town.

ÁNWALA

Lat. 28° 16′ Long. 79° 12′
$$\frac{A}{2}$$
 Sháh 'Álam II $\frac{A}{2}$ 1 $\frac{A}{2}$

Ánwala is only found as a mint town in the early years of the reign of Sháh 'Álam II (No. 2331 and L. M. C., p. 225). It is a town of Rohilkhand (in the present district of Badáyún (Budáon)). In the reign of Muḥanmad Sháh it was the head quarters of the first of the Rohilla chiefs, 'Alí Muḥammad. No. 2331 must have been struck just after the battle of Pánípat, in 1761, when the Rohilla Najíb Khán was at the head of affairs in Dehlí.

In 1774, Anwala passed with the rest of Rohilkhand into the hands of the Nawab of Oudh, and in 1801 became British territory.

ARKÁT

ARKÁT

Arkát (Arcot) as a mint is mainly connected with the East India Company, and the French 'Compagnie des Indes'. As an Imperial mint of the Mughals its issues were limited, and I have been obliged to exclude many of the Arkát coins in Mr. Rodgers's catalogue as not coming within the category of Mughal issues. The mint appears to have been established in the reign of Farrukh-siyar—the earliest known coins being of 1129 (cabinet of Dr. Taylor). The coin on I.M.C., p. 54 (7497), is, in my opinion, of Súrat, not Arkát.

By Muhammad the East India Company were given permission to coin rupees in imitation of the Mughal issues. This was in 1742 A.D.

= A.H. 1154-5. Possibly Nos. 1885 (a) and (b), dated 1158, may represent some of the first—but not very successful—attempts at coinage by the East India Company under this concession. The coins of Aḥmad in the I. M. C. (pp. 69-70) have been excluded as non-imperial, and the only other Mughal coin of this mint is No. 2198 of the fourth year of 'Alamgir II.

ATAK BANÁRAS Lat. 33° 53′ Long. 72° 15′ AR AR Akbar — — 2

'In the month of Rabí' II of this year (989) the Emperor ordered to be built on the banks of the Indus . . . a fortress which he called Atak Banáras, to distinguish it from Katak Banáras.' So writes Badáoní (Lowe's translation, Bibliotheca Indica, 1884, p. 301). A more probable reason for the name is that given by Blochmann (Ain, p. 374 n.) 'that the two frontier towns of his empire were to have similar names'. Akbar had marched north against his brother Muhammad Hakím. The king also went to Atak early in 994, and spent the greater part of the year there, leaving in Rabí II of 995. He was again there in 997. No coins, however, appear to have been struck before the thirty-seventh year (1000-01). Dáms are known of this and the following six years, and in this catalogue is a specimen of the forty-eighth year (No. 374). are no coins of later date in this catalogue, but the Lucknow Museum has a rupee of Aurangzéb of Atak Banáras—the attribution of which is however doubtful—and a rupee is also known of Muhammad Sháh of Atak (L. M. C., p. 215) dated 1158 (1745), i.e. in the period between the invasions of Nádir Sháh and Ahmad Khán Durrání.

AURANGÁBÁD [AURANG-			
Lat. 19° 53'	° 53' Long. 75° 20'			ÁBÁD
	\boldsymbol{A}	AR	Æ	
Aurangzéb (A.)	2	7		
(K.)		7		
Sháh 'Álam I (K.)	1	1	_	
Jahándár (K.)		2		
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar (K.)		1		

Aurangábád was the name given by Aurangzéb to a town founded by him during his father's reign near the site of the village of Kharkí, 5 kos SE. of Daulatábád. Under Jahángír

AURANG-the town had been called Fathábád (Blochmann's 'Ain-i-Akbarí, ÁBÁD p. 491 n.).

No. 1123 of the Catalogue dated 1070 is apparently the earliest coin known of the mint, which issued both gold and silver. Up to 1088 (B. M. C., No. 753) the mint name was put at the top of the reverse. By 1093 (Nos. 1248 and 1124) the type had altered. From 1100 the town is known on its coins solely by its honorific epithet 'Khujista Bunyád'—of auspicious foundation—there being two types of Aurangzéb's issues (Nos. 1406 and 1407).

The mint is represented by coins of the three following emperors. Rupees are also known of Muḥammad Sháh, Aḥmad Sháh, and 'Alamgír II (cabinet of Dr. Taylor).

AUSÁ

AUSÁ

Coins of this Dakhan mint are very scarce. None are known earlier than the reign of Sháh 'Álam I, or later than 'Álamgír II of whom one or two rupees exist in private collections. Ausá is in the Bídar district.

AWADH

AWADH [AKHTARNAGAR]

Awadh, the ancient Ayodhya, was in Akbar's time the head quarters of a súba, and has given its name to the province now known as Oudh. A mint for copper coinage existed in Súrí times, but neither then nor under Akbar does it seem to have been extensively used. Only a few coins of Akbar are known, and those of the early years. The specimens in the Museum are in poor condition, but a comparison with better specimens in other cabinets leaves no doubt as to their attribution. No. 552 may possibly also be from the Awadh mint. The name is always preceded by the epithet district. The mint reappears only once again in the Mughal series—in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh—when it is called on the coins Akhtarnagar Awadh. The gold muhar (No. 1838) seems to be the first published example of the gold coinage of this mint.

'AZÍMÁBÁD. See PATNA.

BAHRÁICH

BAH-RÁICH

Bahráich, which gives its name to a district in Oudh of the present day, was a copper mint of Akbar. It was an important mart for the trade between India and Nepál, and doubtless the policy of having a local mint was dictated by the necessity for a supply of copper coinage for mercantile transactions. The mint seems to have been moved after 980 to Dogáon, a village a little to the north in the same district. No other king, as far as is known, coined money at Bahráich.

BAIRÁTA

BAIRÁTA

Lat. 27°	27'	Long. 76°	12'
	\boldsymbol{A}	$\cdot \mathbb{R}$	${f E}$
\mathbf{Akbar}		6	5
Jahángír		-	5
Sháhjahán			2

Bairáta, a town in Rájputáná in the vicinity of Alwar, had from early times been famous for its copper mines. It is mentioned in the 'Ain-i-Akbarí as also possessing an unremunerative silver mine.

It was a mint town under Akbar first for copper and later for silver also. The early dims are rare. The Museum has a specimen of 971 (No. 382). A rupee is catalogued of 1005 (No. 169), but the majority of the silver issues are of the forty-eighth and forty-ninth year of Akbar. Bairáta was a mint for Akbar's tanka issue of the forty-fourth and following years, the full tanka weighing 632 grains (No. 383). Jahángír's copper issues are plentiful. Sháhjahán and Aurangzéb also coined in copper at Bairáta, and Mr. Burn (J. A. S. B., 1904, Pt. I, No. 2) mentions a copper coin of Farrukh-siyar in Dr. White King's cabinet from this mint. The coin does not, however, appear in the catalogue made when that collection was dispersed.

BARÉLÍ

BARÉLÍ [BAREILLY]

Lat. 28° 22′	Long	. 79° 24′	
	\boldsymbol{A}	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	_	13	
Sháh 'Álam I		5	
Jahándár		1	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		2	
Muhammad	_	4	
Ahmad		3	
'Álamgír II		7	
Sháh 'Álam II		5	2

Barélí is the principal town of Rohilkhand, now included in the Province of Ágra. It first became a mint town in the reign of Aurangzéb, the earliest coin of that king hitherto known being dated A. H. 1099 (cabinet of Dr. Taylor). Of the eighteen years between 1101 and Aurangzéb's death in 1118 the Indian Museum possesses rupees of thirteen.

Gold coins are only known of Shah 'Alam I, Farrukh-siyar, and 'Alamgir II, and copper coins of Shah 'Alam II alone, but all the Mughal emperors after Aurangzeb issued rupees from the Baréli mint. On the coins of Shah 'Alam I سنة جاوس مبمنت مانوس tis replaced by سنة جاوس مبمنت مانوس. The later coins present no special features.

In the reign of Sháh 'Alam II. Barélí was a town of considerable importance as the head quarters of Háfiz Rahmat Khán, the Rohilla chief, who fell at the battle of Katra in 1774 (A. H. 1188), fighting against Shuj'áu-d-daula and his British allies. Rohilkhand was then made over to Oudh, and from this date few Mughal coins issued from the Barélí mint. Rupees are, however, known of the thirtieth and thirty-fifth years of Sháh 'Alam (cf. L. M. C., p. 231), on which Barélí is called Ásafábád—not Lutfábád as stated in the L. M. C.—probably in reference to the Nawáb of Oudh of the time, Ásafu-d-daula (see J. A. S. B., 1904, Pt. I, No. 2). The copper coins—Nos. 2488, 2489—are also of the thirty-fifth year of Sháh 'Álam II.

British rule was introduced into Rohilkhand in 1801 (A. H. 1216), and Nos. 2340 to 2344, though bearing Sháh 'Álam's date and in his name, must have issued under British authority. Barélí is on them called *Qit'a*-district. The obverse inscription differs from the one in use on the earlier Mughal issues, and a coin of 1210 was apparently adopted as a standard pattern, for the regnal year 37 is recorded on the reverse, irrespective of the Hijra date.

BHAKKAR

BHAK-KAR

Lat. 31°	37'	Long. 71°	4'
	\boldsymbol{A}	Æ	${m E}$
Sháhjahán I	_	8	_
Aurangzéb		3	

Bhakkar was taken by Muḥibb 'Alí Khán for Akbar in A. H. 981 after a siege of three years. It is given in Abú-l-fazl's list of mints for copper issues only, but in the Láhor Museum is a rupee of 985 which is, doubtfully, attributed to this mint, and Dr. White King had a specimen dated 986. Akbar's dáms of Bhakkar are very scarce. One was published by Mr. Oliver (J. A. S. B., 1886), but unfortunately the unit of the date was wanting. The other figures were 98.

The earliest coin in the present collection is a rupee of the reign of Sháhjahán (no coins of Jahángír are known) and was struck in A. H. 1040—third regnal year (No. 919). On the obverse of this coin the Kalima is enclosed in a circle, while No. 920, of the same Hijra date but a different regnal year, is a coin of the usual Iláhí type of Sháhjahán and on it Bhakkar is spelt Bakkar. The same double spelling occurs on coins of 1043. In this year appear three types. On the early coins the Kalima only is in a circle, the reverse inscription being in lines (B. M. C., No. 625). The next type has circular areas both on the obverse and reverse, while the later coins are of the 'square areas' type. This type obtained till the end of the reign.

Of the rare coins of Aurangzeb's early years three specimens are to be found in this catalogue. They are peculiar in having half the usual couplet, and the mint name, on the obverse and half on the reverse, the جاوس formula being absent. مهر also forms part of the inscription instead of بدر as on most of the silver coins of Aurangzeb. By 1083 the usual type had been adopted (L. M. C., p. 184).

After Aurangzéb the mint must have been very little worked, the only silver coins published being of the reign of Farrukh-siyar (cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby, Allahábád) and Muḥammad Sháh (L. M.C., p. 209, where the coin is assigned to Níkúsiyar), while three copper coins—of Muḥammad and Sháh 'Alam II—are known.

No gold coin of this mint has been published.

BHARAT-PÚR

BHARATPÚR

Lat. 27° 13′	Long.	77° 30′	
	A	\mathcal{A} R	Æ
Sháhjahán III	_	1	
Sháh 'Álam II	1	1	-

Bharatpúr is the capital of a State in Rajputána on the borders of the Province of Ágra. The ruling chiefs are Játs, who became virtually independent in the early days of Muhammad Sháh. On the coins the town is called Maha Indrapúr (Webb's Currencies of Rájputána, p. 127) and Braj Indrapúr. A mint seems to have been first established in the reign of Ahmad Sháh (cabinet of Mr. Ellis now in the Lucknow Museum)—the rupee attributed to Sháhjahán II, in L. M. C., p. 208, being probably a coin of the pretender Sháhjahán III. Gold and silver coins were struck in the name of 'Álamgír II, Sháhjahán III, and Sháh 'Álam II. Up to the thirty-fourth year (1206) of the latter king Bharatpúr went under the name of Maha Indrapúr (L. M. C., p. 230). In the same regnal year, but in A. II. 1207, the name of the mint appears (No. 2345) as Braj Indrapúr (read by Webb as Burj-i-anwarpúr), but the Láhor Museum has a copper coin of the forty-seventh year giving the older name.

BHÍLSA

BHÍLSA

Bhílsa is a town in the state of Bhopál, and was a mint of Sháh-jahán and Aurangzéb.

Dr. Taylor has a rupee of the eighth year of Sháhjahán, which is apparently the earliest coin known. The silver coin of Aurangzéh, dated the twenty-first year (1089), referred to by Mr. Burn in his mint list (J. A. S. B., 1904, Pt. I. No. 2) is the only specimen published of that king, but it has been suggested that the coins bearing the mint name of 'Alamgírpúr issued from this mint (see ante under 'Alamgírpúr).

BÍJÁPÚR

Lat. 16° 49' Long
$$75^{\circ}$$
 43'
Aurangzéb $\frac{X}{3}$ R E

Bíjápúr was the capital of the Ádil Sháhí dynasty which ruled there from Λ , D, 1489 to 1686 (Λ , H, 895 to 1097). When Sháhjahán attacked the Nizám Sháh of Ahmadnagar, Bíjápúr came to

the latter's aid. Bíjápúr was itself besieged in a. d. 1633 (a. h. 1042-3), **Bíjápúr** but without success, and in 1636 (a. h. 1045-6) a peace was patched up. Hostilities, however, recommenced twenty years later, and Bídar and Kulbarga were taken, but Aurangzéb was called away by his father's illness before he could complete his conquest of the kingdom. In 1685 (1096-7), after ineffectual attempts on the part of his son Á'zam, Aurangzéb advanced in person against the 'Ádil Sháh, and at the close of 1097 Bíjápúr was finally conquered and incorporated in the Mughal Empire.

In the British Museum Catalogue (No. 763) is given a coin of Bijápúr dated 1091 (regnal year 24) which, if the reading is correct, was issued in Aurangzéb's name six years prior to the capture of Bijápúr. The earliest coin in this volume is of the thirtieth regnal year (1098), and from this date to the close of the reign both gold and silver coins were freely struck at Bijápúr, which was given the epithet of Dáru-z-zafar, the abode of victory. The reverse on the coins struck between 1100 and 1115 differs slightly from that of the earlier issues. A copper coin of this mint has been published by Mr. Rodgers (J. A. S. B., 1895, p. 171).

On Aurangzéb's death Bíjápúr came into the hands of Kám Bakhsh, who struck coins there (B. M. C., No. 853). It was also a mint of Sháh 'Álam I (Num. Chron. 1902), and of Farrukh-siyar the British Museum has a gold muhar, while Dr. White King possessed two copper 'fulús'. After Farrukh-siyar the mint disappears from the Mughal series.

BURHÁNÁBÁD

BURHÁN-ÁBÁD

The identity of this mint has not been definitely fixed, and, as stated on p. 44 n., the solitary coin from it described here is possibly a coin, not of Akbar, but of the Nizám Sháh Burhán II of Aḥmadnagar. The resemblance of the Burhánábád coins to those struck at Daulatábád by Burhán Nizám has been pointed out in a note by Mr. Frámjí Jámasjí Thánawálá in J. A. S. B., 1907, Num. Supp. VII. I find on p. 401 of Blochmann's 'Ain-i-Akbarí' the following passage: 'During the siege of Aḥmadnagar (by Murád in the fortieth year) the inhabitants of Shahr-i-nau, which is called Burhánábád, asked the Imperialists for protection,' and from the context it would appear that Burhánábád was a part of, or close to Aḥmadnagar.

The coin here catalogued is dated 1001, or two years before the siege of Ahmadnagar by Murád, a further reason for considering the coin to be non-imperial.

BUR-HÁNPÚR

BURHÁNPÚR

Lat. 21° 18′		Long. 76°	14'
	\boldsymbol{A}	\mathcal{A}	.E
Akbar	1	5	
Jahángír	1	8	
Sháhjahán	4	11	_
Aurangzéb		13	
Sháh 'Álam I	1	$\frac{2}{2}$	_
Jahándár			
Farrukh-siyar		3	_
Muhammad	_	2	
Ahmad	1	1	
'Álamgír II	_		
Sháh 'Álam II		2	_

Burhánpúr was in the reign of Akbar the principal town of the independent state known as Khándésh, between the Narbadá and the Tapti rivers. 'The rulers of Khandesh,' says the Akbarnama, were of the Fárúkí tribe, and the family had held rule in the country for more than 200 years.' Lying, however, so close to Málwá, it was natural that it should early feel the rising influence of the Mughal power. In A. H. 969 Burhánpúr was sacked by one of Akbar's generals. In 987 Akbar sent an army against Asir and Burhánpúr, and the ruler, Rájá 'Alí Khán, submitted and paid tribute. A dam of Akbar's fortieth year has been published in the Láhor Museum Catalogue, p. 116. If the date has been correctly read, this is the earliest known coin of the Burhánpúr mint. One would not have expected to find a Mughal mint established in Khándésh before the forty-fifth year. On Rájá 'Ali Khán's death in Akbar's forty-first year, his son Bahádur Khán broke out into In 1008 (forty-fourth year) Akbar, who was at the time at Ujjain, determined to compel submission by force. Burhánpúr was occupied, and eventually Asirgarh, Bahadur's principal fortress. was taken early in the forty-fifth year. Khándésh was then incorporated in the Mughal Empire. Mughal gold and silver coins now appear in plenty. In the Láhor Museum (L. M. C., pp. 81, 82) are two of the forty-fifth year. The earliest in this catalogue is dated 46 Iláhí, Farwardín, i.e. Ramazán 1009. On coins of the forty-eighth to fiftieth years the mint is written برهان ور instead of برهانور. Akbar issued gold, silver, and copper coins from Burhánpúr, and the mint was retained by the Mughals to the virtual end of the dynasty, the reign of Shah 'Alam II. It is well represented in the present

catalogue by 8 gold and 47 silver coins of nine emperors. No. 654 of BURthe first year of Jahángír gives a rare couplet:—

HÁNPÚR

'The king, the asylum of the faith, Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, struck coin in the city of Burhánpúr.'

This coin is of the normal weight, though heavy rupees were coined of the same type (L. M. C., p. 151). Burhánpúr seems to have issued no coins in the name of Núrjahán, the issues of Jahángír's last years being of the usual Iláhí type (L. M. C., p. 150). Jahángír also issued copper coins from Burhánpúr.

Of Sháhjahán there are examples of the Hijrí (No. 930), Iláhí (931) and 'square areas' types, as well as of the rare variety in which the names of the four Khalífas make their first reappearance on the Mughal coinage after Akbar (No. 932). The 'square areas' are, at first, enclosed in plain, but later in dotted, lines. In the reverse marginal legend is included the formula خلد الله ملك. The lozenge-shaped area was also in vogue in 1040.

The issues of the early years of Aurangzéb are rare, but there are two in the Láhor Museum, on one of which (L. M. C., p. 180), Burhánpúr is called بلدة فاخرة, 'the sumptuous town.' Dr. White King had a half fulús of the seventh year (1075). There would seem to have been few issues from the mint between 1075 and 1098, but from the latter date Burhánpúr coins are plentiful in silver, and there are gold muhars in the British Museum.

On Aurangzéb's death Burhánpúr recognized Á'zam as his father's heir, and issued coin in his name in 1119. In 1120 we find Sháh 'Álam I striking coin there, and the mint is now given the epithet of دار السرور, 'the abode of delight,' which is retained on the coinage to the end of the series.

Of the remaining coins from this mint there is little to be said. No. 2088 (X) is a rare coin and appears to be the only known specimen of the gold coinage of Ahmad Sháh from this mint. Nos. 2346 and 2347 are of crude execution and savour of Maráthá mintage. Gaps in the reigns of Jahándár, Rafí'u-d-darját and 'Álamgír II, and a total absence of any copper coins, tend to mar what is otherwise a representative collection of the issues of Burhánpúr.

CHHACH-RAULÍ

CHHACHRAULÍ

Only two coins of this mint have been published, both of Shah 'Alam II, and dated 1215 (1800). The second specimen was in the cabinet of Dr. White King. Why a mint was established at Chhachrauli is not obvious. In 1799 Shimbunath, the officer in charge of the Bawani Mahal, in which Chhachrauli was, had risen against the Marathas, and 'called in the Sikhs in aid of his attempts at independence', but 'was met and repulsed by a Mughal officer' (Keene's Fall of the Mughal Empire, p. 237).

CHÍNÁ-PATAN

CHÍNÁPATAN [MADRÁS]

Lat. 13°	Long.	80° 15′	
	\boldsymbol{X}	$A\!R$	Æ
Aurangzéb	-	5	
Sháh 'Álam I		2	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		2	

Chínápatan was the name by which Madrás is known on Mughal issues. The earliest coin of the mint is a gold Nisár in the British Museum, dated 1103—thirty-fifth year of Aurangzéb, and in the same cabinet is a rupee of the same year. In this catalogue there is no coin prior to the fortieth year. The mint was used by Sháh 'Alam I and Farrukh-siyar, but apparently not by Jahándár. Mr. C. J. Rodgers also assigned to this mint and to Muhammad Sháh the coin numbered 7330 on p. 62 of this catalogue; but in the absence of any king's name, date, or full mint name, I have placed the coin among the unassigned.

CHÍTOR

CHÍTOR

Chitor was taken by Akbar from the Ráná of Mewár in A.H. 975, after a siege of four months. Dáms were issued between 999 and 1005 (Nos. 388-90), and a single silver coin of Akbar from this mint is known. I also find a reference in Mr. Burn's mint list (J. A. S. B., 1904) to a silver coin of Sháh 'Álam II in the cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby of Allahábád.

¹ The original name was Chinna-patanam. The town was so named after Chinnapa, father of the Naik of Chingleput, within whose government it lay (Talboys Wheeler, Early Records of British India, p. 49 n. .

DAULATÁBÁD

DAULAT-ÁBAD

Lat. 19° 8	57' I	ong. 75°	13'
	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	$A\!R$	Æ
Sháhjahán	4	3	

Daulatábád is situated a few miles to the west of Aurangábád, and was known till the reign of Muḥammad bin Tughlaq as Déogír. It was a mint of the Nizám Sháhí dynasty of Aḥmadnagar, but the only Mughal emperor who struck coins there was Sháhjahán.

'The fort of Lohgarh at Daulatábád in the Dakhan' is mentioned in the Akbarnáma as having been taken by the imperial forces in the forty-third year of Akbar, but in Jahángír's reign it was 'a stronghold of the Dakhanís', and was not finally captured till A.H. 1042. Sháhjahán coined in both gold and silver, and the inscriptions were in lozenge-shaped, square or eightfoil circular areas. Rupees are known of his first year—1037—but the early coins are scarce. His latest coins are dated 1068—thirty-second year. Aurangzéb transferred the mint to Aurangábád.

DEHLÍ [SHÁHJAHÁNÁBÁD]

DEHLÍ

DEEDI (ر -
Lat. 28°	39' Lor	ng. 77° 15′	
	$A\!\!X$	$A\!R$	Æ
Humáyún		1	3
Akbar	4	12	29
Jahángír		12	_
Sháhjahán	1	3	1
Aurangzéb	7	26	
Sháh 'Álam I	1	4	
Jahándár		3	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	3	17	
Rafí'u-d-darját	1	2	
Sháhjahán II		5	
Ibráhím	_	1	
Muhammad	10	62	_
Ahmad	-	10	
'Alamgir II	1	5	_
Sháhjahán III			
Sháh 'Álam II	3	8	
Bídár-Ba <u>kh</u> t	1	_	
Akbar II	1	9	2
Bahádur		1	

Dehlí Capital of the Mughal emperors, as it had been of the Pathán Sultáns, it is not surprising to find that Dehlí accounts for as many as one-tenth of the coins here catalogued. Every emperor is represented except Bábar, of whom no coins struck at Dehlí are published. The earliest coin is of Humáyún, dated 943, but coins of this emperor struck at this mint in the first year of his reign (937) are known (L. M. C., p. 6). Nos. 46 to 48, on which Dehlí is called Hazrat Dáru-l-mulk, are specimens of Humáyún's copper issues, though they do not bear his name. Akbar's Dehlí rupees prior to 970, of which No. 180 is an example, are not common, and apparently no gold coins have been published with dates either before 972 (No. 84) or after 977. On the early rupees Akbar is styled السلطان الأعطم لخاص الكائل المناس is in a circular area.

The mint name usually has the prefix *Ḥaṣrat*, but on No. 87 of 977 to this is added 'Daru-l-mulk'. There was apparently no square 'Hijra' issue in 986—in fact no silver coins seem to have been struck between 985 and 993, and no gold coins after 977. In 993 we find issuing from Dehlí Akbar's first Iláhí coins, Nos. 182-3 being of the earliest month published—Amardád. The coins are square (though one or two round specimens are known), and in addition to Akbar's creed have the mint name on the obverse. This type continued till the forty-third year.

Akbar's copper issues from the Dehlí mint are of several types, the Hijra coins up to 988 being 'fulús' struck at Ḥaẓrat Dehlí, and having the Hijra date in words and figures on the reverse. No. 391 of 966 seems to be the earliest published. From 988 to 1000 there occurs a break, the issues of the latter year being 'fulús' of Dehlí, without any epithet and with the Iláhí year and month on the reverse.

In the forty-fourth year appeared the 'tanka' issue, probably in the second month, for the L. M. C. gives a 'fulus' of the first month of that year. Among the Dehlí coins of this period are sixteenths of the tanka.

Jahángír's gold coins of Dehlí are very scarce, and there is none described here. The L. M. C. gives two examples on pp. 124 and 128. The rupees of the early years—Kalima and 'couplet' types—are also rare, and are not represented in the cabinets of the British, Láhor, and Indian Museums. Specimens are, however, known in private collections. From 1021 the mint became more active, and coins of the usual Iláhí type were struck up to the end of the reign. No coins issued from Dehlí in the name of Núrjahán.

Jahángir's copper issues consisted of the small half ráij and 'fulús' weighing about 40 grains. Of Sháhjahán there are at least three varieties: (a) the Hijra coins of 1037-1038, not represented

here; (b) the Iláhí coins of 1038 to 1040 (Nos. 944-5); (c) the **DEHLÍ** 'Kalima in circle' type after 1040 (there is a coin in my own cabinet of this type as late as 1049—thirteenth year). Sháhjahán also issued small 'fulús' from Dehlí (No. 1109).

In 1048 Sháhjahán 'built a city near Dehlí which he named Sháhjahánábád' (Elliot & Dowson's History of India, p. 12), and in future it is this name, with the epithet Dáru-l-khiláfat, which appears on the coins of Dehlí. On Sháhjahán's gold muhars and rupees both the Kalima on the obverse and the king's name on the reverse are in circular areas, while in the margin of the latter occurs the following couplet:—

'May the coin of Sháhjahánábad be current for ever in the world in the name of the second Sáhib Qirán.'

No. 859 is a gold muhar of this type and is dated the twenty-sixth year (1062-3), but rupees are known of earlier date.

Aurangzéb's gold and silver coins, the earliest of which is dated 1070 (No. 1139), all bear his couplet on the obverse with the usual reverse. The 'julús' formula was abandoned by Sháh 'Álam I on his silver issues and سنة عبارك substituted for it, but it was reintroduced on some of Jahándár's coins, and obtained till the close of the dynasty.

Of Farrukh-siyar's coins several types occur, the arrangement of the inscription and date on the obverse being varied.

No. 1836 is a rare coin of the pretender Ibráhím, the inscription on which has been discussed on p. 216. The coins of Muhammad and Ahmad are monotonous in their uniformity. 'Álamgír II varied the type but attempted to put on the coin a great deal more than the surface would hold—his inscriptions are therefore fragmentary. Of Sháh 'Álam II the only coin that need be noticed here is No. 2467, dated 1221-48, whose border of roses, thistles, and shamrock leaves is an indication of the events that had taken place three years before.

No. 2498 is a coin struck in the name of Bídár-Bakht, whom Ghulám Qádir put on the throne of the Mughals in 1202 after blinding Sháh 'Álam.

After the British conquests in 1803 (1218), the rule of the Mughals was confined to the palace at Sháhjahánábád, but there they continued to exercise the royal privilege of striking coin till 1857. These pieces—both gold and silver—are of fine execution, and broad enough to contain the whole of the inscription—rare qualities

DEHLÍ

in the later Mughal series. Of these the latest in this catalogue is a rare coin of Bahádur II, dated 1255.

Apart from the weakness in copper coins after Akbar, the collection of coins from the Dehlí mint here catalogued may be considered thoroughly representative.

DOGÁON

DOGÁON

Dogáon was identified by Major Vost with the village of Dogon, 4½ miles to the north-west of Nánpára in the Bahráich district of Oudh (J. A. S. B., 1895). As remarked under 'Bahráich' (q.v.), the mint seems to have been removed from Bahráich to Dogáon to supply the copper coins required for the trade between India and Nepál. The earliest coin mentioned by Major Vost was of 986, but in the L. M. C. is a single specimen of 974, while the next earliest is No. 419 in this catalogue of 980. On the earlier issues Dogáon went by the epithet of Dáru-l-khiláfat. About 988 this was changed to Dáru-s-salám. Dáms of most years up to 1003 are known, and Major Vost has described one of 1011 and two coins of 1013. Some of the later coins have on the reverse, besides the date, the words [All all, doubtless in reference to Akbar's new creed. In the Láhor Museum Catalogue is also a specimen of Akbar's 'tanka' issue of the forty-fourth year, on which the mint is spelt 'Adogám'.

No coins of Jahángír have been published, but Major Vost has described three of Sháhjahán.

ÉLICH-PÚR

ÉLICHPÚR

Lat. 21° 1	.6′	Long. 77°	33'
	A	$_{ m AR}$	_ + E
Aurangzéb		1	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1	
Muḥammad			1
Unassign e d			2

Élichpúr was the capital of the Imád Sháhí dynasty, which ruled in Berár between A.D. 1482 and 1572. Berár was then absorbed by Ahmadnagar. The province was conquered by Akbar in his thirty-first year, Élichpúr being sacked. In Sháhjahán's time Berár was a súba of the Mughal Empire. Jahángír struck coins at Élichpúr but the earliest coin here catalogued is of

Aurangzéb's forty-ninth year (No. 1297). Rupees are also known ÉLICH-from this mint of Sháh 'Álam I (L. M. C., p. 199), Jahándár (cabinet PÚR of Dr. Taylor), and Farrukh-siyar (No. 1758), and copper coins of Aurangzéb, Şháh 'Álam I, Muḥammad, Aḥmad, 'Álamgír II, and Sháh 'Álam II (see J. A. S. B., 1904, Pt. I, No. 2). No gold coins have been published.

ETÁWA [ETÁWA			
Lat. 26° 46′	Long	. 79° 1′		
	$A\!$	Æ	Æ	
Aurangzéb	1	37		
Sháh 'Álam I		3		
Jahándár	_	5	_	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	1	13		
Rafí'u-d-darját		2		
Sháhjahán II		1	—	
Muḥammad		12	_	
Aḥmad		1		
'Álamgír II		1		
Sháh 'Álam II		1	_	

Etáwá is the head quarters of a district in the province of Ágra. A mint was established there by Aurangzéb, and a small Nisár in my own cabinet dated 1097-28 probably marks its inauguration. The earliest coin published is No. 1298 of 1098, and the Museum has a fine series of the rupees of this king, only two years out of the twenty not being represented, and many of the specimens being in unusually fine condition. In 1109—(forty-second year)—the mint, which hitherto had been written sold, is spelt of the specimens being the earliest gold muhar published. No. 1128 dated 1109 is apparently the earliest gold muhar published. The coins of Sháh 'Álam I are of the usual type, but Jahándár, in spite of his short reign, struck two varieties, on one of which occurs an unusual obverse inscription,

viz.

The legend is clear on the coins (Nos. 1713-1715) but has very little meaning. It is not noticed in Mr. Rodgers's paper on couplets on Mughal coins in J. A. S. B., 1888. Farrukh-siyar also has two types, but the remaining coins present no special features. The latest coin of this mint is of Sháh 'Álam II's twenty-second year (No. 2348).

FARRU<u>KH</u>-ÁBÁD

FARRUKHÁBÁD [AḤMADNAGAR]

Lat. 27° 24′	Lon	g. 79° 34′	
	\boldsymbol{A}	AR	Æ
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1	_
Mulianimad		1	
Aḥmad		1	_
Sháh 'Álam II	2	23	

Farrukhábád is the head quarters of a district in the province of Ágra. It was founded by Muḥammad Khán Bangash about 1714, and named after Farrukh-siyar (Elliot and Dowson's History of India, VIII, p. 48). The first coins from the mint were issued in that emperor's name. In the reign of Muḥammad Sháh Farrukhábád was annexed by the Nawáb of Oudh, but recovered in the following year by Aḥmad Khán, and after a struggle with the Maráthás left in his possession. From him comes the name of Aḥmadnagar which appears on the coins from the time of 'Alamgír II (L.M.C. and B.M.C.) in conjunction with Farrukhábád (see note by Mr. R. Burn, J. A. S. B., 1904). The earliest coin with the double name in the Indian Museum is No. 2285 of the fifteenth year of Sháh 'Álam II.

In 1777 (A.H. 1191) British troops were stationed at Fathgarh, an adjoining fort, and a British resident was posted there between 1780 and 1785.

Up to 1203 (1788) the coins followed the usual type of Shah 'Alam II's coinage, but between that year and 1211 the regnal year 31 was retained on the reverse irrespective of the Hijra date. The type then changed again, and after 1212 the coins bear only the regnal year 39, the latest Hijra date known with this regnal year being 1220 (No. 2306). Farrukhábád passed permanently into the hands of the British in 1802 (A. H. 1217) and became one of the mint towns of the East India Company.

FATḤ-PÚR

FATḤP੯R

Fathpur, which lies a short distance west of Agra, was founded by Akbar in 976 on the site of the village of Sikri. The latter was well known as the residence of the Muhammadan saint Shaikh Salim Chishti, who exercised considerable influence over Akbar till his death in 979. After the early death of several of Akbar's

children, Salím Chishtí promised Akbar another son, and at his FATHhouse in 977 Jahángír was born and named Salím after the PÚR Shaikh. Fathpur was completed in 979 and for some years became Akbar's head quarters. The earliest known coin from the mint which he established there is No. 433 dated 977 (probably), the obverse of which I have not been able completely to decipher. The mint, however, was not in regular working order till 985, of which year square rupees are known; of the following year specimens in gold, silver, and copper are catalogued. The first gold issues were round (No. 88), but in the same year appeared a square type (B. M. C., No. 66). These square coins were struck till 989 and from that date no more is heard of the mint until 1038-the first year of Sháhjahán, of which date a solitary specimen is published in the Lúhor Museum Catalogue (p. 161). Fathpur is known on all the coins except the round gold muhar of 986 and the $d\acute{a}m$ of 977 as Dáru-s-saltanat.

GOBINDPÚR

GOBIND-PÚR

This mint town has been identified with a place of this name in Chhotá Nágpúr in Bengál. No metal but copper seems to have been coined there. (It is not, however, mentioned in Abú-l-fazl's list of mints for copper coins.) The coins (Nos. 441-4) are specimens of Akbar's tanka issue and are of his forty-fifth to forty-seventh years.

In the Láhor Museum Catalogue are given four coins of the fortieth year, but it seems probable that forty-five has been mistaken for forty, for I can find no mention of the tanka in the 'Ain-i-Akbarí' which was not completed till the forty-second year. To judge from the evidence of the Ágra and Aḥmadábád coins, the tanka issue did not commence till the forty-fourth year.

GOKULGARH

GOKUL GARH

Gokulgarh does not occur as a Mughal mint till the reign of Sháh 'Álam II. It was a town in Mewát on the borders of Bíkánír,

GORUL- within twenty-four hours forced march from Dehli, and in the fief GARH of Najaf Quli Khán (Keene's Fall of the Mughal Empire. pp. 167-8). In 1788 (1202) the town was invested by Sháh 'Álam II and taken. Nos. 2355-6 were struck in the year of the siege, but the other five rupees here catalogued bear earlier dates from 1189. The coins from the mint read as Dingarh in L.M.C., pp. 227-9, are probably of Gokulgarh mintage.

GUL-KANDA

GULKANDA

Lat. 17°	23'	Long. 78° 24'	•
	A	Æ	Æ
Sháhjahán	_	4	
Aurangzéb		17	

Gulkanda—more familiar as Golconda—was from A.D. 1512 to 1687 the capital of the Qutb Sháhí dynasty, and is situated a few miles from the more modern capital of the Nizám's dominion, Haidarábád.

Under Sháhjahán the Quth Sháhs came into collision with the Mughal and in 1045 agreed to pay tribute and permit the Khutba to be read in the Emperor's name. (E. D., VII. 51.) Aurangzéb, when governor of the Dakhan Súbas, lost no time in picking a fresh quarrel, which ended, in 1067, in Abdullah, the reigning king, consenting to strike coins in Shahjahan's name. Peace, however, was only temporary, and the Gulkanda dynasty was eventually extinguished in A. H. 1098. Of the Sháhjahán period four coins are catalogued, but only one of them has anything resembling a date, and that a very doubtful one, for it would place the coin earlier than 1045. Several rupees, however, are known of the first year of Aurangzeb, and therefore very shortly after the peace made in 1067 (No. 1335). These early rupees merely recite Aurangzeb's name and title, and have the mint name at the top of the reverse. By the third year the couplet had been adopted. The obverse of the 1071 rupees was apparently used for the next few years, and after 1076 the obverse of that year up to the eighteenth year (No. 1345) and probably longer. The latest date known of this mint is the thirty-first year of Aurangzeb (B. M. C., No. 712). The Mughal mint then appears to have been transferred to Haidarábád. No copper issues of Gulkanda have been published, and only a few specimens are known of the gold coinage.

GWÁLIÁR

GWÁ-LIÁR

Lat. 26° 13	,	Long. 78° 10′	
	$oldsymbol{A}$	$A\!R$	Æ
Akbar	_	_	1
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	_	1	_
Muhammad		5	

Gwáliár (Gwáliar) was taken by Akbar in A.H. 966. It had been a mint town for silver and copper under Shér Sháh Súr, and Islám Sháh Súr spent much of his time there. In Akbar's time Gwáliár was only a mint for copper, and the final 'a' is written short on the coins.

No. 445 of 968, i.e. two years after the capture of the fortress, seems the earliest coin of the mint to be published. The Láhor Museum has a specimen of 987, and in the *British Museum Catalogue* is an Iláhí 'fulús' of the thirty-eighth year.

After Akbar the mint fell into disuse and was revived by Aurangzéb, of whose issues, however, only a solitary specimen seems known—in my own cabinet. Jahándár struck both gold and silver there, but only rupees are known of the later Mughals. Dr. White King published a copper coin of Sháh 'Álam II (Num. Chron., 1896), but its origin was only conjectured from the presence of a 'sword' on the reverse, a mint mark which is borne on Ujjain coins also.

HAIDARÁBÁD

HAIDAR-ÁBÁD

Lat. 17° 22′	Long	. 78° 27′	
	A	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	-	3	_
Sháh 'Álam I		1	

Ḥaidarábád was founded by one of the Qutb Sháhí dynasty of Gulkanda about 1600 A.D. As stated ante under Gulkanda, the mint of that town appears to have been transferred to Ḥaidarábád after the thirty-first year of Aurangzéb's reign, the rupee of 1099 in the Láhor Museum (L. M. C., p. 107) being probably one of the first issues. It is called Dáru-l-jihád—the abode of religious warfare—on the coins of Aurangzéb and Kám Bakhsh (B. M. C., No. 852), and 'Farkhunda bunyád'—of auspicious foundation—in the reign of Sháh 'Álam I, and Muḥammad, the latter of whom struck both gold and silver there. Copper coins of this mint are known of Aurangzéb and Sháh 'Álam I.

ĦIŞÁR

HISÁR [FÍROZA]

Ḥiṣar Firoza was founded by Firoz Shah Tughlaq about A. H. 757. It was a mint town of the Suris for copper, and of Akbar for silver also. Akbar's issues are scarce in both metals. The two specimens in this catalogue are dated 966 and 967. They have the affix Firoza, but this is omitted from the later Ilahi 'fulus' of the thirty-seventh and thirty-eighth years (L. M. C., p. 106). I have in my own cabinet a rupee of Akbar, dated 963, and one or two others are known.

IMTI-YÁZ-GARH

IMTIYÁZGARH [ADONÍ]

Lat. 15° 38′	Long. 77° 17'		
	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	${f R}$	Æ
Muḥammad	3		
Aḥmad		2	
'Álamgír II	5	2	
Unassigned		2	_

The earliest appearance of Imtiyázgarh as a Mughal mint is on a dateless coin of Aurangzéb (L. M.C., p. 192), and only a solitary rupee seems to be known of Sháh 'Álam I. With Farrukh-siyar started a gold coinage on the pattern of the South Indian 'hun'—small dumpy coins weighing about 56 grains, if allowance be made for wear. These continued to be struck in the name of Muḥammad and 'Álamgír II. Of the latter a half-piece weighing 25 grains is catalogued under No. 2182. Rupees are known of Aḥmad Sháh and 'Álamgír II, but they bear, as a rule, no trace of a date or regnal year. The latest date for the mint is apparently 1170 (B. M. C., No. 1068).

ISLÁM-ÁBÁD

ISLÁMÁBÁD [CHITTAGONG]

Lat. 22°	21'	Long. 91° 50′	
	\boldsymbol{A}	$\mathcal{A}_{\mathbf{R}}$	Æ
Aurangzéb		1	
Muhammad	1		

To what mint town the above coins should be attributed is still a matter of doubt. Notes on the point are to be found in Mr. Longworth Dames's paper on Mughal coins in Num. Chron., 1902, p. 275, and Mr. Burn's mint list in J. A. S. B., 1904. Chittagong

was renamed Islámábád in 1076, on the conquest of Arakán, by ISLÁM-Sháyista Khán, and the same name had been given by the same general ÁBÁD in 1070 to the Maráthá fortress of Chákná. The name of Mathurá (near Ágra) actually appears on the coins of Sháh 'Álam II in conjunction with Islámábád. Aurangzéb destroyed one of the principal Hindu temples at Mathurá in 1080, and built on the site a large mosque. There would, however, seem to have been more need for a mint at Chittagong than at either Mathurá or Chákná. On the other hand the fact that coins bearing the name Islámábád alone were issued as late as in the reigns of Muḥammad and Aḥmad militates against Chákná being the mint town, for South Indian Mughal mints tend to disappear after Farrukh-siyar.

This catalogue supplies the earliest coin of the mint so far published — No. 1355 dated 1094 — the twenty-seventh year of Aurangzéb's reign. This was found in the Central Provinces—District Bhandára. The mint, however, is otherwise poorly represented, the only other coin being one of Muhammad.

JAHÁNGÍRNAGAR [DACCA]				JAHÁN-
Lat. 23° 43	3'	Long. 90° 24'		GÍRNA- GAR
	$A\!$	Æ	Æ	GIL
Jahángír	_	11	_	
Sháhjahán		4	_	
Aurangzéb	_	11	_	
Sháh 'Álam I		2	_	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	_	1	_	
Muḥammad	_	1	_	
Aḥmad		4	_	
'Álamgír II		3		

Dháká (Dacca) seems to have been renamed Jahángírnagar about 1021, the seventh year of Jahángír's reign (E. D., VI. 328-30), the earliest coin being of the twelfth year (No. 674). Jahángír's coins are all of the usual Iláhí type which began in 1020. There is a gold coin of the nineteenth year in the British Museum, but none of any other emperor appears to be known.

Of Sháhjahán two varieties are published, the Iláhí type current between 1038 and 1042, and the 'square areas' type from 1043 onwards.

Aurangzéb's early issues ², also with square areas, containing on the obverse the second half of the emperor's couplet, and the Hijra date,

¹ The date on the coin attributed to the second year in L. M. C., p. 150, is admittedly uncertain.

² Dr. Taylor has a rupee dated 1071-3, which on the obverse has the ordinary couplet, but with مرم for بدر The mint name is at the top of the reverse.

JAHÁN-GÍRNA-GAR and on the reverse سنة ... جارس, are scarce, and No. 1356 of 1081 is, perhaps, the first to be published. The ordinary type had been adopted by 1092 and continued to the close of the reign.

Jahangirnagar was a mint for both silver and copper in the reign of Shah 'Alam I.

The coins of the later emperors conform to the usual types—those of Ahmad being described now for the first time. The mint was closed soon after 1765, and the only published coin in the name of Shah 'Alam II is a rupee of 1183 (1769-70), which must have been struck by the East India Company (B. M. C., No. 1157).

No. 2223 of the fifth year of 'Alamgir II is the latest of the Mughal issues from Jahángirnagar here catalogued.

JAIPÚR

JAIPÚR	[SAW	ÁÍ]	
Lat. 26° 55′	Long.	. 75° 50′	
	A	\mathcal{A} R	Æ
Muliammad		4	
Aḥmad	_	1	
'Álamgír II	1	1	
Sháh 'Álam II	1	1	

Jaipúr was founded in the reign of Muhammad Sháh, in 1728 (1140-41), by Rájá Jai Singh, a descendant of Rájá Bihárí Mal, who had been the first Rájpút to join Akbar's court, and his better known son, Bhagwán Dás, father-in-law of Jahángír (Blochmann's 'Ain, p. 329). No. 1926 of 1153, twenty-third year of Muhammad, seems to be the earliest coin known of the Jaipúr mint. Coins were i-sued in the names of all the later emperors, of the usual types. Those of Sháh 'Álam II bear the distinctive mint mark of the Jaipúr State, a 'jhár' of six sprigs (M. 110). Gold coins from this mint are here catalogued for the first time. 'Jaipúr' always has the prefix 'Sawáí' on the coinage, Sawáí being the title of its founder, and meaning 'raised above all other princes' (Webb's Currencies of Rájputáno, p. 72). The state came under the protection of the British in 1818 during the reign of Akbar II.

JALÉR

The above coin and a ruper in the Láhor Museum (L. M. C., p. 149), also dated 1031, are the only issues of this mint that I have heard of. The reading is tentative, and I have been unable to identify the town.

^{1 &#}x27;Sawái' means literally one and a quarter-hence 'better than ordinary.'

JAMMÚN

JAMMÚN

JAUN-PÚR

Jammún, the winter capital of the State of Kashmír, is only known as a Mughal mint on rupees of Shah 'Alam II. The earliest specimen is a rupee of 1195, twenty-third regnal year (L. M. C., p. 228), and coins are known of the three following years, No. 2356 being of The obverse contains the simple enumeration of the king's name, and to the mint town is prefixed the epithet of Dáru-l-amán, the abode of safety.

JAU	JNPÚ	JR		
Lat. 25° 44′	L	ong. 82° 44	,	
	I	\mathbf{A} R	Æ	
Humáyún			8	
Akbar	2	8	3	

Jaunpúr was the capital of the Sharqí dynasty, which became independent of Dehlí in A.D. 1394 (A.H. 796). The last king, Husen Sháh, was dethroned by Bahlol Lodí in A. H. 881 (1476 A. D.), and the latter struck copper coins at Jaunpur. Bábar and Humáyún used it as a mint between 935 and 943, and coins of Muhammad 'Adil Súr are known of 963 and 964 (vol. II). Specimens of Bábar's silver issues are to be found in the Láhor Museum (L.M.C., pp. 2 and 3), but the earliest in this catalogue is a copper coin of Humáyún's first year (No. 49) on which Jaunpur is called Dáru z-zarb Khita muta-This type, which obtained till 943, is peculiar in not recording the emperor's name. Jaunpur remained in the possession of the Afgháns for some years after Akbar's accession, and, according to the Tabagát-i-Akbarí (E. D., V. 259), was annexed in the fourth year (966-7), but a rupee in the Láhor Museum (L. M. C., p. 54) bears, if the reading is correct, the date 965. In 974, the governor of Jaunpur broke out into open rebellion, and Akbar was obliged personally to Jaunpur before the rising could be to go quelled.

As in the case of Agra and Dehlí, the gold coinage was apparently not started till 971 or 972, No. 89 of the latter year being the earliest to be published. The obverse of the coins, both gold and silver, of this period contains the Kalima in a wavy pentagon, while the king's name and titles are enclosed in an oblong area with arched ends.

これが、これの大きのないはないであれたのであるからいという

JAUN PÚR Akbar is entitled ناصر الدنيا و الدين, 'defender of the world and the faith,' and Jaunpúr is ordinarily termed 'Dáru-l-khiláfat'. The rupees are fine broad coins of bold execution.

In 986 appeared a square issue of the usual type, of which No. 203 is an example with a late date, 988. The copper issues are also of about this time (No. 449 and L. M. C., p. 115). The only coins known of Jaunpúr after 988 are a gold muhar and two or three rupees of Aurangzéb.

JÚNA-GARH

JÚNAGARH

Lat. 21° 31′	$_{ m Long}$	g. 70° 36′	
	A	Æ	Æ
Sháhjahán	_	3	_
Aurangzéb	1 ?	10	

Júnagarh is a town of Kathiáwár. The fortress was taken by Akbar in 999, but a mint was first established there by Sháhjahán, and a rupee dated 1049-13, of the 'square areas' type, seems to be the earliest issue from it (cabinet of Dr. Taylor).

The coins of the first thirty years of Aurangzéb are of an unusual type, part of the couplet on the obverse being enclosed in a square area, the remainder, with the Hijra year, in the margin, while in a similar square area on the reverse is the 'julús' formula. with the mint name and regnal year in the margin. In 1099 the type changes, and the usual pattern of rupee is found (No. 1373).

Coins are known of Sháh 'Álam I (Lucknow Museum), Farrukh-siyar, Sháhjahán II, and Muhammad Sháh.

KÁBUL

KÁBUL

Lat. 34° 30′	30' Long, 69° 1			
	\boldsymbol{X}	Æ	Æ	
Akbar		2	3	
Jahángír		.5		
Sháhjahán		l		
Aurangzéb	1	1		

Kábul had been Bábar's capital for some years before the battle of Pánípat in A.H. 932 gave to him the sovereignty of Hindustán. Akbar entrusted the government of Kábul to his brother Muḥammad Hakím, and did not himself visit the place till 989, when he went to suppress an attempt to assume independence on the part of his brother. Bábar and Humáyún's coins from the Kábul mint had

been dirhams of the type and weight current in Central Asia. **KÁBUL** Akbar does not seem to have struck any silver coins at Kábul during the early part of his reign, his earliest issues being half dáms of the thirty-second year—995 (No. 452). The silver coinage does not appear till the forty-fourth year (1007), and these were almost all half rupees—presumably because they were nearest in weight to the local dirham. One or two rupees are, however, also known. No. 454 is a specimen of the rare 4-tankí issue of the forty-seventh year, of which the Láhor Museum has both a 'two-tankí' and a tankí piece. Jahángír continued the half-rupee issue, and No. 686 of his first year gives the rare if not unique couplet:—

'May the currency of the coin of Kábul in the name of Sháh Salím continue for ever from the abode of the servants of the Living (God), the Ancient of days.'

This coin was published by Mr. Rodgers in the J. A. S. B., 1896, 'Rare Mughal Coins.'

In 1020 (sixth year) were issued rupees with the following couplet:—

'The king, the refuge of the world Shah Nuru-d-din Jahangir, son of Akbar Badshah, struck coin in the city of Kabul.'

No. 689 is a specimen of this type as late as 1024. By 1026 the usual Iláhí type had come into vogue. Jahángír also struck in copper (L. M. C., p. 158).

Of Sháhjahán only specimens of the first and 'square area' type seem to have been published.

The earliest gold coin of the Kábul mint is of Aurangzéb, and is dated the fifteenth regnal year (1083). No. 1377 is a rare rupee of the fourth year, and is remarkable for the absence of the name 'Aurangzéb' from the legend. The mint name is at the top of the reverse. On coins of 1094 and subsequent years Kábul is given the epithet 'Dáru-l-mulk' (see L. M. C., p. 186), which it henceforth retained. No coins later than Aurangzéb are here catalogued, but rupees of Sháh 'Álam I and Farrukh-siyar, and a gold muhar of Rafí'u-d-darját are known: also copper coins of Aurangzéb, Jahándár, Farrukh-siyar, and Muḥammad. The latest published coin of the Kábul mint is of A. H. 1138 (L. M. C., p. 216).

KÁLPÍ

KÁLPÍ [MUḤAMMADÁBÁD]

Kálpí was a mint town of the Súris both for silver and copper, and Akbar retained it as such for the first few years of his reign. His rupees, of which No. 206 is a specimen, are scarce. On the copper issues of 963 and 964 Kálpí is entitled 'Dáru-z-zarb Muḥammad-ábád', and across the reverse runs a line forming a knot in the centre. From 964-8 the coins bear the legend 'Dáru-z-zarb Khiṭa Kálpí'. On the rupees no epithet is given. The mint after 968 appears to have been closed, but a hundred years later was reopened, rupees being known of Aḥmad (L. M. C., p. 219) and 'Álamgír II (cabinet of Dr. Taylor).

KÁNÁN?

KÁNÁN?

Lat. !		Lon	g. }
	\boldsymbol{A}	${\bf R}$	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II			1

Sec note on p. 299 of the catalogue.

KARÍM-ÁBÁD

KARÍMÁBÁD

Lat. 3		Long. 1	
,	A	\mathcal{A}	${\it \Xi}$
Sháh 'Álam I		4	

The locality of this mint town has not been identified. Dr. White King's collection contained a rupee of the third year of Aurangzéb, but all the other coins known of this mint were struck in the name of Sháh 'Álam I. It is probably a town in South India.

KASH-Mír

KASHMÍR [SRÍNAGAR?]

Lat. 34° 5	′	Long. 74°	50'
	\boldsymbol{A}	AR	Æ
Akbar		l	1
Jahángír		6	
Sháhjahán		1	
Muḥammad		2	

The valley of Kashmír which had long been an independent kingdom, first under Hindú Rajas and then under Muḥammadan Sultáns, was conquered by Akbar from the latter in A.H. 995. A coin **KASH**-in Akbar's name of this year is given in vol. II, p. 195. It is of the **MÍR** local type current before the conquest. The earliest Mughal issue proper from the mint is the square gold coin described in *L. M. C.*, (p. 52.)

'The capital of Kachemir,' says Bernier (Constable's edition, p. 397), 'bears the same name as its kingdom.' Beyond the coins above alluded to there are none in Akbar's name struck at 'Kashmír', but rupees and copper coins are known from the 'Srínagar' mint. Whether this Srínagar is the capital of Kashmír, under its ancient (and present) name or whether it is the capital of Garhwál is uncertain. The fact that under pre-Mughal rule Srínagar was called 'Kashmír'; the existence of the gold coin of Akbar struck at 'Kashmír'; and the uniform use of this name by subsequent emperors, point to the latter view. The name of Srínagar was restored to the capital of Kashmír by the Sikhs in 1819. Jahángír made frequent visits to Kashmír. His early issues were of the heavy type with the couplet:—

These were followed by the Iláhí variety of 1020 to the end of the reign. In the fifteenth year, and apparently in one month only, the Kashmír mint issued zodiacal rupees, a specimen of which is described under No. 696 with the following couplet:—

'Money coined in Kashmír was made world-conquering by the light of the name of Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Sháh Akbar.'

Of Sháhjahán only a few specimens are known of the second, or Iláhí, type—the 'square area' issue being more commonly met with. Both Sháhjahán and Jahángír struck Nisárs at Kashmír, but these rare little coins are not represented in this catalogue. Between Sháhjahán and Muḥammad only a few rupees of Aurangzéb and Sháh 'Alam I are known. Muḥammad, however, struck gold, silver, and copper, and the Láhor Museum has three rupees struck in the name of 'Alamgír II, the latest of which is dated 1174—i.e. a year after the Emperor's death. After this date Kashmír became a Durrání mint.

The coins of Sháh 'Alam II of Srínagar mint (B. M. C., 1158-9) are undoubtedly issues of Tehri-Garhwál.

¹ For translation see p. xvi ante.

KATAK

KATAK

Lat. 20° 29′	\mathbf{L}_{0}	ng. 85° 52′	
	\mathcal{X}	Æ	Æ
Sháhjahán		1	_
Aurangzéb		-1	_
Muhammad		1	
Ahmad		24	_

Katak—more familiarly written Cuttack—is one of the principal towns of Orissa. It was known in the early Mughal days as Katak Banáras.

When Akbar annexed Bengal in 982 Orissa was given to the ex-king to hold as a fief of the empire, but he soon broke out into revolt and it was only after three years of continuous fighting, in which Todar Mal played a conspicuous part, that Orissa became a Mughal province. The last stronghold of the once ruling race in India, it remained, to use the words of Sir William Hunter, 'a festering sore in the side of the Empire'.' Eventually the Afgháns were crushed by Mán Singh in Akbar's thirty-seventh year (A. H. 1000). Sir W. Hunter speaks of coin being stamped in Akbar's name at this period, but the earliest coin from Katak so far published is of Jahángír's reign and is dated 1036 (in my own cabinet)—unless the suggested reading of Katak Banáras on some rudely executed dáms of Akbar (No. 454) is correct.

No. 960 is an early and very rare coin of Sháhjahán of the Iláhí type current in the third year, and there are four rupees catalogued of Aurangzeb between 1099 and 1102. In spite of their defeat by Mán Singh trouble had from time to time been created by the Afgháns, and in 1110 a final attempt to throw off the Mughal yoke on their part had to be suppressed. Farrukh-siyar and Muhammad struck coins at Katak, and No. 1931-a rupee of 1154-is one of the latest of the purely Mughal issues. From 1742-51 (1155-65) Orissa was at the mercy of the Maráthás, and in the latter year the province was made over to them by treaty. The titular governor was for six years a Mughal nominee, but in 1757 (1170-1) this farce ceased and Orissa became a Maratha province till 1803 (Hunter, vol. II, p. 31). To this period must be attributed the strange series of coins struck at Katak in the name of Ahmad Sháh which are described on pp. 249-50 (Nos. 2118-34). To what the figures or symbols over the word on the reverse refer I am unable to say. The latest coin of the Katak mint that I can find mention of is a rupee of the third year of Shah 'Alam II in the collection made by Dr. White King.

¹ Hunter's trassa, chap VI.

こうしょう かんかい こうしょうしん おおおお はいかい こうしゅうしゅう

KHANBÁY	KHAN-			
Lat. 22° 18′	Long	g. 72° 40′		BÁYAT
	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	Æ	Æ	
Sháhjahán	1	4		
Murád Ba <u>kh</u> sh	_	2		
Aurangzéb	2	24	-	
Sháh 'Álam I		1	_	
Muḥammad		2	_	
Aḥmad		1	~	
'Álamgír II		1	-	

Khanbayat, better known as Cambay, is a seaport of Guiarát and is situated at the head of the gulf which bears its name. visited the town in the twelfth year of his reign, and in his 'Wáo'iát' mentions that 'tankas of gold and silver, ten and twenty times heavier than the current gold muhar and rupee' were struck by his order there (E. D., VI. 354). I have not, however, heard of any such pieces being found, the first emperor of whom coins are known being Sháhjahán. The earliest date for the mint seems to be A. H. 1051 (cabinet of Dr. Taylor), the attribution of a rupee of 1047 to this mint in the I.M.C., p. 33, being in my opinion untenable. Sháhjahán's coins are of the 'square area' type. He coined in gold as well as in silver. So also did Aurangzéb. Of the later emperors, only rupees are published. On Sháhjahán's collapse Khanbáyat, like the rest of Gujarát, threw in its lot with Murád Bakhsh, and the catalogue gives two varieties of that prince's issues from this mint. There is a good series of the rupees of Aurangzéb of the usual 'couplet' type, from the sixth year onwards to the forty-ninth year (1116), but after Aurangzéb, Khanbáyat is only represented by five rupees of four emperors, though coins were struck there by all except the last three; the latest is No. 2225 of the sixth year of 'Alamgir II (1172). Early in the reign of Aurangzeb the spelling of the mint name was changed from Khanbáyat to Kanbáyat, and this latter form was retained on subsequent issues.

	KHAII	RPÚR		KHAIR-
Lat. 27°	31'	Long. 68°	48'	PÚR
	\boldsymbol{A}	Æ	Æ	
Akhar	_		1	

Khairpúr, a town in Sind, is only known as a mint town from a few copper pieces of Akbar—probably half tankas—of the forty-fifth and forty-seventh years. Dr. White King had two specimens of the former date. No. 462 is of the latter. Sind came into Akbar's possession in the thirty-eighth year of his reign (1001).

KHÁR-

KHÁRPÚR

PÚR

The only coin known of this unidentified mint is No. 2493, p. 299, q. v.

KHUJISTA BUNYÁD. See AURANGÁBÁD.

KORA

KORÁ

Lat. 26° 7′	Long. 80° 22'		
	\boldsymbol{A}	AR	Æ
Muḥammad	_	11	
Sháh 'Álam II	21	2 ?	

Korá is now a town of small importance in the district of Fathpur in the United Provinces. In the days of Akbar it was the head quarters of a surkúr in the súbu of Allahábád. As a mint town of the Mughals it appears first on a rupee of Rafí'u-d-darját (B. M. C., No. 942), and a coin of Sháhjahán II is also known. The mint was active during the reign of Muhammad, and rupees of Ahmad, Alamoir. and Shah 'Alam II are known. Kora was one of the districts retained by Sháh 'Alam when in 1765 he made over the administration of Bengal to the East India Company.

LÁHOR

I	ÁН	OR	
Lat. 31° 35	,	Long. 74° 20'	
	A	.R.	Æ
Humáyún		1	1
Akbar	8	40	15
Jahángír		12	
Núrjahán		2	
Sháhjahán	2	20	
Aurangzéb		36	
Sháh 'Álam I		3	
Jahándár		3	
Farrukh-siyar	1	7	
Rafí'u-d-darját		1	
Sháhjahán II	1		
Muḥammad		13	
Ahmad		5	
'Álamgír II	1	2	2

From Láhor, the capital of the Panjáb, Bábar received the invitation which eventually resulted in the conquest of India by the Mughals. He quickly established a mint there, and silver dichams were issued by him and his son Humáyún. During the latter's **LÁHOR** reign also were struck copper coins of the Bahlolí standard (145 grains) on which Láhor was termed Dáru-l-khiláfat. These do not bear the emperor's name.

Láhor was one of the last towns to acknowledge the Súrís, and No. 18 is a *dirham* issued from the mint at a time when Shér Sháh was striking coin in Bengal. The only Súrí who struck coins at Láhor was Sikandar Sháh. These were rupees of the Súrí standard of 180 grains, but on his return Humáyún reverted to the *dirham* (L. M. C., p. 7), of which the British Museum has a specimen weighing as much as 111 grains (No. 13).

Dirhams are also known of Akbar, dated 963 (L. M. C.) and 964 (my own cabinet), the rupee issue, with the Kalima in a circle on the obverse, starting in 965 (No. 207).

As in the case of Agra and Dehlí, the gold coinage makes its first appearance in 971, the Kalima in the earlier issues being in a double-lined pentagon. After 976 Láhor again assumes the epithet of Dáru-l-khiláfat. In 985 were issued square rupees and muhars, and the honorific epithet was changed to Dáru-s-saltanat, an epithet which is associated with the Láhor mint to the end of the Mughal series. The earliest Iláhí rupees were apparently struck in the thirty-sixth year (999-1000), and this type obtained during the remaining years of Akbar's reign, the only variation occurring in the forty-seventh, forty-eighth, and forty-ninth years when the legends were enclosed in ornamental areas.

This collection contains several half and quarter rupees of Láhor mintage, but is deficient in the still smaller fractions of the rupee. Iláhí gold coins are also conspicuous by their absence. These latter, which are scarce, seem to have been issued first in the fortieth year, both the full muhar and its quarter being known of this date.

Akbar's copper coinage of the Láhor mint dates from about 977 (L. M. C.), and the first type with the Hijra date in words and figures on the reverse continued till 988. Then occurs a break for ten years, the Iláhí type of fulús issuing in the same year (36) as the Iláhí rupee. Apparently no tankas were minted at Láhor, but in the forty-sixth year appeared the tankí issue, of which No. 477 is an early specimen.

Jahángír's partiality for Láhor as a residence is well shown by the fine series of rupees described on pp. 81 to 85 of the catalogue. But few of his gold coins are met with, and those chiefly of his earliest years. Between 1014 and 1016 two varieties both of gold and silver seem to have been current—the *Kalima* and the 'couplet' types. These were either square or round, and varied in weight from

LÁHOR 200 to 212 grains. In 1017 appeared a fine rupee, weighing as much as 220 grains, the inscription on which ran as follows:—

'May the coin of Láhor in the name of Sháh Jahángír be current in the world as long as the heavens revolve.'

During a few months, at the close of 1019 and beginning of 1020, the coins record the names of the months in which they were struck. Of these, No. 705 is an example containing the following couplet:—

'In the month of Ardíbihisht the king of the age, Sháh Jahángír, son of Sháh Akbar, put this stamp on money in Láhor.'

The Láhor Museum has a somewhat similar coin of the month of Tír, which probably marks the close of the heavy rupee period, for in the following month Amardád (No. 706) was started the simpler type of normal weight, which obtained till the eleventh year (L. M. C., p. 143). This gave place to the rupee containing the following couplet:—

'May there ever be light on the surface of the coin of Láhor from the name of Sháh Jahángír, (son of) Sháh Akbar.'

This type went on with slight changes in the arrangement of the words till the end of the reign, the rupees struck in Núrjahán's name being apparently confined to the year 1034.

In 1040 the Kalima appears in a circular area, with the mint name on the reverse, and four years later this type gave place to the usual 'square areas' which were retained till the end of the reign.

Apparently no gold coins are known of Aurangzeb from the Lahor mint, but his rupees, especially of the later years, are plentiful. No. 1415, a coin of the first year, bears the form of couplet usually found on the gold coins (taking the place of .) but the ordinary

form had been adopted by 1079 (L. M. C.). Of the twenty regnal **LÁHOR** years between 1092 and 1117 every year but one (34) is represented in the cabinet of the Indian Museum. In the thirty-ninth year (1106-7) the type changes, the date appearing in the centre of the reverse instead of at the bottom, and this arrangement was maintained by subsequent emperors. The name of the mint is placed throughout at the top of the reverse.

The coins of Láhor present no special features of interest after Aurangzéb. Of Jahándár two types are catalogued, and there are two varieties also of the coins of Farrukh-siyar, while of 'Alamgír II there are two copper pieces, the solitary examples of Lahor copper coinage after Akbar. The latest rupee of the Mughal series from the Láhor mint is also of this emperor, and is dated 1172. From this time Láhor ceased to be a Mughal mint. It had already—some years previously-been ceded to Ahmad Shah Durrani, but had been left in charge of a Mughal governor, and coins continued to be struck in the name of the Mughal Emperor. In 1170 circumstances called again for the Abdali's interference, but he retired the following year, leaving his son Tímúr in charge of the Panjáb. The latter, however, was driven from Láhor by the Maráthás, and in 1172 Ahmad Sháh appeared on the scene for the third time. When he returned to his own kingdom, after the battle of Pánípat, Láhor remained in possession of the Sikhs.

LAKHNA	_		_		AKH-
Lat. 26° 52	2' L	ong. 80° 5	6'	-	UAV
	\boldsymbol{A}	\mathcal{A} R	Æ		
Akbar			7		
Sháhjahán	_		2		
Aurangzéb	_	15	_		
Sháh 'Álam I	_	3	_		
Jahándár		2			
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1			

Lakhnau, or as it is usually written Lucknow, is the capital of Oudh. In the days of Akbar it was the head quarters of a surkár in the súba of Awadh. Shér Sháh had already established a mint there for copper, and this was retained by Akbar, of whose 'fulús' two types are catalogued in this volume. The earlier variety was current in 966 and 967 (Nos. 478-9), and the later one from 980 to 987. On these latter coins Lakhnau is called Dáru-l-khiláfat—on the earlier ones no epithet is given.

Of Jahángír no coins are published. Sháhjahán seems to have been the first to issue silver money, and a specimen in my own

LAKH-NAU cabinet with dotted square areas is dated 1055—nineteenth year of reign. No. 1110 is a remarkable coin, and is the only example of a Sháhjahání tanka that I have heard of. No. 1111 is a 'fulús' of the same reign of normal weight. Aurangzéb is represented by fifteen rupees of the usual type, dating from the nineteenth year to the end of the reign. Copper coins of this emperor have also been published by Mr. Rodgers. Rupees are known of the next six emperors, and in the British Museum Catalogue (No. 1184) is a coin ascribed to Sháh 'Álam II, but a comparison of this with Nos. 1693–5, and the obverse inscription of the Barélí and Sháhjahánábád rupees of Sháh 'Álam I shows that the British Museum specimen ought to have been assigned to the latter emperor.

After Muḥammad Lakhnau disappears from the list of Mughal mints. No gold coins of this mint have been published.

MAKHSÚSÁBÁD. See MURSHIDÁBÁD.

MÁLPUR

MÁLPÚR Lat. 23° 21′ Long. 73° 28′

 $\begin{array}{ccccc} & & X & & A & A \\ Akbar & - & - & 3 & \end{array}$

Málpúr is only known as a mint town—for copper 1—in the reign of Akbar. Situated only some sixty miles east of Ahmadábád, it is not surprising to find that the mint was short-lived, the dates on the coins ranging from 983 to 985.

MANDÚ

MANDÚ

Mandú was the old capital of the Málwá dynasty. In A. H. 941, when Humáyún invaded Málwá, Bahádur Sháh, who had annexed the province to Gujarát, took refuge in Mandú, and was besieged there. The fort capitulated after a short siege, and Humáyún had coins struck there in copper to commemorate his victory (No. 62). They are of the usual type of Humáyún's copper coinage, in weight about 145 grains and without any king's name. Akbar conquered Málwá in 968, but no coins seem to have been struck by him from this mint. In fact the only other Mughal coin that issued from Mandú is a gold piece (L. M. C., p. 127) dated 1026 of Jahángír, who visited the town in his eleventh year (E. D., VI, pp. 348-51).

A gold muhar, dated 984, of the Alimadabád type, with 'Dáru-l-khiláfat Málpúr' in the lower reverse margin, has recently been acquired by me.

MÍRATH [or ?MÍRTHA]

MÍRATH

This mint town has hitherto been identified as Mirath (Meerut), a town near Dehli, and now the head quarters of a district in the Province of Ágra. It seems, however, open to question whether the origin of the coins is not Mirtha—a strong fortress situated forty miles west by north from Ajmér—which was besieged by Akbar's forces in A.H. 969, and figures more frequently in the chronicles of Akbar's reign than Mirath. The only coins known of the mint are $d\acute{a}ms$ of the usual Hijra type struck between the years 987 and 989.

MUḤAMMADÁBÁD	[BANÁRAS]
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MUḤAM-MAD-ÁBÁD BANÁ-

Lat. 25°	18'	Long. 83° 1′	
	\boldsymbol{A}	\mathcal{A}	Æ
Muḥammad	1	10	-
A ḥma d	_	12	_
'Álamgír II	1	8	
Sháh 'Álam I	I —	67	

The Banáras mint first appears in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh after whom the town was called Muḥammadábád. The earliest recorded dates are 1145 (No. 1958) in silver, and 1150 in gold (No. 1842*u*). On the former coin the mint name is at the top of the reverse, and the regnal year at the bottom. In 1146 the type was changed, 'Muḥammadábád' forming the top line and 'Banáras' the bottom line of the reverse. The issues of this mint under the Mughals are chiefly remarkable for the variety of mint marks displayed on the coins.

In the time of Akbar Banáras was the head quarters of a sarkár in the súba of Allahábád. Under the later Mughals it was included in the territory of the Nawáb Vazír of Oudh. The latter was compelled in 1765 (1178-9) to give up the whole of his territory, but the greater part of it was restored to him by the directors of the East India Company. In 1775 (1189) the new Vazír, Ásafuddaula, ceded to the British the proprietary rights in the Banáras district, but according to Hastings's Narrative of the Insurrection in the zemeendary of Banaris, Calcutta, 1782, App. 33, the mint was not taken over till 1781 (1195-6).

MUḤAM-MAD-ÁBÁD The coinage of the Banáras mint during the reign of Sháh 'Álam II is most complicated. Up to 1179, i.e. soon after the battle of Baksár in 1764, the coins were of the recognized Mughal type, and were issued with regularity.

Of the period between 1179 and 1189 few coins are known: the British Museum has specimens of 1183 and 1186, and issues of 1189 are published both of the sixteenth and seventeenth regnal year. The rupees of 1190 to 1192 record only the seventeenth regnal year on the reverse, while from 1193 up to 1221 (i.e. up to the death of Sháh 'Álam) the reverse gives both the year 17 and a regnal year which corresponds to the Hijra date on the obverse. From 1222 to 1229, and apparently no later, the years given on the reverse are 17/49. The '17' has been considered to refer to the accession of Asafu-d-daula to the Nawabi of Oudh. The coins of this series invariably display a fish as a mint mark, and a fish is a device associated with the Oudh rulers. It might therefore be supposed that the series of coins bearing the regnal year 17 were struck at the Banáras mint for currency in Oudh. There is, however, another series of Banáras coins running concurrently with the 'seventeenth year' issues from 1211 to 1233. These also display a fish on the reverse, but of a different type, and the regnal year is invariably '26'. Stopping as it does just before the issues of Gházíu-d-dín Haidar, the first king of Oudh, in his own name (1234), it seems probable that this series, and not the 'seventeenth year' issue, was coined at Banáras by the East India Company for circulation in the Nawab Vazir's territory. The '17' might appropriately refer to the cession of Banáras to the British in 1775 (1189), and the 'seventeenth year' series would thus, after 1781 (1195-6), be the Company's coinage for use in their own possessions. I have, however, thought it desirable to include this issue in the present volume, partly because of the correspondence between the Hijra dates and the regnal years, and partly because the earlier coins were struck before the Company took over the Banáras mint. Apart from the difficulty of fixing the dividing line between the issues under native control and under that of the Company, it seemed preferable to catalogue the series as a whole in the same volume. The twenty-sixth year series, falling entirely in the period of the Company's administration of the mint, has on that account been excluded.

MUḤAMMADÁBÁD KÁLPÍ. See KÁLPÍ.

MULHÁRNAGAR [INDÓR]

MULHÁR-NAGAR

The coins of this mint can only indirectly be termed Mughal. Mulhár Ráo Holkár had established himself in a virtually independent position in Central India, while the throne of Dehlí was tottering to its fall. He died in 1766, and his widow, who ruled for nearly thirty years—till 1795—transferred the capital from Maheshwar to Indór, re-naming the latter after her husband. The coins on pp. 289 to 291 of the catalogue, which represent every year from A. H. 1200 to 1213 (A. D. 1785 to 1798), must have issued during the rule of this princess and her successor, Tákují Holkar, who died in 1797. The coins bear the distinctive symbol of the Holkar State, a sun-face.

MULTÁN

MULTÁN

Lat. 30° 12	·	Long. 71°	31'
	$A\!\!\!V$	$A\!R$	Æ
Akbar	_	1	2
Sháhjahán	1	28	
Aurangzéb	1	10	1
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	_	1	
Muḥammad		3	1
Ahmad		1	_

Multán was at the time of the Mughal conquest the capital of an independent principality. It was conquered in 934 by the neighbouring King of Sind, but left in charge of Langar Khán, a general of the ex-chief. In Humáyún's reign it was annexed by Kámrán, who was governor of the Panjáb. Under Akbar it was the head quarters of a súba, and a mint was established there for silver and copper, the earliest coins issuing in the thirty-seventh year (A. H. 1000). No coins have been published of Jahángír from this mint, but Sháhjahán revived the Multán coinage very early in his reign, specimens being known of his first or Hijra type dated 1038, second year.

The Ilâhî coins were current for at least ten months in the second year, Khûrdâd to Isfandârmuz (No. 986-8), and they were succeeded in 1039, third year, by the 'Kulima in circle' variety, with the mint on the reverse. This type remained for three years, giving place in 1042, sixth year (No. 995), to the square areas on obverse and reverse. No further changes occurred during the reign. The Multân mint does not seem to have issued gold coins till a later period,

MULTÁN No. 855 of 1064 being the earliest that I can find any trace of. The rupees of Aurangzéb's first years have the couplet associated with that emperor's gold coins, and the epithet of Dáru-l-amán is added to the mint name, which comes at the top of the reverse. By 1073 the usual type had been adopted and the epithet disappeared. A slight change occurs in the position of the regnal year in 1082 (No. 1470), but this was only temporary. Aurangzéb also issued gold and copper from Multán, and Farrukh-siyar's coins are known in all three metals. The latest Mughal issues from the mint are of Aḥmad Sháh (No. 2153). After this reign Multán became a mint town of the Durrání dynasty.

MURÁD-ÁBÁD

MURÁDÁBÁD

Lat. 28° 51′	Lor	ig. 78 46'	
	A	Æ	Æ
'Álamgír II		1	_
Sháh 'Álam II		3	

In the Láhor Museum Catalogue (p. 186) is described a rupee of Aurangzéb from this mint, dated 1097. This coin is apparently still unique. Dr. White King's collection included a rupee attributed to Sháh 'Álam I of the third regnal year, but without any Hijra date. Apart from these two coins the earliest issues from Murádábád are of Aḥmad Sháh. In 1174 Murádábád temporarily issued coins in the name of Aḥmad Sháh Durrání. On his retirement, it again became a Mughal mint town. In 1188 Murádábád was made over with the rest of Rohilkhand to the Nawáb of Oudh, but a coin is known of 1189, sixteenth year of Sháh 'Álam II (Dames, Num. Chron., 1902). It became British territory in 1216, and is now the head quarters of a district in the United Provinces of Ágra and Oudh.

MUR-SHID-ÁBÁD

MURSHIDÁBÁD [MAKHSÚSÁBÁD]

			J
Lat. 2	4° 12′	Long. 88° 17'	
	\boldsymbol{A}	\mathcal{A} R	Æ
Aurangzéb		1 (Ma <u>kh</u> şúşábád)	
		2 (Murshidábád)	
Sháh 'Álam I		1	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		5	
Sháhjahán II		2	
Muḥammad	1	17	
Aḥmad	-	13	
'Álamgír II	_	7	
Sháh 'Álam II		1	

Murshidábád, so named after Murshid Qulí Khán, who was Aurangzéb's Díwán of Bengál in 1701 (1112–13), and became sole

governor of the province in 1704 (1115-16), first appears as a mur-Mughal mint under its old name Makhsúsábád. It was doubtless SHID-Murshid Qulí Khán who first caused the coins to be struck in the ÁBÁD name of Aurangzéb, for the earliest date for the mint is 1115 In the Láhor Museum is a coin of 1116 under the same name, but in the following year the coins bear the new name The mint was active throughout the remaining Murshidábád. Mughal period, but its issues were mainly rupees, the only emperors of whom gold coins are published being Farrukh-siyar, Muhammad, and Sháh 'Alam II. The coin, however, attributed to the latter is dated 1181 (1767-8), B. M. C., No. 1185, and must therefore have been struck by the authority of the East India Company. There is a good series of the later Mughal rupees in the cabinet of the Indian Museum from Muhammad down to the fifth year of Shah 'Alam II (1178). Coins from this mint after 1765 (1178-9) have been excluded from this volume, as being issues of the East India Company.

MUŞTAFÁBÁD [RÁMPÚR]

MUȘȚAF-ÁBÁD

The Mustafábád of the Mughal coins is probably, as pointed out by Mr. Burn (J. A. S. B., 1904, 'Mints of the Mughal Emperors'), the town of Rámpúr, the head quarters of a native state in Rohilkhand. The name is given as an alias of Rámpúr in Francklin's Sháh Aulum, App. II, p. 240. The few coins which are known are dated 1184 and 1185.

MUZAFFARGARH

MU-ZAFFAR-GARH

Muzaffargarh is in the Panjáb, not far from Multán. The single specimen described in this volume is of the thirty-ninth year of Sháh 'Álam II, and the Láhor Museum has a rupee of the fortieth year of the same Emperor (1212). Rupees from this mint are also known in the name of Akbar II.

najíb-Ábád

NAJÍBÁBÁD

Lat. 29° 37′	Lor		
	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	${f A}\!{f R}$	Æ
'Álamgír II		5	
Sháh 'Álam II	2	10	2

Najíbábád, a town in the Bijnor district of the Province of Ágra, was so named after Najíb <u>Kh</u>an Rohilla, who rose to eminence in the reign of 'Álamgír II and was Prime Minister of the Mughal Empire from 1761 to 1770. The Bijnor district had been made over to his charge by Dúndí <u>Kh</u>án, one of the leading Rohilla chiefs, and he afterwards acquired the tract of country known as the Báwaní Mahál, of which Saháranpur was the principal town.

Najíbábád was a Mughal mint town for gold, silver, and copper, and the dates on its coins range from the second year of 'Alamgír II (No. 2244) to the forty-second year (1215) of Sháh 'Alam II (B. M. C., No. 1204). It passed into the hands of the British in 1801 (1215–16), but copper coins are known struck in the name of Muhammad Akbar II as late as A. H. 1226.

NÁRNÓL

NÁRNÓL

Lat. 28°	3'	Long. 76°	10'
	\boldsymbol{A}	\mathcal{A}	Æ
Akbar		-	23
Sháhjahán	_	_	1
Aurangzéb	_	5	2

Nárnól was, under Akbar, the head quarters of a surkár in the súbu of Ágra, and was one of his principal copper mints. It had previously been an important mint town of the Súris for both silver and copper, and a few rupees were also struck there by Akbar at the beginning of his reign.

The earliest Mughal coin is No. 491 dated 962, the year before Akbar's accession. It has been suggested that the '2' may be a mistake for '6', but in the Láhor Museum Catalogue (p. 111) are two specimens in which the date 962 is clear both in words and figures. As the Hijra dáms of Akbar do not bear his name, there is nothing inherently improbable that Nárnól should have issued coins—following the Súrí standard of weight—immediately on Humáyún's return to India, and that Akbar should have adopted for his own dáms the pattern of the Nárnól coin of 962.

The Indian Museum has a good series of Nárnól dáms from 962 NARNÓL to 999, and the Hijra type was maintained till quite late in Akbar's reign in preference to the tanka and tanki issues.

Copper coins were struck at Nárnól by Jahángír, Sháhjahán, and Aurangzéb, and the latter emperor revived the silver coinage, but apparently for a few years only, for the dates range from 1098 to 1102.

NARWAR

NARWAR

Narwar, a town in Gwáliar State, first appears as a Mughal mint for silver in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh, and coins were struck there by Aḥmad, 'Álamgír II, and Sháh 'Álam II.

NUṢRATÁBÁD

NUSRAT-ÁBÁD

In his list of mint towns in Musalmán Numismatics, Dr. Codrington states that Nuṣratábád is 'in Bengal in Ghoraghar súbhah of Akbar'. In Mr. Leggett's Notes on the Mint Towns of the Mohamedans, p. 70, the mint town is identified with a fort in the Bíjápúr district. This is supported by the following extract from the Bombay Gazetteer under Dhárwár. pp. 707, 708:—

'In 1673 (A.H. 1083-4) Abdu-l-Karím Khán... was appointed governor of the Bíjápúr district or sarkár of Bankápúr with 16 parganas. The chief of these were Nuṣratábád or Dhárwár and Gudag... In 1674 Shivají... took Dhárwár. In 1685 (1096-7) Sultán Mu'azzam, Aurangzéb's son, ... took Hublí and Dhárwár, a place of respectability and strength... From 1685 to 1753 Dhárwár was held by four commandants sent from Dehlí... the last surrendered Dhárwár in 1753 to the third Peshwá.'

As the only coins that are published of this mint are of the reign of Aurangzéb, it seems probable that the identification of the mint with the present town of Dhárwár is correct.

The date on the rupee in this catalogue is 1109. The Láhor Museum has one of 1114. The mint is a rare one.

PATNA

PATNA ['AZÍMÁBÁD]

Lat. 25° 37′	,	Long. 85°	12'
	A	$.\mathrm{R}$	Æ
\mathbf{A} kbar	1	2	_
Jahángír	_	27	
Núrjahán	-	4	
Sháhjahán	3	20	
Aurangzéb	1	(P.) 18	
		(A.) 2	
Sháh 'Álam I		3	-
Jahándár	_		_
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	_	7	_
Muḥammad	_	14	
Aḥmad	_	6	
'Álamgír II		11	
Sháhjahán III	1	.1	
Sháh 'Álam II		5	

Patna was taken by Akbar in person in A.H. 982, from Dáúd, the son of Sulaimán Kararání, King of Bengal. The latter had agreed with Muni'm Khán, seven years before, to strike coins in Akbar's name (Blochmann's 'Ain, p. 427), but none is known earlier than A.H. 983, the year after the conquest of Bengal (L.M.C., pp. 51-60). The earliest in this collection is a gold coin of 984 (No. 99), on which Patna is given the epithet of Dáru-z-zarb. In type it is similar to those struck at Ágra up to 986. No. 248 is an example of the square issue of 987. The Iláhí issues do not appear to have started till 1005 (forty-second year). Copper dáms of this mint are also known, but are rare.

Under Jahángír the mint was very active. Heavy rupees of the *Kalima* type were struck between 1014 and 1018 (*B.M.C.*, No. 428), and these were followed in 1020 by the usual Iláhí issues, the latest of which is dated 1036 (No. 765). It was only in Jahángír's last year—1037—that Patna struck coins in the name of Núrjahán.

Of Sháhjahán we find the non-Iláhí type of the first year succeeded in the second year (1038) by the coins with Iláhí months up to 1042, and from that date by the 'square areas' till the close of the reign. Copper coins are known, both of Jahángir and Sháhjahán.

The Museum possesses three of the rare early coins of Aurangzeb, before the adoption of the couplet, and with the mint name at the top of the reverse. Coins after the eighth year (No. 1138) have the usual inscriptions, until 1117, when Patna was renamed 'Azímábád.

This designation is retained till the end of the series, but some issues **PATNA** of Farrukh-siyar and the rupees of Rafí'u-d-darját adhere to the old name.

The coins of Sháh 'Álam I are peculiar in lacking the 'julús' formula on their reverse. In Farrukh-siyar's reign the mint was given the title of مستقر اللك, and if, as seems probable, the coin of Jahándár bearing this epithet, and attributed to Patna (L. M. C., p. 200), is a coin of Akbarábád, coins of Patna or 'Azímábád, struck by Jahándár, have yet to be found. This would corroborate Mr. Irvine's remark in his paper on the 'Later Mughals', J. A. S. B., 1896, p. 208, that Jahándár never had any authority at Patna.

Of Ahmad Sháh's coins there are two types (Nos. 2092-3), and in this reign occurs for the first time (No. 2095) the mint mark which serves to distinguish the later Mughal issues of 'Azímábád.

Of the rupees of 'Alamgir II the catalogue gives an almost complete series, and Sháhjahán III is represented both by gold and silver.

In 1765 (1178-9), after the battle of Baksár, the Mughal administration of Bengal was transferred to the British, but the mint continued for some years to issue coins in the name of Sháh 'Álam. Of these No. 2336 dated 1182 (R.Y. 9) must be a specimen. The British Museum has a gold rupee of the same Hijra date, but of the tenth regnal year.

Apparently the only copper coin known of the 'Azímábád mint is one of Aurangzéb dated 1118, published by Mr. C. J. Rodgers in the J. A. S. B., 1895, p. 171.

PURBANDAR

PURBAN-

Lat. 21° 37′	21° 37′ Long. 69° 48′			
	A	Æ	Æ	
Aurangzéb		1		
Sháh 'Álam I		1	_	

Purbandar is a town on the west coast of Kathiáwár, and was a port of some importance in early times.

Only four coins of this mint are known—the two above, another of Sháh 'Álam, and the fourth of Farrukh-siyar—all rupees. No. 1503, dated 1116, was found in the Bhandára district of the Central Provinces, ride J. A. S. B., 1904, Num. Supp. IV.

INTRODUCTION

QAMAR-NAGAR

QAMARNAGAR [KARNÚL]

The only coins published of this mint are of the reign of Muḥammad Shah. The two specimens in this collection are dated A. H. 1150, the twentieth year of that king's reign.

QANAUJ

QANAUJ [SHÁHÁBÁD QANAUJ]

Lat. 27°	3 ′	Long. 79° 56′	•
	X	${\mathcal R}$	Æ
\mathbf{Akbar}			3
Muḥammad		8	-

Qanauj was the scene of the battle between Shér Sháh and Humáyún, which resulted in the latter being driven from India in A.H. 947. A fort was built by the conqueror a few miles out of Qanauj, and called after him Shérgarh. The Súrís established a mint there for copper, which was retained by Akbar during the first years of his reign. On the Súrí coins the mint name appears as Qanauj, alias Shergarh. On Akbar's dams the latter name seems to have changed to Sháhgarh, the 'Sháh' being plain on No. 515. No coins are published of this mint after 969 till the reign of Muhammad Shah, when the double name 'Sháhábád Qanauj' appears. Whether this represents another change from Sháhgarh to Sháhábád, or whether it refers to Qanauj and the adjacent town of Sháhábád in the Hardoi district of Oudh, is not very clear. The former seems more probable, for I find a passage in the Tárekh-i-Hindí (E. D., VIII. 46) which speaks of 'the fort of Cháchandí near Sháhábád Qanauj', as if the latter were a single town with a double name.

Rupees of Ahmad Shah and 'Álamgír II are also known of this mint.

QANDA-HÁR

QANDAHÁR

Lat. 31° 37′
 Long. 65 43′

$$X$$
 R
 P

 Jahángír
 P
 P
 P

 Sháhjahán
 P
 P
 P

Qandahár was finally acquired by Bábar after many vicissitudes in A.H. 929. Humáyún's brother Askarí was governor of the province in 951, and it was only after much opposition that Humáyún captured Qandahár in 952. The city was taken by Sháh Tahmásp of Persia in 965, and made over to his nephew. The latter's son, finding his tenure precarious, was prevailed upon to put himself under the protection

of Akbar. Thus Qandahár became Mughal again in A. H. 1003 QANDA-(Blochmann's 'Ain-i-Akbarí, p. 313), and remained so till A. H. 1032, HÁR when it was retaken by Sháh 'Abbás of Persia. In A. H. 1047 it was delivered by treachery into the hands of Sháhjahán, but after eleven years' occupation by the Mughals was again annexed by Persia. The coins accurately reflect the history of the town. Dirhams struck by Humáyún are published in the Láhor Museum Catalogue. No coins seem to have been struck by Akbar at Qandahár, and the mint was apparently not re-established till 1020, the sixth year of Jahángír, when heavy rupees of the Kalima type were issued. In 1021 and 1022 these were followed by the 'couplet' variety, but by Khúrdád of the eighth year the Iláhí coins had begun to issue. These continued till 1025, the eleventh year, when a new couplet appeared on the coins:—

سکه قندهار شد دلخواه از جهانگیر شاه اکبر شاه

'The coin of Qandahár was made attractive by the name of Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Akbar Sháh.'

Specimens of each of the regnal years up to the seventeenth are given in the catalogue, pp. 89-90. Jahángír also struck copper at Qandahár. Of Sháhjahán the British Museum has a rupee dated 1048, the year after the Mughal reoccupation, and coins of the next few years are not uncommon, the latest being of 1057, the twenty-first regnal year (No. 1038). Qandahár was retaken by Persia in the following year.

Sháh 'Álam II

SAHÁR-ANPÚR

Saháranpúr was in Akbar's time the head quarters of a sarkár in the súba of Dehlí. It was a mint for copper only, the dáms being of the Iláhí type and the dates ranging between the thirty-seventh and thirty-ninth years. Except for a solitary rupee of Aurangzéb, dated 1097 (in my own cabinet), no coins are published of this mint after 1002 till the reign of Sháh 'Álam II, when both silver and copper coins were struck. Saháranpúr was the principal town of the tract of country known as the Báwaní Mahál which had been acquired by Najíb Khán Rohilla and remained in his family for two generations. No. 2497 of 1215 was struck in the year preceding the British occupation of the district (1801). Saháranpúr is known on the rupees of Sháh 'Álam II as Dáru-s-sarúr, 'the abode of pleasure,' an epithet also borne by Burhánpúr.

SAR-HIND

SARHIND [also SAHRIND]

Lat. 30° 3	8′	Long 76° 27'	•
	\boldsymbol{A}	\mathcal{A}	Æ
\mathbf{A} kba \mathbf{r}			2
Aurangzéb	_	6	
Sháh 'Álam I	_	1	
Muhammad		2	
Ahmad		2	
'Álamgír II	_	1	

Sarhind was the head quarters of a sarkár in the súba of Dehlí under Akbar. The British Museum Catalogue (No. 61) gives a gold coin of this mint, dated 984, and copper 'fulús' of the usual Hijra type are known of 987, with the epithet of 'Baldat'. The Iláhí coins of the thirty-seventh to the forty-first years are, however, more frequently met with. They are peculiar in not giving the month of issue.

No coins are published of Jahángír and Sháhjahán from this mint. The first silver coins are of the reign of Aurangzéb, the earliest date published being 1103 (No. 1504). On these coins, and on all future issues, Sarhind is written Sahrind. Rupees are known of all the succeeding emperors down to 'Álamgír II, except Sháhjahán II. The latest date for the mint seems to be 1171. After this Sarhind became Sikh territory.

SHOLÁ-PÚR

SHOLÁPÚR

Lat. 17° 40°	Lor	ıg. 75°	54'
	A	AR	Æ
Aurangzéh	1	2	

Sholápúr, a town in the Dakhan, which lies between Ahmadnagar and Bíjápúr, was for many years 'the subject of contention between Nizámu-l-Mulk (of Ahmadnagar) and 'Ádil Khán (of Bíjápúr)'—E. D. VI. 416. It was occupied by the Mughals after Ahmadnagar was taken by Akbar in A. D. 1600, but was retaken in Jahángír's reign by Malik 'Ambar. Under Sháhjahán it again passed into the possession of the Mughals, but Aurangzéb seems to have been the first to establish a mint there, the earliest published date on the coins being A. H. 1081—fifteenth regnal year (No. 1146).

Aurangzéb and his successor Sháh Alam I struck coins in gold, silver, and copper at the Sholápúr mint. Of Jahándár no coins are published, but Dr. White King had a specimen without date of the copper coinage of Farrukh-siyar. After this reign Sholápúr ceases to be a Mughal mint.

SÍTPÚR

SÍTPÚR

Lat. ? Long. ?

X R Æ

Akbar — 5 —

The identification of this mint town is uncertain. The name has been read Pesháwar and Sítápúr. The reading Sítpúr suggested by Mr. C. J. Rodgers (L. M. C., p. 86) is more probable. There is a town of this name in the Muzaffargarh district of the Panjáb. The mint was apparently working only during the forty-eighth and forty-ninth years of Akbar.

SÚRAT

SÚRAT

Lat. 21° 12′	Long	g. 72° 50′	
	A'	Æ	Æ
Jahángír		2	
Núrjahán		3	_
Sháhjahán	3	31	
Murád Bakhsh	_	2	
Aurangzéb	6	89	
Sháh 'Álam I	1	6	
Jahándár		3	_
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	1	7	
Rafí'u-d-darját	1	_	
Sháhjahán II		1	
Muhammad	_	15	
'Álamgír II		1	
Sháhjahán III		1	

Súrat, on the Gulf of Cambay, was one of the principal mint towns of the Mughal Emperors after Jahángír. The present fort was built in 947 by a slave of Sultán Maḥmúd of Gujarát 'in order to resist the attacks of Europeans' (E. D., V. 347), but the city had become a place of considerable importance by the first quarter of the sixteenth century. In 980 it was besieged and taken by Akbar, and a rupee is known of Akbar's Iláhí type with the mint spelt مورت (L. M. C., p. 70), but the attribution of this coin to the Súrat mint is not free from doubt.

Jahángir's issues are scarce, the earliest date being 1030 (No. 792). From 1033 to 1037 Súrat rupees were struck in the name of Núrjahán.

The first issues of Sháhjahán are of an unusual type, the obverse containing the Kalima and Hijra date, while on the reverse above the mint name is the legend مسكة جهان رائج باد These were followed by coins of the Hijra type, which were issued for a longer period from Súrat than from most mints, specimens being known as late as 1041 (No. 1044). In the fourth year the Iláhí type appeared (B. M. C., No. 533), but by 1043 this had given way to the square areas on

SÚRAT obverse and reverse. This type was maintained till 1067, but on the coins of 1057 the legends are enclosed in lozenge-shaped areas. In 1067-8 the inscriptions were in circles.

In the latter year coins of two types were struck in the name of Murád Bakhsh.

Of the rupees of Aurangzéb the catalogue describes no less than eighty-nine, very few years of this long reign being unrepresented. On the earliest issues Súrat is called 'Bandar-i-Mubárak'—the blessed port—in reference to its being the port of departure for the pilgrimage to Mecca, but by the third year the epithet had been dropped (No. 1541). From that time up to 1089 the regnal year is to be found at the top of the reverse, but the coins described on pp. 180-1 of the catalogue show that slight variations were made in the arrangement of the legend during that period. In 1090 the ordinary type of reverse was adopted and continued without change to the end of the Mughal series. The obverse inscriptions of the later Súrat coins present no unusual features except in the first year of Muhammad Sháh, when the following legend occurs:—

'The king of the age, Muhammad Shah, struck coin in the world by the grace of God.'

It was supposed that coins of this type were issues of the claimant to the throne. Níkúsiyar, but the mistake was corrected by Mr. W. Irvine (see note to No. 2069 (a)). Rupees are known of all the later Mughal Emperors down to Sháh 'Álam II, and copper coins of all except Sháhjahán II, Ahmad. Álamgír II. and Sháh 'Álam II. Jahángír and Sháhjahán I also issued copper money from the Súrat mint, but there is not a single specimen in the collection here catalogued of the copper coinage of this city. Double rupees of Álamgír II and Sháh 'Álam II are noticed in J. A. S. B., Num. Supp. V. 1905.

When the East India Company commenced striking their own coins in Bombay they made use of the Súrat Mughal rupee as a model, but 'there arose discrepancies in the fineness which obliged the Company to have their coins restruck at Súrat. It was not till 1800 (1214) that the Bombay mint recommenced the issue of Súrat rupees, and not till 1804 (1219), the forty-sixth year of Sháh 'Álam, that a fixed coinage was established' (Lane-Poole, B. M. C., p. civ, introduction). On p. 243 of the catalogue are given coins (Nos. 2079-81) which may be the imitations above referred to.

The British Museum Catalogue gives examples of coins struck in the name of Shah 'Alam II down to the thirty-second year of his reign (A. H. 1204).

TATTA	TATTA
IAIIA	TATTA

Lat. 24° 45	,	Long. 67°	58 ′
	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	Æ	Æ
Akbar	_	23	_
Jahángír	_	15	_
Sháhjahán	1	14	_
Aurangzéb	—	11	
Sháh 'Álam I		1	

Tatta was the capital of the independent state of Sind, which was conquered in A. H. 929 by the Arghún family who traced their descent from Changiz Khán.

In 999 Akbar determined to annex Sind to the Mughal Empire, and the conquest was effected in his thirty-seventh year by the son of Bahrám Khán.

A mint for silver coins was established at Tatta immediately after the Mughal occupation, and square rupees of the Iláhí type are known of every year from 1001 to the end of Akbar's reign. The issues of the thirty-eighth year differ slightly from those of the following years, the date in the former being to the left and in the latter to the right of the mint name.

During the first five years of Jahángír's reign the heavy rupee of the *Kalima* type was current, but in 1020 this gave place to the normal-weight Iláhí coin, with the inscriptions enclosed in ornamental areas. A plainer variety appeared in the fifteenth year and was retained to the end of the reign, the coins of 1037 differing slightly in the arrangement of the reverse. No coins are published from this mint in the name of Núrjahán.

The issues of Sháhjahán are peculiar in that the Iláhí type is maintained throughout the reign from 1038—second year—to 1069—thirty-third year. I have not been able to trace any published coins of Sháhjahán's first year from this mint.

The obverse of Aurangzéb's coins up to 1071 recites the king's name and titles. From 1072 the couplet type was current.

No. 1708 (a) is an interesting and very rare coin of Sháh 'Alam I with the name Mu'azzam, by which he was known before he came to the throne. On the obverse is the following couplet:—

'The second Sháhjahán Sultán Mu'azzam, the Sultán, struck blessed coin in the seven climes on gold and silver (lit. the sun and the moon).'

ATTAT

After Aurangzéb the coinage of the Tatta mint becomes scarce, but rupees are known of Farrukh-siyar, Sháhjahán II. and Muḥammad, and the cabinet of Mr. Ellis (now in the Lucknow Museum) contained a copper coin of the latter Emperor, dated 1141.

UJJAIN

UJJA	IN [a	lso ÚJA	IN]
Lat. 23°	11'	Long. 78	5° 47′
	A	Æ	Æ
Akbar	_	. 1	2
Sháhjahán		. 2	2
Aurangzéb	1	1	

1

Muhammad

Sháh 'Álam II — 15 — Ujjain was one of the principal towns of the kingdom of Málwá, and after the conquest of that province by Akbar became the head

quarters of a sarkár.

Humáyún had struck dirhams at Ujjain on his invasion of Málwá, and the Lahor Museum Catalogue (p. 55) gives a silver coin of Akbar (weighing 100 grains!) dated 968, the year of the annexation of the province by Akbar. Square rupees of the usual type are known of 990, and Dr. White King's cabinet included a half rupee of 987. In Akbar's forty-second and following years rupees were issued of the Iláhí type.

No. 526 is a rare specimen of Akbar's dâms, and No. 527, dated 995, of his square pieces, following in weight and form the earlier local currency. Some coins of the latter type give the name as Ujjainpúr.

I can find no publication of any coins of Jahángír from this mint, but Nos. 1084 and 1085 are rupees of Sháhjahán of the Hijra type struck in his second year—1039. On these the mint name is 'Baldat Újain'. Rupees are also known of the Iláhí and 'square areas' varieties. Sháhjahán's copper coinage followed Akbar's later issues in weight and shape (No. 1113).

The title 'Dáru-l-fath', which is associated with Ujjain, seems to have originated with Aurangzéb, and was in use as early as 1073 (No. 1153). In this reign also the mint issued gold coins for the first time Rupees are known of all the later Emperors except Sháhjahán II and Ahmad Sháh, and gold coins of A'zam Sháh, Sháh 'Álam I, and Muḥammad. In the reign of Ahmad Sháh, Ujjain came into the possession of Sindhia, whose capital it remained till 1810 (1225). The series of coins described on pp. 295, 296 of the

catalogue were issued during this period, and can only by courtesy **UJJAIN** be called Mughal coins. They all bear the same distinctive mint mark. The latest date for the mint is the forty-fourth year of Sháh 'Álam II (1216–17), corresponding to A.D. 1801, when the Mughal sovereign finally came under British protection.

ÚRDÚ-I-ZAFAR-QARÍN				
	$oldsymbol{A}$	${\bf A}\!{f R}$	Æ	
Akbar	2	6	16	

ÚRDÚ-I-ZAFAR-QARÍN

The practice of issuing coins from a travelling camp mint was inaugurated by Bábar (L. M. C., p. 3), and was continued by Akbar and Jahángír, but the latter's camp issues are extremely scarce. The earliest coin of Akbar struck in the 'Camp associated with victory is the gold muhar—possibly still unique—described under No. 100 of the catalogue and dated 984. A square rupee, dated 987 and struck in the 'camp'—jo only—with the Kallima enclosed in a diamond-shaped area and it is in the four marginal corners, is in my own cabinet, and another square rupee of the same date but of a different type is described in the British Museum Catalogue (No. 128). Apart from these, all Akbar's issues of 'Úrdú mintage bear the date — Ilooo, until the thirty-seventh year.

Under No. 528 a coin has been catalogued of the thirty-sixth year, but too little of the unit of the date is left to make the reading certain, and it is probable that what has been read as a '6' is really a '9'.

It seems to me open to question whether all these 'alif' coins were issued in the year 1000. We know from Badáoní that with the advent of Abú-l-Fazl at the Court in 982, followed by the weekly discussions in the newly-built Ibádat Khána, Akbar's thoughts turned towards the renunciation of Islám. By 986 his ideas had crystallized, and in the year 987 Akbar publicly assumed the spiritual leadership of the nation, and coins of this year are known with the obverse legend الله In 990 Badáoní writes that 'His Majesty was now convinced that the millennium of the Islámitic dispensation was drawing near. No obstacle, therefore, remained to promulgating the designs which he had planned in secret. . . . The first order which was passed was that the coinage should show the era of the millennium'.

This, taken in conjunction with the facts above mentioned regarding the dates found on the Imperial camp issues, would seem to indicate that the 'alif' coins were issued between 987 and 1000, irrespective of the actual Hijra date. When the millennium had

t

ÚRDÚ-I-ZAFAR-QARÍN arrived, i.e. in the thirty-seventh year of the reign, the coins naturally recorded the real dates. These issues of dáms with Iláhí dates continued till the fiftieth, i.e. last. year of Akbar's reign. Two varieties of the 'Úrdú-i-zafar-qarín' coins are also known (Nos. 537, 538), without 'alif' or any other date.

Of Jahángir's camp coinage I have heard of only two examples—one a zodiacal muhar in my own cabinet, of which a description was given in J. A. S. B., 1904, Num. Supp. I; the other a ruper in the Lucknow Museum, bearing the unusual inscription فرب اردو 'Struck in the camp on the way to the Dakhan', and dated 1025–11.

ZAFAR-ÁBÁD

ZAFARÁBÁD

Dr. Codrington, in his Musalmán Numismatics, locates this mint town in the North-west Provinces, presumably referring to the town of that name near Jaunpúr, but as the dates on the coins range from 1069, the thirty-second year of Sháhjahán, to 1119, the first year of Sháh 'Alam Bahádur Sháh (L. M. C.), it seems more probable that the mint town was Bídar taken by Aurangzéb from the Bijápúr king in 1067, just before he was called to Dehlí by the illness of Sháhjahán, and renamed by him Zafarábád.

ZAFAR-NAGAR

ZAFARNAGAR

Sháhjahán
$$\stackrel{X}{-}$$
 3 $\stackrel{\pm}{-}$

I am not aware of the exact locality of this mint town. Dr. Codrington, in his Musalmán Namismatics, identifies it with Fathábád in the Province of Ágra. The references to the place, however, in the chronicles of Jahángír's, Sháhjahán's, and Aurangzéb's reign (see E. D., VII. pp. 37 and 315; also Blochmann's 'Ain, p. 503) seem to leave no doubt that the Zafarnagar of the coins is the town of that name in South India, south of Ahmadnagar.

A rupee of Jahángír without date from this mint is published in the Láhor Museum Catalogue (p. 134), the earliest dated coin being of the third year of Sháhjahán of the Iláhí type (No. 1086). No. 1088 is a rupee of the same emperor with square areas and dated 1043. A coin of Aurangzéb from the Láhor Museum is mentioned by Mr. Burn in his mint list (J. A. S. B., 1904).

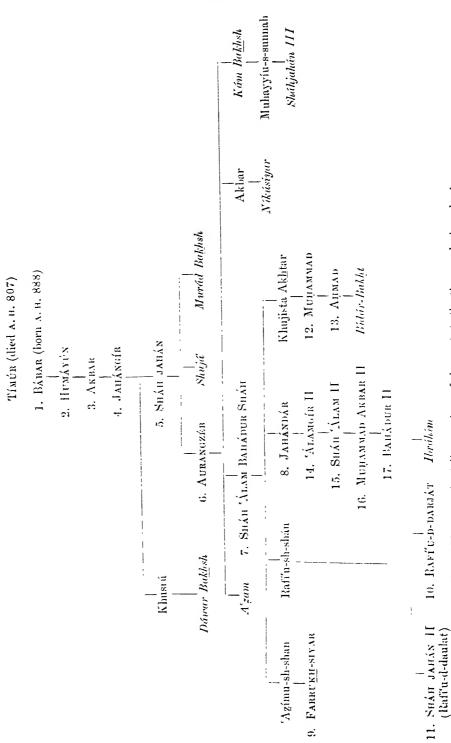
MUGHAL EMPERORS OF INDIA

LIST OF EMPERORS

τ.	D41 7.1/ 1.1/				A.H.	A.D.
I.	Bábar, Zahíru-d-dín .	•	•	•	932	1526
II.	. , .	•	•	•	937	1530
III.		•		•	963	1556
IV.	C	•	•		1014	1605
	Dáwar Ba <u>kh</u> sh		•		1037	1627
V.	Sháhjahán, Shihábu-d-dín		•		1037	1628
	Shujá' (in Bengal)				1068-70	1657-60
	Murád Ba <u>kh</u> sh (in Gujarát)				1068	1657-8
VI.	Aurangzéb, 'Álamgír, Muha	yyíu	-d-dín		1068	1658
	A'zam Sháh				1118-19	1707
	Kám Ba <u>kh</u> sh				1119	1707-8
VII.					1119	1707
VIII.	Jahándár Sháh				1124	1712
IX.	Farrukh-siyar				1124	1713
X.	Rafí'u-d-darját				1131	1719
XI.	Rafí'u-d-daula Sháhjahán II				1131	1719
	Níkúsiyar				1131	1719
	Ibráhím				1132 - 3	1720
XII.	Muhammad				1131	1719
XIII.	Ahmad				1161	1748
XIV.	'Álamgír II, 'Azízu-d-dín				1167	1754
	Sháhjahán [III]		•		1173-4	1759-60
XV.	Sháh 'Álam II				1173	1759
	Bídár-Bakht				1202 - 3	1788
XVI.	Muhammad Akbar II .				1221	1806
-	Bahádur Sháh II				1253	1837
** ' **	Deposed by the British Gove	mm	ent.		1274	1858
	Deposed of one priming doll		CILU	•	1.0. 5	1000

Note.—These dates differ in some instances from the dates given in the list on p. 3 of the British Museum Catalogue, 'Moghul Emperors.' In these cases I have followed Dr. G. P. Taylor (J.A.S.B., Num. Supp. VII, 1907).

GENEALOGICAL TABLE OF THE MUGHAL EMPERORS



Nore,-The names in stalics are those of claimants to the throne who issued coins.

 \mathbf{I}

BÁBAR

		А. н. 932	-937. A.D. 152	25-1530.	
Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
# 1	ş	3	الا الله الا الله الا الله الا الله محمد رسول الله Margin على المرتفى	In oblong with triple arched ends, and knots in the centre of the top and bottom sides فازى محمد بابر بادشاه غازى Above السلطان الاعظم Below فلد الله ملكه Pl.	SILVE
2	ł	7	As on No. 1. Margin deleted. W. 73. S95.	As on No. 1. Above السلطان الأعظم خاقان Below, deleted.	
3	3	1	In quatrefoil The Kalima. Margin deleted. W. 72. S. 1.0.	As on No. 2. In lower margin ملكة ضرب	
4	3	3	In looped lozenge The Kalima. Margin illegible. W. 65. S. ·85.	انی غازی غازی شیاه شیاه محمد باد محمد باد طهمر الدین بابر ظهمر الدین بابر السلطان الاعظم خا	
5	ş	7	In looped lozenge The Kalima. Margin على المرتضى المالكر الصديق	In eightfoil طهير الدين محمد بابر بادشاد الادشاد الادشاد الادشاد الله السلطان الا خلد الله اتعالى ملكه و سلطانه الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	#R 6	?	?	As on No. 5. W. 73.	In sixfoil ظهمر الدن محمد بانر
COPPER	Æ 7	$ m \acute{A}gra$	936	s. ·85. In circle	Margin بادشاه الله نعالى ملكه الله الله الله In a mihráb
	8			ضرب آگره In margin, scroll-work. W. 140-7-138.	فی ۱۳۹ داردیخ سنه Above and below fleuron.
				S. .65.	Pl.
	9	٠,		دار لخلا فــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	As on No. 7, but no mihráb.
				ضرب أكرة W. 133. S. 65.	A.S.B.
	10 11	Ágra Fort	936	دار الضرب * فلع اكره	As on No. 9.
				W. 140-7-136. S. -7.	Pl.
	12 ¹	[Ágra]	936	In circle فلوس ضرب	نناردغ دهصد و سی و شس
				[اکره] W. 32. S. .65.	و شنن

¹ See also No. 63,

II HUMÁYÚN¹

а. н. 937-963.

A.D. 1530-1556.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
N 13 14			In treble circle, the middle one of dots, The Kalima. W. 9. S. 4.	خلد الله تعالے بادشاہ غازی هما یو ن محمد ملکہ P1.	GOLD
Æ 15	Dehlí	[194]3	In circle The Kalima. Margin معلى المرتضى ٠٠٠٠ W. 72. S. 95.	In wavy area	SILVER
16	-	943	In circle The Kalima. M. 1. Margin illegible. W. 72-8. S. ·85.	ا In circle غازی محمد همانون بادشاه انمریند انمریند انمریند انمریند	
17	?	[?94]5	In circle الله الله الله محمد رسول الله الله يرزق من نشاء بغير حساب Margin ا علم على ا W. 71. S. 1.2	In wavy lozenge هما غا دوں الاعظم الحافان الاعظم الحافان الاعظم الحافان Right حلد الله ه	

 $^{^1}$ Humáyún was defeated by Sher Sháh Súr at Qanauj in a. n. 947, and did not recover the sovereignty of Hindustán till a. n. 962.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 18	Láhor	946	In wavy square The Kalima. Margin Top امبر المومنين ابوبكرعبد الله Right امبر المومنين عمر عبد الله المد الله به على عبد الله W. 72.5. S. 1.0.	In wavy circle همانون محمد غازی ۴۴: Margin محمد محمد محمد محمد محمد محمد محمد محم
19	ℓÁgra	[194]6	As on No. 17. **Margin** مانی *** بعدل عمر *** بعدل علم عمر *** علی	As on No. 17, but 1 in left margin.
20	3	[?94]7	W. 73. S. 1.0. In circle The Kalima. Margin الفاروق ا عثمان W. 72.5 S. 1.0.	As on No. 17, but v in left margin.
21	1	950 }	In circle, as on No. 17. Margin illegible. Defaced by cuts and other marks. W. 160. S. 1.0.	In circle ن محمد يو هما شاه داد غازی
				Margin? 90
22	B1		In circle, as on No. 17. Margin clipped. W. 152. S. 9.	ln circle محمد همايون همايون Margin لسلطان خلد الله

¹ Nos. 21 and 22 were found with Bengal coins, and are evidently from a Bengal mint.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 23	_		In circle The Kalima. Margin مر الفاروق	As on No. 17. <i>Margin</i> Top السلطان ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ، ،	SILVER
24	_	_	In circle, as on No. 17. **Margin المحياى عثمان بعدل على **W. 66. **S. 1.0.	In mihráb هما محمد ی یون غا ز Margin illegible. A.S.B.	
Æ 25	Ágra	937 ?	فلوس ضرب آگره W. 74·5. S. ·8.	In circle [فی تا]ریخ [نه]صد و سی و ت A.S.B.	COPPER
26 27	Ágra Dá ru -l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	937	دار الخلا فـــة ضرب آگرة M. 2 in lower line.	فی ۱۳۰ تاریخ above and below fleuron. (26) A.S.B.	
			W. 140–134. S. · 7.		
28 29	,,	27	but no m. W. 140–127.	,, (29) A.S.B.	
30 31	,,	938	M. 2. W. 140–138.	,. 981 A.S.B.	
32 33	"	939	M. 2. ₩. 139·5.	,,, 9 r 9 (33) <i>A.S.B</i> .	
34	,,	940	М. 2.	۰٬۰ ۱٬۰	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 35	Ágra Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	941	As on No. 26. M. 2. W. 129.	As on No. 26
36	Ágra Dáru-l- amán	941	الأمان أكره ضرب دار W. 124.5. S. .6.	اریخ فے اب
		1		Pl.
37	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	9	w. 134.	but date uncertain. A.S.B.
38 39 40	,,,	942	دار الأما <u>ن</u> صرب اگرة M. 2 in lower line. W. 138–141.	As on No. 30, but 547 (39-40) A.S.B.
41 ¹	Ágra	942	ملوس ضرب اگرہ W. 62. S. .75.	In circle في ت ^{اري} ح م
42 43	,,	943	₩. 65–61. s. ·6.	 145 443) A.S.B. Pl.
44	,,	946	In quatrefoil مرب اگره Margin فلوس W. 66	954 ā Pl.
	No. Æ 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	## Agra Dáru-l- khiláfat	## Agra 941 Dáru-l- khiláfat 941 Dáru-l- amán 941 Agra 942 41	אס. בות און

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This is I.M.C.. No. 13033, where the date is given as 944

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 45	Ágra Fort	937	بدار الضرب قلعةُ اگره W. 139. S. .7.	As on No. 26.	COPPER
46 47 48	Dehlí Hazrat Dáru-l- mulk	942	حضرت دهلے دار الملك ضرب W. 136. S. .65.	فی ^{تاری} خ ۱۴۳ سنة (47, 48) <i>A.S.B</i> .	
49	Jaunpúr Dáru-z- zarb Khita muta- barrak	937	بدار الضرب متبرك جونپور خطة W. 140·5. S. ·7.	۹۳۰ في التاريخ سنة Fleuron above and below. Pl.	
50	22	938	As on No. 49, but m. 2 over and w. 142.	", 977A	
51 ¹	,,,	939	., W. 140.	,, 9m9	
52	•	940	but m. 3. W. 138.	ን' የዶ . <i>A.S.B</i> .	
53	19	941	w . 138.	,,, 151 A.S.B.	
54 ²	**	94-	,, ₩. 135·5.	dte —	
55	, ,,	942	but m. 2.	δ/ε.L ,,	

 $^{^1}$ This is I.M.C., No. 13385. The unit was there, I think wrongly, read † .

² No. 54 is I.M.C., No. 13032, where the date is given as 944. The unit is, however, missing. From the m, the date would appear to be 940 or 941.

CO	T	р	T.	R.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 56 57	Jaunpúr Dáru-ṣ- ṣarb <u>Khit</u> a muta- barrak		As on No. 49. No m. W. 139-132.	As on No. 49. A.S.B.
58	Láhor <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláf a t	939	دار الخلا فــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	As on No. 26, but
			S. •65.	
59	, ,	93-	w. 138.	37- 4.S.B.
60	,,	940	w. 136.	die.
61	,,	• • •	, ,. ضرب ضرب لاهور	,,,
			w . 136.	A.S.B.
62	Mandú	942	In circle ب ضر	In circle وی تاریخ
			مندو W. 141. S. -65.	سنة M. 2. A.S.B. Pl.
631	}	940	فلوس ب ضر ٠٠٠٠	هی ^{دارد} خ بهصد و چهل ^۶
			W. 71. S. ⋅67.	و چهل ^۱ A.S.B. Pl.

ا This may be a coin of Babar, reading on reverse نهصد سي و حهار.

III AKBAR

а н. 963-1014.

A.D. 1556-1605.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
N 64 65	Ágra	971	In wavy pentagon The Kalima. M. 2. Margin بصدق ابی بکر بعدل عبر بحیای عثمان بعلم علی رضی الله عنهم W. 168·2–167·8. S. 1·05.	السلطان الاعظم خلد الله بادشاه ۱۷۱ ز محمد اکبر غا جلال السديسن لے تعا ملکه و سلطانه ضرب اگره	GOLD
66	,,	972	w. 170. s. 1·1.	", 9×6 Pl.	
67 68	,, Dár u- l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	976	In quatrefoil	ملكة خلد الله تعالى بادشاه ۲۰۷۹ ز محمد غا جلال الدين اكبر دار الخلافة آكرة ضرب ضرب (67) A.S.B.	
69	**	978	 ₩. 169. \$. ·9.), 9vA	
70 [Mihr- ábí]	Baldat	981	In triple border, the inner one of dots, The Kalima. لا ابى بكر عمر عنمان على M. 5. W. 165.5. S. 1.2 × .75.	In triple border, the inner one of dots, خلد ملکه بادشاه غازی محمد جلال الدین اکبر ضرب بلده آگره	

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
X 71 72	Ágra <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	981	In triple square, the inner one of dots, The Kalima. 9^1 M. 5. Margins as on No. 67. W. 167-164. S95.	In triple mihráb, the inner one of dots, د شاة ز ے با غا اکبر جلال الدین محمد خلد الله ملکه Above دار الحلافة أكرة Below ضرب
	1	1	1 2 4 1	Pl.
73 74	, , , , ,	982	W. 168–167. S. 1·0–·95.	 9AF (73) A.S.B.
75		42 Shahré- war [1005-6]	In circle الله اكبر جل جلاله W. 166. S. .7.	In circle شهريور الهب ۴۶ أكره س صر
76	Aḥmad- ábád	980	In quatrefoil The Kalima. M. 4. Margins deleted. W. 168. S85.	ملکه حلد الله تعالی بادشاه ز محمد غا جلال الدین اکرے صرب ۹۸۰ احمداداد
77	Dűru-l- <u>kh</u> ilúfat	980	W. 168. S. ⋅8.	but date above محمد and in lower line دار لللافة احمداباد A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
<i>X</i> 78	Aḥmad- ábád Dáru-s- salṭanat	981	In square with knots at corners The Kalima. البی الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	In oblong arched at the ends بادشاء غاز اكبرے جلال الدين محمد خلد الله ملكه Above خلد الله ملكه Below دار السلطنة احمداباد ضرب	GOL
79 80 ¹		982	M. 7. W. 168-5-167. S95.	Pl. As on No. 78, but Sultán's name in triple oblong—the inner one of dots—with arched ends. (79) A.S.B. Pl.	
81	,,	986	Margins cut. Very rough execution— a doubtful coin. W. 162. S9.	"	
82 sq.	,,	9871	In diamond formed by elongating some of the letters of the marginal legends The Kalima. Margins Lacid Lac	محمد أكبر دادشاه جلال الدين غاز ضرب داراله [سلطنة] احمد اباد	
83	Burhán- púr	48 <i>Mihr</i> [1011]	W. 185. S7. As on No. 75. W. 170. S7.	.hmadábád. Pl. مهر ماه المدے برهان ډور ۴۸	

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
N 84	Dehlí Ḥaṣrat	972	As on No. 64. M. 9. W. 168. S. 1.05.	As on No. 64, but و ۱۸ ملکه و الکه الکه الکه Below الکه حضر سلطانه حضر سلطانه الکه الکه الکه الکه الکه الکه الکه الک
85))	975	but m. 10. " W. 168.	7, 9 v o
			S. 1·05.	A
86	,,	977	As on No. 67. M. 4. W. 167.5. S9.	As on No. 67, but 9 and below حضرت دهلی A.S.
87	Dárv-l- mulk Ḥuṣrat	977	As on No. 67. M. 4. W. 168. S. 1.0.	but below دار الملك دهلي حضرت
88	Fathpúr	986	In sixfoil The Kalima. Margins wanting. W. 170. S. •9.	In sixfoil بادشاد محمد اکبر غازے جلال الدین محرب فتحبور
				Margins wanting.
89	Jaunpúr	972	In wavy pentagon The Kalima. M. 2. Margin mostly wanting. W. 167.2. S. 1.0.	In oblong with arch centre of each side دادشاه غازی محمد ۱۹۷۴ اکبر مجد الله ملکه و سلطانه Above مرب جونبور Below

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A' 90	Jaunpúr	984	As on No. 71, but have and m. 4. Margins wanting. W. (looped). S825.	As on No. 71, but below ضرب جونبور	GOLD
91 92	Láhor	971	In double foliated pentagon The Kalima. M. 2. Margins as on No. 64. W. 168-167. S. 1.1.	As on No. 64, but ضرب لأهور ضرب (91) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.	
93	.,	973	In foliated pentagon The Kalima. M. 11. Margin Jeres Land Land Land Land W. 168. S. 1.0.	,, 9 vr A.S.B.	
94 1		975	Margins wanting. W. 168. S. 1-075.	لے but date ۱۷۰ below	
95 96	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	976	As on No. 67. M. 4. Maryins mostly wanting. W. 169-167. S95.	As on No. 67, but date below 'ye' of غازى and دار الحلافة ضرب الأهور دار (95) A.S.B.	
972	**	983	As on No. 67. M. 4. Margins mostly wanting. W. 168.3. S85.	As on No. 67, but مهر and below 'ye' of عازی دار ضرب لاهور	

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 7175, and the date is read as 970, but by the m. and the single-lined area the later date is indicated. Cf. B.M.C., 35.

² In I.M.C. the date is wrongly given as 973.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Rever-e
GOLD	**************************************	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	988	As on No. 82, but m. 11. W. 187. S. 07.	As on No. 82. but الملطنة الأهور ضرب دار السلطنة الأهور
	99	Patna Dáru-z- zarb	984	As on No. 71, but have M. 4. Maryins wanting. W. 167.	As on No 71. Upper margin wanting. Lower margn نند
	100	Urdú-e- Zafar qarín	984	In square formed as on No. 82 and inscribed in a triple circle, the inner one of dots, The Kalima. Margins Left بعدن ابی بکر بعدل عبر Right بعدل عبر Bottom ۱۸۴۶ w. 168.	Pl. In triple circle, the inner one of dots,
		ı		S. -95.	Pl.
	101 sq.	,•	alif [1996]	As on No. 82, but the area is square. W. 167. S. 85.	As on No. 82, but العالم over أكمر and in last line ضرت أردو طفر فرين شرت أردو طفر فرين
				Name of mi	Int not clear
	102	?	975	As on No. 64. M. 2. W. 168. S. 1.05	As on No. 61, but ave and in last line
		1		1	Pl
	103	i	977	M. 2. W. 168 S. 1-0.	but 9 v and last line missing.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
N 104	ş	983	As on No. 71, but M. 4. W. 168. S85.	As on No. 71, but lower line not clear.
105 sq.	ş	989	As on No. 82. M. 4. W. 168. S6.	As on No. 82, but last line missing. A.S.B.
106 sq.	1	alif [1000]	As on No. 82. No m.	As on No. 82, but الف and last line not clear.
:		, 	W. 184. S. ⋅65.	Pl.
			Without mint	name on coin
107		968	The Kalima. M. 8. W. 19. S55.	أكبر بادشاه غازى محسمسد ٩٦٨ جلال الدين
108	_	972	but no m. W. 17.5. S. .55.	,, 9vr Pl.
109		3 30 [993-4]	In double square inscribed in triple circle—the inner one of dots—wavy lines in segments الله Flowered field.	As on obverse جل جلاله Traces of r. stamped in lower segment.
			₩. 186. S. •7.	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

GOLD

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
At 110	Ágra Dáru-l- khilófat Aḥmad- ábád l Dáru-s- saltanat	977	In curved square The Kalima. Margins as on No. 67. M. 4(?) in right margin. W. 166.5. S. 1.025. As on No. 71. M. 7. W. 174.5. S. 1.08.	In square البر بادشاء غازی البر بادشاء غازی البر بادشاء غازی البر البر البرین البر البر البر البر البر البر البر البر
112	: 	983	M. 12.	9 9 APT
	1		W. 176. S. 1·0.	A.S.B
113		986	 ! M. 13.	7,7
	1		1	1 1 1

¹ This is I.M.C.. No. 11092, where the epithet دار السلطنة is suggested. دار السلطنة is, however, the epithet used on the gold and copper coins of this year and is, I think, a more likely reading on this coin,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Ж 114 sq.	Aḥmad- ábád Dáru-s- salṭanat	987	In square, formed as on No. 82, The Kalima. M. 13. Maryins wanting. W. 172.5. S75.	As on No. 82, but عمد above اكبر and last line دار ال[سلطنة] احمداناد
115 116 sq.	,,	990	M. m. 13 and 14. W. 174–170.	" 99. Pl.
117 118 sq.	,.	991	M. 13 only. W. 171–170.	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
119 sq.	•••	992	,. W. 173.	997
120 sq.		993	₩. 174.	99**
121 122 sq.	,,	994	 W. 172–175.	" 995 (122) A.S.B.
123 ։զ.		995	 w . 172.	; 93 <i>o</i>
124 sq.	,,	996	,. w. 175.	, 43.4
125 Տվ.	.,	997	 w. 173.	99 v
126 Տվ.	,,	999	 W . 17 ł.	199
127 sq.	(no epithet)	38 [1001-2]	but no m. W . 173.	بر hut ۳۸ over اکبر and last line احمداناد PI.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	## 128 sq.	Aḥmad- ábád	38 [1001-2] Shahré- war	الله اکبر جل جلاله Flowered field. W. 177. S. ·65.	شهربور الهت ۳۸ احمداباد ضرب Flowered field.
	129 Տվ.		Ábán	w . 173.	 ادان
	130 sq.	,,	Ázar	w. 176.	،; اذر A.S.B. Pl.
	131 sq		 Dí	W. 176.	دی
	132 sq.	, .	Bah- man	 W. 173.	 نېمن
	13 3 sq.		39 Tír [1002-3]	w. 175.	 تىر but ۴۹ and
	134		Ábán	w . 177. s . ⋅85.	ا ابان
	135	•,	Ázar	w . 174.	،، اذر
	136	,.	 Dí	 W . 174.	Pl. ,,
	137	3.	40 Far- wardí [1003-4]	 W. 176-5.	but ۴. and فروردی
	138	>>	Ábán	 W. 174.	A.S.B.
	139	,,	Ázar	w. 173.	ابان اذر

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 140	Aḥmad- ábád	41 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád [1004-5]	As on No. 128. W. 174.	As on No. 128, but ۴۱ مطورداد and خورداد
141	, ,	Ázar	 W . 173.	,, اذر
142	,,	42 Ázar (1005)	w. 175.	but ۴۰ and اذر Gurgáon.
143	21	Bah- man	w . 176.	بهمن
144	,	43 Far- wardí (1000-7)	w. 173.	but er and in but er and in but er and in A.S.B.
145		44 Tír [1007-8]	W. 175.	 but ۴۴ and تىر
146		Amar- dád	(Worn.)	,. امرداد
147	,,	Bah- man	w . 175	دېمن
148	,,,	,. Isfan- dármuz	,. W. 176-5.	., اسفندارمز
149	7,	46 Ázar [1009-10]	,. ₩. 173.	», اذر but ۴1 and
150	,,	Ďí	,. W . 174.	 دی
151	,,	Bah- man	,. w . 176·5.	,, بہمن

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Roverse
SILVER	.R 152	Aḥmad- ábád	47 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad [1010-11]	As on No. 128, but in square enclosed in ornamented border. W. 174. S. 85.	As on No. 128, but in octagon enclosed in ornamented border and خورداد ۴۷
	153	31	Tír	 W . 174-5.	، سر
	154 155	,.	Isfan- dármuz	As on No. 128. W. 175–174.	As on No. 128, but استندارمز ۴۷ (155) A.S.B.
	156	,,	48 Far- wardín [1011-12]	 W. 168 (worn).	 but ۴۰ and فروردس
	157		Ázar	 ₩. 173.	 اذر
	158	••	Bah- man	w . 173.	 دېمن
	159	•	49 Á <u>z</u> ar ^[1012-13]	w . 174.	اذر but ۴۹ and
	160	*1	Bah- man	w. 175.	., دېمن
	161		Istan- dármuz	W. 174.	 اسعىدارمز
	162	.,	4- Mihr	w. 167 (worn).	 مهر but 4- and
	163		,	w . 86.	 Month and year missing. Ahmadábád.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 164	Allahábád	45 {100s-9}	ماه رائیج باد مسهسر و همجو زر	الد اباد ســــکد في جهان	VEF
165	23	46 Ardíbi-	همبشه W. 154 (clipped). S8. but ۴, to left of ,; and	تغرب و بغرب و Flowered field. but no date.	
		hisht [1000-10]	همبَنَنه below اردی بهشت W. 177. S. .875.	PI.	
166	,,	47	but #v and no month. W. 177.	·	
167 168	•••		but no date and ن above	" "	
169	Bairáta	42 Bah- man (1005-6]	W. 176. As on No. 128. W. 171. S. -77.	ربان (167) A.S.B. ربان ماة الهي الهي الهي الهي الهي الهي الهي الهي	
170	**	48 Bah- man [1011-12]	Stars in field. W. 176. S. -7.	but 44	
171	,,	49 Isfan- dármuz (1012-13)	w. 178. s. ⋅8.	مر ماد but ۶۹ and اسفندار	
172		4 – Ardíbi- hisht	w. 176. s. ⋅8.	but unit of date missing, and in top line.	
173	,,	4 – Shahré- war	w , 177. s . ⋅75.	", شهریور A.S.B.	
174	٠,	4 - Mihr	w. 177.	 ماه مهر	

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	<u> </u>		i		
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 175	Burhán- púr	46 Far- wardín [1009-10]	As on No. 128. W. 174. S. ·8.	فروردس الهـــ ۴۶ برهانپور صرب A.S.B.
	176	, ,	48 M ihr [1011-12]	w. 175. s. ∙75.	مهر ماه اله <u>ب</u> برهاں بور ۴۰
	177	**	49 Ázar [1012-13]	w. 175.	ماه آذر but ۴۹ and ماه آذر P1.
	178		50 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád [1013-14]	w. 175.	but c. and
	179	٠,	Ábán	w . 175.	ماء آبان but
	180	Dehlí Hazrat	964	In circle	In oblong with arch in the centre of each side اكبر بادشاه ي البر بادشاه ي جمد غا ز علم الله الله الله الله الله السلطان الا عظم [الحافان] Right المكرم الكرم الكرة ضرب حضارت الله دهلي]
	181	,,	980	ا الله wavy square The Kalima. M. 4. Margin المحدق ابني سكر الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	In square بادشاه ی اکسر عا ز محد محدد خمجلال الدین Margins Bottom حصرت دهلی Rest wanting.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 182 183 sq.	Dehlí	30 Amar- dád [993-4]	In square with dots out- side الله اكبر اكبر جل جلاله	SILVER. ماة امرداد
			ضرب دهلے W. 175. S. ·7.	(182) A.S.B. Pl.
184 sq.	,,	37 Shahré- war [1000-1]	As on No. 182. W. 21. S325.	As on No. 182, but ماه شهریور and ماه
185 sq.	**	39 Ardíbi- hisht [1002-3]	w. 176. s. ⋅65.	ر, دم شت ماه اردی
186 sq.	**	Khúr- dád	w . 176.	، ماه خورداد
187 sq.	,,	42 Ardíbi- hisht [1005-6]	w . 175.	بهشت بهشت ماه اردی
188 sq.	,,	Khúr- dád	w . 173.	ر. ماه حورداد
189 sq.	,,	Tír	w . 172.	,، ماه تیر
190 sq. ¹ / ₄	,,	Mihr	w. 42. s. -4.	ماه تیر ۰۰ ماه مهر
191	,,	4- Mihr	but no border.	but unit missing.
			W . 174 S . ⋅75.	Pl.
192 sq.	Fathpúr Dáru-s- saltanat	986	As on No. 82, but the area is square and no date in margin. W. 174. S8.	As on No. 82, but in last line ضرب دار السلطنة فتحور and ٩٨٢ above اكبر

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	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	193 194 sq.	Fathpúr Dáru-s- saltanat	987	As on No. 192. W . 174.	As on No. 192, but
	196 sq	i !		W. 174–163.	196) A.S.B.
	197 sq.	,,	1	 W. 168.	 but no date over آبر and last line differently arranged.
	198 199	Jaunpúr <i>Dáru-</i> l- <u>kh</u> ilújat	975	In multifoil pentagon The Kalima. Margins as on No. 64. W. 170-168. S. 1.2.	In oblong, with triple arch in top and bottom sides. ل الدس اكبر غازى جلا محمد بادشاه Al:ove
					داصر الديبا و الدين ابو المظفر دار الحلافة جونبور Below ملكة To right
	200	,,	;;	W. 170. S. 1·25.	but جوببور differently arranged.
	201		977	M. 2. W. 168. S. 1·05.	 but avv and last line ضرب جوننور [دار الحلافة] A.N.B.
	202	,,	978	M. 2. W. 176.	944
	202 (a)	.,	979	M. 2. W. 173	,, 4 v 9
	202 (b)	,,	983	M. 4. W . 172.	! " ! "?.~"
	203 sq.	,,	988	As on No. 82, but the area is square and no date in margin. W. 175.	As on No. 82, but ۹۸۸ over اکتر and in the last line
			1	S. ·7.	Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 204 ¹ / ₂	Kábul	46 Dí [1000-10]	In circle with dots outside الله البر اكبر جل جلاله	دی الہے ضرب کابل ۲۶	SILVER
		4 47	W. 84. S. ⋅65.	Pl.	
205 ¹ / ₂	,,	47 Ázar [1010-11]	As on No. 204. w. 85.	As on No. 204, but اذر ۲۰	
206	Kálpí	966	In square The Kalima. ۱۲۲ (sic) M. 15. Margins Top عمر العقال على المرتفى Right W. 176. S. 1-1.	In square د البرباد غازى د البرباد غازى البرباد غازى المحمد شا جلال الدبن المعنوات	
207	Láhor •	965	In circle	As on No. 180, but in bottom and left margins خلا خلا معرب ملكة و سلطانة ضرب and date عدد Pl.	
208 sq.	,,, Dáru-s- saltanat	987	As on No. 82, but the area is square. M. 11. W. 165. S75.	As on No. 82, but ۱۸۷ over آکبر and in the last line ضرب دار السلطنة لاهور	
209 sq.	(no epithet)	36 Shahré- war [999-1000]	In double square with dots between الله الله المبر جلاله جل جلاله w. 173.	In double square with dots between شهريور الهر ۳۶ لاهور ضرب	
,		1	S. ·7.	Pl.	

219

220

221

222

223

,,

Isfan-

dármuz

41 Mihr

[1004-05]

,, Bah-

man

Isfan-

dármuz

42 Far-

wardín [1005-06]

					
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A? 210 211 sq.	Láhor	37 Tír [1000-01]	As on No. 209. W . 175.	As on No. 209, but پر and نبر (211) A.S.B.
	212 sq.	,,	Isfan- dármuz	w . 174.	 اسعندارمز
	213 sq.	,,	38 Ardíbi- hisht [1001-02]	As on No. 209. W. 170.	As on No. 209, but بهشت اردی
	214	,,	39 Shahré- war (1002-03]	double circle with dots	As on No. 209, but in double circle with dots between and year ra
	215 216	••,	Ábán	 W . 177–176.	., اباں (216) A.S.B.
	217	,,	Á <u>z</u> ar	w. 177.	 اذر
	218	3 °	40 Dí [1003-04]	w. 175.	ر. دی . به but

W. 177.

W. 176.

W. 174.

W. 175.

W. 176.

· but

but

¹ On most of the coins of this type only portions of the circle are visible.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 224	Láhor	42 Amar- dád [1005-08]	As on No. 214. W. 175.	As on No. 214, but	SILVER
225	,.	Shahré- war	w. 175.	,, امرداد	
226 1/4	,,	Ďí	₩. 41·5. S. ·55.	., سېريور	•
227	"	43 Ardíbi- hisht [1006-07]	w. 176.	اردی but ۴۳ اردی اردی A.S.I	3.
228	,,	Khúr- dád	w . 177.	خورداد	
229	**	,, Tír	w. 172-5.	.، ببر	
230	"	44 Ardíbi- hisht [1007-08]	w . 176.	بہشت عب but اردی	
231	,1	Shahré- war	w. 175.	 شهریور	
232 ¹ / ₂	*1	Ázar	w. 87. s. ⋅65.	ادر Pl	l.
233	"	45 Ardíbi- hisht [1008-09]	w . 175.	بهشت بهشت اردی ۴۵	
234	,,	Khúr- dád	₩. 176·5.	 حورداد A.S.B	ð.

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	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse		
SILVER	At 235	Láhor	46 Far- wardín [1000-10]	As on No. 214. W. 176.	As on No. 214, but قروردىن ۴٦		
	236		Khúr- dád	w. 176.	 خورداد		
	237	.,	Tír	w . 176.	۱۱ سر		
	$\frac{238}{\frac{1}{2}}$	**	Dí	 W . 84. S . ⋅65,	., دی		
	2 39	***	47 Shahré- war [1010-11]	but enclosed as on No. 152. W. 174.5. S. .75.	י. but enclosed as on No. 152 and האתיפר איי		
	240	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	48 Far- wardín [1011-12]	w. 176.	,. مروردبن ۴۸ but		
	241	17	Ardíbi- hisht	w. 174.	بہشت بہشت اردی		
	242 1 4		 Mihr	As on No. 214. W. 43.5. S. .55.	As on No. 214, but مهر ۴۸		
	243	· ,·	Dí	₩. 40·7. S. ·55.	., دی		
	244		49 Far- wardín [1012-13]	but enclosed as on No. 152. W. 175.5. S. .8.	but enclosed as on No. 152 and		
	245	, ,,	Khúr- dád	W. 174-8	رر دی حورداد		

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 246	Láhor	50 Ardíbi- hisht [1013-14]	As on No. 244. W. 174·5.	As on No. 244, but بهشت د.	SILVER
247 sq.	Multán	39 <u>Khúr-</u> dad [1002-03]	w. 174.2. s65.	خورداد الهب ۳۹ ملتان ضرب Pl.	
248 εq.	Patna	987	In centre any	As on No. 82, but top line missing and in last line بند ضرب Pl.	
249	,,	46 Dí [1009-10]	الله اکبر جل جلاله W. 168 (worn). S. ·875.	دى الهر ۴۲ بننه ضرب	
250 251 252	Sítpúr(!) ^ı	48 Mihr [1011-12]	In square with ornamental border الله الكبر خل جلاله W. 175-174. S858.	Enclosed in ornamental border مهر المهر مهر المهر المهر مهر المهر مهر المهر مهر المهر المهر مهر المهر المهر مهر المهر المهر المهر المهر مهر المهر ا	
253 254	,. [49 Mihr (1012-13)	but in dotted circle. W. 173-167.	but in dotted circle and year 43	
255	Srínagar	48 Mihr [1011-12]	As on No. 249. W. 173. S75.	ماه حهر الهي ۸ سری ۴ مکر ضرب Guryáon. Pl	

¹ The reading is tentative. The mint has been read بىشاور and بىشاور.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2561 2561 sq.	Tatta	38 Far- wardin [1001-92]	As on No. 209. W. 175. S. ·65.	In double square with dots between
	257 sq.		39 <u>K</u> húr- dád [1602-03]	w. 174-5. s. -6.	۲۱. خورداد الهي ۳۹ تند ضرب
	258 sq.	•••	Tír	w . 174.	 تىر
	259 ⁸ q.		40 Tír [1002-04]	w. 168.	but r.
	260 sq.	**	Shahré- war	W. 174.	י. הייתיפת
	260 (<i>a</i>) sq.		Bah- man	 W. 173.	.، دېمن
	261 sq.	,,	41 Ázar [1003-05]	w. 170·8.	اذر اع but
	262 263 sq.	••	43 Khúr- dad	w . 173–162 (worn).	 حورداد ۴۳ but معرداد ۴۳ (263) <i>A.S.B.</i>
	264 sq.	••	44 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad [1007-08]	w. 171.	but **
	265 sq.	,,	Bah- man	w . 174-7.	., د يء ن

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This is 1.M.C. No. 7407, where 37 was wrongly given.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	_
Al 266 sq.	Tatta	45 Khúr- dád [1005-00]	As on No. 209. W. 175.	As on No. 257, but ۴٥ خورداد	SILVER
267 sq.	;,	Shahré- war	w . 175.	ה'יניפת	
268 sq.	23	Ďí	w. 171.	,, دی	
269 sq.	••	46 Far- wardín (1000-10]	w. 174.	As on No. 257, but فروردین ۴۶	
270 sq.	**	Khúr- đád	w . 172.	خورداد	
271 sq.	,.	Mihr	w. 172.	 مهر	
272 sq.	**	Ábán	w . 171.	ابان	
273 sq.	,,	Ďí	w. 172.	,, دی	
274 sq.	••	Bah- man	,. W ,171.	,, دېمن	
275 sq.	.,	47 Ábán [1010-11]	w . 173.	but ۴۷ "امان"	
276 sq.	٠,	49 Khúr- dád [1012-13]	w. 172.	فورداد ۴۹ but خورداد	
277 sq.	"	50 Mihr [1013-14]	₩. 172.	but 0.,	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Ohverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 278 sq.	Ujjain	990	As on No. 82, but the area is square. M. 13. W. 177. S75.	As on No. 82. but top line missing, and last line ضرب اجس ۱۹۰. above
	279 280 281 sq.	U1dú Zafar- Qarín	alif [1000]	No m. W. 178-166 (worn). S. ·8.	As on No. 82, but الف over المر and last line ضرب اردو ظفر قربن (280) A.S.B.
	282 sq. = 1/2	; ·	;· !	w. 86.	
	283 284 թգ.	Urdú Zafar- Qarín	i —	As on No. 278. W. 173–172·8.	As on No. 279, but no date.
		1		Name of m	int not clear
	285	<i>t</i>	964	In square The Kalima. M. 16 in lower left corner. Margins illegible. W. 175-2. S. 9.	In square اكبر بادشاه غازى يو محمد جلال الدين جلال الدين العادل Margins العادل Top الو المظفر Right
	286	,		As on No. 180. Maryin الى نكر بعدل عهر ا	As on No. 180, but only top margin legible.
	287	3	967	The Kalima. The Kalima. Margins Top مصدف ادى نكر Left عمر w. 175. s. 1.2.	As on No. 285, but Hav Margins indistinct
	288	!		but m. 17 in area W. 169.	

Metal ' No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 289	3	967	As on No. 180. <i>Margin</i> بصدق ابی بکر ا	As on No. 180, but only top margin legible and date
290	•	. 968	W. 171-2. S. 1-1. In circle The Kalima. Margin ابی نکر صدیق ا	In square with curve in centre of each side اکبر بادشاہ ی معمد غاز
291	ş	969	W. 175.5. S. .9. In square The Kalima. M. 18.	إلى الديراس و إلى الديراس و إلى الديراس و إلى الديراس و إلى المعتملة المعت
292	?	970	Margin Bottom عثمان عثمان W. 173. S. 1-0. but no m. and margins missing.	Margins missing. A.S.B.
	2		W. 166 (worn). S. .95.	A.S.B.
293	ì	972	As on No. 64. M. 2. W. 173. S. 1-15.	In multifoil diamond
294	ì	984		In double square with dots between, as on No. 110, but علية Margins Top خلد الله ملك Rest missing.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	-R 295	3	984	As on No. 294, but m. 4 and in right margin	As on No. 294. All margins missing.
	296	ų	1	W. 165. S95. In square, with arch in centre of each side, The Kalima. M. 4. Margins cut.	In square, as on No. 110, but 4.
	297 298	?	985	W. 173. S95. In wavy square The Kalima. M. 4.	In square as on No. 110, but ۹ in ن of دبن and ۵۰ over جلال of جلال
	299 300	!		W. 177–167 (worn). S. 1·0. W. 172–171. S. 1·0.	Maryins illegible. (297) A.S.B. but ۹۸۰ over و of مدال (300) A.S.B.
	301	, ; ,	986	As on No. 294, but m. 13. Margin Right علم على	As on No. 294, but All margins missing.
	302	1	987	W. 168. S. ·9. As on No. 82, but the	A.S.B. As on No. 82, but any over
	ક્લુ.			w. 173.	and last line missing.
	303 Fq.	?	989	 W. 174.	9.4
	304 sq.	;	,,,	but no m. " W. 172.	,,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 305 sq.	3	991	As on No. 302. M. 2.	As on No. 302, but
306 · sq.	3	995	W. 174. M. 13. W. 175.	,,, 990 .A.S.B.
307 sq.	3	997	W. 174.	., 99 v
308 309 sq.	ļ	998	M. 19. ₩. 172–165.	,, 99A (309) A.S.B.
310 sq.	Ş	999	M. 13. W. 170.	M. 20 over E
311 sq.	t	,,	No m	M. 13. A.S.B.
312 sq.	3	• • •	w. 175.	No m. A.S.B.
313 sq.	ş	,,	w. 174.	M. 21.
314 315	ì	1000	M. 13. W. 174–157.	No m. (315) A.S.B.
$315(a)^1$ sq.	ı	1009	The Kalima. W. 175. S. ·7.	شاء ١٠.٩ شد ١
				کا برویش ضرب بعدکم ۶ الحکال زان دلحو[اه ۶] A.S.B. PI.

 $^{^{1}}$ Nos. 315 (a) (b), 'Bangála' has been suggested as the mint.

Q'	TΤ	.v	E	R.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 315 (b) sq.	?	1010	As on No. 315 (a). W. 175.	As on No. 315 (a), but A.S.B. Pl.
316	(,	In circle The Kalima. Margin illegible. W. 36. S7.	In octagonal area اکبر معالمه حاله المحالم المحالم To right المکرم Below
				Pl.
317	,		In double circle The Kalima. Margin mostly cut. W. 24 (clipped) S. 6 × 7.	In octagonal area اكبر بادشاء اكبر بادشاء محمد محمد جلال الدس جلال الدس Margin illegible.
			: Without	mint name
318 319 sq.	_	33 [9:05-7]	In double square with dots between القر القر القر القر القر القر القر القر	
320 Sq.			W. 85. S. -55.	,
321 322 84.		34	w. 175–174.	but ""
323 sq.	_	35 Shahré war	As on No. 209, W. 174. S. ·7.	In double square with dots between المتحدد ال

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
.R 324 sq. ¹ / ₂		36 Ázar [*****-1000]	As on No. 209. W. 86.5. S55.	As on No. 323, but اذر ۳۱	SILVER
325 sq. 1 4	_	37 Bah- man [1000-01]	W. 43. S. ⋅4.	 but ۳۰ نهمن Pl	l .
326 sq.	_	41 Shahré- war [1004-05]	 W. 166.	ا شهریور ۴۱ but سهریور	
327 328 1/2		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	As on No. 318. W. 88-84. S. -65.	As on No. 318, but (327) A.S.E.	3.
329 sq.	_	43 Far- wardín [1000'-07]	As on No. 209. W. 172. S. ·6.	As on No. 323, but فروردین ۴۳	
330 331 sq.	_	43	The Kalima. Flowered field. W. 175-174. S. ·6.	محمد اکبر ۳۳ با جلال ا P	I.
332 sq. ¹ / ₂		44 [1007-08]	As on No. 318. W. 85. S. ·6.	As on No. 318, but	
		1 :	GUJARÁ	T FABRIC	
333 ¹ 334		1217	In square with dots outside The Kalima. W. 85. S. 6.	اكبر بادشاد عازى خ محمد څ جلال الدين ت محمد ت جلال الدين ت م. 22. In با To left of ل ن محمد ت بار الدين ت محمد ت بار الدين ت محمد ت جلال الدين ت محمد ت محمد ت محمد ت محمد ت بار الدين ت محمد ت محمد ت بار الدين ت محمد ت بار الدين ت محمد ت محمد ت بار الدين ت محمد ت مدمد ت مدم ت محمد ت محمد ت محمد ت محمد ت محمد ت محمد ت محمد ت محمد ت مد مد	

¹ Though bearing Akbar's name, the date shows that these are not properly coins of Akbar. On this subject, see an article by Dr. G. P. Taylor in J.A.S.B., 1904, Num. Supp. II.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 335 ¹	Ágra <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	96- ?	دار الخلافة ضرب أكره W. 312. S. ·85.	
	336 337	••	96-?	 	و بست و بنه و ب
	338		97-	دار لخلافة آکرد فلوس ضرب W. 317. S. ·9.	و مفتاه بهصد و M. 4.
	339	.,	988	As on No. 338, but اگروه دار الخلافة W. 319. S. •85.	و هشت هشتاد ۹۸۸ نهصد M. 2.
	340	"	.,	₩. 313.	 ن <u>ہ صدیے</u> نہ صدیع
	341	Ágra	98- :	س فلو اگرہ صرب صرب 60. ۳.	د و هشنا دهصد
	342		41 Shahré- war [1007-08]	s65. انكه اكبر شاهي عرب اكره [نسم] w. 300-5 (worn). s. 1-0.	سنة ۴۴ <u>اله</u> شهروور

¹ I have maintained the decimal 6 in the date on this coin and No. 336 in deference to entry in the L.M.C., No. 8647. Its correctness is, I think, open to criticism.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	-
Æ 343	Ágra	46 Ábán [1009-10]	اکبر شاهی دو تانکے W. 119. S. .6.	ابان اله <u>-</u> ۴۲ اگرة ضرب	COPPER
344	23	Bah- man	w. 112.	" بہمن A.S.	В.
345	31	47 Amar- dád [1010-11]	w . 119.	بر امرداد ۴۰ but امرداد	
346	23	50 Tír [1013-14]	₩. 119·5.	but o. "	
347	Aḥmad- ábád	981	احمداباد فلوس ضرب W. 312. S. •9.	۹۸۱ هشتاد بك و بهصد سنة M. 2.	
348 1/2	٠,	981	,. ₩. 156. S. ·7.	,, A.S. I	<i>B</i> . Pl.
349 350	Dáru-s- sal <u>t</u> anat	982	احمداباد دار السلطنة مرب فلوس ضرب فلوس W. 317–311.	د و هشتاد نهصد و ۱۹۸۲	
351	.,	984	S. ⋅9. ,, W. 311.	(349) A.S F but "and 1^*	B. Pl.

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	Metal No.	Mint	. Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 352	Ahmad- ábád Dárn-s- saltanat	985	As on No. 349. W. 306.	As on No. 349, but بنج ۹۸۰ A.S.B.
	353		986	. w . 316.	but شنن ۹۸۶ شنر 4.S.B.
	354 355	,	987	w. 316–304.	but مفت ۱۹۸۷
	356 ¹ 357	Aḥmad- ábád	? Amar- dad	احمداناد فلوس فلوس W. 309·5–305.	امرداد
	357 (a)² 1 tankí		} Á <u>z</u> ar	اکر شاہے [د]بك [تنكے] ا W. 57. S. .5.	الم [احمد]اداد اذر !
	358	Ajmér Dáru-l- mansár !	979	دار منصور ⁹ اجمر ضرب ضرب W. 291-5. S. -85.	 میان منس منس ۹۷۹ M. 4.
	359	Λ jmér	,,	ملوس سکه اجممر ضرب ضرب W. 309.5. S. .8.	هماد و مهمد و مهمد و ۱۹۰۹ سنه فی

 $^{^1}$ These are $I.M.C.,\,{\rm Nos.}$ 12531 and 8797. The arrangement of the reverse is as now given. 2 Cp. $J.A.s.B.,\,{\rm Num.}$ Supp. IV, 1904, No. 26, Pl. II. 9.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 360	Ajmér	981	As on No. 359. W. 300.	As on No. 359, but Upper portion of legend missing.
361	22	987	,, ₩. 305-5.	هشتا دنمصد و نمصد و ۹۸۷
362	22	994	₩. 310·5. S. ·75.	نود و نهصد ۱۹۹۴ سنة M. 4.
363	"	996	w. 295.	M. 4.
364 1	Akbar- púr (?)	981	[§] بور اکبر فلوس ضرب M. 24. W. 308.5. S. .85.	هشناد نهصد ۱۸۹ سنة فی
365 365 (a)	Akbar- púr Tánda	97-	الخلامة دار تانده آکبردور M. 25. W. 311–307. S. -85.	د هفا
366 ¹ / ₂	"	_	w. 155. s. .65.	Portions of above legend, U. P.

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 8960, p. 17.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 367 368	Allahábád (Ilahábás on coins)		In double circle with dots between س الهابا مهر W. 315–311.	In double circle with dots between منة الهي الهي الهي الهي الهي الهي الهي الهي
	369	Alwar	967	الور الور فلوس (ضرب) W. 305.7. S. .8.	 شصت نهصد ۹۳۷
	370	,,	968	w. 303-7.	ب. هشت adding ۹۲۸
	371	Amírkót Qaşba	979	ت [1]مىركو [ق]صىد فلوس فلوس ق.309.5.	هماد و مهماد و مهمد و سنة في سنة في ۹۷۹ M. 21.
	372	٠,	989	S. ⋅8. W. 309⋅5.	Pl. but مشناد and ۱۹۸۹ M. 24.
	373	Atak Banáras	37 Mihr [1990-01]	س انك نثار فلوت ضرب ضرب W. 313.	مهر الهي مهر
	374		48 Isfan- dármuz [1011-12]	S. ·8. As on No. 373. W. 312·5.	.P1 ۴۸ الهم اسعندارمز

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	•
Æ		000	11.11		COPPER
375	Awadh 1 <u>Kh</u> ita	969	دار لخلافة خطة [اودة] ضرب	و ۹۲۹ نه	
			خطة [اودة]	1	
			М. 26.	شصت نہصد	
			W. 310.		
			S. ·8.	U.P	
376	"	970 }	,,,	9v. }	
			М. 26.	سنة	
			W. 311.	هفتاد	
				نهصد ? الد و الد	
				U.P.	•
$\begin{array}{c} 377 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$		97-	М. 26.	Numerals missing.	
-			W. 157. S. ⋅65.	U.P.	
378	Bahráich	970	دار	مفتاد	
			فكوس	نهصد	
		Ì	سـکـه	هفتاد <u>نهصد</u> فی تاری _خ	
			بهرائيح	۹٧.	
1			دار فلوس ســکـه بهرائیچ ضرب ضرب		
				U.P.	
			W. 307·5. S. ·9.	Pl	
379	,.	971	,, ,,	,, 9 v I	
			М. 26.	U.P.	
			W. 307.	C.1.	•
380	,,	977	M. 26.	,, but چفت	
			W. 312.	هفتاد	
			₩. J12.	Numerals missing.	
381	,,	97-	,,		
$\frac{1}{2}$			М. 26.	هعناد	
			w. 157. s. ⋅65.	نهصد	

	75.1		i		1
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 382	Bairáta	971	بيرا[تة] فلوس	معتاد
				ضرب W. 310. S. -8.	نېصد ۹۷۱
	383 tanka	"	44 Ardíbi- hisht [1007-08]	In double circle with dots between تنکه اکبر شاهه	In double circle with dots between عبد الم
				W . 632. S . 1·05.	بردی
	384 385 ½tanka	,,	Tír	but without border and نيراته to left of نيم w. 315-308.	ماه نبر ا
	386 1 2tanka	O	46 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad [1009-10]		 فورداد ۴۲ but خورداد
	387	Burhán- ábád ¹	alif wa aḥd [1001]	[د]رهان اباد [دار] السلطنة [ض]رب W. 148. S. ·75.	الف و احد سنه
	388	Chítor	999	واوس سکد حمتور ضرب	 نہصد و ۹۹۹ سنة
				W. 313. S. ·8.	M. 24.

 $^{^1}$ Though hitherto ascribed to Akbar, it is possible that this may be a coin of the Nizam-Shahi dynasty of Ahmadnagai - Vid. J.A.S.B., 1907, Num. Supp. VII, art 48 [6].

Metal No.	Mint	Date	. Obverse	Reverse	•
Æ 389	Chitor	1001	As on No. 388. W. 308. S. 8.	هزار يك يك ١٠٠١	COPPER
390	,,,	1005	,,	سنة فيه M. 24. ننج missing. M. 24.	
391	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	966	<u>دهلے</u> حضرت فلوس ضرب ضرب	Pl. في تاريخ نهمد و شمت و شش	
			W. 323⋅5. S. ⋅85.	Pl.	
392	,,	96-	but no date. " W. 310.	but last line missing.	
393	,,	969	<u>د</u> هلے ح ضرت ضرب W. 37. S. ·45.	فی تاریخ ۱۹۹۹ سنة A.S.B. Pl.	
394	,.	972	As on No. 391. W. 154. S7.	As on No. 393, but	
395	"	,,	As on No. 393. W. 33. S. 425.	As on No. 393, but	
396	,,	977 (or 8)	₩. 315. s. ·8.	As on No. 391, but هعتاد و	
	ļ			A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 397 398 18	Dehlí Ḥaṣrat	97-	As on No. 393. W. 39-27. S. 45.	As on No. 393, but 14- (397) A.S.B.
	399	,.	981	As on No. 391. W. 310. S. ·85.	و ^{بك} هستاد دېصد سنة
	400	,,	987	ضرب حضرت دهلی فلوس فلوس W . 311. S. .85.	و هفت هشناد ۹۸۷ بهصد و M. 2.
	401 402	**	988	W . 314–300.	هشت عشاه ۹۸۸ M. 27.
	403	Deblí	37 <u>Khúr-</u> dád [1000-01]	فلوس دهلے ضرب W. 316. S. .85.	الهــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
	404	71	38 Ardíbi- hisht [1001-02]	w. 318-3.	بہشت م ماہ اردی
	405		Amar- dád	 ₩ , 312-3.	., امرداد
	406	,,	Shahré- war	w. 317.	., ماه شهریور
	407	,,	,, Mihr	W. 313-5.), 1 , , ala

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Ohverse	Reverse	
Æ 408	Dehlí	38 Ábán [1001-02]	As on No. 403. W. 304-5.	As on No. 404, but	COPPER
409	,.	39 Tír [1002-03]	W. 302,	 but ۲۹ تیر	
410	,,	40 Far- wardí [1003-04]	W. 315.	,, but ۴. فروردی	
411	"	Bah- man	W. 317.	ار " ماء بہمن Pl.	
412 ½tanka	"	44 Amar- dád [1007-08]	تنکه اکبر شاهی دهلی نبم ضرب	ماة بهمن Pl. عبر الهي ماد امرداد	
413 16 tanka	.,	Ardíbi- hisht	 W. 315. S8. شانزدهم حصه شانزدهم حصه ضرب دهلی W. 39. S45. 	الهــــ بهشت اردی A.N.B.	
414 ½tanka	**	45 Shahré- war [1005-09]	As on No. 412. W. 309. S. 8.	ه الهي ماد شهردور	
415 16 tanka	,,	Ázar	تنکه اکبر شاهی شانزدهم [حصه دهلی	ماء اذر	
416		4	₩ , 38·5. S. ·4.		
tanka) 1	Shahré- war	₩. 37. S. ·4.	ماه شهریور -۴	
417 16 tanka	71	4 – 3 Ábán	رهه clear. W. 36. S. 4.	ابان ≀	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 418 ¹ / ₁₆ tanka	Dehlí	4- Dí	As on No. 413. W. 36.	دى - ۱۲م دى A.S.B.
	419 420	Dogáo(n) <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	980	دار الخلافة فلوس دَوَّاو ضرب ضرب M. 2. W. 310–295.	هشناد نهصد و سنة فے ۹۸. M. 24. (420) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	421	**	984	No m. W. 311. S. 85.	adding " 9AF M. 24.
	422 423 ¹	,,	986	w . 317–313.	., but شش ۹۸۰
	424	,, Dáru-s- salám	988	دار اُلسلام but w. 306. s. -8.	but ", Numerals missing. M. 28. A.S.B.
	425 426	••	98-	w . 305–300.	Unit and numerals missing. A.S.B.
	427	,,,	993 }	₩. 316. S. ·75.	ا سد الله اكبر نود نهصد M. 28.
	428	,,	996	W. 298. S. ·8.	But unit missing and below سنة في
				re Alm VI da is rood a sidd da	M. 28. A.S.B.

This is I.M.C.. No 8830, where دار الخلاف is read دار الخلاف appears to me the correct reading.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 429	Dogáo(n) Dáru-s- salám	1003	As on No. 424. W. 308.	الله اكبر هزار سه سنة في No m.	COPPER
430 431 ½	2)	2	 فلوس دوگاو W. 155–150.	Illegible dates.	
432 ¹	22	P	فلوس دوگاو W. 122·8.	الله ؟ نود ؟ نهصد M. 28. Very poor execution.	
433 ²	Fatḥpúr	977 ?	ا ل المضة را <u>المضة</u> ف تعبور W. 317.	ا هفت هفتاد نهصد و <u>سنة فی</u> M. 29.	
			S. ⋅85.	M. 29.	l.
434 435	Dáru-s- saltanat	986	ضرب فلوس فتحپور دار السلطنه ۳. 317.5–310.	د و شنن هشنا ۹۸۱ <u>نهمد و</u> M. 30.	3.
436 437 ¹ / ₄	>>	;;	W. 78–74. S. ·6.	,, P	1.

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 12519, where هفتاد و يك is read. I can see no trace of these words. The mark indicates a late date.

This is I.M.C., No. 13083. The reading دار الضرب is not convincing.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 438 439	Fathpúr	987	As on No. 434. W. 315. S. ·85.	As on No. 434, but هنتاد و هنتاد و
	ļ				M. 2. (438) A.S.B.
	440		988	w. 304.	No m. visible. A.S.B.
	441 12 tanka ¹	Gobind- púr	45 Bah- man [1005-109]	تنکه اکبر شاهے گویندپور ضرب	۴۰ اله <u>۔</u> بهمن
				W . 312·5. S . ·8.	
	442 ½ tanka	,,	Isfan- dármuz	w. 314.	 اسفندارمز
	443 ½ tanka	••	46 Á <u>z</u> ar [1000-10]	w. 313.	اسفندارمز ۴۲ اله ماه اذر
	444 ½ tanka	**	47 Isfan- dármuz	 W. 319.	۴۰ اله اسفندارمز
	445	Gwáliar <i>Qil</i> 'a	968	گوالير هار قلع 	 ششت (sic) بهمد
				W. 312 S. ⋅8.	Flowered field.
	446 447	Ḥiṣár Fíroza	966 ²	فىروزة حصار فلوس	تاریخ ۹۲۲ شس شس شصت شصت دیممد
		l Theor		ضرت W. 323-5–307. S. -85.	ىہمد Pl.

There is no trace of سم on the obverse of any of these four coins.
 In I.M.C., No. 13088, تاريخ has been read as

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 448	Hişár [Fíroza]	967	As on No. 446, but top line missing. W. 314.	۹۲۷ هفت شصت	COPPER
449 ¹	Jaunpúr <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	98-	دار الخلافة جونبور فلوس فلوس W. 314.	نهصد مشتاد نهصد و سنة سنة	
450	17	,,	S. ⋅8.	M. 2. Pl. but m. 4 and below	
451 1/4	Jaunpúr Dáru-ç- şarb		W. 307.5. جونبور الضرب (دار) W. 75. S. .475.	Geometrical pattern consisting of star inside square, with dot in each outer segment.	
452° 1/2	Kábul	32 [195-6]	In double square with dots between كابل فلوس قلوس قلوس علي 134.	In double square with dots between الهـ ۳۲ سنة	
453 ¹ / ₂	,,,	33 [996-7]	,. W. 145.	,. but rr	
454 4 tankí	"	47 Ábán [1010-11]	اكىر شاھى جو تلكى W. 237. S. .85.	انان الہے ضرب کانل ۴۰ P1.	
455	Kálpí alias Muḥam- madábád Dáru-z- zarb	963	کالبی محمد اناد عرف ندار الضرب W. 320·5. S. ·9.	شصت ن <u>مصد و</u> (فی) ۱۳۳ تاریخ The bar forms m. 2 in its centre.	
I	ļ			Pl.	

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 13080.

² This is I.M.C., No. 8803.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 456	Kálpí alias Muḥam- madábód Dáru-z- zarb	964	As on No. 455. W. 322. S. 85.	As on No. 455, but فی ۹۱۴
	$\frac{457}{\frac{1}{2}}$		**	,. ₩. 159. S. ·7.	
	458 ½	Kálpí <i>Khita</i> <i>Dáru-z-</i> <i>zarb</i>	966	خطة كالسے دار الضرب W. 152. S. .7.	۹۲۲ سنة في الناريخ M. 31.
	459	-,	967	., ₩. 311. S. -85.	97
	460	',	968 }	كالبي ٩٦٦ خطة الضرب دار عال.	شصت نهصد في ناربخ M. blurred.
	461	,,	i	As on No. 458. W. 318.	As on No. 458, but date missing and m. 26.
	462	<u>Kh</u> airpúr	47 Far- wardín [1010-11]	. 1 1 . شا اکبر ہے خبر دور W. 312-5. S. -8.	الهت الهت فروردين فروردين
	463	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	986	لاهور السلطنه فلو دار صرب س صرب س	د و شس هشا بهصد و
		•		W. 319. S. √85	A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 464	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	987	As on No. 463. W. 292 (worn).	As on No. 463, but مفت ۱۸۷	COPPER
465 ¹ / ₂	,,	,,	₩. 159. S. ∙75.	27	
466	"	988	₩. 317. S. ·85.	but ۹۸۸ ',' <i>A.S.B</i>	
467	(no epithet)	36 Abán [999-1000]	لاهور فلوس ضرب W. 36. S. ·45.	۳۱ اله <u>ی</u> ابان A.S.B Pl	
468	,,	37 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád [1990-01]	₩. 314. S. ·8.	but "v خورداد	
469	''	Amar- dád	₩. 314. S. ·8.	,, امرداد	
470	••	Bah- man	., W. 305. S . ⋅8.	,, بهون ر	
471	,,	38 Tír [1001-02]	w. 313. s. ⋅85.	" بیر ۳۸ but	
472	,,	39 Á <u>z</u> ar [1002-03]	w. 317. s. ⋅85.	 اذر ۳۹ but	
473	,,,	40 Ardíbi- hisht [1003-04]	" ₩. 295. S. -85.	,, بهشت .÷. اردی	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	_
COPPER	Æ 474 1 8	Láhor	41 Ában (1003-95)	As on No. 467. W. 36. S55.	As on No. 467, but ابان ۴۱	
	475	"	42 Ardíbi- hisht [1005-06]	., ₩. 313.	بهشت but ۴۲ اردی	1.S.B.
	476	,,	46 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád [1000-10]	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 خورداد ۴۲ but خورداد	1S.B.
	477 4 tankí	,,	Á <u>z</u> ar	In double circle with dots between الكرشاهي چوتنكي	اذر انہے ۴۰ لاہور ضرب	
			a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	Flowered field. W. 241·7. S. ·75.	 	Pl.
	478	Lakhnau (Luck- now)	966	ولوس ضرب لكه[نو] M. 30 under س. 310.	شس شصت بهمد می تاریخ	
	479		967	s85. but اکبر شاهی ا but اکبر شاهی No m.	ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا	U.P.
	480 481	Dúru-l- <u>kh</u> ılófat	982	ار الحلافة دار الحلافة فلوس مرب لكهنو M. 2 in	و دو هشاد دېصد و سنه في	<i>U.P.</i> Pl.
				W. 312·5–296·5. S. ·85.	M. 21.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 482	Lakhnau <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	985	As on No. 480. W. 317.5.	As on No. 480, but 900 below, top line missing. No m.	COPPEE
483¹ 484	,,	986	" W. 320·5−314.	but "شنن Pl.	
485	Málpúr	984	فلوس سکته مالبور (ضرب) W. 309. S. •85.	چېار مشتاد و نېصد و (۹۸۴) M. 24.	
486 487	,,	985	 clear on one. W. 315–313.	but بنج (487) A.S.B.	
488	Mírath (? Mírtha)	988	ضرب میرته فلوس M. 24 in س W. 314. S. -85.	و ۹ هشتاه و ۸^ درمصد A.S.B. Pl.	
489	Multán	37 Isfan- dármuz '	مانان فلوس ضرب W. 316. S. ·9.	In double circle with dots between رمز الم	
490	••	39 Azar [1002-03]	w. 314.	 اذر ۳۹ اذر	
4912	Närnol	962	باربول فلوس ضرب W. 322. S. •85.	شصت نهصد و ۱۹۲۳ فی سنة Pl.	

¹ This is I M.C., No. 13079, where ω has been read as the unit of the date. The coin is, however, identical with No. 13391, and both appear to be of 986.

 $^{^2}$ I have included this in Akbar's coinage following I.M.C., p. 15. It presumably was struck in Humáyún's reign, but is of the type associated with Akbar.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 492	Nárnol	963	As on No. 491.	As on No. 491, but
				W. 325.	9 4,500
	493	, •,	964	21	,,
			'	w. 312.	۹۲۴ in top line.
	494	.,	965	,,	1
				W. 310.	Top line missing.
	495	,,	966	"	
			: : !	w. 307.	9:1
	496 18	,,	٠,	۰,	**
	8			W. 39.	A.S.B. Pl.
	497	,,	967	,•	"
				W. 308.	3~0
	498 18	٠,	·,	,.	**
				W. 38.	A.S.B.
	499	,,,	969	",	4.
				W. 310.	ن in top line.
	500	٠,	,,	3 ,	11
	$\frac{1}{2}$			W. 117.	Figures missing.
	501	,,	970	,,	••••
			1	W. 310	هفناد
			-		ىہصد . ۹۰
					می سنه
	502	,,	971	.,	
				W. 311.	9 . 1
	503	,	972		;
		1	1	W. 317.	3 v m

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 504	Nárnol	975	As on No. 491.	As on No. 501, but	COPPER
			W. 314.	9 v o	
505	,,	977	w. 309.	,, 4vv	
506	"	979	M. 24.	,, 9 v 9	
507	,,	980	w. 312. ,, w. 311. s. ⋅8.	هشتاد نه <i>صد</i> ۹۸۰	
			5. ·0.	فى سنة A.S.I	3.
508	3 3	984	w. 315·5.	،, ۹۸۴ in top line.	
509	,,	985	w. 313.	As on No. 507, but 946 top line missing.	;
510 511	"	987	w. 313–309.	،,، ۹۸۷ on one.	
512	"	991	Fragmentary.	(511) A.S.I	
			W. 306. S. -75.	فی سنة A.S.1	
513	"	999	₩. 309. S. •7.	 نود دہصد	
		1		دم صد ۹۹۹ می سنه	
		;		A.S.	В.

•	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
COPPER	Æ 514¹	Qanauj alias Sháh- garh Dúru-l- khilúfat	968	دار لخلافة ضرب قنوچ (عر)ف شاه كرارة] M. 32. W. 310. S. :95.	فی ۹۹۸ نهمد ششت (sic) هشت	
	515	,,	969	₩. 303·5.	، ۱۹۹۹ نهمد و ششت نه	Pl.
	516 1/2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,	₩. 154. S. ·75.	,,,	rı,
	517	Saháran- púr	37 Tír [1600-01]	ببور سهار فلوس W. 298. S. ·8.	۳۰ الهي ماه تبر	
	518	37	Shahré- war	In double circle with dots between.	شهربور In double circle dots between.	with
	519	,,	38 Khúr- dád [1001-02	w. 310.	 حورداد ۳۸ but	Pl.
	520 ²	,,	Mihr	w. 307.	مهر	
	521	,,	39 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad [1002-03]	 w. 310.	ا خورداد ۳۱ نام	
	522	1.	40 Ázar [1003-04]	w. 317.	ا. ماه اذر ۴۰ but ماه	

 $^{^1}$ In I.M C., No. 12505, the mint name has been read Shergarh alias Qanauj 2 This is I M.C., No. 8651.

は悪情が変な グリング・

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		! !		1
Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 523	Saháran- púr	41 Isfan- dármuz [1004-05]	As on No. 518. W. 310.	COPPER As on No. 518, but اسفندارمز ۴۱
524 525	Sarhind	37 [1000-01]	In double circle with dots between هند سر ضرب W. 303-302. S. ·8.	In double circle with dots between سنة (525) A.S.B. Pl.
525 (a)	Srínagar	42 Ardíbi- hisht [1005-06]	نگر <u>سرے</u> ضرب W. 311. S. •8.	بهشت بهشت اردی Traces of dotted border. Ellis. Pl.
526	Ujjain	986	ضرب فلوس اجین M. 31. W. 299. S. ·8.	و شئن هشتاد ۹۸٦ نہصد P1.
527 sq.	22	995	افوس فلوس اجبن W. 103. S. ·6.	نهصد سنه ا بود و بنج P1.
528	Úrdú-e- Zafar- Qarín	36 ?	اردوے فلوس ضرب W. 311. S. .75.	الم <u>ا</u> المبي المبي ظفر قرين ظفر قرين M. 33 between r and r
529	.,	37	w. 316.	but rv

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Rever-e
COPPER	Æ 530 531	Úrdú-e- Zafar- Qarín	alif [1000]	In double circle with dots between ضرب الف الف فلوس فلوس فلوس \$320-313.	In double circle with dots between قرین ظفر طفر طاقر دو اردو omitted. (531) A.S.B.
	532 533	•••		فلوس الف ضرب	No border.
				W. 322−305. S. 1·0.	(534) A.S.B.
	534		41?	As on No. 528. W. 317. S. ·8.	As on No. 528, but \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	535 $\frac{1}{2}$,,	4-	w. 153. s. ⋅65.	
	536	1;	50 [1013-14]	w. 316.	
	537	,,	-	In double circle with dots between ضرب	In double circle with dots between
				ەلوس W. 311. S. .9.	اردو PI.
	538 539	,,		فلوس ضرب M. 33 on one above ب	As on No. 531, but no border.
	* 4 -			₩. 318. s. -9.	A.S.B.
	540 541 542 543		_	Fragmentary. W. 10-9.7-6.2-6.1. S. 4-35	: Fragmentary

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ			Name of min	t not clear	COPPER
544	3	968	فلوس فلوس ضرب W. 313. S. ·8.	۰۰۰۰۰ نہصد ۹۳۸ فی سنة	
545 1	ţ	979	 ضر ب ملو ل فلو ل عد M. 24. W. 313.5. S. .8.	۰۰۰۰۰ نهصد تاریخ ۹۷۹	
546¹	ł	9-8	but in top line load and no m. W. 308-4. S. -85.	[ه]شت تاد صد	Pl.
547	3	981	دار الخ[لافة] فلو س M. 4. W. 310. S. ·8.	 هش[تاد] نهمد ۱۸۹ فـــی	
548	3	982	 نبور فلو س ضرب M. 28. W. 316. S. ·8.	?> ٩٨٢	
549	3	985	الم جلا ملوس اک ضرب M. 24. W. 301·5. S. ·85.	بنج هشناد نهصد و فی ۱۸۵	

¹ These are I.M.C., Nos. 12529 and 12530. They appear to be of the same mint. As a tentative reading دار العدل دهوليور is suggested.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
OPPER	Æ 550	ş	987	دار لخلافة الله اك[سر] فلوس W. 314. S. -85.	و هفت هشاد ۱۹۸۰ <u>مد و فی</u> A.S.B.
	551 sq.	į	? alif wa aḥd [1001]	M. 2. W. 51. S. ⋅5.	 السف ا سنة و احد ا
	552	3		دار الخلافة خطء انو 1 ضرب ضرب M. 34.	اكسر بادشاه محمد جلال الدىن
<i>~</i> .	553	ţ	l	W. 319.9. S. . 9. [هد]_وس [هد] [س] وركمو ? M. 26. ? Gorakpur.	
	554 ¹	t l	40 ? Ázar	W. 315. S85. In a double circle with dots between ا ننارس الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	dots between المحاثة
	555 ½	1 1	-	s. -8.	Pl As on No. 552.

¹ This is I.M.C. No. 8927, and was considered by Mr. Rodgers to be a forgery. I have, however, seen several of the same type. Mr. Oliver J.A.S.B., 1886, No. 1, Pl. I. 9, in describing one, has suggested Sirsa Banáras as the mint. The above reading, Katak Banáras, is tentative. The poor execution suggests a Bengal mint

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	•
Æ		-	Without	mint name	COPPER
556	?	967	باد ۱۰۰۰۰ اکبر سنة اکبر سنة جلا ضرب ل الدين W. 321·5. S. ·85.	لا الد الا الله الله [محمد رسول] P1.	
557	_	971	باد شاة غازى محمد أكبر [جلال الدين] M. 35. W. 320. S. -85.	[في عهد] <u>امبر الحام</u> الدبن ١٧١ الد[يان] Pl.	
558 ½ tanka		44 Amar- dád [1007-08]	تنكه اكبر شامے چہارم حصه W. 158.7. S. .7.	اله <u>ا اله</u> امرداد M. 2 over date.	
559 1/4 tanka		48 <u>Khúr-</u> dád [1011-12]	₩. 152. \$. ·6.	but ۴۸ خورداد No m.	
560 nisfe			In double circle with dots between نصف W. 153.2. S. .65.	Geometrical design formed by two intersecting triangles. Dots in the area.	
561 562 damrá	_	33 [996-7]	., دمرا W. 80·7–73. S. ·6.	In double circle with dots between Comparison of the circle with dots between Comparison of the circle wit	
563 1/4			As on No. 556. Fragmentary. W. 76. S. ·6.	As on No. 556. Fragmentary.	
563 (a) 16 tanka	-	4- Ábán	As on No. 415, but without دهلی W. 27.5. S. .45.	<u>-۴ الم</u> ابان	

IV JAHÁNGÍR

а. н. 1014-1037.

A. D. 1605-1628.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 564 sq.	Ágra	1019-5 Isfan- dármuz	در آگره زد برزر این سکه را در اسفندارمز ه	جها جهرا زمان شاه شهنشاه
				Flowered field. W. 210. S. ·8.	Flowered field. A.S.B. Pl.
	565		1020-6 Ábán	In square اکبر اکبر شاه شاه جها خور الدین Arches and flowers in segments. W. (looped). S9.	In sixteen-peaked area ماد امان الهي المهيد المان الما
	566		1020-6 Bah- man	In eight-peaked area مكسر شاه اكبر شاه جها بور الدين W. 168. S95.	In sixteen-peaked area ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا
	567		1021-7 Ábán	As on No. 566, but in sixteenfoil area enclosed in double circle with dots between. W. 168. S. 925	Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 568	Ágra	1022-8 Ardíbi- hisht	As on No. 566, but in double circle of dots. W. 162.2. S9.	In double circle of dots ضرب آگرة الهـــ م بهشت ماة اردى ۱۰۲۲	GOL
569	"	1026- 12 Shahré- war	In double circle of dots اکبر شاه شاه نگیر نور الدین جها نور الدین جها W. 16 8. S. -85.	In double circle of dots ماه شهربور الهـ ضرب آگره ۱۲ ۱۰۲۱ A.S.B. Pl.	
			WITH ZODIA	ACAL SIGNS	
570 Aries	"	1028-	In double circle with dots between الكبر الكبر از جها نكر شاه یا فیت در اگره روے ۱۰۲۸	Ram to left surmounted by sun. Below سنة ۱۴ جلوس	
			زر زيور W. 167.	Pl.	
571 Taurus	"	,,	S85. In double circle with dots between المر المر شاة الرجها تكبير شاة الرة داد	In rayed circle. Bull standing to left.	
			زر ^{۱۴} بن W. (looped). S. ·8.	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 572 573 Taurus	$ m \AA gra$	1030-	As on No. 570, but it to left of , and i.r. to left of ; e,	As on No. 571, but bull to right.
			1	W. 167·5. S. ·8.	Pl.
	574 Taurus	**	,,	but in and "i.m. change places.	,,
				(Looped.)	A.S.B.
	575	1.	,,	, ,,	In double circle with dots
	Gemini		1	107 168	Two male figures facing each other and embracing. Solar rays to left and right.
					Pl.
	576 Cancer	,,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	W. 169.	In double circle with dots between Crab surmounted by solar
			:		rays. Three stars below, one on each claw and six on back.
			1		A.S.B.
	577 Cancer	**	1031-		but stars on back differently arranged.
		•		w. 168.	Pl.
	578 Virgo	,	3	Dates obliterated. W. 163 (worn).	Winged woman facing left, but the coin is too worn to admit of description.
		•	!	S . 78.	Rf. B. M.C., 341 A.S.B.
	579 Libra		1031-	Dates as on No. 572, but Dates as on No. 572, but W. 168.	In double circle with dots between Scales and four weights; solar rays round beam.
		İ		S. -8	A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A' 580 Libra	Ágra	1032- 18	As on No. 572, but in and i.rr	As on No. 579.	GO
581 Sagit- tarius	,,	1031-16	w. 168. but in and i.m. w. 168. s825.	In double circle with dots between Centaur to left, facing backwards and shooting arrow from stretched bow; surrounded by solar rays. Pl.	
582 Pisces	>>	1028- 13	but ۱۰۲۸ to left of روے and ۱۳ to left of زیور W. 167. S. 83.	Two fish, the upper one	
583	Ahmad- ábád	1028- 14	dots between	1	
584	,,,	1030- 15	w. 168-7.	but 1.710 ,	
585	Aḥmadá- nagar (sic)	- Azar	As on No. 566, but without border. Flowered field. W. 168.	ماه اذر الهم ضرب احمدانگر	
586	Burhán- púr	1022 Ábán	شاه اکبــر دگبر شاه جهــا نور الدين	ماه ابان الهم رهانپور ب ضر ۱۰۲۲	•
	1	, 	W . 168. S . ⋅65.	1 2	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	A 587		1020-6		nint name Liontoright, surmounted by rayed sun. Below سنة
SILVER	Æ			شببه جهانگسر شاه اکبر شاه At right سنة شش جلوس 168. w . 168.	Pl.
	588	Agra	1014-1	مهر و ماه نـگ ساخت نورا بر روی زررا نے ۱۰۱۴ ضرب آگره Flowered field. W. 205 (worn). S. .85.	شاه ابن اکبر باد نگبسر نور الدس جها شاه ا Flowered field.
	589	17	1015-2	bute W . 211. S 85.	but ; A.S.B. Pl.
	590) ,	1017-4	In double circle with dots between ا کره حسرو اکره حسرو اکره حسرو الله علی الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	i
	591	y •	1019-5	buts W. 218-5	but o

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 592 sq.	Ágra	1021-7 Tír	As on No. 566, but in double dotted square. W. 168. S. ·85.	In double dotted square ماه تير الهـ اگره سنة ۷ ضرب ۱۰۲۱ Flowered field.
593	,,	1021-7 Amar- dád	As on No. 566, but in square with arches in segments. Flowered field. W. 175. S. 1.0.	As on No. 592, but in ornamental area enclosed in double circle with dots between and month امرداد
594 sq.	,,	1022-8 Shahré- war	As on No. 566, but in double dotted square. W. 164. S. ·8.	As on No. 592, but شهريور and فرب اگرة سنه
595	*1	1023-9 Mihr	but circular areas. W. 176. S9.	but circular areas and
596	,,	1025- 10 Bah- man	w. 171.	but ۱۰۲۰-۱۰-بهون A.S.B.
597	11	i-11 Far- wardin	w . 173.	وروردین – ا But اوروردین – Hijra date obliterated.
598 sq.	,,	1026- 11 Isfan- dármuz	but square areas. W. 161. S. ·8.	,, but square areas and اسفندارمز ۱۰۲۱–۱۰۲۱
599		1026- 12 Far- wardín	but circular areas. W. 176. S875.	but circular areas and ۱۰۲۱–۱۲- فروردس

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	Ágra	1026– 12 Ardíbi- hisht	As on No. 566, but square areas. W. 175. S75.	As on No. 594, but دمشت ارد (sic)	Pl.
	601	••	1031- 17	In double circle with dots between	In double circle dots between	with
	:			ار <u>زیور</u> در آگرہ رو باہــت ۱۰۳۱ Flowered field.	اکبر ۱۷ شاه نگبر شاه جها از	
	· · ·			W. 171. S. .85.	Flowered field.	
	602		1034- 19	but 1.55 W . 176. S 875.	 فاه اکبر شاه اکبر	Pl.
		1		WITH ZODI	ACAL SIGNS	
	603 Tau- rus ¹		1030- 16	As on No. 572. W. 188! S. 85.	As on No. 572.	
	604 Gemini	;] , ,,,	1028- 14	As on No. 570, but ریور to left of	As on No. 575.	A.S.B.
		1		W. 175. S. ∙75.		11.17.17.
	605 Cancer	* *** 1	1029 - 15	As on No. 570, but	As on No. 576, Below crab	
		İ		W. 176⋅5. S. ⋅8.	سنه	Pl.

 $^{^{\}rm t}$ I am not satisfied that this is a genuine rupee. The weight is abnormal and the silver apparently impure

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	_
.R 606	Aḥmad- ábád	50 1 Ázar [1014]	مالك الملك سكه زد برزر ضرب احمداباد W. 173. S. .75.	سليم ن شاه سلطا اکبــر شاه اذر ه.	SILVER
607		[50] Dí	W . 173.	ر, دی Regnal year missing. A.S.I	3.
608 609		2 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád [1015]	W. 174. S. ∙75.	 خورداد but ۲	
610	,•	Tír	w. 173.	تیر but تیر	1.
611	,,	1015-2	الله لا اله الا ت محد رسول الله ۱۰۱۰ احمداناد ضرب W. 207.	غازے جہانگبر بادشاہ محمد نور الدبن	
612	•,	1016-4	but 1.17 Regnal year missing. W. 208.	but m. 20 in second line.	
613	.,	1021–7 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	اكبر شاه نكبر شاه جهـــا نور الدين W. 175. S. .8.	ماة خورداد الهــــ احمداباد ١٠٢١	

¹ This refers to the 50th Hahr year of Akbar's reign in the 8th month of which (Ábán) Jahangir came to the throne. For a full explanation see J.A.S.B., 1904, Num. Supp. I, note 5.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 614	Aḥmad- ábad	[1021] -7 Ábán	As on No. 613. W. 174.	As on No. 613, but ابان Date missing.
	615	.,	Ázar	w . 175.	ادر but اذر
	616	,,,	1022-8 Tír	w . 172.	 تبر – but م – ۱.۲۲
	617	'',	Abán	ننام ^ شماه نور الدس حمسا نگیر ۱۰۲۲	ماد ابان الهر مزین باد احمداناد ضرب
	618 1/2		1023- Bah- man	w. 175. s77. but Regnal year missing.	Pl. نهمن
	619	,.	1024- Mihr	but 1.7% W. 174.	but "
	620	•;	1025- Abán	but 1.73.	A.S.B. i.i.
	621		1027-	اله از عنایا احمدالاد در زد سکه ۱۰۲۷ Flowered field.	ادشاه آکسر نگسر ابن ۱۳ جها سنه دور الدس ۵ دور الدس ۲
		1	1	W. 175. S. ∗85.	Pl

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 622	Aḥmad- ábád	1028-	As on No. 621, but	As on No. 621.	SILVER
623	33	1029-	W. 173.	but 10	
624	"	1031- 17	W. 175.	but "v	
625	"	1033-	W. 174.	but	
626 1/2	"	3 3	w. 165 (worn). but date missing.	but regnal year missing.	
			W. 91. S. ⋅65. WITH ZODIA	A.S.B.	
627 628 Aries	,,	1027-	بادشاه ۱۰۲۷ آکیــــر جهانگیر بادشاه ضر احمداباد	Ram to left, as on No. 570, but	
			ب ضر احمداباد W. 176–171. S. ·8.	(628) A.S.B. Pl.	
629 630 Faurus	"	.,	As on No. 627. W. 175-170. S. .75.	Fore-part of bull to right, surmounted by rayed sun. Below سنة ۱۳ جاوس	
				(629) A.S.B. Pl.	
631 632 Gemini	,,	[13]	₩. 176.5. S. .75.	Twins, in sitting posture, the left arm of one clasping the waist of the other, right hands upraised; solar rays to left and right. Regnal year missing.	
				Di	

Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 633 Cancer	Aḥmad- ábád	1027- 13	In double circle with dots between	Crab, as on No. 576, but المنافعة below in place of third star.
				شهنشا نگمر شاه	
	ļ		1 1	جها را داد زيور	
				احمداباد زر ۱۰۲۷	
				W. 177–173. S. ⊗.	A.S.B.
	634 Cancer	1,	••	w. 175.	As on No. 633, but no stars on back or claws.
			! :	S. ·8.	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	635 Leo	••	,	W. 176. S. ·85.	Lion, standing, to left, surmounted by rayed sun, and rays emerging beneath body. Numerous pellets on body, head and legs. Below — steel
			: !	1	Pl.
	636 Leo	,,	,,	but from a different die.	
			6 6 1 1	W. 169. S. -825.	A, S , B .
	637	Aḥmad- nagar	1036	 	اعان ا
				المر بكبر شاه جهـــا	ىكىر نادشاه احمىد
				ور الدن ور الدن W. 176.	۱۰۳۱ صرب
				S. 77.	Pl.

¹ The slight difference in dies in these coins is discussed in J.A. Ab., 1905, Num. Supply note 33. In No. 636 there are two dots below the tye' of Fig. In No. 635 there are no dots.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
# 638 1 639 640 641 642	Ahmad- nagar	3	لا اله الا الله محسمه رسول الله احمد نگر ضرب خرب F'lowered field. W. 178–176–174. S. .75.	ازے غازے جہانکیر بادشاہ محمد محمد محمد محمد نور الدین الدین Flowered field. (641-2) A.S.B. Pl.
643	,,	}	: but احمد under نگر wanting.	91
1		1	W. 175.	A.S.B.
644 645	Akbar- nagar	1019	بارگاه گردون نگر زد اکبسر سکه ۹ در ۱۰۱ M. 30 to left of عن W. 178.	بادشاء اکبسر نگیر بن جهسا نور الدین شسساء
!			S. ·825.	Pl.
646	"	1020	but 1.7. and m. 40. W. 175. S. .775.	 A.S.B,
647 648		-10 Bah- man	Within ornamental border اکبر شاه نکیر شاه جها نور الدین M. 36 in final ن of lower line.	Within ornamental border ماه بهمن الهر فرب البرنكر ، فرب البرنكر M. 37 over
i			W. 178. S. 85.	(648) <i>A.S.B.</i> P1.

¹ Nos. 638-642, though not dated, probably belong to the earlier years of the reign.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 649	Akbar- nagar	–13 Far- wardí	As on No. 647, but without border. W. 177.	As on No. 647, but without border and فروردی
	650 651	,,	-15 Mihr	,, ₩. 176–169.	but "مهر" مهر ه ا (651) A.S.B.
	652	.,	-18 Á <u>z</u> ar	 W. 175.	., اذر ۱۵ افر
	653		-20 Isfan- dármuz	w . 174.	but ۲۰ اسعندارمز Regnal year under فند M. 41 over کبر A.S.B.
·	654	Burhán- púr	1014	دين بناه شهر ۱۰۱۶ شهر د در سکه زد در Flowered field. W. 175. S. •75.	As on No. 644, but ابن Flowered field.
	655 656	,· :	-	but no date. w. 175-173.	(656) A.S.B.
	657 $\frac{1}{2}$,,		W. 86. S. ·65.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	658		-11 Tír	As on No. 647, but no border and no m. Flowered field. W. 175. S75.	ماد سر الهــــ برهانبو۱۱ر ب ضر Flowered field
	659	1 19	–14 <u>Kh</u> úr dád	W. 175.	 حورداد ۱۴ - ا but!

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 660	Burhán- púr	Amar- dád	As on No. 658. W. 176. S. ·7.	As on No. 658, but امرداد Regnal year wanting. A.S.B.
661	"		As on No. 638, but ضرب برهانپور W. 178. S. .75.	As on No. 638.
662	Dehlí	1021-7 Ardí- bihisht	As on No. 566, but without border. W. 176. S75.	بهشت ماه اردی الهے ضرب دهلی ۱۰۱۲ (sic) سنة ۷
663	,.	Ďí	., ₩. 175.	but cs and t.r.
664	"	1022-8 Far- wardí	w. 176.	پر فروردی – ۸ – but ۱۰۲۲
665	,,	Amar- dád	,. W. 176.	but ,, locle
666	••	Mihr	., ₩. 174.	hut "
667	,,,	Bah- man	w. 176.	الله به الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
668	,,,	1025- 11 Amar- dád	w . 175.	امرداد - ۱۱ – but ۱۰۲۰
669	77	-12 Far- wardí	w. 172.	but المرودى Hijra date missing. A.S.B.
670	,,	-12 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	w. 175.	hut signal but

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 671	Dehlí	-13 Ábán	As on No. 662. W . 172.	As on No. 669, but ابان ۱۳
	672		[103]4 Azar	W . 174. S . 7.	but ۴ to left of دهلی and اذر Regnal year wanting.
	673	,,,	1035 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	w . 175.	A.S.B. but ۱.۳۰ خورداد A.S.B.
	674	Jahángír- nagar	-12 Shahré- war	As on No. 637 M. 38 in W. 175. S. 65.	Pl. ماه شهربور الهب جهانگبرنگر سنة ۱۲ ضرب
	675	,,	-13 Azar	W. 170. S. .75.	اذر- ۳۰ but ا
	676	,,	-14 Far- wardí	w. 175. s. ·7.	ن but نورودی عبر but
	677 678		-15 Ardí- bihisht	but m. 39. W. 170-169 (worn). S. 7.	اردی دہشت ۱۰ "ا
	679	"	Ţ, Tír	 W. 175.	but Traces of octagonal bor-
	680	,,	-16 Mihr	but m. 33 W. 175.	but 14 74
	681	,,	., Bah- man	W. 175.	Pl. but
					A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 682	Jahángír- nagar	-17 Far- wardí	As on No. 637. W. 174. S65.	As on No. 674, but افروردی ۱۷	SILVER
683	"	-17 Shahré- war	w. 175.	 شهردور A.S.B.	
684	,,	-19 Far- wardí	M. 38. " W. 174.	but فروردی – نگیر ۱۹ نگر Traces of dotted circle. M. 38 to left of نگر	
685	Jaler ?	1031 Mihr	اكبر شاه نگبر شاه جهـــا نور الدين نور الدين W. 175.	ماة مهر الهب فرب جلير ١٠٣١ M. 42 over فر	
686 1/2	Kábul	1014	S. ·75. In double circle with dots between	Pl.	
			حى قديم د ز دار هميشه W. 87. S. ·7.	کابل بنام سکه ۱۰۱۴ رواج A.S.B.	
687 688 1/2		1015-1	In double circle with dots between The Kalima. فرت کابل ۱۰۱۵ W. 105. S7.	In double circle with dots between عازے حمانگیر یادشاہ محمد دور الدس	
				: Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 689	Kábul	1024-9	بناه خسرو گیت شهر کابل ۱۰۲۴ سکه	ىادشاه اكبـــر جهانگىر اىن ۹ شــــــا
				ســکه زد در	شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				₩. 174. S. ·8.	A.S.B.
	690	,,	1026- 11 Far- wardí	As on No. 590 (reverse), but without border, and regnal year 11 W. 173. S. 85.	ماہ فروردی المہے ضرب کابل ۱۰۲۱
	691	Kashmír	1018-	As on No. 588, but فرب کشمبر ۱۰۱۸ w. 209. s. -85.	As on No. 588, but regnal year missing.
	692	,,	1019-	but (.19 W. 208.	,,
	693	,,	1022–8 Shahré- war	As on No. 566, but without border. Flowered field. W. 175. S. •75.	In double circle with dots between ماه شهربور الهر کشمبر سنة ۸ ضرت ۱۰۲۲
	694	,,	1023-8 Isfan- dármuz	Traces of double circle with dots between. W. 175. S775.	but ۱۰۲۳, اسفندارمز No border visible. Pl.
	695	,,	1023-9 Tír	 W. 174.	but "تبر

#R 696 Ge-mini1	Kashmír	15		
			[ش] ۱ اکبر [ش] ساه [ش] ساه (زنور) نام جهانگیر ابکشم] سکه زر آگشا سکه زر [گشا مت جهان فیر]وز (جهان فیر] وز ع. 155 (worn).	Twins facing each other and embracing; solar rays to left and right.
697	Láhor	1014-1	In double circle with dots between برنگ مهر و ماه نے زر را ساخت نورلے ضرب لاهور ۱۰۱۴ رو خرب 200. S. .85.	As on No. 588, but in last line
698	,,	1015-1	but W. 2 08.	3 1
699 sq.	37	1015-2	but 1.10 in second line and by in third line. Square areas. W. 193 (worn). S75.	but r over Šin second line. Square areas. A.S.B.
700 sq.	27	33	In double square with dots between The Kalima. ضرب ١٠٠٠ لاهور Flowered field. W. 211. S9.	In double square with dots between; as on No. 611, but منة to right of غاز

¹ A similar coin was described by Dr. L. White King and Capt. Vost in the Num Chron., 1896, 'Novelties in Mughal Coins,' No. 15.

WRIGHT, II

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	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	## 701 sq.	Láhor	1016-3	As on No. 699, but 1.11 W. 208. S875.	As on No. 588, but rover کبر in second line. Square areas.
	702	,•	1017-4	In double circle with dots between	In double circle with dots between
			1 1	ىا فلك بود در	مبر
	Ì			ىاد روآن	بنام شاه ۱۰۱۷
	i			بدهرا	
	ŧ			Flowered field.	لأهور
				W. 219. S. 1⋅0	Flowered field.
	703		1018-4	 ₩. 219·5.	but ^
	704	٠,	1019-5	but o	but
				W . 220⋅3.	Pl.
	705 sq.	"	1020-6 Ardí- bihisht	بر زر لاهور زد	In eight-peaked area enclosed in double square with dots between
				این سُکهٔ در بهشت مه ارد ۱۰۳۰	اکبر شـــاه جهانگبر ابن شــــاه
				W. 219. S. ⋅8.	۱ شهنشاه زمان ۲ Pl.
	706	1,	6 Amar- dád	In multifoil area with eight peaks, as on No. 566 Flowered field.	In multifoil ماه امرداد الهم لاهور ۲
				W. 174-5. S. -9.	ضرب Flowered field.
	707		6	1	Pl.
	101	,,	Dí	W. 175.	دی
				₩ 1 1/ <i>0</i> ,	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 708	Láhor	6 Isfan- dármuz	As on No. 706. W. 175.	As on No. 706, but اسفندارمز
709	,,	7 Far- wardín	w. 175. s. ∙95.	but ،,'، فروردین م <i>A.S.B</i> .
710	٠,	7 Shahré- war	(Worn.)	,, شهريور
711	"	7 Bah- man	₩. 175.	بهمن
712	,,	7 Isfan- dármuz	w. 176⋅5.	., اسفندارمز
713	,,	8 Tír	w. 172. s. ∙85.	اسفندارمز ,, تیر ۸ but
714	,,	8 Shahré- war	 w. 175.	" شهریور
715	,,	8 Mihr	w. 175.	,, apo
716	**	8 Ábán	w. 155 (worn).	ابانی
717	,,	8 Azar	w . 175.	اذْر
718	,,	8 Dí	., w . 174.	ب, دی
719	,,	9 Ardí- bihisht	w . 175.	اردی بهشت ۹ اردی
720	,,	9 Ázar	., ₩. 175·5.	اذر 9 2

	Metal No.	Mint	Date !	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 721	Láhor	9 Dí	As on No. 706. W. 174·3.	As on No. 706, but دی
	722	,,	9 Bah- : man	 W. 175.	", د ې د ن
	723	••	10 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad	w. 173.	ن. فورداد ، but
	724		10 Azar	(Worn.)	., اذر
	725	••	10 Isfan- dármuz	 W. 174	ر. اسفندارمز
	726	. 1	1025-	In double circle with dots between	h In double circle with dots between
			,	دادا دررو ۱۰۲۰ ســـکه لاهور	سسساه جهانگبر شاه اکسسر نور سنة ۱۱
	ı			Flowered field. W. 176. S. 85	Flowered field.
	727	***	1026- 12	but ;;; w . 175	but "r
	728 729	••	1027- : 13	w. 175–174.	
	730	,,	1028- 14	₩. 170-17 ;.	(728) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 731 732	Láhor	1029-	لاهور بر روی همیشه بادا ۲۰۹۰ ۳. 175–174.	نور اکبــر جهانگیر شاه شــــاه زنام ه ا ســنة	SILVER
733	,,	-18	#. 175-174. S. ⋅85. بادا بررو همبشه ۱^ سنة	شاہ اکبر نور نـگـبـــــر زنام شاہ جہا Hijra date missing.	
734 735	,,	1033-	W. 170. S. ⋅8	شاہ ۱.۳۳ below	
736	; } ;	1035-	., v. 174.	1.50	
737	,,	1036-	w. 175.	1.771	
738	,,,	1036-		,,	
739	Patna	1023–9 Tír	آكبر شاه شاه نـكـــيــر دور الدين جها w. 173. s. .75.	ماہ نیر الہے ۱۰۲۳ ۹ پتنہ ضرب	
740	"	Bah- man	w. 173.	 بهجن	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 741	Patna	1025- 11 Ardí- bihisht	As on No. 739. W. 173. S775.	As on No. 739, but ۱۰۲۰ – ۱۱ – ۱۰۲۰
	742	"	Tír	w. 176. s. ⋅65.	 نبر A.S.B.
	743	٠,	Mihr	., W. 175. S. ∙65.	יי איזיע A.S.B.
	744	,,	11026- 11 Isfan- dármuz	w. 169.	اسعندارمز Hijra date not clear.
	745	.,	1026- 12 Amar- dád	w. 174-5.	امرداد – ۱۰ – ۱۰۲۰ but امرداد
	746	, *	Ázar	w. 175.	 اذر
	747	,,	1027- 13 Ardí- bihisht	w. 174.	اردی بهشت – ۱۳۰ - but ۱۰۲۰
	748		Shahré- war	w. 171⋅5.	 شهرخور
	749	,,	Ábán	₩. 87. S. ·55.	,, ابان
	750	,,	1028– 13 Isfan- dármuz	w. 175. s. ∙65.	اسفندارمز A.S.B.
	751	,,	1029- 15 Far- wardín	₩. 174. S. ·7.	الم.اه. الم.ا

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 752	Patna	1029– 15 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	As on No. 739. W. 174.5. S75.	As on No. 751, but خورداد
753	*,	1030- 16 Far- wardín	W. 175. S. ∙7.	فروردین – ۱۰ – ۱۰۳۰ but
754	**	Amar- dád	₩. 173. S. ·7.	امرداد
755	,,	Ábán	w. 175.	ابان <i>A.S.B</i> .
756	,,	1031- 16 Á <u>z</u> ar	w. 175.	but اذر ۱۰۳۱ M. 2 to left of date.
757	**	Bah- man	w. 174.	بہنون
758	,,	1031- 17 Far- wardín	 W. 174-5.	فروردین - ۱۷ فروردین M. 2.
759	,,	103 }- 18 Tír	w. 174.	نبر – ۱۰۳ – but ۱۰۳ – ۱۰۳ – ۱۰۳
760	,,	1033- 18 Dí	w. 174. s. ∵75.	دی ۱۰۳۳ دی
761	*1	1033- 19 Far- wardín	w. 175. s. .775.	ن. فروردین – ۱۹
762	11	103 ?- 20 Ardí- bihisht	w . 172.	اردی بهشت ۱۰۳–۲۰۰

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 763	Patna	1034- 20 Amar- dád	As on No. 739. W. 176. S775.	As on No. 739, but امرداد – ۲۰ – ۲۰۰۰
	764		1035- 21 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad	₩. 175. S. •75.	ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ا
	765 1/2	,,	1036- (21 Ábán	but traces of dotted circle. W. 88. S6.	but יייין און איייין און איייין און איייין איייין און איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין א A.S.B.
	766	Qandahár	1020-6	The Kalima. ۱۰۳۰ مرب فندهار W. 207. S. .8.	As on No. 611, but a
	767	11	1021-7	As on No. 697, but ۱۰۲۱ ضرب تندهار W. 208. S. .85.	As on No. 588, but v
	768	,,	-8 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	In double circle with dots betwee: الكرو الدين الدين الدين Flowered tickld.	In double circle with dots between ماه حورداد الهـــ فندهار ضرب مسنة
	769	,,	1023-9 Tír	w. 160 (worn). s. ·8. w. 172. s. ·85.	Flowered field. but 1 تىر سنة

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 770	Qandahár	1023-9 Shahré- war	As on No. 768. W. 173.2.	As on No. 769, but شهربور Pl.
771	"	,, Mihr	w. 171.	" مهو
772	"	-10 Ardí- bihisht	,, W. 148 (worn).	اردی بهشت ۱۰ Hijra date missing.
773	"	Ϋ́r	w. 172.	", تير
774	,,	Á <u>z</u> ar	√, ₩. 176.	"، اذر <i>A.S.B</i> .
775	"	-11 Ardí- bihisht	w. 175. S. ∙85.	اردی بهشت –۱۱
776	"	Mihr	w. 175.	,, مہر
777	,,	Ábán	,, ₩. 175.	ابان
778	,,	Amar- dád	w. 175.	امردُاد
779	",	1025-	In double circle with dots between 1.۲۰ قندهار شد دخواه	In double circle with dots between اکبر اکبر شاه سنة ۱۱
		1	w . 174. s . ⋅8.	Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		Reverse
SILVER	AR 780	Qandahár	1026-	As on No. 779, but	As on	No. 779.
				W. 172.		
	781	••	1026- 12	w. 175.	but	', ["
	782	21	1027- 12	but 1.rv		M
			1	W. 169.		
	783 784	,,	1027-	 ₩. 175–171.	but	,. ir (784) A.S.B.
	785 786	,,	1028-	but i.r.	but	Lie
				W. 175–173.		(785) A.S.B.
	787 788	,.	1029- 15	but9	but	10
				W. 175. S. ∙75.		(788) A.S.B.
	789	,,	1030- 15	but .r.		
				W. 173.		
	790	,,	1030-	 W. 175	but	
	791	.,	-17	Date wanting.	but	 I v
				W. 164 (worn). S. 7.		
		Sign	1000			A.S.B.
	792	Súrat	1030- 15 Isfan- dármuz	ذور الدين جــهـــا بادشاه نگــيــر	الهى	ماه اسفندارمز ۱۵ سنة
				Flowered field.		سورت ضرب
				W. 177. S. ⋅8.	Flower	ed field.
			į ,			A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
	Súrat	-17 Dí	As on No. 792. W. 176.	As on No. 792, but (v - &> Hijra date missing. A.S.B.
794	Tatta	1015-2	In double circle with dots between The Kalima. ا ا ا و ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا	In double circle with dots between غازے جہانگیر بادشاہ محمد نور الدین
795	29	1016–3	,,, 1.11 ₩. 209.	,, r
796	"	1018-4	,, 1.1∧ W. 206. S. .85.	". په P1.
797	,,	1018-5	,, w. 208.	
798	••	1019-5	₩. 207. S. ·85.	
799	"	1021-7 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	In multifoil area اکبر شاه نگیر شاه جسها نور الدین W. 175. S. .825.	In twelve-peaked area ماه خورداد النب تته ا۱۰۱ ضرب Pl.
800	,,	1026- 12 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	₩. 173. S. ·8.	butrr-ir

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 801	Tatta	1026- 12 Ázar	As on No. 799. W. 173.	As on No. 799, but
	802	,,	1027- 13 Shahré- war	., ₩. 173·5.	شهريور – ۱۳ but
	803	,,	1028- Amar- dád		but امرداد معدنا Regnal year deleted.
	804	,,	-15 Amar- dád	but no border. W. 165. S. -8.	ماه امرداد الهي ماه مرداد الهي نته ضره اسنة
	805	,,,	-16 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	W. 173. S. ·8.	but المرداد الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا
	806	,,	-19 Mihr	W. 169. S. .75.	but 19 %
	807	,,	-20 Far- wardín	₩. 174. s. ·72.	but ۲. فروردین A.S.B.
	808	3 1	1037– 22 Ábán	W. 163. S. .75.	ادان ماه الهر ۱۰۳۷ فرت Pl.
				Mut nar	ne missing
	809 810	_		The Kalima, and below ضرب	As on No. 638.
		1		W. 176.	(810) A.S.B

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 811	Ágra	i-20	With name In double circle with dots between	of Núrjahán In double circle with dots between	SILVEF
			بعکم شاہ جہا نگسیسر	ز ^{نام} ا	
			نگــيـــر بافت صد زبور سنة	ست: نورجهان باد بیگم زر ضرب آگره	
			₩. 175. s. .85.		
812 813	,,	1037- 22	but rr, and 1.rv under	,, (813) A.S.B.	
į			W. 176–175.	Pl.	
814	Aḥmad- ábád	1036- 2-	جهانگیر ب ح کم شاه صد زیور یافت	شاه باد جهــان	
			صد زیور یافت ضرب احمداناد	بنام <i>حور</i> بیگم زر	
1		 	W. 175. S. -775.	Pl.	
815	Láhor	1034- 20	شاہ جہانگیر بعد کم	زنام ه شاه	
		 - - -	شاه جهانگیر بحیکم یافت صد زدور ۲۰ سنة	نورجهان باد بیگم زر ۱۰۳۴ لاهور	
			جلوس W. 175. S. -875.	ضرت Pl.	
8161	,,	 		 but ۱.۳۴ over نورجهان	

In 1.31.C., No. 7491, the condition of the coin was too poor to allow of a correct reading. No. 816 is a better specimen of the same type.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 817 818	Patna	1037-22	As on No. 811, but ۱۰۳۰ below منت and m. 2 to right of جها in top line.	As on No. 811, but last two lines read در ۲۲ پتنه
	ļ		!	w. 175. s. ⋅ 8.	ضرب (818) A.S.B.
				:	Pl.
	819 820	,,	,, 	but no m. w. 175.	 (820) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	821	Súrat	1034-	As on No. 814, but ضرب سورت بحکم for زحکم	As on No. 814, but 1.74 Regnal year blurred.
				and زحکم for نحکم w. 173. s. .8.	l
	822	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1035-	 W. 174.	but tro
	823	>;	1037-	M. 2 to right of oc	but last line
				W. 175. S. 75.	سنة A.S.B. Pl.
COPPER	Æ 824 825	Ágra	1020-	In double circle with dots between	In double circle with dots between
		1		w. 303-302. S. ⋅95.	ب ن ضر 1 شنه
	826 827		1021-7	,, 1.71	but ,
				W. 309-3-300. S. 1-09.	(827) A.S.B. Pl.
	828	,,	•••	Struck on a Súrí dám.	•,
			1	W. 306 S. -95	A.S. B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 829 830	Ágra	1022	In double circle with dots between	In double circle with dots between
			فلوس سنة ۸	ب ضر ۱۰۲۲
			W. 308–297·7 (worn). S. 1·0.	(830) A.S.B. Pl.
831	Bairáta 	-4	روان _ع عر سنة	 س نة بيراته
			₩. 305. S. ·75.	بيراته ب ضر
832	29	-7	,, v	.,
			W. 315.	
833	,,	-13	ir s	٠٠٠٠٠ سنة
			جہانگیر _ے	ست بیراته ب
		1	W. 319. S. ·8.	ضر Pl.
834	.,	t	Regnal year indistinct.	. "
			₩. 318. S. ·75.	A.S.B.
835	,,	1034- 20	جہانگیرے فلوس ۲۰	بیرات ب
			قلوس ۴۰ W. 315.	[ضر] ۱۳۶ [۱]
		1	S. .75.	Pl.

\mathbf{V} SHÁH JAHÁN

А. н. 1037-1068. А. р. 1628-1658.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 836	Ágra Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1037 aḥd	In dotted border لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله ۱۰۳۰ ضرب دار الخلافة اگره W. 168.1. S86.	In dotted border سنة احد غاز ع شاه جهان بادشاه معـمـد شهاب الدين نع صاحب قران ثا
	837	Ahmad- ábád	1039-3 Far- wardín	In dotted border Kalima in three lines. Below صرب احمداباد الهم سنة وروردينماه W. 168. S85.	In dotted border بادشاه غاز ے شاه جہاں ۲۰۹ محمد شہاب الدین نے صاحب قراں ٹا A.S.B. Pl.
	838	Akbar- ábád (Ágra)	t	In lozenge The Kalima. Margin اسدق ابی نکر ا وعدل عمر ا نازرم عثماں ا وعلم علی W. 167. S95.	In dotted border محمد صاحب قران ثا عاد جهاں باد ؛ شاہ غاز ضرب ضرب البراناد ۳۶۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰
	839	3	1045-8	W. 167. S. -85.	In lozenge عاز عاد الدهاء عاز عاد الده الده الده الده الده الده الده ال

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
<i>X</i> 840	Akbar- ábád	1047-	As on No. 838. W. 168. S. .9.	As on No. 839, but
841	"	1057- 20	w. 168.	but 1.0v-r. A.S.B.
842	"	1059- 22	w. 166.	but 1.09-rr
843	"	1059- 23	₩. 165. S. ·85.	but rr over 🗠
844	Burhán- púr	1040-4	In square The Kalima. Margins as on No. 838, 1.4. in lower margin. W. 169. S85. In dotted square The Kalima. 1.1. in lower left corner. Margins as on No. 838. W. 167. S85.	In square الدشاء غازے الد مالہ عالی الاه مالہ الدین محمد الاه مالہ ملکہ الاه ملکہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ ا
846 847	"	1068- 32	,, .,	but rr in area.
848	Daulat- ábád	1052- 15	W. 168.5-167. S75. As on No. 838or in area. W. 167. S8.	(846) A.S.B. As on No. 839, but 10 in area and in lower left margin ضرب دولت اباد

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 849	Daulat- ábád	1064- 27	As on No. 838. الله over محمد rv below الله	As on No. 848, but mint name in lower right margin.
		i ,		W. 169. S. ⋅8.	4.S.B.
	850	•	1066 – 30	but 1.31-7. W. 168. S. -8.	••
	851	; ; ;	1068- 32	As on No. 838, but in eightfoil circle. 1.1 in margin. W. 168. S85.	As on No. 839, but in eightfoil circle. To over s'an in area. in margin. Pl.
	852	Khan- báyat (Cambay)	1067-30	As on No. 838, but square area. 1. To in left margin. W. 170.5. S8.	As on No. 839, but square area. Mint name in left margin. The in right margin.
	853	Láhor Dáru-s- sultanat	1037- ahd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب دار السلطنه لاهور ع سده ۱۰۳۷ هجر W. 169. S85.	شهاب الدين معدد صاحب قران باب شاد جهان بادشاد غاز سنة احد عاز سنة احد
	854	Láhor	1062-26	As on No. 838, but square area. . Tr in right margin. W. 168. S. 8.	Pl. As on No. 839, but square area, and in lower margin ضرب ۲۱ لاهور
	855	Multán	106 4 -	As on No. 838, but square area. Out in area. W. 168. S. 8.	As on No. 839, but square area. المرب ملنان in left margin. M. 43 in area.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
N 855 (a)	Patna	1038-2 Shahré- war	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب بتند الهي سنة ٢ شهريور ماد	As on No. 837, but	GOLD
856	"	1045-8	W. 167. S85. As on No.838, but square area. 1.40 in right margin. W. 167. S8.	As on No. 839, but square area. ^ in area. ^ شرب بتنه in right margin.	
857	"	-15	but no Hijra date. W. 169. S. .75.	in area." in left margin. ضرب بنند A.S.B.	
858	"	-25	 ₩. 168. \$ 8.	but ro in area.	
859	Sháhja- hánábád	-26	As on No. 838, but circular area. Hijra date missing. W. 167.5. S8.	In circle بادشاہ غاز ہے ہاں ماہ جہاں مکہ شاہجہاں اباد رائج در جہاں جاوداں بادا بنام ثانی صاحب قران Marginal legend partially obliterated.	
860	Súrat	1045-8	As on No. 838, but square area and dotted border. 1.40 in left margin. 1 in area.	As on No.839, but square area. In left margin سورت	
			₩. 167. S. -95.	ضرت Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Ohverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 861	Súrat	1046-9	As on No. 860, but	As on No. 860.
	862	,,	1068-	W. 168. S85. As on No. 838, but circular area. in margin. W. 168. S85.	As on No. 839, but cir- cular area. الله in area. in margin.
	863	Tatta	1066- 30 <u>Khúr-</u> dád	Kalima in three lines. Below ضر ۳۰ بند الهنے خورداد ماد W. 168.	As on No. 837, but ۱۰۹۲ over ب of شهاب
	864	\$ 	1040-5	17 000 1	ا الدس محمد شاد جہاں الدس محمد شاد جہاں الدس محمد شاد جہاں الدس محمد شاد جہاں الدس سادس مال
	865 sզ.	3	104-	As on No. 838, but squar area. 1.5 (sic) in left margin. W. 164. S7.	ятец.

¹ Mr. C. J. Rodgers was of opinion that this coin was not genuine. It is not free from suspicion.

letal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
X	1	1061-	As on No. 838, but square area. 1.11 in area. W. 167.5. S87.	As on No. 839, but square area. Margin Bottom شهاب الدين Left المحمد رصا 1 Top illegible. Right اسورت Pl.	D
67 ²	ş	1066-30	As on No. 838, but square area. 1.11 in area. W. 168. S75.	As on No. 839, but square area. ج، in area over جها M. 43 over شا	
Æ	,			SIL	7E
368 369	Ágra <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1037 – aḥd	As on No. 836. W. 176–175. S. -85.	As on No. 836. (868) A.S.B.	
370	"	,,	W. 174. S. ·9.	بادشاہ 'غازے but شاہ جہان سنة احد	
371 372	,.	1038– aḥd	but 1.75 W . 176–175. S 85.	,, (872) A.S.B.	
373	**	103- aḥd	but مسول "," W. 175. S. -85.	شاہ غازے but شاہ خارے شاہ جہاںباد سنة احد	
874	Aḥmad- ábád	1037- aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب احمدابادے ۱۰۳۷ هجر سنة	As on No. 837, but سنة احد in place of Hijra date.	
			W. 171. S. ⋅9.		

¹ A doubtful coin. The left and top marginal legends of reverse appear to be a blundered attempt at صاحب قران ثاني.
2 This is almost certainly a coin of Multan mintage. Cf. No. 853 supra, on which the

same mark occurs.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 875 1/2	Aḥmad- ábád	1037- ahd	As on No. 874. W. 87. S. ·7.	As on No. 874. A.S.B.
	876	,,	1038- aḥd	but 1.74.	,,
	877	.,	1039-2 A <u>z</u> ar	As on No. 837, but اذر	As on No. 837.
	878	,,	1040- Ardíbi- hisht	W. 174. S. -9. اردی بہشت Regnal year missing.	۰۰، ۲۰۰۰
	879	7.	1041 - Isfan-	W. 175. S. ·8. اسفندارمز	۱۰،۴۱
	880	,,,	dármuz 1042- Ázar	W. 175. S. -8.	,, I.¥F
	881	2,	1044-8	W. 176. As on No. 838, but square	A.S.B.
				area. 1.55 in area. W. 168-5. S9.	area. ^ in area. in left ضرب احمداباد margin.
	882	,,	1045-8	 (eo W. 170.	A.S.B.
	883	,,	1055?-	but 1.00 in left margin.	but 14 in right margin.
				W. 175. S. ⋅85.	Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Ж 884	Aḥmad- ábád	1055 – 19	As on No. 883. W. 175·7.	As on No. 883, but
885	"	1066-	but 1.77	but regnal year missing.
886	Aḥmad- nagar	1041- Shahré- war	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب احمدنگر الها ۱۰:۰۱	As on No. 837, but no date.
887	٠,	-22	W. 174. S. .9. As on No. 838, but square area. ? rr in area. W. 177.	area. ، rr under شاه in area. ، ضرب احمدنگر in right
1		1	S. -85.	margin. A.S.B.
888	,,	1061-	w. 168.	, but re in ن of جہان
889	Akbar- ábád <i>Dávu-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat (Ágra)	1038–2 Shahré- war	Kalima in three lines. Below	As on No. 837, but date to left of نے
890 891	Akbar- ábád	1039–2	In dotted border محدق ابى بكر و عدل عــــر لا الد الا الله الله ١٠٣٩ محمد رسول على بازرم عنمان و علم	In dotted border as on No. 864, but r over ם and in last line ضرب اکبرایاد
;			W. 176−175. S. ⋅95−⋅85.	(891) A.S.B Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 892	Akbar- ábád	?-3	As on No. 890. Hijra date wanting. W. 175. S. •9.	As on No. 890, but ۳ over ضرب
	893 894		1039-3	In dotted border, as on No. 838, but circular area. 1.rt in area. W. 174-172. S98.	In dotted border, as on No. 864, but ماحب فران ثانے شہا ضرب اکبراباد ضرب اکبراباد (894) A.S.B.
	895 896	,,	1040-4	As on No. 838, but six- foil area. 1.#. in margin. M. 2 (twice) in margin.	,. but ۴ over ضرب
	897	.,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	W. 174·5−173. S. ·9. W. 175. S. ·9.	ادشاه عاز عران ثانی شاه جهان عران ثانی شاه جهان عب مب عب شهاب الدین محمد صا ضر اکبراباد ۴
	898	71	1041-5	As on No. 838, but square area. 1.91 in right margin. W. 175. S. 85	هر اکبراباد ۴ Pl. As on No. 839. ه in area. اضرب اکبراباد in left margin.
	899	,.	1042-5	 ₩. 174.	ه in right margin. in hottom ضرب اکبراباد margin.

Metal	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
No	Akbar- ábád	1042-6		In dotted border شهاب الدین محمد صا : حبقران ثانے شاہ جہان بادشاہ _ غاز	SILVER
901	3 7	1043-7	dotted quatrefoil. ا علم in margin. W. 175.	A.S.B. Pl. As on No. 839, but in dotted quatrefoil. v in area.	
902	"	23	As on No. 838, but dotted square area. I.Fr in area. W. 177. S85.	As on No. 839, but dotted square area. v in area. in left margin. A.S.B.	
903	"	1044-7	₩. 176·5. S. ·9.	but mint name in lower margin. A.S.B.	
904	"	1048- 12	but 1.8% in top margin. W. 167. S85.	er in area."	
905	,,	1052-	but 1. or in area. W. 176. S85.	ıı in area." A.S.B.	
906	"	-19	Hijra date obliterated. W. 167. S. 85.	19 in lower margin.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	Æ 907	Akbar- ábád	1059-	As on No. 902.	As on No. 902.	What Physics are
	908 Nigár	"		غازی شاری شاد جہاں باد شاہ	اداد اکبر دار لخلامة ب	
	909	Akbar- nagar	1037– aḥd	لا الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا	[ضر] شهاب الدبن معمد ماحب فران ^{ثالمي} اد شادجهان باع د	
			1	ضرب اکبرنگر ۱۰۳۰ W. 175. S. ·85.	ش <u>ادجہان ناے</u> د غاز سنة احد	
	910		1038?- aḥd	but 1.75. W. 175. S. .9.	3 *	Pl.
	911	•1	1039- Dí	but نظر المربكر المهم سنة ماه دى ماه دى	As on No. 837.	
	912	*,	-2 Ábán	ال – سنه ۳ but الله – سنه ۳ W. 165. S. -9.	Date wanting.	
	913	"	1039-3 Tír	but r to right of ما and	ن. to left of جهال	
				W. 171. S. -85.		

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 914	Akbar- nagar	-4 Bah- man	As on No. 913, but بهن – ۶ w. 175.	As on No. 837. Date wanting.	SILVER
915	"	1045-9	As on No. 838, but square area. 1.40 partly in left margin, partly in area.	As on No. 839, but square area. ۹ in area. ضرب اکبرنگر in left margin.	
			W. 175. S. ∙875.	A.S.B.	
916	,,	1046-	., 1.151 W. 175.	1. in area."	
917	••	1059-22	w. 173. S8.	rr in area.	
918	Allah- ábád	1043-		י, in left margin. Regnal year wanting. Pl.	
919	Bhakkar	1040-3	As on No. 838, but circular area. البه. in margin over بصدق W. 175. S. 19.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
920	,.	1040-4	Kalima in three lines. Below ضر بكر ع الهم فر بكر ع الهم [ار]دى بهش[ت ماه]	As on No. 837, but ۱.۴. below شاه جهان	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 921	Bhakkar	1043-6	As on No. 838, but circular area. 1.67 to left of alse in margin. W. 176. S85.	cular area. Below area سنة بكر ضرب
					A.S.B. Pl.
	922	,,	1043-7	As on No. 838, but square area.	As on No. 839, but square area.
				W. 175. S. -825.	In left margin بهکر ضرب
	923	, ,	1044-7	,	
				W. 177. S. -85.	ضر سنة بكر ب
					A.S.B.
	924	,-	-15	Date wanting. W. 147 (clipped).	اه)، استة دېكر but
				S. ·7.	
	925	,,	-23	Date wanting.	 ۲۳ دهکر ۲۳ ضرب
				W. 174. S. ⋅8.	
	926	,,	1067- 31	.,	77
				₩. 175. S. ·8.	
	927	Bhílsa	. -13	Date wanting.	,. In left margin
				W. 172. S. ⋅85.	بهملسة ۱۳ ضرب

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 928	Bhílsa	1052- 15	As on No. 922.	As on No. 927, but
			W. 174. S. ⋅8.	A.S.B. Pl.
929	"	1056- 19		but ۱۹ in ن of جهان in area.
930	Burhán- púr	1037- aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضر برهانبور سنة ۱.۳۰ هجر	As on No. 837, but سنة احد in place of Hijra date.
931	,,	_ 2	W. 174. S95. Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب برهانمور المے سنة برهانمور المے سنة W. 156. S875.	As on No. 837. Date wanting.
932 933	"	1040-3	As on No. 890, but 1.4. to left of	As on No. 864, but r over ما and last line ضرب برهانبور Pl.
934	59	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	As on No. 864. W. 175. S. -9.	As on No. 864, but in last line ضرب برهانبور صالح over ا
935)	,,	,, ₩. 176.	ر, به over س

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 936	Burhán- púr	1042-5	As on No. 838, but square area.	In square بادشاء غازے شاہ حیان
					شاة جهان المعتونة المعتونة المعتونة الدين المعتمد Top الدين المعتمد المعتمد Bottom الدين الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
					Pl.
	937	,,	1043-6	1 .4=7-	As on No. 839, but square area.
		 		W. 173. S. ⋅875.	ı in right margin. ضرب برهانبور in bottom margin.
	938	1	1044-7	۱۰۴۶ ، ۰۰	v in right margin.
				W . 175.	
	939	,,	3	الله لااله الا	جہان ا
				محمد رسول الله ماه الهي	سیاه بادشاه غازی نے صاحبعران ثا ب ضر برهانبور
		1	i L		ب
		t		W. 175. S. ⋅9.	ضر برهاسور
	940	77	?	As on No. 838, but dotted square area. Date wanting.	As on No. 839, but dotted square area and ضرب برهاسور Regnal year wanting.
				W. 174. S. ⋅875.	
	941	Daulat- ábád	1057-	Kalima in square. Margin as on No. 838. 1.0v - 7. in area.	As on No. 839, but square area. in right
			 	W. 175.	margin.
				S. ⋅85.	A.S.B.
	942	•,,	1061- 25	1.11 in area.	re in right margin.
			1	W . 173.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Ж 943	Daulat- ábád	1068-	Kalima in eightfoil. Margin as on No. 838. ا علم to left of علم in margin. W. 177. S9.	As on No. 839, but in eightfoil. ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ال ا
944	Dehlí	1040– Shahré- war	Kalima in three lines. Below شهربور ماه هلے [ضرب د]	شاة غازے شاة جهان باد محمد ۱۰۶۰ شهاب الدین نے صاحب قران ٹا
945	'',	1040-3 Ábán	W. 175. S. -9. but ابان ماُه هله	ماحب قران ٹا
946	,.	1044-	W. 173. Kalima in circle. Margin as on No. 838. ا الحام in margin.	قران ثانی شاه جهان [صاحب
947	Gulkanda (Gol- conda)	-5?	W. 175. S. ·85. Kalima in three lines. Below ضر گلکنده W. 175. S. ·8.	شهاب الدین محمد ب ب مد دهلے ضر دهلے محمد هلی مدی هلی مدی هلی مدی هلی مدی مدی مدی مدی مدی مدی مدی مدی مدی مد
948 949	25		W. 177–163. S. ·825.	Pl. شهاب الدين ماحبفران Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 950 1/2	Gulkanda		As on No. 947. W. 90. S675.	As on No. 948.
	951	Jahángír- nagar	1040-3	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب	As on No. 837, but ۱۰۴۰ in the ب of شهاب
				جهانگیرنگر ۳ الههے رسول of ل M. 4 in س. 171.5. S. .85.	A.S.B.
	952	;	1041–4 Dí	but ۴ and in last line [ماه] دی M. 44. W. 173.	bute.
				S. -95.	Pl.
	953	,,	1044-7	Kalima in square. Margin as on No. 838. 1.89 in area.	As on No. 839, but square area.
		1		W. 173. S. ⋅9.	in left ضرب جهانگیردگر margin.
	954	,,	? Isfan- dármuz		شاه جهان باد محمد صاحب قران
				W. 173. S. ∙75.	
	955		1050- 14		As on No. 839, but square area.
				W. 174·5. S. ·95	in left margin. ضرب جوندگره
	956 957	,,	1067-	" 1.7. W 176	but regnal year wanting.
			ļ	W. 176.	(957) A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 958	Kábul		Kalima in three lines. Below	SILVE جهان بادشاه شــــــاه
			ضرب کابل	شــــاه صاحب قران ثا[نی]
			W. 147. S. ⋅8.	محمد الدين
959	Kashmír	-12	Kalima in square. Margin as on No. 838. Hijra date wanting.	As on No. 839, but square area. In lower margin
			W. 173. S. ⋅825.	۱۳ کشمیر ضرب
960	Katak	-3 Ábán	Kalima in three lines. Below ابانهاه الهر ضرب كنك ۳	<u>غازی</u> جهان بادشاه _{اه} ش <u>مه</u> د
			W. 174. S. ⋅9.	صاحبقران ^{ثا} نے شہاب الدبن Bhandára C.P.
961	Khan-	1060-	Kalima in square.	Pl. As on No. 839, but square
•	báyat (Cambay)		Margin as on No. 838. 1.1. in right margin. W. 176.	area. نسرب کهنبایت in left margin.
0.00	Khan-	1061-	S. ·85.	Regnal year wanting.
962	báyat	1001-	w. 176.	,,
963	,,	1065-	" 1•10	,,,
			W. 178.	Pl.
964	,,	1068-	" I • Y A	,,,
065	Láhor	1027	W. 175. As on No. 853.	As on No. 853.
965	Lanor	1037- aḥd	W. 176.	AS OH MO. 893.

WRIGHT. II

	Metal	Mint	, Date	Ohmana		Domanic
	No.		Date	Obverse		Reverse
SILVER	At 966	Láhor	1038- ahd	As on No. 853, but	As on	No. 853.
				W. 174.		
	967	,,	1038-2	171	but	;, r äim
				W. 174.		
	968		1040-3	Kalima in circle. Maryin as on No. 838. به نواند الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	شہا	ضرب لأهور
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	W. 174.5. S. ⋅9.	r over	صا
	969	11	1040-4			1.
				W. 175	but	ie
			1			Pl.
	970 971	•	1041-4	,, 1 • }* (1*
				W. 174–170. S. ⋅85.		(971) A.S.B.
	972	*1	1041-5	,,		**
				W. 172.	but	0
	973	11	1042-5	buter		
				W. 172⋅5 S. ⋅85		A.S.B.
	974 975	31	1041-7	Kalima in square. Margin as on No. 838. 1. FF in right margin.	As on 2 area.	No. 839, but square
				W. 175–173. S. ⋅85	in bottom	سنة لأهور ضرب margin.
	!					(974) A.S.B.
	078		1014.0		!	Pl.
	976	**	1044-8			••
			:	W. 174.		,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 977	Láhor	1046-9	As on No. 974, but	As on No. 974, but	VE:
			W. 175. S. ⋅85.	A.S.B.	
978	"	-10	Date wanting. W. 169.		
979	"	1062-	,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	but " r o ضرب لاهور A.S.B.	
980	3 7	-27	Date wanting. W. 173.	,, _r ,	
981	,,	1065-29	 W. 176. S85.	,, rd	
982 983	••	1066- 30	"," "," "," "," "," "," "," "," "," ","	". (982) Bhandára C. P.	
984	,•	-31	Date wanting. W. 173. S. ⋅85.	(983 A.S.B.	
985	Multán	1038- aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ملتان ۱۰۳۸	As on No.837, but سنة احد in place of ۱۰۳۹	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 986	Multán	1038–2 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ملتان الهم سنة ۲ حورداد ماد	As on No. 837, but
				W. 174. S. -85.	A.S.B. Pi.
	987	,•	1039-2 Á <u>z</u> ar	 اذر but W. 172.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	988	,,	1039-2 Isfan- dármuz	سنة ' الهي but السفندارمز	15
	989 990	"	1040-3	W. 176. S9. Kalima in circle. (محمد المحمد) Margin as on No. 838. W. 174–167.	بادشاء غازے
	991	21	1041-4	S. .85.	سته الدبن محمد شاه جهاں ب ماحب قران ثابے شہا ضرب ملیان
				₩. 174. S. ∗875.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	992	,,	1041-5	 	,,
	993 994	٠,	1042-5	 v.er W . 176.	, (994) A.S.B.
	995	,,	1042-6	Kalima in square. 1.47 in lower left corner. Margin as on No. 838. W. 175. S. 9.	Pl. As on No. 839, but square area. in of خران in left margin.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 996 997	Multán	1043-6	As on No. 995, but	As on No. 995.	SILVER
			W. 177–175. S. ⋅85.	(996) A.S.B	
998	,,	1043-7	₩. 175. S. ·85.	" *	
999	"	1044-7	1 • ke/e	,,	
1000	,,	1045-8	₩. 177. ;, ieo ₩. 170-5.	,,	
1001	"	1045-9	S. ·85. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	"	
1002 1003	"	1046-9	,, 1 • ½ 1	>>	
			W. 176–175. S. ⋅825.	(1003) A.S.E	3.
1004	13	1047-		"	
1005 1006	,,	1048-	i vez	"	
			W. 176–175. S. ⋅9–⋅85.	(1006) A.S.E	3.
1007	,,	1048-	w. 175.	17	
10081	,,	-15	Date wanting.	,,	
			W. 175⋅8. S. ⋅825.		

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This is I M.C., No. 7337, where the regnal year has been read $\rm 17$

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1009	Multán	1057-	As on No. 975, but	As on No. 975, but ۱. over جما
	1010	,,	1066- 30	w. 174.5. s8. v. 175. s8.	,". M. 43 over slش
	1011		1067-	w . 175	., ~1
	1012		1068-	w. 133 (clipped).	1.
	1012 (a)	Patna	aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب	[شهاب الدين] محمد صاحب فران ثاني شـــــــاه
			: 	₩. 173. s. ·8.	جہاں دادشاہ عاز سنہ احد
	1013 1014	• •	1039-2 Mihr	,	In dotted border, as on No. 837.
	1015	',	, Ďí	W. 175–171. S. 1·0. ". دی M. 2 to leit of نت	(1014) A.S.B.
	1016	; ;	1010-4	W. 155! S. 1-0.	A.S.B.
			Tír	but ۴–تبر w. 172. s. 1-0.	1.F. A.S.B

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1017	Patna	1041-5 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	As on No. 1013, but o to left of پتنه and خورداد w. 152 (worn).	As on No. 1013, but
1018	"	1042-5 Amar- dád	امرداد W. 172. S. .95.	1 • 1 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1019	,,	Shahré- war	., شهريور W. 172.),
1020	,,	Mihr	,, ,,,	31
			W. 176. S. ·9.	A.S.B.
1021	,,	1042-6	Kalima in square. Margin as on No. 838. 1.**r in left margin. W. 175. S95.	As on No. 839, but square area. ب in right margin. بند الله in left margin. A.S.B. Pl.
1022	,,	1047-	W. 168.	ı. over جُمْ in area.
			S. ⋅85.	A.S.B.
1023 1/2	,,	-12	Date wanting. W. 87.	ור over ج"אוני
			S. ·65.	A.S.B.
1024 1025	13	-15	,, ₩. 175. S. ·8.	(1025) A.S.B.
1026	,,	-17	W . 172. S . ⋅85.	" 1 V

-	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1027	Patna	-18	As on No. 1023. W. 175.	As on No. 1021, but in over la
	1028	,,	-19	 W. 175.	,, but ۱۹ over جہان
	1029	••	-23	w . 175.	جهان" of جهان" rr in
	1030	••	-26	., ₩. 176. s. ·8.	 73 A.S.B.
	1031	,,	-30	w. 170.	,,, ,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	1032	Qanda- hár	1049-	Kalima in square. 1.49 in lower left corner. Margin as on No. 838. W. 177. S. ·8.	As on No. 839, but square area. الجهان of جهان in left margin. مرب فندهار A.S.B.
	1033	, , ,	1049-	 W. 173.	ir
	1034	,,,	-14	Date wanting. W. 173.	1 ic
	1035	,,	-15	w . 175.	10
	1036 1037		1057-20		· ·
	1038	,,	1057-	S85. M. 4 in J of June	(1037) A.S.B.
			21	رسول of ما ال w. 175.	A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1039	Súrat	1038– aḥd	In dotted border Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب سورت سنة ۱۰۳۸ هجر	In dotted border. As on No. 837, but سنة احد
			W. 177. S. ∙7.	Pl.
1040 1/2	,,	aḥd	Last line wanting. W. 90. S. ·7.) ;
1041 1042	"	1038-2	As on No. 1039. W. 176-175. S9.	but r نسنة (1042) A.S.B.
1043	"	1040-	₩. 167. S . ·75.	Regnal year wanting. A.S.B.
1044	,,	1041-	", 1.۴1 W. 175. S. ⋅8.	,, A.S.B.
1045 1046	,,	1044-7	Kalima in square. Margin as on No. 838. 1. ** in left margin. v in area.	As on No. 839, but square area. فرب سورت in left margin.
			₩. 175.5. \$9.	(1045) A.S.B.
1047	"	1045-8	w. 149 (worn).	2)
1048	,,	1046-9	S8.	"
			W. 143 (clipped). S. ·7.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 1049	Súrat	1046-	As on No. 1045, but	As on No. 1045.
	1			W. 175. S. ⋅85.	
	1050	**	1048- 12	but only 1.5% in left margin. W. 174. S. ·8.	ir over in right margin. A.S.B.
	1051	,,	1049- 13	 (ea W. 175.	,, IF
	1052 1053		1054- 17	S. ⋅875.	but to in lower right corner of area.
	1054		105	S. ⋅85.	(1053) A.S.B.
		!	;	W. 174.	
	10 55	,.	-19	but date wanting. W. 86.	19
	1056		-20	S. -65. W. 176 S. -9.	r.
	1057 1058	1 "	1057-	Kalima in lozenge. Margin as on No. 838. Lov over وعدل in margin.	As on No. 839, but جما below جما نصرت سورت in margin to
			1	W . 174–173. S . ·9.	(1057) A.S.B.
	1059	"	1058-	Kalima in square. Margin as on No. 838. Lea in left margin.	As on No. 1052, but
			1	W. 173. S. -85.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1060 1061	Súrat	1059-	As on No. 1059, but	As on No. 1052, but
			W. 176–173.	(1060) A.S.B.
1062	"	1061-	", 1.11 W. 175.	4.te
1063	,,	1062-	", ₩. 174.)) 70
1064	,,	106	,, 	,, P4
1065	,,	1063-	W. 175.	,, rv
1066	"	1064-	W. 143 (clipped). S. ·7.	", rv
1067	"	1066-	W. 175. S. ·85.	A.S.B.
			W. 176. S. ⋅9.	A.S.B.
1068	19	30	₩, 176. S. ·875.	r. A.S.B.
1069	"	1067-	Kalima in circle. Margin as on No. 838. محدی voer بصدی w. 170. s05.	but circular area.

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	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 1070 1	Tatta	1043-6 Ábán	Kalima in three lines.	As on No. 837, but ۱.۶۳ above شماب of شهاب
				ب ضر ۲ نده الهم ابانهاد	
				W. 175.5. S. .8.	
	1071		1044-7 Tír	پير – ۷	1 · Je ^j e
	!			W. 163. S. ⋅8.	
	1072	**	1049- 12 Ardí-	اردی بهشت ۱۲ W. 175.	1.159
	1		bihisht	S. ·8.	A.S.B.
	1073	,,	1051-	 Month wanting.	1.01
				W. 175. S. ⋅75.	
	1074		1056- 19 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	 حورداد – ۱۱ W. 175.	1.01
	1075 1076	**	1057-	Month wanting.	', 1 - 0 v
	1			W. 174–165 (worn). S. ·8–·75.	(1077) 407
	1077	**	1062-	 *1	(1075) A.S.B.
				W . 174. S . √75.	A.S.B.
	1078	"	1063-	 	.,
	;		1	W. 167.	1.47

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 7464, where the mint has been mistaken for Patna.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1079	Tatta	1063-27	As on No. 1075, but	As on No. 1078. Dehli A.S.B	
1080	,,,	1066- 29 Ábán	ابانهاً: ۲۹ رسول Of رسول M. 45 in	", "(sic)	
			₩ . 177. S . ·8.	A.S.B Pl.	
1081	3 •	1068-	Month wanting. M. 45.	٠٢٠ ١	
			W . 176.	A.S.B.	
1082	"	1069-	"; M. 45.	1.79	
			W . 174. S . ∙775.	A.S.B.	
1083	,,	1069-	,, mm	,,	
			W. 167. S. ⋅8.	Pl.	
1084 1085	Ujjain Town (Újjain on coins)	1039-2	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضر بلدة اوجين ۱۰۳۹	بادشاہ غازے قران ثانی r شاہ جہان حـــب شہا الدین محمد صا	
			سنه Flo w ered field.	ب	
			W . 177–169. S . ⋅85.	(1084) A.S.B. Pl.	
1086	Zafar- nagar	-3 Far- wardí	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ظفرنگر ماه فرور [الهم] ت	As on No. 837, but 1 (sic) in place of date.	
1			دى سنة W . 176. S 875.	Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obycise	Reverse
SILVER	1087	Zafar- nagar	-5 Ardi- bihisht	As on No. 1086, but ه اردی بهشت – ه W. 175.	As on No. 1086, but no date legible.
	1088	3 7	1043-	Kalima in square. 127 (sic) in lower left corner. W. 175. S. •875.	As on No. 839, but square area. in bottom inargin. No regnal year. Pl.
			ı	Mint nam	
	1089	_	1038-	لا الد الا الله محمد محمد محمد مرسول الله ضرب مرب	شهاب الدين محمد صاحب قران ^{دا} يي شـــــــــــــــاه جهان بادشاه
	1090 1/2		1043-	Kalima in square. 1.47 in lower left corner. Margins as on No. 838. but fragmentary	As on No. 839, but square area. Fragmentary marginal legend.
	1			W. 74. S. -7.	A.S.B.
	10911		1017-	and partly in left margin	Regnal year wanting.
				W. 176 S. -85.	
	1092		- 13	Date wanting W. 175. S85.	بان over جہاں Possibly of Patna mint. Cf. No. 1023 supra.

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 11097, assigned to Khanbayat. The left margin is, however, much too blurred to be read. The type is rather that of the Akbarnagar com. Cf. No. 915 supra.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1093		1054-	As on No. 1090, but dotted square.	As on No. 1090, but regnal year wanting.
:			W. 175.	A.S.B.
1094 1		1056-	1.01 in lower left corner of area.	جهان of ن ۱۹ in
		! !	₩. 168. S. ·8.	
1095	_	1056-20	r. over کمد 1.01 in lower left corner. Probably of Daulatábád mint. Cf. No. 941.	but no regnal year.
			W. 175.	A,S.B.
1096		-20	but dates wanting.	r. under 👸 in area.
			W. 88. S. ⋅65.	
1097	_	1058-	w. 176. S. ·8.	Probably of Súrat mint. Cf. No. 1059 supra.
1098		-23	Date wanting. W. 88.	77
1099		1064- 28	S65. "" "" " ne partly in left margin and partly in area.	ra over اث in upper line of area.
		1	W. 176. S. ⋅8.	I
1100		, ,,		in minut "
			w. 175.	A.S.B.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ I.M.C., No. 7502. The coin is probably of Multán, but the left margin is entirely absent.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse .	Reverse
SILVER	A? 1101	-	1068-	As on No. 1069, but	As on No. 1069. Almost certainly of the Surat mint.
	1102		1069-	Kalima in square. 1.19 in left margin. W. 178. S. 85.	As on No. 839, but square area. rr over the in second line of area. A.S.B.
	1103		- 32	Date wanting. W. 168.	Pl. جہان of "جہان" A.S.R.
	1104	-	71	but dotted square. W. 172. S. .85.	but dotted square and rr under & in second line of area.
	1105	_		Kalima in three lines. Below ضرت W. 46. S55.	صاحب قران ثا
COPPER	Æ 1106	Akbar- ábád		شاه جهان فلوس W. 37. S. .45.	اکبراناد ن ضر
	1107	Bairát	1037	 ₩. 307·7. \$. ·8.	ىىراك ب ضر ١٠٣٧
	1108	77	1048	نے مران حب صا تا	but 1.18A
				The three alifs are elongated. W. 321. S. 8.	A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1109	Dehlí	1051?	شاہ جہانے فلوس سنة ١٠٥١ ع		COPPER
1110	Lakhnau (Luck- now)	- 5	W. 37.5. S. .45. بادشاه غازے شاه جہاں	 سنة لکهنو ب ضر	
1111	2)	104	W. 610. S. 1·1. As on No. 1106. W. 309·5. S. ·85.	Flowered field. Pl. but 1.4- in top line.	
1112	Nárnol		₩. 40. S. ·45.	نا]رنول ب [ضر] A.S.B.	
1113 1114 sq.	Újjain		پها هائ W. 103. S. •55.	اوجین نب ضر M. 46 on one. A.S.B. Pl.	

MURÁD BAKHSH

А. н. 1068.

А. р. 1658.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	, Ohverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 1115	Alımad- ábád		Kalima in square. Margins Right [المحتق التي بكر] Bottom [المحتق عدل عمر] Left بازرم عنمان Top علم ١٠٠٠ على ٣. 175.	In square رادشاء غازے محمد مرادبحش **Margins** ابو المظفر Bight مزوج الدین Bottom ضرب احمداناد Top
	1116	Khan- báyat (Cambay)	.,	Right and bottom margins only distinct.	but ضرب کہنیات in left margin.
	1117	,		but marginal legend commences with the bottom margin. 1.14 in right margin. W. 160 (worn). S85.	In square غازی مراد ^ن خش باد مراد ^ن خش باد المظفر ج Hargins البن مزو الدبن Bottom الدبن كهنيانت Top
	1118 1119	Súrat	Far- wardin	As on No. 1115. W. 177-174. S9.	In square, as on No. 1115. Margins Left صرب سورب Top ماه الهي سنة احد مور [دس] ماه الهي سنة احد (1118) Pl.

VI AURANGZÉB 'ÁLAMGÍR

А. н. 1068-1118.

A.D. 1658-1707.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
A/ 1120	Aḥsan- ábád	1115-48	عالمگیر اورنگوزی شرخو مهر منبر زد چو مهر منبر در جهان در جهان نگ ۱۱۱۰ in پ	مانوس میمنت میمنت سنة جلوس ضرب ضرب [اح]سن اباد
1121	Akbar- nagar	-13	بادشاه غازے زیب بہادر عالم [گیر] نگ الدین محمد اور محے ابو الظفر بابو الظفر W. 169.	جلوس مبهنت مانوس ۱۳ سنة ضرب آكبرنگر P1.
11221	Allah- ábád	1099-	As on No. 1120, but 1.99 W. 170.5. S83.	As on No. 1120, but re and العاباد
1123	Aurang- ábád	1070-3	As on No. 1120, but ۱.۰۰. to left of جهان W . 168. S 85.	Pl. اورنگاباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جاوس سنة جاوس سنة A.S.B. Pl.
1124	"	1093- 27 (sic)	As on No. 1120, but 1.97 W. 169. S8.	As on No. 1120, but rv – اورنگاباد

 $^{^{1}}$ I.M.C., No. 10844, where the mint is given as Akbarábád.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	N 1125	Bíjápúr Dáru-z- zafar	1104-36	As on No. 1120, but (Looped.) S. ·8.	مانوس مبمنت جلوس دار الظفر ۳۱ ضرب بیجاپور
	1126		1106-		", r9 <i>A.S.B.</i>
	1127	,,	1116-	W. 167.);))
	1128	Etáwa Kábul	1109- 41 (108)2 -15	W. 168.3. S. •86. As on No. 1120, but المالة الم	جلوس مبمنت ۴۱ سنة مانوس ضرب اتاوه Pl
			-15	سبر 170. w. 170. s. ⋅8.	میمنت مانوس ۱۵ ضرب کابل PJ.
	1130	Khan- báyat (Cambay)	1074-7	As on No. 1120, but the over the in bottom line. W. 169. S825.	مانوس میمنت جلوس سنة ضرب کهنمایت کهنایت سنه ۹ جلوس
	1131	3 2	1077-9	W. 170. S. •75.	but سنة و'جلوس A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A' 1132 1	Khujista- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	-32	As on No. 1120, but date wanting. W. 169. S82.	As on No. 1120, but ۳۲ – خجستهبنیاد	GOL
1133	,,	-37	Traces of dotted border. W. 166.5. S85.	" "	
1134	,,	1110- 42	As on No. 1120, but 111. No border. W. 167. S. ·8.	,, er A.S.B.	
1135	,,	1115– 47	" " W. 168.	», 1 [€] ∨	
1136	Kulbarga	1097-30	As on No. 1120, but 1.9v Traces of dotted border. W. 170. S86.	As on No. 1120, but ۳۰-کلبرگه Pl.	
1137	Multán	1112-44	As on No. 1120, but 1117 W. 167.5. S8.	As on No. 1120, but ملتان – ۴۴	
1138	Patna	-8	As on No. 1120, but date wanting. W. 170. S7.	As on No. 1120, but م-دنتي	
1139	Sháhja- hánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1070-3	In dotted border. As on No. 1120, but الله in lower line. w. 169. s. 1.0.	In dotted border فق جها اباد دار لغلا شاهن ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة شنة	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 1140	Sháhja- hánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1073-5	As on No. 1120, but 1.v. W. 167. S95.	As on No. 1139, but
	1141	,,	1073-6	 W. 169. S. ∙95.	y, Y
	1142		-12	As on No. 1120, but بدر for مهر No date. 7-rayed stars in منگ and to left of سکه	Probably struck from a silver die.
				₩. 168. s. ·8.	
	1143	,,	1082-	As on No. 1120, but W. 168. S9.	ا ن '،
	1144	,,	1099-	 ₩. 168. S. -8.	F1
	1145	,	1107-40	W. 168. S. ⋅8.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	1146	Sholápúr	1081- 15(sic)	As on No. 1120, but Traces of dotted border.	سنة ١٥ جلوس مست مادوس ضر
			 	W. 170, S. -8.	مادوس ضر ب شولاېور A.S.B. PI.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A' 1147	Súrat	1074-6	As on No. 1120, but 1.ve to left of Starred field. W. 170. S. ·85.	سنة جلوس مبمنت مانوس سورت ضرب Starred field.	GOLD
1148	'n	1075-7	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	", * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
1149	13	1077-3	,, 1.vv	"	
1150	"	1097-29	S. ·75. but · · · · · · in ﴿	مانوس میمنت ۲۹ سنة جلوس ضرب سورت	
1151	11	1098-	₩. 171. S. .82.	سورت ". ۳۰	
1152 ·	"	: 11 42		,, Pr	
1153	Ujjain Dáru-l- fatḥ	1073-	S. ⋅85. but 1 ⋅ √r under ऒ W. 170. S. ⋅725.	دار الفتع اجين ب مانوس ضر مينت مينت	
				Pl.	•

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
GOLD	X 1154 1	}	7	Mint name absent In square In square		
				ز عالم البر	مانوس	
				بيٰ	مبهنت ا	
				یت اورنگ شاه	جلوس	
				Margins	Margins	
				Right مكه زد	ضرب Top	
				Bottom در جهان Rest wanting.	Rest	
				W. 169. S. ∙775.	: :	
	1154 (a)	1	3	As on No. 1120, but در	مادوس	
			1	W. 171. S. ⋅75.	مادوس میمنت جلوس دار الـ	
				2. 10.	A.S.B.	
	$1154^{2} \ (b)$	3	-29	As on No. 1120, but الله for در in last line.	but "ra	
				W. 164·5. S. ·7.	سنة جلوس شهش ?	
SILVER	Æ				Pl.	
SINAFF	1155	Aḥmad- ábád	1072-	As on No. 1120, but ۱.vr over بدر and بدر	As on No. 1150, but	
				W. 175. S. 875.	احمداباد - ۴	
	1156	"	1074-6	,, 1. v/e	2)	
				W. 175. S. ⋅85.	1	
	1157	,,	1075-7	."	31	
				1.40	v	
				W. 174. S. ⋅875.		
	1158	,,	1085- 17		,,,	
				W. 175⋅5. S. ⋅75.	ív	

<sup>Probably a coin of Júnagarh, cf. No. 1367.
This is I.M.C., No. 10842. It is not a coin of Shahjahanabad.</sup>

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1159	Aḥmad- ábád	1086-	As on No. 1155, but W. 176. S. 9.	As on No. 1155. Regnal year wanting. Traces of dotted border. A.S.B.
1160	,,	1087- 19	₩. 175.	,, 19 No border.
1161	,,	1091-23	₩. 176. S. ·9.	rr A.S.B.
1162	"	1099-	but ۱۰۹۹ to left of جہان w. 175.	" "
1163	"	1102- 34	s. ⋅95. but (1.1 in €.) w. 177⋅5.	Pl.
1164	,,,	1109-	S. ·95. W. 178. S. ·95.	te —
1165 1166	Aḥmad- nagar	10928	انگ but ra in نگ W. 175–174. S. .95–.85.	but عدنگر – سنة – ۱.۹ (1165) Bhandára C.P. (1166) A.S.B.
1167	,,	1098-	but 1.94 under (i) W. 176. S. .9.	but "
1168	,,	1108-40	but 11.4 to left of w. 176.7.	,, te.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	AR 1169	Aḥmad- nagar	1115-	As on No. 1168, but	1	
			! !	W. 177. S. ∙95.		
	1170	Ajmér Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1097-		دار لخير اجمر ضر <i>ب</i> مبهنت مادوس جلوس ۳۰	
	!		1	W. 177. S. ⋅85.	جلوس ۳۰ 	
	1171	**	1099- ; 32	1.31	in a	
		1		W. 177·5. s. ·8.	!	
	1172		1102- 34	11.4	inie 11	
		!	:	W. 177. S. ⋅875.		
	1173	ļ ,,	1106- 38	11.4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	1174	1	1109-	W. 178.		
			41	₩. 177. S. •9.	bl a	
	1175	1,	1111- 44	., 1111	 	•
				W. 176. S. ∙95.		
	1176	, 1) 	1117-	 	; , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
			1	W. 175-4. S. -9.		
	1177	1 12	1118-	1 1137	, , ,	
			:	W. 174-5. S. 88	سنة	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1178	Akbar- ábád	1071-3	In square بادشاه غازے شاه عالمگیر Margins ابو الظفر Top محی الدین محمد Right اورنگزیب بہادر سنة ۱۰۰۱ W. 174.	In square اکبراباد ضرب Margins Bottom r سنة جلوس Left جلوس ميمنت Right مانوس	SILVER
1179	٠,	1071-4	S. ⋅9. W. 173. S. ⋅9.	" A.S.B.	
1180	,,	1074-6		,, ,,	
1181	»;	1087- 19	W. 176.	15	
1182	,,	1089- 22	S. ⋅825.	,,,	
1183	"	1095-	S. ⋅9.	,, ra	
1184	, Mustaqir- ru-l- <u>kh</u> i- láfat	1096-29	S9. As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر اد منیر W. 175. S9.	A.S.B اكبراباد مستقر لخلافة ضرب ميمنت مانوس جلوس ٢٩	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	$\mathbf{Reverse}$
SILVER	AR 1185	Akbar- ábád Mustaqir- ru-l- <u>kh</u> i- lófat	1097-29	As on No. 1184, but 1.9v W. 175. S9.	As on No. 1184.
	1186	,	1098-31	بران but ۱۰۹۸ to left of W. 174. S. 1-1.	اكبراباد ضرب مستقر لحلافة مبمنت جلوس مانوس ۳۱ Pl.
	1187	,,	1101-34	Traces of dotted border. W. 175. S. 1.2.	 rre Traces of dotted border.
	1188	,,	-41	Date wanting. M. 47 in 近 W. 175.	۶ _۲ ۱
	1189	,,	-43	M. 47. " W. 173. S. ⋅95.	" fr
	1190)	1111- 44	,, M. 47. W. 177. S. ⋅87.	ሉ ሉ ,,
	1191);	1113- 45	M. 47. W. 175-2. S9.	,, Fo

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A 1192	Akbar- ábád Mustaqir- ru-l-khi- láfat	1113- 45	As on No. 1191, but sixpetalled flower in w. 177.	As on No. 1191.	SILVER
1193 1194	17	,,	but m. 48 in 🕉	"	
			W. 176–175. S. ⋅85– ⋅9.	(1193) A.S.B. (1194) Bhandára C.P.	
1195	,,	1114- 47	M. 48.	15 Ye v	
			W. 176⋅8. S. ⋅91.		
1196 1197	,,	1116- 48	M. 48.	f _E V	
			W . 177–176·3. S . ·9.	(1196) A.S.B.	
1198	,,	1116- 49	M. 48. " W. 175.	17 10 q	
1199	Akbar- nagar	1070-3	As on No. 1120 (مهر), but no date.	جلوس میمنت	
			W. 158 (worn). S. ⋅8.	جلوس میمنت مانوس ۳ سنة ضرب اکبرنگر ۱۰۷۰	
				البرنكر ١٠٧٠ Regnal year in curve of	·
1200	١,	1072-4	,, W. 174.	1 . vr — te	
			S. ∙825.	Bhandára C.P. Pl.	
1201	,,	1072-5		[1.v]r-o	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A 1202	Akbar- nagar	-11	As on No. 1199. W. 168. S75.	As on No. 1199, but Hijra date wanting.
	1203	,,	1081-	W. 175.	A.S.B. ,, [1.]∧1 − 1 r
	1204	,,	1082-	S. ⋅8. W. 177.). ! !
	1205	, ,,	-21	S. ⋅8 W. 178.	,, ; 1
	1206	**	-22	S. •75.	Hijra date wanting.
	1207 1208	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1090- 23	w. 177. ,, w. 178–177.	 [1.]9.— rr
	1209	, ,,	1092- 25	W. 176-5.	(1207) A.S.B.
	1210	,,	1094-	S. ·75. w. 177.	1. 194 - 79
	1211 1212	· **	1095- 27		[1.9]0-rv
	1213 1214		109 6 –	w. 178-177 s. ⋅858.	(1211) $A.S.B.$
	1215	,.	-29		(1213) A.S.B. (1214) Bhandára C.P.
				W . 177 S 8.	rs Hijra date wanting.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1216	Akbar- nagar	1098-	As on No. 1199. W. 176. S. ·8.	As on No. 1199, but
1217	17	1098-	w. 178.	1.94-11
1218	; 37	-32	₩. 1 77. S. ·9.	 Fr Hijra date wanting. Bhandára C.P.
1219	••	1100-	W. 178. S. .9.	;; !!rr
220	•;	1101- 34	w. 178. s. ⋅85.	[11]." - rrc A.S.B.
1221	,,	1102- 34	w. 177.	[111]r - me Bhandára C.P.
1222	,,	1104– 36	W. 180. S. ·85.	[11.]e-r1
1223 1224	,,	1105- 38	w. 177–170. s. ·8.	(1224) A.S.B.
1225	"	-39	w . 177.	 ri Hijra date wanting.
1226	,,	1110- 42	but substituting مهر for مهر	111.—*r
,			W. 177. S. ⋅8.	Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1227	Akbar- nagar	-43	As on No. 1226. W. 178.	As on No. 1199, but
1228 1229	,,	1112-	,, ₩. 177–175·4.	" (1228) A.S.B.
1230	,,	1113- 45	" W. 176. S. ⋅8.	"," "-Fo Bhandára C.P.
1231	,,	1114- 47	", but المنبر to left of منبر W. 169.5. S. .85.	مانوس میمنت ۴۷ سنة جلوس ضرب اکبرنگر
1232	"	1116- 48	., 1⊦11 W. 179.5,	۲°,
1233	'Álamgír- púr	1076-	As on No. 1120, substi- ting مهر for مدر نگ under نگ	Pl. عالم گبردور ب مانوس ضر میمنت جلوس
1234	",	1095-28	but 1.90 in L;	جاوس Pl. As on No. 1231, but عالم كمر بور – ٢٨
1235	,.	1095-29	w. 176.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1236	,,	1099-		31
	No. AR 1227 1228 1229 1230 1231 1232	No. Milit R 1227 Akbarnagar 1228	No. Mint Date AR 1227 Akbarnagar -43 1228 " 1112-44 1230 " 1113-45 1231 " 1114-47 1232 " 1116-48 1233 'Alamgir-pur 1076-28 1234 " 1095-28 1235 " 1095-29	No. Mint Date System R 1227 Akbarnagar -43 As on No. 1226. W. 178. W. 178. W. 177-175.4. 1230 " 1113-4 " 45 W. 176. S. 8. 1231 " 1114-47 but

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1237	'Álamgír- púr	1104-	As on No. 1233, but 11.8 W. 177. S85.	As on No. 1234, but	SILVER
1238	,,	1106-	₩. 178·5. S. ·85.	جلوس 'سنة ۳۸ but	
1239	,,,	-47	but no date." W. 178. S9.	سنة ۴۰ جلوس but	
1240	,,	-48	w. 177. s. ∙9.	جلوس سنة ۴۸ but جلوس	
1241	91	-49	 W. 178. S. ∙85.	,, ,, ,,, ,,, ,,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
1242	,,	1112 !	but الله (sic) in نگ W. 177. S. .9.)· - - -	
1243	Allah- ábád Town	1072-4	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۰۶ to left of جهان W. 175. S. -85.	بلدة الهاباد ضرب ميهنت مانوس جلوس ۴ سنة سنة Bhandára C.F	
1244 WRIGI	Aurang- ábád	1072-	As on No. 1120, but نگ ۱.vr in نگ Traces of dotted border. W . 174. S . •9.	اورذَگاباد ب مانوس ضر مبمنت مبمنت مبدنت الله	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 1245	Aurang- ábád	1074-6	As on No. 1244, but 1.v. W. 173. S875.	As on No. 1244, but علوس to right of سنة Ságar C.P.
	1246 1247	,,	1076-8	 1.√1 W . 175·5–175. S . ·875.	,, (1247) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	12481	,,	1093-26	Traces of dotted border. W. 176. S. ·9.	مانوس میمنت ۲۲ سنة جلوس ضرب فرب اورنگاباد Traces of dotted border.
	1249		1094	W. 176. S. .9.	Pl.
	1250	,	1098-	₩. 170.5. S85.	" "
	125	'Azím- ábád	1117-50	No border visible. W. 163. S85.	ه . ه مانوس سنة مينت الاد جلوس عظم ضرب
	1252	2	1118-	W. 175. S. ·875.	" °1 Pl.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This is I.M.C., No. 7280, where the mint name is wrongly given as Ahmadábád.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1253	Barélí (Bareilly)	1101- 33	As on No. 1120, but بدر in place of مهرر	مانو <i>س</i> میمنت ۳۳۰	SILVER
			W. 175. S. .875.	میمنت ۳۳ سنة جلوس ضرب بربلی	
1254	,,	1103- 35	W. 176. S. ·85.	 ro	
1255	,,	1107- 40	,, 11.√ W. 175. S. ∙95.	łe. ''	
1256	,,	1109- 41	but 11.9 in L	} c (
1257	,,	1110- 42	S. ·9.	73 Ye F	
1258	,,	1110- 43	S. ·9. W. 173.)) 10	
1259	,,	1113- 45	,. 1111° W. 175.	A.S.E ,, 40	•
1260	,,	1113- 46	S. ·9.	le : ,,	
1261 1262	,,	1115- 48	S. ∙95.); } ^c ^	
			W. 177–175. S. ⋅9.	(1261) A.S.I P	3 . l.

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	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1263	Barélí	1116-	As on No. 1253, but	As on No. 1253, but
				W. 175. S. ∙975.	
	1264	,, ;	1117-	,, 1114 W. 174.	" *1
	1265		1118- 51	S. ·95.)) 01
				W. 175⋅5. s. ⋅93.	C1
	1266	Bhakkar	1071-3	منىر حو مهر ١٠٧١	زېب اورنگ شيساه
				زد در جهان اسبکخ ضرب بهکر	عالم گبر ۳ عالم گبر ۳
				₩. 175. S. -85.	
	1267	,.	1073-5	 v. 163 (worn).	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1268		1076-8	,, I.vy	,,,
		1	ı	W. 176. S. ⋅85.	Pl.
	1269	Bíjápúr Dáru-z- zafar	-30	As on No. 1120, but بدر in place of مهر No date. Traces of dotted border.	جلوس سس میمنت مادو
				W. 170. S. ⋅925.	سنة ٣٠ الطفــر دار بم ج ابور
				1	ن به بور ن ضر
			*		ASR

A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1270	Bíjápúr <i>Dárv-z-</i> zafar	1101-	As on No. 1269, but 11.1 in 5 No border. W. 175. S9.	SILVER مانوس میمنت جلوس دار الظفر میمنت جلوس دار الظفر میمنت جلوس دار الظفر میمنت جلوس دار الظفر جست جلوس دار الظفر عیمارور
1271		1103- 36	,, F1-1"	Bhandára C.P.
1272	.,	1104- 36	₩. 175.	,,
1273	27	1105- 37	S. -9.	Bhandára C.P.
1274	,,	1106- 38	W. 175. S. ⋅85.	A.S.B.
1275	,,	1108-	W. 176. S. ⋅9.); }¢.
1276	*,	110	W. 175.	Bhandár a C.P.
1277		41	₩, 175.	Ságar C.P.
	"	111	" 111- W. 175.	iev
1278	"	1116-48	,, 11113 ₩. 175. S. •9.	۰, ۴۸ Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1279	Burhán- púr	-30	As on No. 1120, but جو ندر منیر No date.	مانوس میمنت ۳.
	1280	13	1099-	W. 175. S. .85.	میمنت ۳. سنة جلوس ضرب برهانبور ,,
		1	31	but = to left of W. 177. S. 9.	r i
	1281		1100-	but 11 under 5.3 W. 176. S. ·8.	., ,,
	1282	,,	1101-33	but 11.1 in 5. W. 175. S. 875.	ш .
	1283	,,	1103- 36	but [11.]r to left of קאלט W. 176. S. 9.),),
	1284	,	1108-40	₩. 178. S9.	۴.
	1285	,,,	1109~	but 11.3 in 5; W. 175. S. .9.	,, 4.L
	1286	,.	1112-44	,, 111r W. 178. S. ⋅85	ъ.к.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1287	Burhán- púr	1114- 46	As on No. 1285, but 1119 W. 179. S92.	As on No. 1279, but	SILVER
1288	,,	1114-	₩. 176. \$. ·9.	.,	
1289	,,	1115- 47	" ₩. 176. \$. •95.)	
1290	•,	1116- 48	", (1111 W. 178.	۴. ^۷	
1291	"	1117- 49	S. ⋅9.	ied	
1292	Chíná- patan (Madrás)	-40	S. ·9. As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منیر No date visible. W. 178.	As on No. 1279, but ۴. – جيناپتن	
1293	,,	-41	S. ⋅95. W. 177. S. ⋅85.	., *1 Súgar.	
1294	,,,	-42	w . 176. s . ·875.	,, ,er	
1295		-49	w. 178. S. ∙9.	1e d	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1296	Chíná- patan	-51	As on No. 1292. W. 177. S. .9.	As on No. 1292, but
	1297	Élichpúr	1117- 49	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر نگ in نگ W. 176. S. .95.	As on No. 1279, but ایلچپور – ۴۹ Pl.
	1298	Etáwa	1098-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر نگ ۱۰۹۸ in W. 177. S. ·85.	مانوس مبعنت ۳- سنة جلوس ضرب اتاوة
	1299	,,,	1099- 31	 W. 171.	,, ri
	1300		1099- 32	W. 176·5. S. 1·0.	Thána, Bombay.
	1301		1100- 32	,, 11 W. 175.	,,
	1302 1303	',	1102- 35	S. 1·1.	,, ro
	1304 1305		1103- 35	S. 1-1,	(1302) A.S.B.
	1306	,,	1103_ 36	W. 176–175. S. 1·1. W. 176 S. 1·1.	(1305) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1307	Etáwa	1104-36	As on No. 1298, but	As on No. 1298, but
1308	"	1106-	₩, 171.	", A.S.B.
1309 1310	"	1107-39	", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", "	,, mg
1311	"	1107-	S. 1·05. ,, W. 175.	(1310) A.S.B.
1312	311	1108-40	S. 1.05.	•,
1313	,,	1108-	W. 174. ,, W. 175.	/e 1
1314	"	1109-		,,
1315	Etáwá	1109-	S. 1·1. W. 175. S. 1·05.	Pl. but اتاوا – ۴۲
1316	"	1110-42	w. 175.	Pl. "Fr Traces of dotted border.
1317	,,	1110-43	S. 1·0. W. 169. S. ·95.	No border.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Ob v erse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1318 1319	Etáwá	1111-	As on No. 1298, but	As on No. 1317.
				W. 175. S. 1·0.	(1319) A.S.B.
	1320	,,	1111-	Traces of dotted border. W. 175.5.	<i>l</i> е <i>l</i> е >,
	1321 1322	••	1112-	S. ·95.	1 3
				W. 175. S. ∙95.	(1322) A.S.B.
	1323	11	1112- 45	W. 176·7. S. ·95.	۴۰
	1324	,,	1113- 45		,,,
	1325	••,	1113- 46	S. -95. W. 174.	 \c ₄
	1326	,,	1114-46	11114	,
	1327	,,,	1111-47	W. 177.5.	,. ,,
	1328		1115 <u>-</u>	S. ∙9. !![e	., ,,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1329	Etáwá	1116- 48	As on No. 1298, but 1111 W. 177-8.	As on No. 1328.
1330	,,	1116- 49	S. ⋅9. W. 175. S. ⋅95.	but #1
1331	٠,	1117- 49	,, (11√ W. 175. S. 1·0.	,,
1332	,,	1117 <u>–</u> 50	w. 176. s 9.	,, o.
1333	••	1118- 50	", W. 175. S. ∙95.	"
1334	,,	1118- 51	w. 175. s. ∙91.	01
1335	Gulkanda (Gol- conda)	1069 aḥd	بادشاہ غازے بہادر عالمگیر ۱۰۲۹ زیب محمد اورنگ س. 178. S. ·8.	گلکنده ضرب سنة احد جلوس میمنت مانوس Traces of dotted border. A.S.B. Pl.
1336	22	-3	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منیر Date wanting. Star in نگی W. 175. S. -85.	As on No. 1298, but الكنده – كلكنده M. 45 over جاوس of

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1337 1338	Gulkanda	1071-4	As on No. 1336, but ۱۰۷۱ to left of جهان W. 178–175. S. -85.	As on No. 1336, but F No mark over (1337) A.S.B.
	1339	,,	1071 (sic)-6	[۱۰] ۱۰ to left of جہاں w . 176. s 85.	יי, ד
	1340	,,	-12	Date wanting. M. 49 in iii w. 175.7. s8.	" ()*
	1341	,,	-13	w . 177. s . ·83.	,, 17"
	1342 1343		1076 (sic)-15	to left of سکتا ۱۰۷۱ to left of جہاں Dotted border. W. 177–175.	M. 45 over E Dotted border. (1342) A.S.B.
	1344	,,	1076 (sic)-17	W. 177. S. .85.	Pl. ,, 1× A.S.B.
	134	5	1076 (sic)-18	W. 175. S. ·9.	
	134	6 .,	-19	Hijra date wanting.	13
	134	.,	-23	w. 175. s. ·85.	i ii

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1348	Gulkanda	-25	As on No. 1346. W. 174.	As on No. 1342, but
			S. ∙85.	A.S.B.
1349	,.	-26	w. 178. s. ⋅825.	,, r 1 A.S.B.
1350	77	-27	₩. 176. S. .85.	" 『Y
1351	3,	-29	W. 175. S. .85.	77 F 5
1352	Haidar- ábád Dáru-l- jihád	1100-33	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منیر در جهان ۱۱۰۰ over س. 176. ع. ۰9.	جلوس میمنت دار للجهاد مانوس ضرب ۳۳ حیدراباد
				Pl.
135 3		1107-39	but 11.0 under نگ W. 164 (worn). S. .95.	but ra under "جها
1354	,,	1112-44	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	le le
			W. 176. S. ⋅9.	A.S.B.
1355	Islám- ábád	1094-27	As on No. 1298, but جو بدر منیر نگ ۱.۹۴ in	As on No. 1298, but rv – ועל חווי
			W. 176. S. .85.	Bhandára C.P.

-	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 1356	Jahángír- nagar	1081-	In square عالمُگیر ۱۰۸۱	In square جلوس ۱۴ سنة
				یب شاه اورنگ ز Margin Lower در جهان Rest wanting. W. 175. S. .8.	Margins Left میمنت Top مانوس Right Bottom جهانگیرنگر
	1357		1092- 24	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منیر منبر ۱۰۹۲ to left of W. 175. S. •8.	مانوس مىمنت ۲۴ جلوس سنة ضرب ضرب جهانگيرنگر
	1358	37	-30	but date wanting. W. 174. S. -8.	،' ۳. but سنة جلوس
	1359	,,	1100-	ر. منمر to left of w. 176.	,. ~~
	1360	,,	1102-34	W. 178-3. S. -9.	Bhandáru C.P. rr
	1361	,,,	1107- 39	,, 	71
	1362	,,	1108- 40	 11.4 W. 176.	" *
				S. .875.	Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1363	Jahángír- nagar	1109-	As on No. 1357, but	As on No. 1357, but
			W. 175. S. ⋅85.	Ságar.
1364	,,	1112- 44	"" 1111 W. 177.	keke ''
1365	17	1114-46	but االه in فَكُ w. 177. s. .95.	ie.4
1366	"	48	but date wanting. W. 180. S. ·86.), FA
1367	Júnagadh	?1074— 5	In square عالمگیر زیب اورنگ شاه Margins Left چو بدر منیر Top اینک Rest Top اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک اینک	In square مانوس ميمنت جلوس جلوس Adargins Top صرب Right جونه Bottom [آلده] Left ه
1368	"	11080-	In square, as on No. 1367. Margins Right محکوزد Bottom در جہاں Left Top (sic) ۱۰۸	but only right margin present.
			₩. 176. s. ·9,	A.S.B.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1369	Júnagadh	1082-	In square عالم گیر زب نگو شاه اور شاه اور Margins Right میکه زد Bottom در جهان Left در جهان Top ۱۰۸۲	As on No. 1367, but margins Right ضرب Bottom جونة Left گده Top سنة ١٥
	1370	22	1093-263	but 1.95. in top margin. Traces of dotted border. W. 176. S. 95.)
	1371	3,	27	Top margin wanting. W. 176. S. .975.	Margins Right ضرب Bottom جونة Left Top rv نستة
	1372	,,	1097-31?	but margins' Bottom اسكه زد Left در جهان Top يو بدر Right (sic) ۱۹۰۱ W. 176. S. 95.	but margins " Right جونه Bottom گده Left ۱۳۱۶
	1373	Júnagarl	1099-	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منسر نگ ۱۰۹۹ in W. 177. S. 1.0	مانوس میهنت ۱۳ سنة جلوس ضرب جونهکره

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1374	Júnagarh	1101-	As on No. 1373, but 11.1 W. 178. S95.	As on No. 1373, but
1375)) †	1102-	,, 11 ₩. 179. \$. •95.	,, rr <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
1376	•••	1104-	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,
1377	Kábul	-4	غازے عالم گیر بادشاہ محمد ابو الظفر محی الدین W. 177.	Bhandára C.P. کابل ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۴ سنة
1378	Dáru-l- Mulk	1111-		جلوس میمنت مانوس دار الملك ضرب کادل ۴۳
1379	Katak (Cuttack)	1099-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منسر جهان to left of w. 178.	As on No. 1373, but
1380	,,	1100-	S. ⋅8. '' '' W. 176. S. ⋅8.	,, er

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1381	Katak	1102-	As on No. 1379, but	As on No. 1379, but ro Traces of dotted border.
				W. 177. S. ⋅85.	Bhandára C.P. Pl.
	1382		-36	 Date wanting.	,, 774
		1		W. 177. S. ⋅8.	
	1383	Khan- báyat (Cambay)		As on No. 1120, but حو بدر منیر Date wanting.	مانوس مىمنت 1
		!		W. 175.8. s. .8	مىمنت سنة جلوس ضرب كهنبايت
		1			Star over کہنبا
	1384	Kan- báyat	1081-	 جهان ۱۰۸۱ over	but کنیانت
		1	1	W. 177. S. ⋅85.	1
	1385	•	1082-), 	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
			J	W. 175. S. ⋅85.	Bhandára C.P.
	1386	**	1083-	", "L-AF" W. 175.	,,
	1387		1084-	S. -9.	,,
		1	!	W. 174-5. S. -82.	l v
	1388	; ;	1085-	,, !.^o	19
				W. 169, S. .85.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1389 ¹	Kan- báyat	1085-	As on No. 1384, but	As on No. 1383, but	SILVER
1			₩. 176. S. •84.	1	
1390	,,	1087-	1.2.	. 19	
			W. 172. S. ·85.	A.S.B	
1391	,,	1089-	,, 1 • ^ 9	,, r-	
1			W. 178. S. ·91.		
1392	**	1091-	,, (, 9)	موا خ	
			W. 175. S. •95.		
1393	**	1093-	?; 1 - 9,™		
		;	W. 176. S. •95.		
1394	••	1095-	1.90	·. *	
			W. 168. S. ·9.		
1395	**	1096-	.,	** ***	
			₩. 175. s. ·9.	A.S.B	! .
1396	**	1096-	,,	 	
			W. 178. S. ∙95.	A.S.B	
1397	,,	1098-	,, . ¶	; ;;	
			W. 177. S. ⋅875.		

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 12326. The coin can confidently be assigned to Kanbáyat.

	Metal	Mint	To-1		_
	No.	Milit	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1398	Kan- báyat	1099-	As on No. 1384, but	As on No. 1383, but
			; !	W. 177. S. ∙95.	
	1399	,.	1100-		 rr
	i.		1	W. 176. S. ⋅9.	
	1399 (a) 1	"	1101-	,. ! 1 - }	,, FF
			1	W. 177. S. ⋅9.	!
	1400	**	1102- 34	** 11.7	1) ************************************
			4	W. 177.5. S. .9.	
	1401	,,	1104- 36	11. ₹	הי הו
			ŀ	W. 177. S. 1⋅0.	:
	1402	''	1106	" "	Regnal year blurred.
				W. 178. S. ⋅975.	
	1403		1111_ 43). 	 Fr
	! !			W. 177. S. ∙95.	Traces of dotted border
	1404:		;		Ságar P
	1404	,,,	1115- 47	بر but 1110 in گ	., ,,
			!	W. 172. S. ∙95.	

 $^{^1}$ This is $I,M,\ell,.$ No. 9923, p. 43, only traces of the mint name remain.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1405	Kan- báyat	1116- 49	As on No. 1404, but	As on No. 1383, but
1408	Khujista- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	1100-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر نگ ii in W. 174. S. .85.	مانوس میمنت جلوس ۳۳ بنیاد خجسته ضرب
1407	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1106-	₩. 177. S. ·85.	مانوس میمنت ۳۸ سنة جلوس ضرب خجستةبنباد
1408	,. !	1112-	", 1111° W. 176 . S. ∙875.	feie
1409	77	1112- 45	" W. 175. S. ∙95.	Traces of dotted border.
1410		1113-	", W. 177⋅3. S. ⋅95.	,,, F1
1411	,,	1115-	,, 1110 ₩. 176. S. ·9.	۴۸ ۰
1412	,,	1116- 48		"

W. 177.

8. .87.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	.R 1413	Kulbarga	1098–	As on No. 1120, but چو ندر منبر نگ in نگ w. 177.	As on No. 1407, but
	1414		1104-	S. .95. W. 169. S8.	
	1415	Láhor Dáru-s- sal <u>t</u> anat	1070- aḥd	مهر), امهر), but ۱۰۰۰ to left of جهان W. 173. S. -875.	
	1416		1092-24	 حو بدر منسر but حو بدر منسر	سنه Pl. جلوس میمنت مانوس but
	1417		1093- 25	W. 175. S. ⋅85	Bhandára C. P.
	1418	:	1094 <u>–</u> 26	W. 174-8. S. -85.	r:
	1419		1095 <u>-</u> 27	W. 174-5.	
				S. -85.	Bhandára C. P

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1420	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1096-	As on No. 1416, but 1.91 W. 175.5. S83.	As on No. 1416, but
1421		1097-	w. 147 (clipped). s. ⋅7.	" r1
1422	.,	1098-	,. 1.1∧ W. 175. S. ·85.	,, r.
1423 1424	,,	1098-	₩. 176–175. 8. ·85.	(1423) A.S.B.
1425 1426	••	1099-	" "•••• W. 177.	,, (1426) A.S.B.
1427	**	1099-	₩. 175. S. ·8.), mr
1428	,,	1101-	 ₩. 172. \$. •875.	,. rr
1429	,.	1103-	W. 175-5.	,, Fo
1430	,,	1104-	\$. ∙85.	", "T1

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1431	Láhor Dóru-s- saltanat	37	As on No. 1430. W. 170. S85.	As on No. 1416, but
	1 4 32	•••	1106- 38	,, 11-1	; ; ;
				W. 176. S. ∙95.	Láhor. Pl.
	1433	••	1106- 39	" [[•1	but ri
				₩. 176·2, s. ·95.	میمنت جلوس مانوس
	1434		1107_		Pl.
			39	11.v) 1
				W. 175. S. ·9.	i
	1435 1436	, ,,	1108- 40		,, ,,
		·	! !	W. 174–173. S. ⋅9.	(1436) A.S.B.
	1437	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1108-	₩. 176·5.	, kei
	1438			S. ·9.	,
	1400		1109-	11.9	
		i	1 .	W. 176.	Láhor.
	1439	**	1109-	W. 175. S. ∙9.), Er
	1440 1441		1111_	1111	21
				W. 177–175. S. ·875.	14 pr
		•		₽. 1010.	(1440) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1442	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1111-	As on No. 1440. W. 174.5. S9.	As on No. 1433, but	SILVER
1443	"	1112- 45	,. 1117 W. 176-5.	, teo	
1444	,,	1113- 46	S. ⋅82.	¥1	
1445	.,	1114-	S. ⋅9.	Láhor ; ; , *	
1446	,,,	1115-	W. 175. S. ⋅9.	Láhor	•
1447	,,,	1115- 48	W. 175. S. ⋅9. ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	Lóhor ,, ,, ,, A.S.B	
1448	,,	1116-48	., !!!! W. 175.	; ! !	
1449	,,	1116- 49	S. ⋅9. W. 175⋅5. S. ⋅85.	Láhor ","	
1450	,,	1117- 49	" "	Láhor ,,	•
			W. 174⋅5 S. ⋅85.	!	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 1451	Lakhnau (Luck- now)	-19	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منیر Date wanting. W. 175. S. ·8.	مانوس میمنت ۱۹ سنة جلوس ضرب لکهنو
	1452	**	1088-	 but ۱۰۸۸ to left of جہاں W. 175. S. ·8.	 A.S.B.
	1453	1	1	but ۱۰۸۸ over" جہان w. 174-5.	
	1454		1098-	but 1.94 under نگی W. 172.	" "·
	1455	,,	33	but 11.1 to left of جهان w. 174. S. 1.0.	 rr Pl.
	1456		-34	Date wanting. W. 175. S875.	 r# A.S.B.
	1457	,,,	-40	W. 172. S. -9.	۴.
	1458		-41	W. 175. S. 95.	۴ _۱
	1459		-42	W. 173. S. .925.	', pe =
	1460		-43	W. 175. S. -9.	tet.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1461	Lakhnau	-44	As on No. 1456. W. 178. S88.	As on No. 1451, but
1462	1,5	-45	w. 172. s. ⋅95.	 \$0 Miánwálí.
1463	.,	-46	₩. 173. S. ·96.	,, 16-1
1464		-49	., ₩. 177. S. ·775.	 49 Bhandára.
1465		-50	", w. 166 (clipped). s95.	: •
1466	Ma <u>kh</u> şúş- ábád	1115-48	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منبر ننگ in ننگ w. 177. s. -85.	As on No. 1451, but مخصوص اباد – ۴۸ Pl.
1467	Multán (Dáru-l- amán)	1070-2	As on No. 1120 (مهرر) ۱.۷. below منبر M. 47 in دگ W. 177. S. 8.	دار الاما]ن ملتان ضرب جلوس مادوس میمنت میمنت امان of امان <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
1468	(no epithet)	1075-8	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منبر نگ in نگ w. 168. s. •9.	As on No. 1451, but ماتان – ملتان M. 43 in س of مانوس

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1469	Multán	1076-8	As on No. 1468, but	As on No. 1468.
		1		W. 140 (clipped). S. ·75.	
	1470	;, 	1082-	1.45	ار اسنة but جلوس ١٥ سنة الم
		1	1000	W. 175. S. ∙85.	جلوس of س M. 43 in
	1471	.,	1093- 25		but منة ،'' جلوس No m.
	1472	.,,	1094- 27	S. ·85.	"
				W. 173. S. ⋅8.	**
	1473	, •	1100- 33	11	proper 3.5
	1474	"	1101-	W. 174. S. ⋅8.	M. 50 in س of جلوس " M. 50.
		; ; ;		₩. 173. s. ·9.	Pl.
	1475	••	1102- 35	" W. 176,	у. М. 50.
	1476	1	1103-	S. ⋅85.	Bhandára C. P.
		!	36	₩. 176. 8. ·85.	M. 50.
	1477	Murshid- ábád	1117-	As on No. 1120, but حو ندر منبر	As on No. 1451, but
		! !		##. 170. W. 170. S. ∙9.	مرشداباد – ۴۹

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1478	Murshid- ábád	1118-	As on No. 1477, but 1114 W. 177.5. S9.	As on No. 1477, but
1479 1480		1098– 31	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منبر نگ in نگ W . 177–176.	As on No. 1451, but تارنول – تارنول
1481	***	1099-	S. -85.	(1480) A.S.B.
		3-	W. 173. S. -82.	Bhandára C. P.
1482		1100- 33	,, 11),
		!	W. 177. S. ⋅87.	Pl.
1483	,,,	1102- 34	,, 11.7 W. 175.), r#
1484		1109-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۱.۱ to left of سکه W. 178. S. .95.	As on No. 1451, but ا الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا
1485	Patna	1071–3	ابو الظفر محمی الدین محمد محمد بهادر عالمکیر اورنگزیب شسساه	الله المنافق
		•	W. 167. S. ⋅8.	A.S.B.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1486	Patna	1071-4	As on No. 1485.	As on No. 1485, but
	!			W. 177. S. ⋅8.	M. 2. Pl.
	1487	.,	1072-4		М. 2.
	!		1	W. 177. S. ⋅8.	A.S.B.
	1488	,,	1089- 22	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منسر نگ in نگ	مانوس مىمنت مىمنت
				W. 175. S. ⋅9.	سته سته جلوس ضرب
	1489		1091- 24		نشنه ۱ ۱
		1		₩. 177. S. ⋅85.	A.S.B.
	1490	, ,	1093-	1.9,-	**
		:		W. 176. S. ⋅85.	Bhandára C. P.
	1491		1096- 28	1.91	
		1		W. 175, S. -85.	Bhandára C. P.
	1492	,,,	1096-	W. 177 S. ⋅ 8.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	1493		1097-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	A.N.D.
		1		W. 175. S. ⋅8.	
	1494	. ,	1101- 34	11.1	,, ,,
			1	W. 177-5 S. -87.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1495	Patna	1102-34	As on No. 1488, but	As on No. 1494.
1496		1103-	S. ⋅82. ,. (1 ⋅ 7 W. 175.	,, ro
1497	,, ,,	1106-	S. -82.	Bhandára C.P.
1498	,,,	1106-	W. 177·3. S. ·96. W. 171.	Pl
1499	.,	1111-	5. ⋅9.	leit '.
1500	,,	1114-	5. -8.	Bhandára C.P.
1501	.,	1115-47	₩. 175. S. -85.	Bhandára C.P.
1502	,,	1116-	₩. 175. 8. -85.), J ² A
1503		1116-	W. 174. S. ·8. As on No. 1120, but	A.S.B. (Dehlî). As on No. 1488, but
	uai	4-	حو ندر منسر نَـگ ۱۱۱۱ in نَـگ W. 175. S. -825.	بربندر – ۴ Bhandára C.P. Pl.

 $^{^{1}}$ This coin was described in J.A.S.B., 1904, Num. Supp., No. IV, art. 27,

	176		71	CGHAL LATHICE	
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
BILVER	A 1504	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	1103-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منسر ننگ 11.r in	As on No. 1488, but سهرند – ۲۵
		t I		w. 175. s. .9.	
	1505	**	1104- 36	,. 11 - !*	 73
		· ·		W. 176. S. -825.	
	1506	••	1108- 41	11.4	 151
		1	4	₩. 175. S. ·9.	Pl.
	1507	,.	1109-		,, ۴r
				₩. 177. s. -9.	A.S.B.
	150	8 '	1116-		tev
		1	;	W. 168. S. ⋅85.	
	150	,.	1117- 50	1) 111+	;, o.
				W. 175. S. ⋅85.	Ságar
	15	10 Sháhj hánáb Dáru <u>kh</u> ilá (Deh	ád -l- fat	چو بدر منبر جہان ۱۰۷۴ to left of W. 175.	فق جها اباد دار لخلا شاهن ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة
	1	 	1082		,,
			14	انگ w. 176. S. 93.	but 1.4

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1512	Sháhja- hánábád	1083-	As on No. 1511, but	As on No. 1510, but
			W. 175. S. 1⋅0.	A.S.B. (Púná).
1513	**	1085- 17	1.00	.,
			₩. 176. \$. .85.	A.S.B.
1514		1089-		 FF
	i :		W. 172. S. ⋅8.	Bhandára C.P.
1515	,	1090~	 1.9.	,, tr
			W. 177. S. -9.	
1516	•	1092-	1.5-	75 71 ⁵
		,	W. 159. S. -82.	A,S,B.
1517		1094-	1 . 9 ^{sc}	", FT
			₩. 175. s. .87.	!
1518		1098-	1.90) (
			W. 174. S. ⋅85.	
1519	,,	1098-	,. W. 175.	, ri
1520	17	1099-	S . 49.	"
		, 31	۱۰۹۹ ₩. 175. s. ⋅9.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	. R 1521	Sháhja- hánábád	1100-	As en No. 1511, but	As on No. 1510, but
			;	W. 175 S. 9.	
	1522		1102-		·,
	1523		1102-	W. 175. S. 9.	
	1524	 	1104-	₩. 175. s. ·9.	
		 	36	₩. 176. S. ·9.	· ••
	1525		1105-	11.e W. 175.	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
	1526 1527		1106-	S. ·875	Bhandára C.P.
	1528	1		W. 175. S. ⋅85.	(1526) A.S.B.
	1020		1106-	W. 174. S. -85.	,. F7
	1529		1107-		3,
	1530	· }	1108-	W. 175 S. -85.	
		ı	40	W. 177, S. ·8.	 .e.

N 2

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
.R 1531	Sháhja- hánábád	1112-44	As on No. 1511, but	As on No. 1510, but
1532	,,,	1113-	S. ∙8. ,, ,,, ,,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ko
1533		1116-	S. ⋅8. W. 173.	Bhandára C.P.
1534	,, 	1116- 49	S. -9.	 ۴۹ Traces of dotted border.
1535		1117-49	S. .95.	No border.
1536	Sholápúr	1096-	8. -91. As on No. 1120, but چو ندر منبر الماء in گ	As on No. 1488, but شولا بور Regnal year obliterated.
1537	1.	1097-	W. 173. S. ⋅82	 ~1
	Súrat Bandar-1- mubárak	1070- ahd	S95 As on No. 1120, but چو ندر منبر ۱.v. to left of جمهان W. 178–174–167.	سورت نندر مبارك صرت مىمنت مانوس جلوس احد
			S. ·9–·85.	سنه (1538) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1541	Súrat (no epithet)	-3	As on No. 1538. Date wanting. W. 173.	,	م سنة جلوس ميمنت
		1	i	S. .95.	Trace	مانوس صرب سورت s of dotted border.
	1542 1543	, "	1072-4.	1.vr to left of sky		Bhandára C.P.
				W. 178–175. S. ⋅85.	(15	(1542) A.S.B. 43) Bhandára C.P.
	1544	, , , ,	1073-5	,. 1 . v:	but	 سورت
		i I	! !	W. 176. S. ⋅9.	· Regn	ضرب al year ه
	1545	,,,	1074-	 1 ⁴	Regna	Bhandára C.P.
	1546		1075-7	W. 176. S. ⋅9.	t	
				₩. 175. S. ·875.	but	سنة ،
	1547	; ; ;	1076-		$ m Regn_i$	al year wanting.
	1548		1077-9	W. 175, S. ⋅86.	!	·
	-526	•	1011-3	W. 175 S. -9.	but	۰۰ سنه
	1549 1550		1078 10			 ! •
				W. 175–158 (worn) S. -87.		(1549) <i>Ságar</i> .

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1551	Súrat	-11	As on No. 1542. Date wanting.	As on No. 1544, but
!			W. 176. S. ⋅85.	Súgar. Pl.
1552		1079-	 (.v٩ W. 175. S. ∙85.	but فرب ضرب سورت Pl.
1553		1079-	., ₩. 177. S. -85.	
1554		1081-	1 • • • •	., سورت but ضرب
			W. 177. S. ⋅86.	Regnal year ? (** Pl.
1555	•1	1082-	w. 177·2. s. ·96.	
1556		1083-	W. 176.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1557		1083-	s. ⋅96. w. 175.	Ságar.
1558	,,	1084-	S. ∙9.	Ságar.
			W. 174. S. ·86.	Ságar.
1559	*)	1085-	 I.Ae W. 173.	Regnal year wanting.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1560	Súrat	1086-	As on No. 1542, but	As on No. 1554, but
				W. 175. S. ⋅9.	
	1561	**	1087- 19	.,	, ,,
	!			W. 170. S. ⋅82.	1
	1562	11	1088- 20		
			1	W. 175. S. ⋅9.	
	1563	,,	1088- 21	w. 176.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1.04			S. -95.	Ságar
	1564	•••	1089-	but 1.14 under L	r.
				W. 177⋅5. S. ⋅95.	
	1565	,,	1090 <u>–</u> 22	 but 1.9. in گ	مادوس مبهنت
		1	1	W. 177. S. ·92.	مادوس مبهنت ۲۲ سنهٔ جلوس صرب سورب
	1566		,	"	سورت
	$\frac{1}{2}$			W. 90. S. ⋅85.	A.S.B
	1567	.,	1090- 23))	,, r,
			!	W. 178. S. ⋅95.	A.S.D
	1568	,.	1091-	1.91	
		1		W . 177. S . ∙95.	1

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
A 1569	Súrat	1091- 24	As on No. 1568. W. 175. S. 1.0.	As on No. 1565, but
1570		1092- 24	₩. 179.	31
1571		1092-	S. ⋅95. W. 176. S. ⋅95	 r o Bhandára C.P.
1572 1573		1093-		(1579) 1 S R
1574 1575		1093- 26	W. 178–175. S. .95.	(1572) A.S.B. (1574) A.S.B. (1574) Léhor.
1576 1577	**	1094- 26	,, 1.4€ W. 177–171.	רז
1578		$\frac{1094-}{27}$	S. ∙95. W. 178. S. ∙98.	(1577) A S.B.
1579 1580		1095 -	,, 1.90 W. 178–175.	,, (1570), (S.B.
1581 1582	,,,	1095~	S. ⋅95. ,. W. 178–150.	(1579) A.S.B.
1583		1096~		,

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1584	Súrat	1096-	As on No. 1583. W. 176.	As on No. 1565, but
				S. •9.	Ságar.
	1585	**	1097- 29	1.1.))
				W. 177.8. S. ⋅9.	
	1586	**	1097-	w. 177.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		:	1000	S. •9.	Ságar.
	1587 1588		1098-	1.34	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				W. 177–175. S. •9.	(1587) A.S.B.
	1589	1 17	1099-	1.99	, F1
				W. 175. S. ∙95.	Ságar.
	1590		1100-	 (1) H
		; 	1	W. 176. S. ∙95.	Ságar.
	1591		1101-	,, 11+1	,
				W. 179. S. ∙96.	1
	1592	1	1101-	•	19
		!	1	W. 176. S. 1.0.	, me
	1593 1594		1102- 34	N. Her	,
		i !		W. 179–172 S. ∙95.	(1594) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
R 1595 1596	Súrat	1103-	As on No. 1565, but	As on No. 1565, but	SILVER
,			₩. 175–168. S. ·95.	(1595) Ságar. (1596) A.S.B.	
1597	••	1103-	₩. 174. S. ·95.	., F1 Ságar.	
1598 1599		1104-	", 11•\$		
			W. 178-174. S. .95.	(1598) A.S.B.	
1600 1601	••,	1105- 37	,,	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
			W. 178-177·3. S. 1·0597.	(1600) A.S.B.	
1602	•	110 38	,. Unit of date wanting.		
			W. 171. S. 1⋅0.	A,S.B.	
1603	**	1106-	". 11•7		
4		:	₩. 86·5. \$. ·8.	: :	
1604 1605	••	1106-	₩. 178–175. S. 1·0.	(1604) A.S.B. (1605) Ságar.	
1606		1107-			
Ì			₩. 177. S. 1·0.	Ságar.	
1607 1608	,,	1108-	11.4	,, F1	
!			W. 178–174.	(1607) A.S.B. (1608) Ságar.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		Reverse	
SILVER	Æ 1609	Súrat	1109-	As on No. 1568, but	As o	n No. 1565	, but
			į	W. 177.5. S. .95.			
	1610	•	11110-	 111.		 1 4 7	
			1	₩. 177. S. 1·0			
	1611	31	1110-	w. 176		ieim ••	
	1612	''	1111-	S. ·95.		,,	
			43	W. 176. S. .95.	1	<i>i</i> e;⊷	
	1613	 !	1111- 44	w. 177.		reje ,,	
	1614		1112-	S. -95	T		Ságar.
			44	w . 177.		,,	ē. t
	1615		1113-	S. -95.		,,	Ságar.
			1 30	W. 177⋅8. S. ⋅95.		æg	
	1616	,	1113-	w. 178-5.		ke 4 1.	
	1617	,,	1114-	S. ⋅97.			
			47			ie ^ ,,	
	1618		1115-	S. -95.			Súgar.
	1619		47	1110		۰, ۴ _۷	
				¹ W. 17× S. ∙95.		(161	9) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1620	Súrat	1115-48	As on No. 1618. W. 175. S. .92.	As on No. 1565. but M. 51 in من of جلوس Bhandára C.P.	ILVEE
1621 ,	,	1116-	 1113 W. 175. S. •95.	,,	
1622 ·		1116- 4	w. 174. s. ⋅9.	 	
1623	•	1117- 49	 111v W. 179.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1824	•	1117-	W. 172. S. 95.	: •••	
625	.,	1118-	 1114 W. 176.		
626	"	1118-	S. 1·0. W. 89. S. ·725.	 61 A S.B.	
627	Tatta	1071-	ابو الظ <i>فر مح</i> ى الدين ۱۰۰۱ محمد مهادر عالمكسر	مادوس مبعنت دنة جلوس ضرب	
			اورنگ زن آبادشاء غاز آ W. 167. S. -85.		

					
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obver-e	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1628 1629	Tatta	1073-5	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منىر جہاں to left of	As on No. 1565, but ه – ست
			1	W. 174–173. S. ⋅87.	(1628) A.S.B.
	1630	,,	8	Date wanting.	·, ^
	i i		1	W. 172. S. 85	A.S.B.
	1631	,,	-9	W. 174. S. .85.	•
	1632	.,	1081- 13	but 1.11 to left of). Im
	1633	L _ T _ T _ T _ T _ T _ T _ T _ T _ T _	1082-	W. 175. S. ⋅85.	
	1000	;,	14	Traces of dotted border.	1 ie 23
				W. 166. S. -8.	A.S.B. Pl.
	1634	•,	1084~	 1.∧≄ W. 175.	,, f 1
	1635		1095- 27	but 1.90 in 5	 rv
				W. 174. S. ⋅9.	
	1636	.,	1101-	,,	 Marie
	1637	,,	1106-	W. 175. S. ⋅85.	
	2007	,,	38	W. 170.	"A
		•	١	S. -85.	Jihlam.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1638	Ujjain Dűru-l- fat ḥ	1117-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر نگ ittv in نگ W. 179. S. •95.	As on No. 1565, but ضرب دار الفتے اجین Regnal year ۴۹
1639	Zafar- abád	1070-3;	As on No. 1627 but 1.v. W. 177. S9.	ظفراباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۳ سنة
1640	"	1074-6	As on No. 1120 (ייןת) איין איי to left of איין איין איי דיין איין איין איין איין איין איין איין איין	Pl. As on No. 1565, but طفراناد - :
1641		1079 12	W. 173. S. 9.	,, r
			Mint na	me wanting
1642	i	1096-	As on No. 1120, but حو بدر منس نگ 1.17 under نگ W. 174.	As on No. 1565, but ra Traces of mint name, but not decipherable.
16431	3	1109-	S85. 11.4 in گ W. 176.	lat **
1644	i i	1112-	W. 42-5. S. -6.	No trace of mint name.

¹ I.M C., No. 7222, p. 46.

	Metal No	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 1645	?	15	<u>نخان</u> دادشاہ عالمکسر	مانوس میمنت
	17		1	یں اورنگ ز W. 167. S. -8.	ه دام جلوس ۱۰۰۰۰۰۰ عالم
COPPER	Æ 1646¹	Akbar- ábád	-8	اکبراداد ن ضر W. 213. S. .75.	سنة مبارك س جلو جلو
	1647	Multán	-39 }	ازىب] عالمكبر اورنىگ شــــــاد	.A.S.B. Pl. ملان ضرب جلوس مبا[رك]
	1648 1649	Nárnol	! 	فلوس W. 212. S. .9	۳۱ Pl
	l m			ضر W. 215–210. S. .75–-8.	ممارك س جلو A.S.B. Pl.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This and Nos. 1648-9 are ascribed by Mr. C J. Rodgers in his MS, Catalogue to Aurangzéb.

VII sháh 'álam i bahádur sháh

а. н. 1119-1124.

А. р. 1707-1712.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
	Burhán- púr Dára-s- sarár	-2	غازے دادشاہ در اللہ اللہ شاہ عالم ک ممار سکہ ممار W. 169.	GOLD جلوس مانوس میمنت سنة r دار السرور ضرب ضرب درهانبور
1651	Khujista- bunyad (Aurang- ábád)	1	عادشاد غازے عالم بہادر ا سکو مارك W. 168.	مانوس میمنت ۳ سنة جلوس ضرب خجسته ننباد A.S.B. P1.
1652	Sháhja- banábád <i>Dúru-l-</i> khiláfat	1	W. 168. S. 92.	شادجهان اداد ضرب ه دار الخلافة مست جلوس مادوس P1.
1653	! Súrat	,	As on No. 1650. W. 169-5. S. -85.	سنة – جلوس مادوس میمنب صرب سورب
Al 1654	- Ahmad- nagar	+1122-4	As on No. 1651, but (177). W. 174.5 S94.	احمد نگر احمد نگر ضرب سنة ما نوس منسب منسب جلوس

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 1655 1656	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l-	1119– aḥd	As on No. 1650, but 1119 to right of غازی on one. W. 175-174.5.	As on No. 1650, but سنة احد مستعر الخلافة ضرب اكبراباد
		<u>kh</u> iláfat		S. ·9-·87.	(1655) A.S.B.
	1657	 Musta- qirru-l- mulk	1119- ahd	 W. 175. S. -87.	Pl. مستقرالملك but Pl.
	1658	· ·	112	Date partly wanting	., r
			i •	W. 174. S. ⋅88	Láhor.
	1659 1660	, ,	112	Unit of date wanting. M. 52 to left of sta	??
		1		W. 175–173. S. ·9–·85.	(1659) A.S.B.
	1661	Akbar- nagar	2	ا داد آشاه غازے شاہ عالم بہادر	
				W. 178. S. 85.	سنة جلوس ضرب اکمرنگر A.S.B.
	1662	Álamgír- púr	1120- 3	دادشاہ <u>غانی</u> شاہ عالم اسمادرآ	مانوس ممنت مسنة جلوس سنة جلوس
		1		مبارك ۱۱۲۰ W. 178. S. -85.	سنه جلوس ضرب عالم کمرپور عالم کمرپور
	1663		1123-	W. 178. S. ·8.	Regnal year wanting.
	(u)	Allah- ábád	1120- aḥd	See No. 2327.	See No. 2327.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
R 1664	Ausá	-3	As on No. 1650. Date wanting. W. 173. S89.	As on No. 1662, but اوسا M. 25 over اوسا Bhandára	
1665	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	1121-4	عالم اه بادشاء غازے سکو ۱۱۶۱ W. 173. S. .95.	اباد عظیم سنة ۴ جلوس ضرب	•
1666 1666 (a)	.,	1122-4	 Urr W. 184. S. -95.	(1666) A.S.B	
1667		1123-5;	₩. 185. S. ·92.	,,	•
1668		1124-6	 115* ₩. 185. S. -85.	,,, ,,	
1669 1670	Barélí	1120-2	غازی شاه عالم باد ساه عالم باد ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	مبارك سنة r ملے — ضرب بر	
1671 .		-3	Date wanting. W. 174. S95.	(1669) A.S.D.	
1672 1673	***	1122-4	As on No. 1669, but 1177 W. 175–174. S9.	(1673) A.S.B. (Dehli	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1674	Burhán- púr Dáru-s- sarúr	1120-2	As on No. 1650. 117. to right of غازی W. 175. S. -9.	As on No. 1650.
	1675	,,	112	Unit of date wanting. W. 176. S92.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1676	Chíná- patan (Madrás)	1120-2	شاه غازے شاه عالم باد سنة ۱۱۲۰	س سنة r جلو ضرب جبنابتن
				W. 178. S. -85.	بببرس Pl.
	1677	***	-3	Date wanting. W. 177. S. .9.	; ;
	1678	Etáwá	1119- ahd	As on No. 1669, but 1119 W. 174.5. S9.	As on No. 1662, but اتاوا – احد
	1679	,,	1120-2		,, ,
	1680	٠,	1121-3	W. 173. S. -86.	, r
	1681	Haidar- ábád Far <u>kh</u> un- da-bun- yád	1122-5	As on No. 1651, but W. 173. S9.	جلوس مبنت مانوس ه حیدرا ^{راد} ضرب فرخنده بنیاد Bhandára C.P.

Metal No. ,	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
	Jahángír-	-2	As on No. 1662.	As on No. 1662, but
1002	nagar		Date wanting.	جُمانگيرنگر-٢
			W. 178. S. ⋅85.	
1683	.,	1122-4). 11FF	 ¢
	1		w. 170 (worn). s. ⋅8.	Miánwáli.
1684 1685	Karím- ábád	-3	As on No. 1676, but مسكة in place of	سنة ٣ جلو
	1		Date wanting.	سنه ۳ جلو س کرنم!باد ب
			W. 178–174. S. ⋅82−⋅85	ن ضر
			3. 702–703	صر (1684) <i>A.S.B</i> .
1686 1687	,,	112	117-	ب. .,
		1	W. 179~171 (cut). S. ·85-·83.	(1687) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
1688	Kan- báyat		As on No. 1650.	سنة – جاوس مانوس
	Dayat		₩. 172. S. ·8.	سنة – جاوس ماذوس مبمنت ب ضر كنبانت
1689	Khujista- bunyád (Au r ang-	j	As on No. 1651, but	As on No. 1651, but سنة ۲
	ábád)		W. 175. S. -95.	
1690	Láhor Dáru-s-	1120-2	As on No. 1669, but المدادة above مسكة	لاهور دار السلطنة
	saltanu!		W. 177. S. -85	ضرب سنه ۲
				مىمنت جلوس مانوس
	1			Pl.

				- - -		
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	_
SILVER	-R 1691	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	121-3	As on No. 1690, but (17) W. 176.5. S85.	As on No. 1690, but	
	1692	1	121-4	W. 176. S. -88.	 ¢	
	1693	Lakhnau (Luck- now)	ahd	As on No. 1669, but date wanting. W. 160 (worn). S9.	As on No. 1662, but لکهنو-احد	
	1694) *	-2	W. 170. S. .9.	 7 A.S.	В.
	1695	, ,	- 1	w. 176, s. ⋅87.		
	1696	Murshid- ábád	-2	As on No. 1669, but date wanting. W. 179-2.	As on No. 1676, but مرشداباد	
	1697 1	Purban- dar ?	1122-4	S. ·84. As on No. 1651, but W. 178. S. ·8.	As on No. 1651, but אַכנו[גر] – ۴	Pl.
	1698	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	-2		 but - سهرند	
	1699	Sháh- jahánábád Dárv-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1119- ahd	As on No. 1669, but (۱۱۹ قند in last line. W. 175. S. 9.	دار لخلافة شاه ضرب سنة احد مبارك	
		Į.	1	1	\	Pl.

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 8205, p. 52. The reading now proposed is reasonably certain, cf. No. 1503. Purbandar is a known mint of Sháh 'Álam I. See J.A.S.B., 1904, Num. Supp. IV, art. 27.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1700	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1120-2	غازی عالم باد عالم باد ش سکه سنة ۱۱۲۰ W. 168. S. .85.	جهان اباد ش <u>جهان اباد</u> دار الحلافة ضرب ضرب سنة ۲ مبارك
1701		1121–3	 1171 ₩. 175. S. -85.	'' ''
1702		1122-4	 ₩. 174. \$85.	A.S.B. Pl.
1703 1704	Súrat	aḥd	As on No. 1650. Date wanting. W. 177.2-176. S959.	As on No. 1688, but سورت - احد M. 37 in س of جلوس A.S.B.
1705 1706 1/2		-2	Fragmentary. W. 89. S7.	M. 37. (1705) A.S.B. Pl.
1707	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-6	w. 177-5. s. -91.	بر بر جلوس of س M. 53 in
1708	**	112	عاری but ۱۱۲ – to right of عاری w. 169.7. s. .9.	Regnal year wanting. M. 37.
1708 (a)	Tatta	[111]9- ahd	دادشاه مع الطم مع الطم مع الطم ماه الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا	مبهنت سنة احد جاوس ب ضر دته Cf. L.M.C., p. 197 (4).

VIII

JAHÁNDÁR SHÁH

А. н. 1124.

A. D. 1712.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	A' 1709	[Akbar- ábád] Musta- qirru-l- mulk	1124- aḥd	ادو ۱۱ العدي فنارى المارة الم	جلوس مانوس مبهنت مساعر الملك سنة احد [ضر]ب [اكبراناد]
	1710	Kul- barga?	[112]4- aḥd	جهاددار انو الفسي غازے [جو]ن مهر و ماہ عدد W. 166. S. .86.	مادوس مبمت سنة احد جلوس ضرب كله
SILVER	At 1711	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- mulk		As on No. 1709, but fuller legends. W. 175, S. 9.	As on No. 1709. Portions of lower line visible.
	1712	Barélí	1124-	ادشاه جهاب آله اله اله اله اله اله اله اله اله اله اله	مانوس مبہنت <u>سنة – جاوس يلے</u> ضرب بر ضرب بر Disfigured by money- changers' marks.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Al 1713 1714 1715	Etáwá	1134- aḥd	In dotted border صاحبقران	As on No. 1710, but اتارا	SILVER
	!		جهـــا جهاندار شه بادشاه ن ســـکه بزد بر مه چو ۳. 176-175-174.		
		-	S. .95.	F.	Pl.
1716 1717	"		جہاندار شاہ ہے ۱۱۲۴ مہر و ماہ ابو الفتح نخاز سےکہ		
			در افاق زد چون W. 175. S. •95.	(1717) A.S.	<i>B</i> . ₽l.
1718	Khujista- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	Ì	As on No. 1716, but چون in second line and Hrre below ماد		
			W. 177. S. -95.		P1.
1719		,,	بادشاه جهان شـــــاه ۱۱۲۴ قران جهاندار	.,	
			Disfigured by money-changers' marks.	-	
			w. 175. s. ⋅97.		

	Metal	75:4	D-t-	Obverse	Reverse
	No.	Mint	Date	Onverse	10,000
SILVER	A 1720 1721	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1124- aḥd	<u>غازے</u> ۱۱۲۴ جہاندار شاہ انو الفسنے	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة احد
			;	چون مهر و ماه ســـکه در افاق زد	میمنت جلوس مانوس
			,	W. 176–171. S. ⋅85.	(1721) A.S.B.
	1722	,,	••	غازی جهاددار شـــاه چون مهر و ماه ابو الفتح ســکه	 مانوس سنة احد but ميمنت جلوس
				در افاق زد W. 174. S. 1.0.	
	1723 1724	Lakhnau	,,	As on No. 1713, but fragmentary. W. 174-173. S85.	As on No. 1710, but لکهنو
	1725	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	,,	جهاں شاہ ۱۱۲۴ جہاندار شہ باد حب حو صا قران سکھ بزد بر زر	احد مبارك سنة جهان اباد شـــاه صر دار الخلافة ب Traces of dotted border.
				W. 170 S. ∙95.	Pl

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1728	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1124~ aḥd	As on No. 1710, but ۱۱۲۴ to left of غاز and in last line در افاق زد W. 174. S9.	As on No. 1725. No border. Pl.
1727 1728	1	,,	As on No. 1722, but بر for چون W. 175–174. S. ·95–·9.	جهان اباد دار الخلافة شاه ضرب مانوس سنة احد ميمنت جلوس Traces of dotted border.
1729 1730	Súrat	[1124]— aḥd	ابو الفتح عازی جهاندار شــاه جون مهر و ماه سـکه در افاق زد س. 176-474.	As on No. 1710, but سورت (1729) A.S.B.
1731	35.		#. 170-474. \$95. جهاندار شه بادشاه جهان صاحب قران سـكه	(Pánch Maháls). Pl. ',

IX farru<u>kh</u>-siyar

а.н. 1124-1131.

A.D. 1713-1719.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	N 1732	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- khiláfat	1130-7	In dotted border بحر و بر فرخ سبر دادشــاه حق در سم و زر فضــل ۱۳۰۰ سکه زد از W. 161. S. 1-02.	In dotted border جاوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الخلافة سنة ۷ ضرب آکبراباد A.S.B. Pl.
	1732 (a)	Etáwá	1128-5	₩. 167·5. S. 1·0.	مانوس میمنت ه سنة جلوس ضرب اتاوا
	1733	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1131-7	As on No. 1732, but no border and tirt W. 168. S. 8.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنه ۷ مبمنت جلوس مادوس Traces of dotted border.
	1734	Sháh- jahánábád Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1125- aḥd	As on No. 1732, but 1150 to left of 2; W. 167. S. -8.	Pl. قة جها اباد دار لخلا شاه س ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة احد
	173 4 (a)		1125-2	W. 167.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
X 1734 (b)	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-</i>	1131–7	۱۱۳۱ حق فرخ سیر شـــاه	As on No. 1734, but
1785	khiláfat Súrat?	 aḥd	ا۱۱۳ حق فرخ سیر شـاه از فضل باد بمحروبر سـکه [زد بر]سیم و[زر] W. 165. S. .9.	Pl. As on No. 1733, but ضرب and أسور أت
Æ			از فضل حتى باد سـكه [زد بر] سيم و[زر] W. 172. S. ·85.	SILVE
1736	Ahmad- ábád	-7	As on No. 1735. W. 177. S. .98.	As on No. 1733, but احمداباد – ۷
1737	Akhar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- mulk	1125 aḥd	As on No. 1734 (b), but tree to left of min top line. W. 173. S. 85.	As on No. 1732, but سنة احد-مستقر الملك
1738	,,	-2	Date wanting. W. 174. S. 85.	 A.S.B.
1739	,,	-5	₩. 175. S. ·95.	`` •
1740 1741	Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1130-7	As on No. 1732. W. 175–172. S. .9–1.05.	As on No. 1732. (1741) A.S.B.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1742¹	Akbar- ábád <i>Musta-</i> <i>qirru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1131-7	As on No. 1732, but W. 174.5. S9.	As on No. 1732.
	1743°	? Allah- ábád	1125-2	سبم [و زر] زد از فضل حق بر سکم بحروبر فرخ سیر	مبار ك سنة r جلوس ب [ضر] العاباد
				الله على الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	Pl.
	1744	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	**	As on No. 1743. W. 177. S85.	As on No. 1733, but r منة عظم عظم ضرب اباد
	1745	,,,	1126-3	 1177 ₩. 169. S. -9.	 r A.S.B.
	1746	'Azím- ábád Musta- qirru-l- mulk	-3	As on No. 1732, but date wanting. No border. W. 170. S85.	عظیماباد مستقر الملك ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنه
	1747 1748	,,	1128-5	but on 1748 irra to left of in bottom line.	(1747) A.S.B.
	1749	•,	1130-7		Pl.
	. ~-	ie is INC		S. ·9.	A.S.B.

This is I.M.C., No. 7151, p. 56. It is a coin of Farrukh-siyar not Rafi'u-d-darját.
 This is I.M.C., No. 8528, p. 54. The mint is certainly not Akbarábád. The coin is not of the Akbarábád type.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1750	'Azím- ábád Musta- qirru-l- mulk	-7	As on No. 1732, but fragmentary. Date wanting. W. 84. S. · 7.	As on No. 1749, but fragmentary. The mint name is wanting, but the coin is identical in type with No. 1749. A.S.B.
1751	Barélí	-4	As on No. 1734 (b), but date wanting. W. 175. S. 9.	جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة ۴ یلے ضرب بر
1752	,,	1129–6	As on No. 1732, but 1173 W. 176. S. 1.0.	,, , Pl.
1753	Burhán- púr <i>Dáru-s-</i> sarúr	1125-2	از ۱۱۲۵ فضل حق بادشــاه بعروبر فرخ سیر زد سـکه در سبم و زر W. 177.	جلوس مانوس میمنت سنة r دار السرور ضرب برهانبور
1754	,,	1129-6		,, 1
1755	,,,	1130-7	w. 179.	Pl.
1756	Chíná- patan (Madrás)	1126-3	S. 1.0. As on No. 1735, but וודי to left of של. 178. S9.	As on No. 1733, but ۳ – چينابتن

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A 1757	Chíná- patan (Madrás)	1130-7	As on No. 1756, but 117. W. 178. S87.	As on No. 1756, but
	1758	Élichpúr	1125- ahd	از فضل حق بادشاہ ب ح روبر فرخ سسر زد ۱۱۲۵ سکھ	As on No. 1733, but ایلجبور-احد
			1105.0	بر سم و زر W. 171. S. •87.	
	1759 1760	Etáwá	1125-2	As on No. 1758, but داد to right of بحر in bottom line. راب on 1760. W. 176–175. S. -9.	اتاوا اتاوا (1759) A.S.B.
	1761 1762		1128-4	 W. 176–175. S. 1-05.	, c
	1763 1764		1128-5	W. 176–155 (clipped). S. 1·075–·95.	(1761) A.S.B (1764) A.S.B.
	1765 1766	**	: : :	As on No. 1732, but W. 175-170.	P1.
	1767 1768		1129-6	S. 1-05.	(1765) A.S.B.
				S. 1·05.	(1767) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1769 1770	Etáwá	1130-7	As on No. 1732, but	As on No. 1759, but	SILVER
			W. 176. S. 1·03.	(1769) A.S.B	•
1771		1131-8	11771	,. A	
			W. 175. S. 1·02.	A.S.B	
1772	Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	1129-6	1179	 فرخ اباد - ۲ but	
			W. 177. S. ⋅75.	A.S.B.	
1773	Gwáliár	1130-7	As on No. 1732. W. 174.	,, but v – گوالبار	
1774	Jahángír-	-3	S. 1.02.	Pl.	
1114	nagar	-5	د از فضل حق شـاه در فرخ سبر دا سـکه	 جهانگبرنگر- but r	
			W. 178. S. ·87.		
1775	Khujista- bunyád	1125-2	حق بحروبر فرخ سر شهاه برسیم و زر باد سکه	but r−- ننباد	
			سکه زد از فضل ۱۱۲۰		
			W. 177. S. ⋅96.	A.S.B. Pl.	
1776 1777	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1126-3	As on No. 1758, but زد in bottom line. فضل ۱۲۲۱ under	As on No. 1733 (a), but	i
			W. 177–174·5. S. ·85–·95.	(1777) A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1778	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1127-4	As on No. 1776, but	As on No. 1733 (a), but
,	1779	,,	1128-5	S. ⋅87.	o o
	1780	75	1129-6	S85. As on No. 1732, but	A.S.B.
	1781	"	1130-7	W. 176.	v
	1782	,,	1131–7	S. -9.	
	1783	Lakhnau	1125–2	W. 177. S. -85. زد از ۲۵ [فضل] ۱۱ ···· بحروبر فرخ سبر	A.S.B. As on No. 1733, but الكهنو-
				W. 175. S. ⋅9.	
	1784	Multán	1130-7	As on No. 1732. W. 175.3. S. 1.0.	but v – ملتان and in dotted border. Pl.
	1785	Murshid- ábád	-3	زد از فضل حق شــاه بحرودر فرخ سىر ســكه	بر مرشداباد ۳ – but
		•		زر ناد ۲۶۰۰. W. 173. S. -85.	

FARRUKH-SIYAR

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1786	Murshid- ábád	-5	As on No. 1785. W. 170. S. .85.	As on No. 1733, but
1787	,,	-6	w. 179·2. s. ·87.)) T
1788 1789	,,	1130–7	but 117. to left of 35 W. 177–175. S. .87.	(1789) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
1790	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1125– aḥd	As on No. 1732, but no border and thro below w. 175.	As on No. 1734.
1791	,,	.,	but tire to left of s;	<i>y</i> -
1792 1798	***	1125-2	s. ۰88. فضل to right of از W. 175–174. s. ۰92–۰95.	(1793) A.S.B.
1794		1126-2	 1173 W. 174.	Pl
1795 1 7 96		1126-3	S. ⋅87.	 (1796) A.S.B.
1797	,,	1127-4	 IIFV W. 173.	, e

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Oliverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1798	Sháh- jahánábád Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	-ã	As on No. 1792. Date wanting. W. 175. S88.	As on No. 1734, but
	1799	.,	1128-5	hut ۱۱۲۸ to left of فضل and in bottom line.	**
	1800		1129-6	W. 174. S. ⋅975.	A.S.B.
	1600		1123-0	w. 175. S. 1-0.	1
	1801			but ۱۱۲۹ to left of راه هفه	
	1802		1130-6	S. 1·0.	
	1803 1804	,,	1130-7	s. ·9. but اات under سبم w. 175–174·5.	A.S.B.
	1805			As on No. 1734 (b), but	(1803) A.S.B.
	1806		1131-7	w. 174-5. s9. but التا under w. 175. s94.	·

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1807	Súrat	-3	As on No. 1735. W. 177. S9.	As on No. 1733, but	ILVER
1808 1809		1128-5	11rx to left of s W. 178–175. S. 1.08–1.05.	 مجلوس of س M. 54 in جلوس (1808) <i>A.S.B</i> .	
1810 ¹	,.	-5 -5	Date wanting. W. 169. S. 86.	M. 55.	
1811 ²	;;	-6	w. 177. s. 1·0.	M. 54.	
1812	.,	1130-7	W. 178. S. .95.	M. 54. A.S.B.	
1813	''	1131-7	 11m W. 178·2. S. 1·01.	M. 54.	

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 7497, p. 54. The mint has been read ارکات. There is, however, no trace of the first four letters of that name, whereas there is what may be part of a before the ω and the coin is of the Súrat type

² This is I.M.C., No. 7255, p. 55. Though the mint name is wanting, the mint mark and general appearance show the coin to be of Súrat mintage.

X RAFÍ'U-D-DARJÁT

А. н. 1131.

A. D. 1719.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 1814	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1131- aḥd	روبیع الدرجا ن برکا شاهنشه بحروبر ن زد سکه بهند با هزاران	فة جها اباد دار لخلا شاء ن ضرب جلوس مبهنت مادوس سنة احد
	1815	Súrat	11 aḥd	w. 168. s. ·84. but date to right of w. 170. s. ·9.	مانوس مبنت مبنت احد سنة جلوس
SILVER	Æ 1816	Aḥmad- ábád Zinatu-l- bilád	aḥd	Date wanting. W. 178. S. 1.01.	ضرب سورت احمداناد زبنت البلاد ضرب ضرب جلوس میمنت مادوس احد سنه
	1817	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- khiláfut	,,,	₩. 172. s. ·9.	ا اکبراباد اکبراباد مستقر الخلافة
	1818 1819		1131- alıd	رومع w. 175-174. S. 1-095.	As on No. 1815, but اتاوا Traces of dotted border. (1819) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A: 1820	Láhor <i>Dáru-s-</i> sal <u>t</u> anat	1131- aḥd	رفيع الدرجا شاهنشه بحروبر ت با هزاران بركا ١١٣١ ســ[بكـه] [زد بهند]	جاوس مانوس میمنت احد دار السلطنة لاهور ضرب	VER
1821 1822	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	,,	W. 176. S95. As on No. 1814. Date wanting on No. 1821. W. 175-174.	Pl. As on No. 1814.	
			S. ·85-·9.	(1821) A.S.B.	

XI sháh jahán II [rafí'u-d-daula]

А. н. 1131.

А. р. 1719.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date 1	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 1823	Lähor Dáru-s- saltanat	1131- ahd	شاہ جہاں ے دادشاہ عاز ک	As on No. 1820.
		ì	,	سکه مبار W. 166. S. ·85.	Pl.
	1824	f	aḥd	Date wanting. W. 168. S. -9.	مادوس ممهنت احد سنة جلوس صرب
SILVER	At 1825 1826	Akbar- ábád Musta- girru-l- <u>kh</u> ilúfat	1131- alıd	As on No. 1823, but (17) over top line. W . 175–174. S . 95–9.	A.N.B. اکبراباد مستقر لحلافه ضرب جلوس میمنت مادوس احد
	1005	Etáwa			سنة (1826) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	1827	Liawa	.,	but [۱۱ ۱۰ to left of مسار w. 176.	As on No. 1824, but اتاوا 1.S.B.
	1828 1829	Murshid- ábád		ادشاه but rim over کادشاه W. 179:3–179. S. :85.	but مرشداباد Five-petalled flower to right of احد on one.
			!	i	(1829) A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1830 1831	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1131- aḥd	As on No. 1823, but and ۱۱۳۱ to left of	As on No. 1814.	SILVER
1832 1833 1834	,,	,,	w. 175–174. s85. As on No. 1823, but الماء to right of على	Pl ,,	
1835 ¹	Súrat	_ aḥd	W. 177-175. S85. As on No. 1823, but date wanting. W. 175. S. 1.1.	(1832) A.S.B. As on No. 1824, but سورت فرب below	

^t There is nothing to show whether this is a coın of the second or third Sháh jahán.

IBRÁHÍM

а. н. 1132.

A.D. 1720.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date !	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 1836 ¹	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dóru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1132- aḥd	کرىم محمد اىراھىم شــاه شاھان ۱۱۳۲ باھفىل سکھ] زد [در] جہان	فة جها اباد دار الحلا شاه ں ضرب جلوس میمنت مادوس سنة احد
				W. 175. S. ∙85.	Pl.

is the reading given in the British Muscum Catalogue, Nos. 954-7, and in Dr. Codrington's Musalmin Numismatics the couplet is given as

Neither on No. 1836 nor in the illustrations in the B.M.C. are the words at the right of the top line distinct. The word λ would give a better couplet:—

This reading was, I find, suggested by Mr. Delmerick in describing a silver coin of Ibrahim in I.A.S.B., 1875.

XII MUḤAMMAD SHÁH

а. н. 1131-1161.

A.D. 1719-1748.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
<i>X</i> 1837	Akbar- ábád Musta- girru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	114	بادشاه غاز الله عاز الله عاز الله عاز الله عاد الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	جلوس مانوس میمنت مستفر الخلافة سنة ۱۶ ضرب ضرب آکبراباد A.S.B.	GOLD
1838	A <u>kh</u> tar- nagar Aw a dh	1141- 11	", II."I W. 167. S. ∙85.	اخترنگر اوده ضرب ۱۱ سنة جلوس مبنت مانوس Pl.	
1839	Imtiyáz- gadh (Adoní)	-3	هجمد شاه ساه س باد W. 52. S. ·48 × ·42.	گدة ضرب امتياز P1.	
1840	91	-12	but no regnal year. W. 51.5. S45.	but ir to left of bottom line.	
1841	,,		lower line wanting. W. 52. S. .47 × .42.	but regnal year wanting.	
1842	Islám- ábád	115	As on No. 1837, but 110 - Traces of dotted border. W. 168. S. 95.	اسلام!باد ضرب جلوس میمنت مادوس ات سنة Traces of dotted border.	
		•		Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	N 1842 (a)	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	11	As on No. 1837, but 11 W. 167.5. S78.	محمداباد میمنت ۲۰ سنة جلوس مانوس ضرب بنارس
	1843	Murshid- ábád	115~- 23	 No border. W. 170. S. -81.	M. 61, inverted, to right of مانوس مانوس ميمنت حسنت سنة جلوس سنة جلوس ضرب مرشداباد
	1844	Sháh- jahánáb á d <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	-4	محمد شاہ بادشاہ غازے صاحب قرآن ثانے سکہ مبارك	صرب مرشداباد M. 60 to right of rr No border. فق جها اباد دار لخلا شاه ن ضرب جلوس مبهنت مايوس
	1844 (a)		-12	W. 168. S. ⋅8. W. 168. S. ⋅8.	جبوس مبهت هابوس عبر سنة سنة
	1845 1846		114		ir
	1847		114	but 115- over	(1846) A.S.B.
	1848	,	115	S. -8.	A.S.B.
			1	S. ·8.	A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
N 1849 ¹	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	115	As on No. 1844, but 110 – to right of ••• W. 167.5. S8.	As on No. 1844, but
1850	,,	115	W. 167.5. S. ⋅95.	 rr Traces of dotted border. Pl.
1851		115	w. 167. s. ⋅85.	
1852	: .,	11	 ₩. 167·5. S. ·8.	r.
1853	Ujjain Dáru-l- fatḥ	(11)50?	As on No. 1837. but ا ه. to left of مبار w. 167. s. .88.	As on No. 1843, but دار الفتح اجين - ۲۰
			Ment not	decrphered
1854 1855	}	1168 (sic)	ادشاء دادشاء w. 42·5–42. s. ·45.	ب ب ضر ۱۱۲۸ <i>I Gűtű.</i> Pl.
Æ 1856 1857	Aḥmad- ábád	1138-8	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1843, but ۱ محداباد – ۸
1858 ²		1141-	W. 178. S. 1·05–1·0. W. 178. S. 1·0.	11

 $^{^{1}}$ This is $I.M.C.,\,\mathrm{No.}$ 7403, catalogued as a silver coin on p. 65.

 $^{^{\}prime}$ This is I.M.C., No. 7229, p. 63, where $^{\prime}$ Kora' is given as the mint.

		1			
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	$\mathbf{Reverse}$
SILVER	AR 1859	Aḥmad- ábád	115	W. 179.	As on No. 1856, but
				S. 1·0.	A.S.B.
	1860		23	w . 178. s . 95.	** ***
	1861 1862	,,	11	,	
	1002			W. 178. , S. ∙95.	(1862) A.S.B.
	1863	Ajmér <i>Dáru-l-</i>	1132-2	As on No. 1837, but	دار للجبر اجمير
		<u>kh</u> air	1	W. 176. S. ⋅9.	دار للجبر اجمير ضرب مبمنت مانوس جلوس ۲ سنه
					.1 S.B.
	1864 1865	Akbar- ábád <i>Musta-</i> <i>qirru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1132- aḥd	W. 176–174. S. -88.	أكبراباد – احد مستقر الخلافة
	1866 14	,,	-4	but fragmentary: date wanting.	As on No. 1837, but upper portion of legend wanting.
				W. 44.	Regnal year #
	1867	.,	11	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1837, but
				W. 174-8. S. -86.	-
	1868	.,	1136-6	; ; ;	,, ,,
				W. 175.5, S. .85.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1869	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	113	As on No. 1837, but 117- W. 175. S. 88.	As on No. 1837, but
1870	,.	114	 11€- W. 175. S. ·86.	;; !!
1871		114	w. 174·5. s. ·85.	 17 A.S.B.
1872	"	114	W. 175-5. S. -96.	 10 Jihlam.
1873		1147-	 115v ₩. 176. S. ·9.	 I v
1874		-20	Date wanting. W. 175.5. S9.	7.
1875	,,	1153-23	 W. 174-5. S95.	;; ;;
1876	•	1159-	 1109 W. 175. S. -9.	,
1877	Akbar- nagar	113	As on No. 1837, but 1 (7- W. 178. S. -85.	مانوس مىمنت ە سنة جلوس ضرب اكبرىكر

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1878	Akbar- nagar	1155– 25	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1877, but
				S. -86.	Pl.
	1879	Akhtar- nagar Awadh	6	 Ur- W. 170 S. 1·0.	As on No. 1838, but
	1880	ábád	114	1114-	As on No. 1877, but ועוטב – וו
		! !		W. 175.5. S. .88.	Pl.
	1881	**	1154- 24	۰۱۱ مح	 ~@
				W. 178.5 S. .85.	A.S.B.
	1882 1		1155- 24	.,	
		1		W. 179. S. ·85.	
	1883²		-3	As on No. 1837, but date wanting.	As on No. 1877, but ارکان – ۳
		•		W. 176.5. S. .91	Pl.
	1883 (a) ³		-6	Date and part of king's name wanting.	·· •
				W. 174. S. -88.	

 $^{^4}$ This is I.M.C, No. 9023, p. 66, where the mint is given as Akbarabád.

² Coins bearing the mint name Up were struck by the French Compagnie des Indes at Pondicherry and the East India Company at Madrás by permission and in the name of Muhammad Sháh. It has been thought preferable to catalogue all such coins in the fourth volume.

³ This is L.M.C., No. 11360, p. 70—assigned to Ahmad Shah. There is no crescent on the reverse, and the coin resembles in type No. 1883

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1883 (b) 1	Arkát	11	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1883, but	SILVER
			₩. 175. S. ·75.		
1884	11	113	بر محمد ۱۱۳– to right of	,, A	
			W. 169. S. ⋅82.		
1884 (a) ²	"	-11?	Date wanting.	11.3	
			₩. 171. s. ·82.		
1885	**	114	ر. محمد 11۴– to right of	;; !F	
			₩. 172. S. ·8.		
1885 (a) ³ 1885	,,	1158-	tion on one, tto- on the other.	but wavy line in place of regnal year.	
(b)			W. 171–174·5. S. ·86–·9.	Pl.	
1886 1887	'Azím- ábád	1131- aḥd	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1842, but عظیم اباد – احد	
	(Patna)		w. 178–169·2. s. ·95.	(1886) A.S.B. Pl.	
1888	٠.	1132-		٠,	
		: ahd	w. 178.		

 $^{^1}$ This is I.M.C., No. 11356, p. 62. The regnal year is doubtful. 2 This is I.M.C., No. 11387, p. 66, where the regnal year is given as rr. The figures are indistinct.

³ These are I.M.C., Nos. 11357 and 11362, pp. 66-7 They do not appear to be coins from the Imperial Mint.

					
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1889	'Azím- ábád	1137-7	As on No. 1837, but 1177 W. 178.5. S92.	عظیم اباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۲ سنة A.S.B.
	1890		11	 !! W. 176. S. •78.	
	1891	**	1152-	 11er W. 171. S. -85.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1892	17	1154-	 110.° W. 177. S. ∙82.	
	1893 1894	,,	1154-	 1105 ₩. 177-5–177. S. -8.	 عنب M. 56 in س of جلوس fo (1893) A.S.B.
	1895	>7	1156-	,, Her W. 175. S. ∙9.	 М. 56.
	1896		1157-	 110∨ W. 178⋅5. S. ⋅8.	
	1897	,,	115 28		A.S.B M. 56.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1898	'Azím- ábád	1159-29	As on No. 1837, but 1109 W. 178.5. S75.	As on No. 1889, but M. 57. Mint name wanting. A.S.B.	SILVER
1899		11	 V. 178. S. ∙74.	r. Five dots in س of جلوس Mint name wanting. A.S.B.	
1900	Barélí	1133-3	As on No. 1837, but W. 176. S95.	مانوس میمنت جلوس سنة يلے	
1901	,,	113	₩. 175. S. ·85.		
1902	,,	11	 !!−− W. 174. S. ·71.	1	
1903		1150-	w. 175.5. s. ⋅85.		
1904	Bur- hánpúr <i>Dáru-s-</i> sarúr	1132-2	W. 178. S. 1-0.	جلوس مانوس مبهنت سنة دار السرور برهانمور	
1905	,,	1133–3	 V. 177·5. S. ·95.	A.S.B. Pl. 	

			1		
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1906	Etáwá	113	As on No. 1837, but	مانوس مېمنت » سنة جلوس ضرب اناوا
				W. 175. S. 1·0.	ء. سنة جلوس
					ضرب انا و ا
	1907	**	1139-9	1,503	
				W. 175. S. 1·0.	
	1908	>>	1140- 10	۱۱۴,	
				W. 173-5. S. 1-0.	
	1909	,.	11		, !1
				₩. 176. S. ∙98.	, ,
	1910		1144- 14	1188	υ κ
				₩. 173. s. ∘93.	,,
	1911	,-	114	114-	į.
				W. 173 S. 93.	11
	1912	1,	1147-	! 1;54	
				W. 171. S. .95.	1 /
	1913		114		.,
				₩. 175. S. ·9	1 ^
	1914	,,	1149-	11/59	.,
		\$!	19	W. 175. S. -95.	, d

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obver s e	Reverse
Al 1915	Etáwá	1157- 27	As on No. 1837, Lut	As on No. 1906, but
			W. 174. S. 1⋅0.	
1916	,,,	1158– 27	₩. 173.	
1917	••	115	S. 1·0.	
		29	W. 173. S. .9	' ४३ :
1918	 Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	1156- 26	As on No. 1844, but الماء over الماء in second line.	As on No. 1906, but وخ اماد ۲۶ – ۲۶
			W. 174. S. 1⋅0.	1 1 1
1919	Gwáliár	1135–5		كوالبار – ه
1920 1921		1137-7		
1021	1		W. 171-5-174. S. -9.	(1920) A.S.B.
1922		1144- 14	l l'tete	. 1. c
1923		1153-	W. 175. S. 1-01.	!
	: !		W. 173. S. 1-0.	Regnal year obliterated. A.S.B.
1924	Jahángír- nagar	1145- 15	11160	As on No. 1906, but جهانگربرنگر – ه
	Ī		W. 179•2. S. ∙95	Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	Æ 1925	Jahángír- nagar	1155- 25	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1924, but	
				W. 179.5. S. ⋅75.		
	1926	Jaipúr Sawáí	1153- 23	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1906, but سوای جی بور – ۳۳	
				W. 174-5. S. ⋅85.	A.S.B. Pl.	
	1926 (a)		1155- 25	'100	 re	
			:	W. 175. S. ∙95.		
	1927		115, 28	 110 - W. 172.	 PA	
			1470	S. ·95.		
	1928	**	1159- ¹ 29	 (163 W. 173.	! ! r9	
	1000	Kashmír	1190	S. ·95.	· No company	
	1929	Nashmir	1136-	W. 169-2.	As on No. 1906, but ضر کشهبر	
			,	S. ·95.	Regnal year obliterated.	
	1930	,.	11	 H -	! r-	
				W. 174. S. ⋅85.	A.S.B.	
	1931 1	Katak	1151- 24	 110 ⁴	As on No. 1906, but	
			1	W. 178. S. ⋅9.	Mánbhúm. Pl.	

 $^{^{1}}$ See $J,\mathcal{A},S,B.,$ 1905, Num. Supp. V. art. 39.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1932	Kan- báyat	-3	As on No. 1837. Date wanting. W. 179. S 9.	As on No. 1906, but ۳ – کنبایت
1933	,,	1137 ?-	 W. 178. S. •93.	,, 1 Pl.
1934	Korá	1139~9	As on No. 1837, but 1179 W. 174. S. ·83.	مانوس میمنت سنة جلوس ضرب ضرب کورا M. 59 to right of ۹
1935	,,	11	₩. 174. S. ·95.	M. 59.
1936 1937	,,	1142-	w. 174·5−173. s. ·91.	M. 59. (1936) A.S.B. Pl.
1938	,,,	11	 11−− W. 174. S. ·93.	M. 59.
1939 1940	"	1144-	 1199 ₩. 174·5–172·5. S. ·9.	M. 59. (1939) A.S.B.
1941	"	1145-	₩. 175. S. ·95.	M. 59.
1942	"	1145-	 ₩. 174-5. S. -9.	M. 59.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date :	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	1943	Korí	114	As on No. 1837, but 118- W. 175. S. 92.	As on No. 1934, but M. 59.
	1944 ,	•	115	 11e− ₩. 173. S. ·9.	M. 59.
	1945 1946	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanut	1132-2	As on No. 1837, but 1177 W. 176-174. S85.	جلوس مانوس ممنت ۲ دار السلطنه لاهور ضرب
	1947		1135-5	 • Iffe W. 176-5. S. -9.	(1946) A.S.B. Pl. الاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة ه مست مانوس مانوس M. 60 to left of ه.A.S.B.
	1948	1.	11	 ₩. 175, S. ·85.	Pl. M. wanting. A.S.B.
	1949	, ,,	11	 11 ₩. 176-5. S. -86.	M. wanting.
	1950	,	-13	Date wanting. W. 173. S. ·8.	M. wanting.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
∠R 1951	Láhor	11	As on No. 1837, but 11 W. 177. S85.	As on No. 1947, but M. 60. A.S.B.
1952	,,	1152-22	W. 176. S. ·9.	M. 60.
1953	,,	1153-23	 ₩. 174. \$. ·86.	M. wanting.
1954 1955	,,	115	 110- W. 176. S. ·85.	ا مانوس of مانوس of مانوس of مانوس (1954) <i>A.S.B.</i>
1956	,,	1159-	 1109 ₩. 175. S. ·8.	M. 60 in bottom line. A.S.B.
1957	"	11	., 11 ₩. 173. \$. ·8.	M. 60 in bottom line. Jihlam.
1958	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1145-	As on No. 1837, but 1140 W. 172. S. 9.	محمداباد بنارس ضرب جلوس مانوس مبهنت سنة ١٥
1959	.,	-21	Date wanting. Traces of dotted border. W. 173. S95.	Pl. محمداداد مبهنت ۲۱ سنة جلوس مانوس ضرب

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 1960	Muḥam- madábad Banaras	115	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1959, but ۴۶ جاو سنة س M. wanting.
	1961	.,	11 26	₩. 172. S. •82.	ن. M. 61. inverted, to right of محمداباد
	1962	••	27	Date wanting. W. 174. S. ·8.	M. 61, inverted.
	1963 1964	**	115 28	 110- W. 174-173. S. ⋅8.	M. 61, inverted. (1964) A.S.B.
	1965 1966	25 1	11629	but 113- on one. M. 62 over \$12 in second line. W. 175. S. 8.	M. 61, inverted. (1965) A.S.B. Pl.
	1967	; ; ; ;	.116	but no m. W. 174. S83.	M. 61. inverted.
	1968	Multan	1135-	As on No. 1837, but Urre W. 170. S9.	As on No. 1934, but ملتان Regnal year obliterated.
	1969		1117-	but 1150 over \$12 in second line. W. 175. S. 9	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1970	Multán	1157-26	As on No. 1969, but 110 W. 177. S9.	As on No. 1968, but A.S.B. Pl.
1971	Murshid- ábád	1131 ?- aḥd	As on No. 1837, but W. 175. S85.	As on No. 1843, but سنة احد M. wanting.
1972	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2	Date wanting. W. 179. S. ·8.	M. 60 to right of r
1973	,,,	1135-5	., V. 179-3. S88.	M. 60. A.S.B.
1974	,,,	11	 V. 178. S. ⋅8.	M. 60. A.S.B.
1975	,.	11	w. 179. s. ⋅8.	М. 60.
1976	,,	11	,. W. 178. S. -85.	M. 60.
1977	,,	114	 W. 179. S. ·85.	M. 60.
1978	•,	1152- 22	 V. 168. S. 1·02.	M. 60.

-	Metal No.	Mint	Date ;	Obverso	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1979	Murshid- ábád	115	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1843, but
	1980	,	1155-	S. ⋅8. W. 180. S. ⋅9.	A.S.B. Yo M. wanting. A.S.B.
	1981		1157-26	W. 180.	Д. М. 60.
	1982	.,	1157-	W. 180. S. 95.	M. wanting.
	1983		115	W. 179. S. 1·025.	M. 60. A.S.B Pl
	1984 1984 (a)		115	w. 179–178. s. ⋅9–⋅85.	 rs M. 60. (1984) A.S.В
	1985 1985 (a)		1161- 30	but that on one. M. 59 over s in second line on No. 1985.	M. 60
				w. 179.5. s. ⋅88–⋅8	(1985) A.S.I
	1986 1987		20	معمد شاه عاز دادشاه عاز سکه مبارك ۱۱۵۰	As on No. 1934, but معرنگر۔ M. 63 over جلوس of جلوس
				W. 175. S. -85.	4.8.B. (Madrás I

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1988	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	-12	As on No. 1837, but date wanting. W. 173. S. .925.	مانوس مانوس ۱۲ سنة جلوس ضرب سهرند
1999¹	"	-23		"
			W. 173. S. ⋅87.	M. 60 to right of mint name.
				P1.
2000	Sháhábád Qanauj	1143– 13	 1167 ₩. 177. S. •95.	شاهاماد قنوج – ۳۰ Mo m.
2001	,,	1144- 13	 W. 177. S. ∙91.	
2002	,.	1145- 14	 11#e W. 173.	114
2003	,,	1147- 17	Traces of dotted border.	Traces of dotted border.
2004	,,	115-21	S. 1.075.	 اخسر M. 64 over المر Pl.
2005	,,	1152- 22	w. 175. S. 95.	No m.

¹ Ten numbers have been accidentally omitted here in the numeration.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2006	Sháh á bád Qanauj	1153-	As on No. 1837, but 1107 W. 174. S98.	As on No. 2000, but ۳۳ M. 65 over
	2007	'',	11	W. 173. S. ∙95.	 ۴۴ M. 66 over ضر
	2008 2009	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	113 alıd	As on No. 1837, but 117- W. 175-173.8. S. .829.	As on No. 1844, but احد احد احد احد احد احد احد احد احد احد
	2010	,,	-2	but no date to right of or on any other part of the coin.	(2008) A.S.B.
	2011	,,	1133-3	W. 175. s. 9. As on No. 1844, but احت over صاحب W. 175.5.	" F
	2012 2013	,,		but אורד under slass in top line. W. 175–174.	A.S.B.
	2014	**	1134-3	S. -85.	(2012) A.S.B.
	2015	,,	1134–4	but time over W. 174. S85.	ł . //

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2016	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1135–5	As on No. 1844, but 1100 to right of Sec. 175.	As on No. 1844, but هند	SILVER
2017	,.	1136–5	but 11m1 over ————————————————————————————————————	,,	
2018	22	1136-6	 W. 175. S. ·83.	" 1	
2019	; ; ;	113	but 117- to right of •••• W. 175.5.	"	
2020 2021	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1137-7	w. 176–175·5.	 (2021) A.S.B.	
2022	,, 1	1138-7	 1154 W. 174.	"	
202 3	,,	1138–8	S. ⋅88. W. 175. S. ⋅85.	,, ^	
2024 2025	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1139-8	but ۱۱۳۹ over صاحب W. 175-5.	**	
2026	,	1139–9	S. ⋅85. W. 175. S. ⋅8.	(2025) A.S.B	•

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 2027	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1139-9	As on No. 1844, but 1179 to right of 2020 W. 175. S86.	As on No 1844, but
	2028		1140-9	but 115. over	
	2029	1	1140-	W. 175. S. -85	A.S.B.
		1	10	W. 176-5. S. -8.	A.S.B.
	2030		1141- 10	but 1181 to right of 300 \$\dot{\text{w.}} \ \text{T75.} \ \text{S.} \ .85.	
	2031 2032		1141- 11	W. 175–174·5. S. ·9.	 (2032) A.S.B.
	2033		1142-	w. 175.	,,
	2034 2035		1142- 12	w. 174. s. -85.	 (r (2035) A.S.B.
	2036		. ,,	ا but ۱۱۴۲ over صاحب w. 175	
	2037	ı ,	1143- - 13	but tise to right of	; ;

 $^{^{1}}$ / M $^{\prime}$ C., No. 7427, p. 63, but the reading of the date and regnal year is doubtful.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2038	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1144-	As on No. 2037, but 1144 W. 175. S85.	As on No. 2037.
2039	.,	1144-	 ₩. 174. \$. .85.	1.6
2040	,.	1145-	11,20	
	; ; [1	W. 176. S. ⋅85.	A.S.B.
2041	••	•••	but 1180 over	
			W. 170. S. 85.	Jihlam.
2042	.,	1145-	but 11% to right of w. 175. S. -85.	10
2043	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1146-	₩. 176. S. ·9.	A.S.B.
2044 2045	1.	1146-	W. 176. S. ·9.	(2044) A.S.B.
2046	,,,		 but ۱۱۴۲ over صاحب	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	; ;		W. 175. S. ⋅86.	
2047	,,,	114	 11 ⁶ -	1v

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2048 2049	jahánábád		As on No. 1844, but ۱۱۴۷ to right of محمد	As on No. 2047.
	Daru-t- <u>kh</u> iláfat		W. 175-5. S. -85.	(2048) A.S.B.
2050	,,,	1148-		 ! ^
		1 1	W. 174. S. 85.	
2051	,.		but 1184 over	
			W. 176. S. ·85.	A.S.B.
2052	,,,	-19	Date obliterated.	 1 1
		1	w. 175. S. -88.	
2053	.,	1150- 20	but the to right of see	 r,
			W. 172. S. ⋅85.	
2054	,.	1151- 20	but 1101 over ale	••
			W. 175. S. ⋅85.	
2055	.,	1151- 21	but 1101 to right of 3020	 F1
		1	W. 175. S. ·85.	, ,
		1152- 22		
			W. 174-7-174. S. -9585.	(2057) A.S.B.
2058	**	1153-		
	AR 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055	AR 2048 Sháh- 2049 jahánábád Dáru-l- khiláfat 2050 , 2051 , 2052 2054 , 2055	AR 2048 Sháh- 1147- jahánábád Dáru-l- khiláfat 18 2050	R

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2059	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1153- 23	As on No. 2058. W. 173. S. ·87.	As on No. 1844, but
2060 2061	,,	1154- 23	110%	"
			W. 175–174. S. ⋅95–⋅9.	(2061) A.S.B.
2062	,,	1155— 24	 1100 ₩. 174. S. •93.	ι. c
2063	,,	1155- 25	 W. 175. S. ∙95.	ro
2064	,,	1157-26	 110v W. 175.	,, FY
			S. ·9.	A.S.B.
2065 2066		1158-	W. 175–173. S. •9.	(2065) A.S.B.
2067	,,	1159-28	In double circle with dots between.	In double circle with dots between.
			W. 172. S. 1·15.	Pl.
2068	,,	1159- 29	No border. W. 175.	ra No border.

SILVER

Metal No.	Munt	Date	Obv+rse	Reverse
AR 2069	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dárv-l-</i> kkiláfat	116	As on No. 1844, but 115- W. 175 5. S. 86.	As on No. 1844, but
2069 (u)¹ 2069 (b)¹	Súrat	1132- . ahd	داطف الد محمد دادساه رمان سسکد زد در جهان ۱۱،7۰۰ س. 177. w. 177.	مانوس میمنت احد سنه جلوس ضرب سؤرب سؤرب (2069 <i>a</i>) <i>A.S.B</i> .
2070		11 'ahd	As on No. 1837, but	
207	1	11	w. 178. s. 1.05.	; ; ; .1 S.B.
207	2	11	w. 177. s. 1-05.	 & A.S.B.

1 Coins of this type in gold and silver have been assigned of UMC. Moghul Emperors, p. 197, and LMC., p. 209 to Nikúsiyar, a grandson of Aurangzeb, who was set up as a claimant to the Mughal throne in the troublous year 1719 A.D. (A.H. 1131). Mr. W. Irvine, however, pointed out in the Proc. A.S.B. for April, 1899, that the coins are in reality the first issues of Muhammad Sháh, quoting in support of his contention a passage from the Micro-Almado. From the latter it appears that on receipt of a hashiellahim announcing Muhammad Sháh's accession, Mihr 'Ah Khan, the Deputy-Governor of Súbah Gujarát... and all the other officials having assembled, the accession was proclaimed by heat of drum, the Khurbah was recited and corn was issued with the inscription—

But after this the inscription on the corn was altered to

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Al 2073	Súrat	-7	As on No. 1837. Date wanting.	As on No. 2069 (a), but
;			W. 168. S. ⋅92.	Bombay Government.
2074	.,	1140-		
			W. 177. S. 1⋅0.	
2075		114		., I v
			W. 176. S. ⋅9.	
2076	,,	-19	Date wanting.	1 9
			(Crude execution.) W. 170. S. .95.	
2077	••	-20	 w. 178.	 r.
•			S. .95.	A.s.B.
2078	**	-26	 ₩. 173. \$. ∙95.	 جاوس of س M. 55 in
2079 1 2080 2081	••	-27	 ₩. 172–170. S. ·9	 سو M. 67 over
		1		(2081) A.S.B. Pl.
2082	**	-32!	 ₩. 168. S. ∙9.	 Pl.

¹ These coins have none of the appearance of having been struck at the Imperial Mint. They seem to be imitations of the Surat coins of Muhammad. Quaer: were they issued by the East India Company at Bembay? No. 2079 is I.M.C., No. 11235, p. 66.

					
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 2083	Élichpúr		محمد شاه	
				بادشاه	س ضرب اب لج مور
		1		₩. 295	<i>A S.B.</i> Pl.
	2084	! Multán 	1143– 12	محمد شاہ بادشاہ غازے [مل ^ع وس س ^{عا} [۱۱]	ملتان ضرب ۱۲ جلوس مبارك
				W. 209. S. 1·0.	Pl.
	2085	3	-22	[محم]د شاه ع [دادشا]د غاز	 س ۲۲ سنة
				W. 179. S. .75.	ضر <i>ب</i> اداد

XIII AḤMAD SHÁH

а. н. 1161-1167.

А. р. 1748-1754.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A/ 2086	Akbar- ábád Musta- girru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	-2	احمد شاه بهادر بادشاه غاز ک سکه مبار W. 168. S. .92.	جلوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الخلافیة سنة ۲ ضرب اکبراباد PI.	GOLD
2087	Allah- ábád	-3	 W. 166-6. S. -75.	مانوس میمنت سنة جلوس ضرب الهاباد PL.	
2088	Burhán- púr <i>Dáru-s-</i> sarúr	1166-6	but 1177 over is in second line. W. 169.9. S84.	جلوس مانوس میمنت سنة دار السرور ضرب برهانپور	
Æ 2089	Akbar- nagar	-4	Date wanting. W. 180. S. .85.	As on N o. 2087, but اکبرنگر– ۴	SILVER
2090	Allah- ábád	1164-4	but אל to left of غاز W. 174. S. -8.	As on No. 2087, but	
2091 1	,,	1166-5	but 111 W. 175. S. ·8.	7, o	•

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 9193, p. 70, assigned to Akbarabád.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Rev rse
SILVER	Ak 2092	'Azím- ábad (Patna)	1162- alıd	احمد شد بهمادر دادساد غزے ۱۱۲۰ سکد مسارف	مانوس ممهنت سنه احد جلوس عطم [اناد] صرب
				W. 178. S. √7	A.8.B.
	2093 2094		1162-2	W. 177-7-177-5 S. -9185.	عظمهاداد صرف مبهنت مانوس جلوس ۲
					سنه جلوس of س M. 57 in جاوس 1.8.B.
	2095 2096		1106-6	W. 179–177-5 S. -85.	M 68 to left of z (2095) A.S.B. Pl.
	2097		1167-7	₩. 175. S. ·8.	 M. 68. A.S.B.
	2098	Barélí	-3 :	As on No. 2086 W. 172. S. 92.	مانوس میمنت جلوس سنه داخ خوب در ضرب در
	2099		1166-6	 فاز but ؛ to left of W. 172. S. -92	M. 69 over ب of صرب M. 69 over of صرب of صرب of صرب of صرب

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Al 2100	Barélí	1167-6	As on No. 2086, but بر to left of غاز w . 172.	As on No. 2099, but m. 71 over ضرب ot ضرب
2101	Burhan- púr Dáru-s- sarúr	1164-4	s. ∙9.	
2102	Etáwá	-5	Date wanting. W. 172.5. S. .96.	As on No. 2087, but اتاوا – ه + to right of ه
2103	Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	aḥd	Date wanting. W. 170. S. 93.	As on No. 2087. but فرخ اباد – احد
2104 2105	Imtiyáz- gadh (Adoní)		احمد شاد 1 : مهادر ا [ع] الم بناد 1 نعصہ ! ك	مادوس میمنت جاوس سنة
2106	Jahángír-		W. 175. S. -85. ال احمد شاد على المهادر بادشاد غاز	امنازگده (2105) A.S.B. Pl. As on No. 2087, but
	nagar	alid	بهادر بادشاه غاز M. 59 over s in second line. W. 178. S. -8.	جهآنگبرنگر-احد ! !Pl.
2107	,.	-5	but بهادر in top line. M. 72 in second line.	 8
		1	W. 178⋅5 S. ⋅9	

SII	JV	Έ	R

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2108	Jahángír- nagar	-6	As on No. 2107. M. 72.	As on No. 2106, but
			W. 178. S. ⋅81.	
2109		-7	M. 58 in second line.	 v
			W. 178. S. ∙84.	
2110	Jaipúr Sawáí	1161- ahd	As on No. 2086, but ۱۱ to left of غاز	As on No. 2087, but سوای جی پور- احد
			W. 174. S. ⋅85.	
2111	Katak	aḥd	Date wanting.	 کنك – احد
			W. 168. S. ·9.	
2112	,,	-2	W. 172.	r r
			S. ⋅85.	Bétúl
2113	٠,,	-4	W. 172. S. ⋅9.	he
2114	ļ L ,.	-5		1
			W . 172. S . ⋅87.	° Pl
2115	.,	11	,, 11	.,
			W. 178. s. ⋅81.	Pl

¹ There is a marked dissimilarity between the die from which this coin was struck and that used for the other coins of Katak here catalogued, see plate. The initial 'K' of Katak is different from the 'K' on the other coins, and the o is also different from the o on No. 2114. The upper line of the obverse is written احمدشاه مراد instead of احمدشاه المعادية ال

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2116	Katak	-6	As on No. 2111. Date wanting.	As on No. 2111, but
			W. 172. S. ⋅86.	Bétúl.
2117	31	-7	w. 168. s. ∙91.	,, v
2118	"	-3	w. 170. s. ⋅85.	but rii over "
2119))	. ,,	w. 168. s. ⋅8.	but rir over
2120 2121	"		w. 168–165. s. ⋅8.	but o over سنة and M. 73 over و of جلو
2122 2123	,,	77	w. 166·5−165. s. ·75.	ر (2121) A.S.B. o over منة and m.m. 73— 74 over و of جلو 123) A.S.B. Pl.
2124	,,	. ,,,	W. 168. S. ⋅82.	ov over منة No m. over و Bétúl.
2125 2126	,•	' ',	w. 168-167. s. ⋅82.	ب. سنة oır over هنه Bétúl.
2127	13	,,	w. 166·5.	ر, سنة Orı over
2128	"	,,	S. -81.	Bétúl.
1		†	w. 172. s. ⋅85.	سنة ۲۸ over Bétúl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 2129	Katak	— ?	As on No. 2086 W. 171. S. -85.	As on No. 2111, but عسنهٔ over سنهٔ <i>Bétûl</i> . Pl.
	2130	:		W. 170 S. 9.	v ^e OVer هنس
	2131	. !		W. 171.5 S. .85.	but ۱۸۰ over and 11 under سنهٔ Pl.
	2132			W. 172 S. ·8.	but et over سنه Bétûl,
	2133	,		w. 172 s. ⋅8.	but 11 % over aim
	2134			W. 171 S. -85	سند over سند 1.8.B.
	2135	Kan- báyat	aḥd	As on No. 2086. Date wanting. W. 178 S. 9.	As on No. 2087, but کنیانت – احد
		Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	ahd	but 1177 over ha sim in third line W. 177. S. -8	لاهور دار السلطنه صر <i>ب</i> سنه احد
		1		1	مىمنت جلوس مانوس

4.8.B. 11

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2137	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	-2	As on No. 2136, but no date in third line.	As on No. 2136, but	SILVER
2138		-3	W. 174. S. .87. W. 175. S. .78.	;; ;	
2139 2140		1164-4	 but البخ over بما in top line.	اج '،	
			W. 174. S. 8.	(2139) Miánwáli. (2140) A.S.B.	
2141	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1161- ahd	below بها in top line. w. 174.	محمداباد میمنت احد ماری ت	
	i		S. .77.	ميمنت احد جلو سنة س مانوس صرب بنارس M. obliterated.	
2142 2143	,, 	1162-2	 ۱۲۲۶ M. 33 over غا in middle ا		
		1	W. 175–172. S. ·8–·85.	(21+2) A.S.B.	
2144 2145	.,	1163-3	M. 33 in middle line.	 M. 75 to right of محمد	
			W. 174–172. S. ·8.	(2144) A.S.B.	
2146 2147		1161-4	 1175 M. 33.	M. 75.	
0140		1105 4	W. 175·5−175. S. ·8.	(2147) A.S.B.	
2148 2149	,,	1165-4	M. 33.	M. 75.	
			W. 175 S. ⋅8	(2148) A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2150	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1165-5	As on No. 2141, but M. 76 over & in middle line. W. 174.5.	As on No. 2141, but M. 75.
	2151	,.	1166–5	M. 76. W. 174-5.	у, о М. 75.
	2152	.,	1167-	M. 77. W. 175.	A.S.B. '', M. 61, inverted.
	2153	Multán	1163-2	As on No. 2086, but 1147 over is in middle line. W. 177. S85.	As on No. 2087, but ملتان – ۲
	2154 2155	 	1162- aḥd	but the to left of one in bottom line. W. 178. S97.	As on No. 2087, but مرشداباد – احد M. 60 to right of احد (2155) A.S.B.
	2156 215		1162-:	W. 179–178. s. •95.	. М. 60. (2156) <i>А.S.B</i> .
	215	8 .,	-2	Date wanting. M. 59 over s in middle line. W. 179.5. S93.	M. 60.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2159 2160	Murshid- ábád	1163-3	As on No. 2154, but No m.	As on No. 2154, but M. 60.	SILVE
			W. 178. S. ⋅95–⋅75.	(2160) A.S.B	
2161	,,	1164-3	W. 178-5.	М. 60.	
2162	"	-4	Date wanting. W. 176. S 9.	M. 60.	
2163 2164	,,	-5	M. 72 over s in middle line.	M. 60.	
2165	,,	1166–6	w. 179.2-178. s8575. but المال to left of مبار M. 58 over s in middle	(2164) A.S.B	
2166	,,	1167–6	M. 177. S92. M. 58.	М. 60.	
2167	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	1161- aḥd	w. 178. s95. As on No. 2086, but المائة to left of غاز w. 173. s85.	As on No. 2087, but سهرند – احد	
2168	21	1162-2	,, !!٦٢	,, r	
			W. 175. S. ·85.	A.S.B	3.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obver-e	Reverse
SILVER	Al 2169 2170	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> ilúfat	1161— aḥd	As on No. 2086, but (12) to left of غاز w. 174-5-174, s. -9585	فة جها اباد دارلخلا شاد ن ضرب جلوس مبهنت مانوس
			,		احد سنة
					(2170) A.S.B.
	2171		1162- alıd	11 1 - 4 **	
		:	· !	W. 174. S. ⋅9	
	2172	11	1162–2	·	
				W. 174. S. ⋅88.	•
	2173	1	11 63 –3	1	,
	2174		1	M. 60 over من عدم ما ما to left	<i>;</i> **
		<u> </u>	i 	مار of مار of مار of . W. 176–174.	
		i	;	S. ·95-·9.	(2173) A.S.B.
	2175 2176		1164-1	1144	 , c
		i		M. 60.	•
		1		S. .95.	(2176) A.S.B.
	2177	1	1165-5		
		i	i	M. 60.	e
		:		W. 174. S. -9.	
	2178	••	1166-6		
		1		M. 60.	
				W. 172. S. -84.	

XIV 'ÁLAMGÍR II

а. н. 1167-1173.

A. D. 1754-1759.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
N 2179 2180 2181 2181 (a)	Imtiyáz- gadh [Adoní]	-21 (sic)	عالمگیر ثابے بادشاہ ادشاہ to left of slm on one.	گده ضرب امنباز	GOLD
			W. 51·6-51·3-51. S. ·045 × ·38-·45-·47 × ·42.	Pl.	
2182	٠,		 ₩. 25. S. ·35.	٠.	
2183	Jaipúr Sawáí	117	بادشاه غاز بادشاه عاز الکیر کی میار سکه میار M. 78 over	مانوس مبهنت سنة جلوس ضرب سوای جی دور	
2184	Láhor <i>Dáru-s-</i> sal <u>t</u> anat	1172-5	W. 168. S75. In dotted border, as on No. 2183, but 11v? M. 79 to left of W. 168. S8.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة ه مبهنت	
2185	Muḥam- madábad Banáras	-3	عالم كبرج با]دشاد غاز W. 168. S. 68.	جلوس مانوس محمداباد میمنت جلوس ۳ سنة مانوس ضرب نارس	

-	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	N 2186 2187	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> ílófat	1172-5	عالمگير غاز دا[دشاه] عزمز الدين ٢٠٠٠ شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	إ خلد الله سلطانه] دار الخلافة شاهجهان[اباد ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس سنة سنة (2187) A.S.B.
	2188		1173-6	,, !!∨™ W. 168. S. ∙78.	•••
	2189		-6	Date wanting. W. 169. S. -8.	[فق جها اباد] but [فق جها اباد] [دار ا]لحلا شاء[ن
SILVE	AR 2190	Aḥmad- ábád	11	As on No. 2183, but 11 W. 177.5, S. 1.0.	As on No. 2183, but احمداناد ۳– العمداناد Pl.
	219	1 ,,	1176	₩. 181. S. ·94.	M. 80 in " of replace of the mint name is wanting, but m. 80 sufficiently indicates the mintage. A.S.B.
	219	Akbar- ábád Musta- girru-l khiláfa	- 2	As on No. 2183, but ا ا ا ا	جلوس مانرس مبعنت مستفر الحلافه سنة ۲ ضرب اكبراباد
			•		A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2193	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1169–3	As on No. 2183, but 1113 No m. W. 174. S. 1-1.	As on No. 2192, but	SILVER
2194	Akbar- nagar	1167— aḥd	but to left of مبار M. 58 over s in middle line. W. 178. S. 1.0.	As on No. 2183, but اکرنگر-احد M. 59 to right of احد	
2195	Allah- ábád	1168- ahd	but 1174 to right of عالم w. 174. s75.	As on No. 2183, but ب ضر العاباد – احد ضر العاباد – احد A.S.B	·.
2196¹ 2197	,,	1169–2	W. 174. S. .75.	(2197) A.S.B	·.
2198°	Arkát	-4	محمد عزبر الدین عالم[کیر ما]دشاہ غاز	As on No. 2183, but ارکات - ۴	
2199	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	116 aḥd	W. 175. S85. As on No. 2183, but 117- in bottom line. W. 178. S85.	A.S.B. (Púnái Pí عظیم اباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة احد M. 81 to left of).

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 9189, p. 73, where Akbarábád has been given as the mint name.

² This differs from the coins bearing this mint name issued by the East India Company and the French Compagnie des Indes, and appears to be an imperial coin.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2200	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	1168-2	As on No. 2199, but W. 178, S85.	As on No. 2199, but M. 81.
	2201	**	1169-2		.,
			1	W. 175. S. -85.	
	2202 1		1169-3	 W. 178.	
	2203	••	1170-3	S. -8.	.,
	,		!	W. 177. S. ∙75.	М. 81.
	2204	••	1171-4	W. 174. S. ·8.	 M. 81.
	2205	,.	-5	Date wanting W. 90.	M. 81.
	2206 2207	11	1172-6	S. ⋅65. !!vr W. 178–175	A.S.B.
	2208		1173-6	S. •78.	(2206) A.S.B.
			•	W. 178-5. S. -75.	M. 81.
	$\frac{2209}{\frac{1}{2}}$	•	117 6	 v	М, 81.
			. 1	₩. 89·5. S. ·65.	A.S.B. Pl.

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 9175, where the mint has been mistakenly given as Muḥammadábád Banáras. M. 81 shows that it is 'Azimál ad.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2210 2211	Barélí	1168– aḥd	As on No. 2183, but W. 172-170. S88.	مانوس میمنت احد جلوس سنة یلے ضرب بر ضرب of صرب ن	SILVER
		1	•	(2211) A.S.B. Pl.	
2212 2213	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	116	 W. 170.	M. 82.	
2214	.,	117	S. ·9.	(2213) A.S.B.	
2215	,,	117	S. -9.		
2216		6	w. 170.	M. 83 over ن of ضرب M. 84 in س of جاوس	
2217	Etáwá	1168- ahd	As on No. 2183, but الم	(2216) A.S.B. As on No. 2183, but اتاوا – احد	
2218	Gwáliár	-4	W. 168. S. 1-0. but date wanting. M. 59 over	کوالمار - ۶۰	
			w. 175. s. -94.	: Bétál,	
2219 2220	Imtiyáz- gadh (Adoní)		عالمكسر ثابع سكه زد عزمز الدس نے صاحبقرا W. 172. S. .78.	مادوس مبعنت جلوس ضرب امتبازگده	
			p. 110.	A.S.B. Pl.	

	Metal	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	R 2221	Jahángír- nagar	11 aḥd		As on No. 2183, but جمانگيرنگر- احد	_
				M. 58 over s in middle line.		
			1	W. 180. S. ∙95	·	
	2222		-2	Date wanting. M. 58.	; ; ;	
				W. 178. S. 95.		
	2223		11	 M. 58.		
				W. 177. S. .95.]	Pl.
	2224	Jaipúr Sawáí	aḥd	 عالم گبر Date wanting. M. 78 over مما	As on No. 2183, but احد	
	2225	Kan- báyat	-6	W. 173. S. 95.	ار کنیانت - : - کنیانت	
		(Cambay)		بادشاه غاز W. 180. S. -8.	البات المالي	
	2226	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1169-2	As on No. 2183, but 1113 W. 174. S. 75.	As on No. 2184, but	
	2227	7	1172-6	11vr	,, 1	
			1	W. 175. S. 75.	1	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
At 2228	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1167 aḥd	(sic) اعز الدين عالمگير ثاني ساحب قران ك سكة مبار [3] س. 175. S84.	### SILVER ميمنت ميمنت جاوس احد سنة مانوس ضرب ضرب [بنارس] M. 85 to right of top line. Pl.
2229	3 7	116	As on No. 2183, but 111- W. 175. S. •8.	., М. 85. <i>А.S.B</i> .
2230	,,	11	₩. 166. S. ·75.	M. 85. A.S.B.
2231		1170-	W. 175. S. .8.	М. 85.
2232 2233	,,	1171-4	but 11v1 to left of le W. 174-173. S. -8.	M. 85. (2233) A.S.B.
2234	,,	117	but 11v- to right of \(\sigma \) M. 86 between \(\sigma \) and \(\sigma \) in second line.	 c M. 85 (traces of).
2235	"	1172– 6	W. 173. S8. M. 86. W. 174. S75.	" بجلوس of س M. 87 in

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
ilver	Al 2236	Murad- ábád	117	As on No. 2183, but to left and v- to right of M. 88 over to in middle	مانوس میمنت جلوس سنة ه
				W. 172. S. ·85.	ضرب مراداباد جلوس of س M. 88 in P
	2237	Murshid- ábád	1167-ahd	عالمكسر but مبار to left of مبار M. 58 over ، in middle line.	As on No. 2183, but مرشداباد – احد M. 60 to right of احد
	2238 2239		1168- ahd	W. 178. S. 1.0. M. 58 in middle line and m. 60 to left of عالمًا عالمًا	М. 60.
	2240		1169-	W. 179.9–179. S. .98. 2 ₁ M. 58.	(2239) A.S. M. 60.
	224		1171-		·
	2245 2245			M. m. 58-60. W. 180. S95.	(2242-3) A.S
	224	4 Najíb- ábád	-2	As on No. 2183. Date wanting. Portions of dotted border W. 175. S85.	اباد نجبب ضرب میمنت مادوس جلوس ۲

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2245	Najíb- ábád	116	As on No. 2183, but عالگیر ۱۱۶ – to right of اه + over s in middle line. No border.	As on No. 2244, but No border.	SILVER
2246	•,	11	W. 174. S. -8.)) \ r	
2247	,,	-5	M. 71 to left of مبار W. 174. S. •9.		Pl.
			+ over ه M. 89 to left of مبار W. 173.		
2248	,,	117	+ over s M. 90 to left of مبار W. 174.	" 1	
2249 1	Narwar		under لم M. 59 over مبا W. 171.5	زور – ۲ M. 59 to right of ۱	
2250	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	i	S. ·95. but W. 164. S. ·82.	 سهرند but سهرند Regnal year obliterated	l. 1.
2251	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	11 aḥd	₩. 175. S. ·85.	As on No. 1844, but احد	В.

 $^{^{1}}$ This is I.M.C., No. 13154, p. 74, where the mint name has been tentatively read Baroda. Fuller specimens support the present reading.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A 2252	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	-2	 [عالمگر]سر بادشاد غازے ابو] العدل عزینر الدین ك سكد مبار	جهان اباد شـــاه دار لخلافة سنة r ب ب ميمنت مانوس ضر
	2253	,,,	-3	W. 175. S. ·8. As on No. 2252, but in top line silved a black of medical desired and silved and	 F
	2254	33	1170-4	W. 172. S85. As on No. 2186, but Top line fragmentary. other lines full. W. 174. S88.	A.S.B. Pl. As on No. 2186, but Portions of top line legible.
	2255	5 ,. 1	1172-6	:	Top line wanting. A.S.B.
	2256	Súrat?	-5	As on No. 2183. Date wanting. W. 177. S. 8.	As on No. 2183, but أ سورت - ه

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 9043. p. 74, and has been assigned to the Murshidabad mint. It is, however, entirely different in type from the Murshidabad coins of this reign, and the characters below ضرب appear to be parts of the word.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ			Mint not	deciphered	SILVER
2257	3	- 5	As on No. 2183.	1 بندر مفا 1	
			Date wanting.	ضرب	
			₩. 172. S. •9.	ميمنت مانوس	
			13. • 3.	ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ه سنة	
				س and نو M. 44 between	•
		į		Thána Pl	
Æ	T		Ć n	; 	COPPER
2258 2259	Láhor	"	عالم لير	لاهور	
			عالمگیر ك سكه مبار	ب	
				لاهور ه ب فلوس ضر	
			₩. 202–185. s. ·9.	Traces of dotted border.	
				Pl	
2260	Sháh-		عالمكير	اباد	
	jahánábád		<u>عالم گیر</u> ہے فلوس		
			₩. 311·5.	جهان شاه	
			S. .85.	ضرب أ	
		N i		Pl	

SHÁH JAHÁN III

А. н. 1173-1174.

A. D. 1759-1760.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	A 2261 1	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	alıd	شاہ جہاں ے راآدشاہ غاز W. 169. S. .7.	[عظبه اباد] ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة احد M. 81 to left of
SILVER	A 2262 ²	Aḥmad- ábád	117 ahd	- ۱۰۰ شاهجهان ع دادشاه عاز این سکه مبار	Pl. As on No. 2183, but احمداباد – احد M. 80 in س of
	2263 ³	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláf a t	ahd	W. 180 S95. شاہ جہاں ے دادشاہ عاز ک سکہ مبار	Pl. جلوس مانوس مبهنت مستفر الحلافه سنة احد
	2264	'Azím- ábád	1173- , ahd	W. 175. S. •95. As on No. 2261, but below المارك الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	مرب اکبرایاد Pl. As on No. 2261. M. 81 to left of احد

¹ The chief guide to the assignation of this coin is the mint-mark, which, since the reign of Ahmad Shah, appears on all the coins of the 'Azımabad mint,

² This is I.M.C., No. 8511, p. 75, assigned in error to Murshidabad. The letters are distinctly visible. The mint-mark is also that of Ahmadabad.

³ I have assigned this coin to Shah jahan III in preference to Shah jahan II on account of the inferiority in execution as compared with the coins of the latter king

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2265 2266	'Azím- ábád	1174- aḥd	As on No. 2264, but	As on No. 2261. M. 81.	SILVER
(1)			W. 179–178. S. ∙9–83.	(2265) Mánbhúm. (2266) A.S.B. Pl.	
$\frac{2267}{\frac{1}{2}}$,,	aḥd	Lower line and date wanting.	М. 81.	
			₩. 90. \$. ·7.	Pl	
2268	drapúr	1174- aḥd	۱۱۷۴ شاہ جہا <u>ن ے</u> بادشاہ غاز	مءاندربور ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس	
	(Bharat- púr)	1	بادشاہ غاز ســکــه	جلوس ميمنت مانوس احد	
	:	1	مبارك W. 171.	سنة	
			S. 1·0.	Pl	
2269	Súrat	117	Unit of date and lower line wanting.	جلوس جارس	
	•	1	W. 175. S. ⋅8.	جلوس ض]رب س]بورت س	

XV SHÁH 'ÁLAM II

А. н. 1173-1221.

A. D. 1759-1806.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
GOLD	<i>X</i> 2270 2271	Aḥmad- naga <i>r</i> Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	-31	الله محمد شاه عالم [باد شــاًاه زد زتائید حامی [دین نے سکه صاحب قرا M. 84 over می on one j M. 92 on the other. M. 92 over اص on both.	مانوس مبينت سنة ۳۱ جلوس ضرب احمدنگر فرخ[اباد	
	2272 ¹	Jaipúr Sawáí	-15	W. 165.5–164.5. S. .95.9.	 سوای جیبور– but 10	Pl.
				بادشاه غالـز سکه ممار مبار M. 78 over مبا W. 168. S. .75.		
	2273 ²	Korá ?	117 2	اله محمد ۱۱۷- فضــل شاه عالم بادشاه ســكه در هفت كشور زد سده M. m. 93-94 over عادشاه	but r-[اور] M. 59 to right of r	

¹ This is I.M.C.. No. 10841, p. 72, and has been catalogued as a coin of Alamgir II. It certainly resembles in type No. 2183 (supro), but the regnal year 15, which is clear, indicates that it is a coin of Sháh Alam. Use has possibly been made of an old die for the obverse.

² The attribution of Nos. 2273 and 2274 to Korá is not free from doubt. They undoubtedly are from the same mint as No. 2358 (a) below, but in that coin there are traces of letters before 1. A fuller specimen must be awaited before any reading can be accepted with confidence.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
N 2274	Korá	11	As on No. 2273. M. m. 94–95 over بادشاء and m. 59 under مرادشاء على 166. S. ·72.	As on No. 2273, but M. 59.	GOLI
2275	Maha-In- drapúr (Bharat- púr)	1175–2		مهة اندربور ضرب جلوس مسمنت مانوس r سنة Pl.	
2276		118	but 11A- and two lower lines wanting.	।. स to left of date.	
2277	Najíb- ábád	1178-5	اله محمد شاه عالم [باد شـاه عالم [باد شـاه سـاه سابه فضل حامى دس سـكه زد بر] هفت كشور	نجىباباد ضرب جلوس مبمنت مانوس ه سنة	
2278	,,	-25	w. 166. s. ·8. but date and two lower lines wanting. M. 91 to left of مى	,, F0	
2279	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dúru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	(117)4-	W. 165.5. S72. As on No. 2277, but* Fragmentary. W. 168. S8.	As on No. 1844, but r Mint name fragmentary	

•	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	N 2280	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	(119)7-	As on No. 2279, but M. 96 over w. 166. s. ·7.	As on No. 2279, but
	2281		1217-45	In dotted border الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	In dotted border as on No. 1844, but
		1 1	1	Branch over w. 163. S. 1·35.	Pl.
				Mint name	uot deciphered
	2281 (a) 1		-	عل <u>ای گو</u> ھرے بادشاہ عاز	كنجنكوت ضرب
				W. 43. S. ·5	≀ Kanjankot. Pl.
SILVER	Æ 2282 2283	Aḥmad- ábád	1188-	۱۱۸۸ شاہ عالم ے ادشاہ غاز ک ک سکھ مہار	As on No. 2270, but احمداناد – ۱۵ بخلوس of س M. 80 in
				W. 181–180. S. 1·025–1·0	(2282) A.S.B
	2284	,,	119		Pl.
				W. 179. S. ∙95.	A.S.B.
	1 7	Phia is true	N = 10000	- 50 m	

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 10908, p. 76. The reading كنگرور cannot, I think, be supported.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2285	Aḥmad- nagar Farru <u>k</u> h- ábád	1187– 15	الله محمد شاه عالم باد شاه از فضل حامی دین ۱۱۸۷ سکه زد بر هفت کشور	As on No. 2270, but اه س M. 65 over جاوس	SILVER
			M. 92 over می W. 173. S. 1.05.	A.S.B	
2286	,,	1192-	M. 98.	M. 65.	
2287	,, ,,	1193-	M. 98.	т. М. 65.	
2288 2289	••	1197-	M. 174.5. S. 1.09. M. 98 on one, m. 99 on the other over	,, M. 65.	
2 290		1197-	W. 173. S. 1-05. M. 98.	 r.e M. 65.	
2291	"	1198-	W. 174. S. 1·05.	М. 65.	
		23:	M. 99. W. 173. S. 1-05.	.4. 00,	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2292 2293	Aḥmad- nagar Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	1198– 25	As on No. 2285. M. 99. W. 173. S. 1.05.	As on No. 2270, but ro M. 65. (2293) A.S.B.
	2294	,,	1199- 27	M. 98. W. 174. S. 1.07.	,, M. 65.
	2295	59	1203-29	., и. 98. w. 170.	 ra M. 65.
	2296	,,	-31	As on No. 2270. M. 84 over M. 92 over W. 173.	 M. 65.
	2297	,.	1211-31	but irii to left of middle line and only m. 92. W. 173. S. 1.05.	M. 98 over"جاوس of جاوس
	2298	3,1	1213-39	M. 92. W. 170. S. 1.0.	,, rg
	2299	,.	1214-39	M. 92. W. 169-5.	"
	2300 2300 (a)		1215-39	M. 92. W. 170.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		1	1	S. 1·05.	(2300 a) A.S.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2301 2302	Aḥmad- nagar Farru <u>k</u> h- ábád	1216- 39	As on No. 2270, but M. 92. W. 171. S. 1.05.	As on No. 2270, but	Lver
2303	"	1217-	M. 92. W. 171.5. S96.	2)	
2304	,.	1218– 39	 M. 92. W. 172-5.	,,	
2305	,,	1219-	M. 92. W. 170.	"	
2306	,,	1220-	S. 1·0. ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, M. 92. W. 169. S. ·95.	,,	
23071	Ajmér <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> air	1178 7	الام ؟ شاء عالم بادشاء غاز ك سكه مبار س. 171. S. .86.	As on No. 2277, but دار الخ]ير [اجمبر] - ١	
2308) ;	-10	Date wanting. W. 171. S84.	Mint full.	

 $^{^1}$ This is I.M.C., No. 11873, p. 77. A comparison with Nos. 2308-10 leaves no doubt as to the mint being Ajmér.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date .	Oliverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2309 2310	Ajmér Dúru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1188– 14 b	الم ما No. 2307, but المما والم الما الما الما الما الما الم	As on No. 2308, but 15
	!			S. ⋅85	(2310) A.S.B.
	2311	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1175-2	ار فصل اله ۱۰۷۵ شـــاه محمد شاه لم داد	جلو <i>س</i> مانوس مبمنت مستقر لخلافة سنة r
			;	. حامی دس عا ا ســـکه زد ا در هفت کشور	ضرب آکبراباد
			1	₩. 175. s. -92.	
		ı ı	1177 0	D1 10 D.	
	2312		1175-3	1110	•
		1	1	W. 175 S. ∙95.	
	2313		1176-3	 Hivt W. 175.	"
				S. ·86.	
	2314		1176-4	 ₩. 173. S. •9.	 .e
	2315		1178-5	liva	
		1	;	W. 174. S. ⋅85.	
	2316		1180-7		 V
		1	1	W. 173 S. ∙94.	•
	2317		1198-		
		!		W. 171. S. ⋅85	ب Fish above ب of ضرب A.S.B.

T 2

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
A 2318	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1207-34	As on No. 2311, but ۱۲۰۷ * in ن of دین W. 172. S. 85.	As on No. 2311, but بو Fish over ضرب of ضرب A.S.B. Pl.
2319	.,	1215-	No star. W. 172. S9.	بور بور Fish over م and * over اباد
2320		1217-	". ⊮. 173. s. ∙86.	 بهج M. fish, and m. 32 over
2321 2322	••	1218-	 W. 172·8−172. S. ·82.	M. m. fish and 98. (2322) A.S.B.
2323	11	1218-46	w. 172. s. ⋅9.	 Fig. M. m. fish and 98.
2324	,.	1219-	 W. 172. S. ⋅86.	 Քղ M. m. fish and 98.
2325 2326	••	1219-	شاه شاه اله دبن محمد عالم باد الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم	M. fish.
	İ		W. 172. S. -8581.	(2325) A.S.B.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		Reverse
SILVER	AR 23271	Allah- ábád	? -ahd ;	عالم شاہ بادشاہ غازے		مانوس میمنت احد
		:	' 			سنة جلوس ضرب الداباد Mánbhúm. 14.
	2328 2329°		1174– alid	۱۱۰۴ شاد عالم بادشاه عاز ك سكة مسار		
				W. 175. S. ∙85.		(2328) A.S.B.
	2330		117	 ₩. 172. \$. ·8.		ie
	2331	Anwala (Aonla)	-3	عالم شـــاد از فضل حامی دس ســکه	•	As on No. 2327, but ابوله - ۳
				زد بر هفت کشور دین of ن M. 100 in w. 172.	1	
	2332	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	1171-2	شـــاه ساده فضل حامی دنن سـکه ۲۱۱۴	1	Pl. As on No. 2199, but M. 81 to left of r
			•	زد بر هت کشور W. 17745 S. •9.	;	

¹ This is almost certainly a coin of Shah 'Álam I, and should properly have been catalogued as 1663 (a). The date is probably 1120—see Introduction.

² This is *I.M.C.*, No. 9192, p. 76, ascribed to Akbarábád. The coins of the latter mint are, however, of quite a different type.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
A 2333	'Azím- ábád	-4	As on No. 2332, but date wanting.	As on No. 2199, but
	(Patna)		W. 178. S. ⋅95.	М. 81.
2334 2335	,,	1177–5	but ۱۱۰۰ under هفت	0
			W. 180–177. S. ⋅86–⋅9.	M. 81. (2335) A.S.B. Pl.
2336	,,	1182-9	,, 114°	", 9
			₩. 178. s. ·9.	M. 81. A.S.B.
2337	Barélí	1175–2	As on No. 2332, but الله below لم and vo to right of	مانوس میمنت جلوس سنة بلے ضرب بر
			₩. 172. S. ·85.	جلوس سنة بلے ضرب بر
2338	**	1183-	but ۱۱۸۳ to left of دىں	1.
			₩. 172·5. s. ·9.	
2339	**	1184-	W. 171. S. ∙85.	ct
2340	Barélí <i>Qiťa</i>	1216- 37	شاہ لم شاہ اللہ محمد عا باد مے	ىرىلى فطعە ضرب
			۱۲۱۲ سکه صاحب فرا حا دبن زد ز تائید	مبهنت مانوس جلوس ۳۷ سنة
			زد ز تائید M. 32 in دین of دین W. 169.	M. 101 to left of rv M. 102 above قطعه M. 103 above مينت
			S. ·9.	ن جلوس of س in و Pl

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A? 2341	Barélí <i>Qif</i> a	1217- 37	As on No. 2340, but M. 32.	As on No. 2340. M. m. 101-102-103.
	9949	:	1010	W. 173. S. -85.	
	2342		1218- 37	M. 32.	M. m. 101–102–103.
	2343	: : :	1219- 37		M, m. 101-102-103.
	2344		1220-	W. 166. S. ⋅83.	
			37	M. 32 wanting. W. 171. S85.	M. m. 101–103. M. 102 wanting.
	2345	Brajindra- púr (Bharat- púr)	1207-	شاد الة محمد عالم شـــاد	برجاندربور ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس
				از ۱۲.۷ فضل حامبدین داد سکه زد در هفت کسور	سنه سنه M. 104 and five-petalled flower to left of me
				W. 172. S. ⋅8.5	A.S.B
	2346	Burhán- púr Dáru-s- sarúr	12 3-	 عالم بادشاه ۱۲-	[جلوس مانوس] مىمنت ۳
		34747		ســکه کشور W. 177	سنه دار السرور صرب ترهانبور
		,		S. -8.5	سرب of س M. 105 over

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2347	Burhán- púr Dáru-s- sarúr	1215-	As on No. 2346, but 1716 W. 177. S82.	As on No. 2346, but
2348	Etáwá	-22	شاہ عالم <u></u> بادشاہ غاز اللہ سار اللہ مبار سکہ مبار M. 106 over the s W. 170. S. 1.0.	As on No. 2327, but اتاوا ۱۳
2349	Gokul- garh	(118)9-	الله محمد شاه عالم باد شـاه سايه فضل حامي دين ٩ سـكه [زد بر هفت كشور]	As on No. 2345, but اکوکلگره ۱۷ – ۱۷ جلوس of س M. 107 in
2350	,,	(118)9-	W. 170. S. ⋅85. W. 171. S. ⋅87.	Gurgáon. M. 107. Gurgáon. Pl.
2351		-23	Date wanting. W. 172. S83.	M. 107. Guryáon.
2352	,,,	(119)6- 24	₩. 172. S. ·85.	M. 107. Gurgáon.
2353	,,	(11)97-		M. 107. Gurgáon.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2354	Gokul- garh	1202-29	As on No. 2349, but الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	As on No. 2349, but M. 107. Gurgáon.
	2355	,,	1202-	M. 109 in U of فضل w. 172.	r. M. 107. Gurgáon.
	2356	Jammún Dáru-l- amún	1196-24	شاہ عالم بادشاہ غاز بادشاہ غاز کہ مبار M. 111 over اف in middle line. W. 171. S75.	دار الامان حمون ضرب سنة ۴۶ ميمنت ميمنت جلوس مانوس مانوس II. 112 to left of مادوس A.S.B.
	2357	Jaipúr Sawáí	1208-34	In dotted border الدهاه غالم بهادر الدهاه غاز الدهاه غاز الدهاه عالم الدهاه عالم الدهاه عالم الدهاه الدها	In dotted border, as on No. 2327, but سوای جی بور - ۳۰ M. 110 to right of ۳۰ A.S.B.
	23581		1190-	غازے عالم بادشاہ عالم ادشاہ ۱۱۹۰ To lett of عالم a fish. W. 170. S. .7.	مانوس مینت ۱۷ سنة جلوس ضرب ضرب کور ۰۰۰۰ M. 59 to right of ۱۷

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 11165, p. 79, tentatively read as Gwáliar. The coin, however, is similar in execution to and bears the same mint-mark as Nos. 2273 and 2358 (a).

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2358 (a)	Korá ?	-20	دين محمد حامے فضل شاہ عالم باد W. 168. S. •7.	As on No. 2358, but المراه عبرى المراه ع
2359	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1174— aḥd	اله حام]ی دیں شاہ ع[بالم فــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	میمنت احد جاوس سنة مانوس ضرب بنارس جاوس of می M. 113 in
2360	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-2	الة] حامى دين محمد فضل شاة عالم بادشاة سكة تزد بر هفت كشور از لم 58 over لم 94 below لم 175.	but in top line and in top line and M. 114 in w of physical states of the states of t
2361	27	22	but no m.m. '' W. 175. S8.	M. 85 to right of محمداباد M. 87 in جلوس of جلوس A.S.B.
2362	,,,	-3	,, W. 174. S. ∙8.	M. 87. " A.S.B.
2363 2364	,,	-4	M. 115 below لم W. 175. S8.	M. m. 85–87. (2363) A.S.B. Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obver50	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2365 2366	Muham- madábad Banáras	1177-	As on No. 2360, but اله in bottom line. M. 58 over اله M. 116 below	As on No. 2360, but ه M. 114 in س of جلوس
	0005		1178-	W. 175. S. ⋅8.	(2366) A.S.L
	2367 2368		5	کشور to left of سابع M. m. 58-116. W. 175:5-174.	M. m. 85–114. (2367) A.S.E
	2 369	1 1	1178-	S. ·8. M. 58 only.	P
			i	₩. 172. S. -8.	M. m. 85–114.
	2370			M. 58. W. 172. S. ⋅8.	بلوس of س but m. 117 in
	2371	,.	1179-	but m. 49.	M. m. 85–117.
	2372			W. 172. • S. ⋅8.	· !
	20,2	,,	"	M. 58 W. 173. S. ·8.	الله M. 118 in س of جلوس
	2373		1179-	M. 58	
	2374	.,	1189– 16	S. -8.	;
				M. 58 over 1 M. 119 below 1 W . 173. S 85.	جلوس of س M. 120 in

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
At 2375	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1190-	As on No. 2365, but ۱۱۹۰ Fish over ماه of ماد الدشاء M. 119 in م of حامی M. m. 58–119 over and below لم	As on No. 2360, but M.m.85-121, also m.119 below سنة	SILVER
2376		1191-	M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish.	M. m. 121–85–119.	
2377	,.	1192- 17	W. 173. S. 1⋅0	Pl. M. m. 121–119.	
2378		1193-	M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish. W. 173. S. •95.		
		17 21	M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish. W. 173. S95.	but المنتقات المنتقب	
2379		1195-	M. m. 58–119–fish. No m. 119 below لم W. 172. S. 95.	 اب سنة ۳۳ M. m. 85–121.	
2380		1196-	M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish. W. 173. 8. 95.	اب سنه ۲۴ M. m. 85–121.	
2381		1197-	M.m. 122–119 (2)–fish. W. 174, S. 195.	رن ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان	

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	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 2382	Muḥam- madábád Banáras		As on No. 2365, but M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish.	As on No. 2360, but الالمالية
	2383	, ,,	1199- 17 26	M. in. 123-119 (2)-fish. M. 32 under fish.	M. 121. M. 121–85.
	2384		17 27	W. 174. S. .95. M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–	 ا ۷ سنة ۲ ۷
	2385	,,	1200- 17/27	M. m. 123–119–fish. M. n. 125 under	M. 121. M. 124 in س of مانوس M. 124.
	2386	, ,	1202~	W. 172. S95. M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. W. 172.	 اب شف ۲۹
	2387	3 •	 17 30	M. m. 122–119 (2)–fish–	M. 121. ۱۷ سنة
	2388	.,	1203-	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish-	M. 121. M. m. 85-121.
				W. 172. S. ∙95.	

Metal No	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2389	Muḥam- madabád Banáras	1203-	As on No. 2388. M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish-32. W. 172. S95.	As on No. 2360, but V
2390 2391		1204-	M.m. 123-119 (2)-fish- 32.	., Iv ā: mr M. 121.
2392		$\frac{1205}{\frac{17}{39}}$	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish. W. 173.	(2390) A.S.B. ., .,
2393		1206-	S. •95.	M. m. 121–124. M. m. 121–124.
2394	•	17 34	W. 173. S. ·95	،، ا ۷ قنس امود
2395		1207- 17 35	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish-	M. m. 121-85.
2396 2397		1208-	W. 172. S95. M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish- 32.	М. 121.
:			W. 174–173. S. ∙95–∙9.	(2396) A.S.B.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2398	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1209- 17 36	As on No. 2365, but 11.9 M.m. 123-119-fish-32.	As on No. 2360, but الله
	2399			W. 173. S. ⋅95.	M. m. 121–124.
	2400		1.7 3.7	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish- 32. W. 173.5. S. .95.	اب سنة ۳۷ M. m. 85–121–124.
	2401		1210-	M. m. 123–119–fish–32 W. 173. S. 92.	М. 121.
	2402		,, 17 38	M. m. 123–119–fish–32. W. 174. S95.	 سنة ۳۸ M. m. 121–124–85.
	2403	,,	1211- 17 38	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. W. 173. S92.	M. m. 85–121.
	2404		1739	M, m. 123–119 (2)–fish. W. 171. S. ·87.	 اب سنة ۳۹ M. 121.
	2404 (a)		1212-	M. m. 123-119 (2)-32- fish.	M. m. 121–85.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Al 2405	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1212-	As on No. 2365, but M.m. 123-119(2)-fish- 32. W. 174.	As on No. 2360, but ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا	SILVER
2406		1213-	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish-32.	M. 121.	
2407	; ;	17 41	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish– 32.	1v dim 1°1	
2408		1214-	M. m. 123-119 (2)-32- fish.	M. m. 85–121. M. m. 85–121.	
2409		17 42	M. m. 123-119-32-fish. W. 173. S95.	 اسنة ۴۲ M. m. 85–121.	
2410		1215- 17 42	M. m. 123-119 (2)-32- fish. W. 172.	 M. m. 121–124.	
2411	W	17 43	M. m. 123-119 (2)-32- fish. w. 173. s. 95.	 استة جم M. m. 85–121.	

MUGHAL EMPERORS

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
LVER	Æ 2412	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1216-	As on No. 2365, but M.m. 123-119 (2)-32- fish. W. 173. S95.	As on No. 2411. M. m. 121-124.
	2413	,,	1217- 17 45	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. No m. 32. W. 172. S. 9.	,, ابن شنة ۴٥ M. 121.
	2414	,,	1218-	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. W. 173. S. •95.	M. 121.
	2415	,,	1219-		ر، اب شنه بدع M, 121.
	2416	,.	1220-	M.m. 123-119-126-fish. W. 174. S87.	М. 121.
	241	7 ,,	177 48	M. m. 123-fish. M. 127 below W. 173. S85.	 Iv ā: M. 121.
	241	.,	1221 17 18		M. 121.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A 2419 1	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1222- 17 49	As on No. 2365, but M.m. 123-119-128-fish. M. 129 below W. 173. S 9.	As on No. 2360, but الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	SILVER
2420	,,	1223- 179	M. m. 119-123-128- 129-fish. W. 174.	M. m. 121–124.	
2421		1226-	M. m. 119-123-128- 129-fish.	M.m. 85–121.	
		ì	W. 174.5. S. .85.	A.S.B	?.
2422	, ,, ! !	1228-	M. m. 123-fish. M. m. 119-128-129-dis-	M. 121. M. m. 85–124 disappear	·.
		;	₩. 174. S. -96	A.S.L	3.
2423 2424	. ,.	1229 - 17 49	M. m. 123-fish.	M. 121.	
			W. 174 S. -86.	(2423) <i>A.S.I</i> P	3. 1.
2425	Mulhár- nagar (Indor)	1185!-	شاه عالم ۱۱۸۵ دادشاه غاز ك سكه ممار	مابوس معمنت ۱۵ سنة جلوس ضرب ملهارنکر	
	1		w. 175. s. 8	a sun-fac جلوس of بس a sun-fac Over = m. 91.	

This, and the remaining coins of this mint, though bearing the titles of Shah 'Alam and a regnal year which evidently relates to Shah 'Alam's accession, were issued, as the Hijra dates show, after Shah 'Alam's death in A. H. 1221 A.D. 1806'.

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	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2426	Mulhár- nagar (Indor)	1191-	As on No. 2425, but 1131 W. 172. S. 83.	As on No. 2425. Regnal year obliterated. M.m. 91 and sun-face. Bétál C.P.
	2427		1200-	 ₩. 172. \$. ·85.	M. m. 91 and sun-face. Betal C.P.
	2428		1201-	, W. 171 S. ∙8.	Regnal year wanting. M. sun-face. Bétál C.P.
	2429		1202-	W. 171. S. -85.	M. m. 91 and sun-face. Bétúl C.P.
	2430		1203-	₩. 170. S. ·85.	Regnal year wanting. M. m. 91 and sun-face. Betal C.P.
	2431	٠,	1204-	 17.4 W. 171.	M. m. 91 and sun-face Bétál C.P.
	2432		1205-	S. -85.	M. m. 91 and sun-face.
	243 3		1206-	S8	Bétúl C.P M. sun-face.
	2434	1	1207-	W. 172 S. -8.	Bétál C.P.
	4404		-	W. 172.	M. m. 91 and sun-face.
			1	S. -8,	Bétûl C.P.

Metal No	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 435	Mulhár-	1208-		As on No. 2425, but	V
	nag ar (Indor)	3-	W. 172. S. ⋅85.	M. m. 91 and sun-face. Bétül C.P.	
436	••	1209-		Regnal year wanting. M. m. 91 and sun-face.	
		ı	W. 171. S. 83.	Bétúl C.P.	
437	,,	1210- -		M. m. 91 and sun-face.	
		! !	W. 172. S. .78.	Bétúl C.P.	
438		1211-		M. m. 91 and sun-face.	
			W , 171. S 8.	Bétál C.P.	
439		1212 -	1	M. sun-face.	
		1 1	W. 170. S. -81.	Bétál C.P.	
440	••	1213-	17.17	M. m. 91 and sun-face.	
			W. 172. S. -85.	Bétúl C.P.	
2441	Murád- ábád	1176-4	As on No. 2425, but الم below لم	As on No. 2425, but مراداناد – ع	
			w. 171. s. -9.	M. 59 in س of جلوس M. 84 over سنة M. 130 over ج	
				м. 130 очег ह РІ.	
2442	.,	,		جلوس	
			W. 169 S. 88.	مىھنى _ع مانوس سنة	
				ضَرب مراداباد	
		1	:	and جلوس of جلوس and in س of مانوس	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2443	Murád- ábád	1180-7	As on No. 2441, but	As on No. 2442, but
				W. 173. S. ⋅87.	and مانوس change places. M. 59.
	2444 2445	Murshid- ábád	1175–2	اله حامی دین محمد شــــاه	As on No. 2425, but مرشداباد – م
			 	اله حامی دین محمد شـــاه سایه فضل شاه عالم داد ســکه ۱۱۷۵ زد بر هفت کشور	M. 60 to right of r
				زد بر هفت کشور Rayed sun below in second line.	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	W. 179–178. S. ·9.	(2444) Dinájpúr. (2445) A.S.B.
	2446	**	1176-3		
			1	M. rayed sun.	M. 60.
		1		W. 176.)
				S. ⋅9.	Diná j pár.
	2447	,. 	1178-5		,,
				M. rayed sun.	М. 60.
				W. 177. S. ·9.	Dinájpúr.
	2448	Mustaf'- ábád	1184-	As on No. 2425, but المجاز to left of ممار	مصطفےاباد ضرب جلوس میمنٹ مانوس
		1		W. 170. S. -88.	(r
					سنة M. 131 in س of مانوس of Pl.
	2449	Muzaffar- garh	12	[اله] دين محمد شاه عالم دادشاه .	As on No. 2448, but
		ì	1	. la ilà ala S	جلوس of س M. 133 in
		1		سکه صاحب فرانے حا زد ز دائمد	برس of ب M. 134 in
				M. 132 over	
				W. 170.	
				S. ⋅86.	! Pl.

Najíb- ábád	1176–3	As on No. 2349, but – ۷۲ to left of دین W. 173.	SILVEE As on No. 2448, but ه اباد - ۳
••		S. ⋅8.	
	1177-4	but -vv W. 173. S. .85.	, ε
	1177-5	w. 175. s. ⋅ 85.	·, o
1,	1178-6	but), 1
,	1179-7	,. _∨٩ ₩. 173.	; ; ;
	1180-7	only A. of date visible. W. 174.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
,,	1180-8	-^. ₩. 176–173.)) ^
,,	1181-8	,, -^1	(2456) A.S.B.
1.	1205-	S. .88.	M. 13 to left of date. M. 135 to right of date.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1178-6	1177-5

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2460 1	Shali- jahánabad <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	-2	As on No. 2425, but date wanting. M. 86 over W. 170. S. 8.	فة جها اباد دار الحلا شاه ں ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنه
	2461	,	1185– 13	As on No. 2349, but -۸ء to left of دین w. 175, s. 8.	M. 136 to left of 17 Gurgáon
	2462		1188– · 16	 -^^ M. 96 over می	 No m.
	2463		1191-	W. 170. S. ⋅85. M. 96. W. 173.	Gurgáon.
	2464		1192-	M. 96.	Gurgáon.
	2465		1198– 26	W. 173. S. 85. M. 96.	Gurgáon.
	2466		1199– 27	W. 173. S78.	Gurgáon. r •
		; 		W. 175. S. *86.	Guryáon.

 $^{^1}$ This coin is not above suspicion. The metal seems impure, and the obverse is unlike the obverse of other coins of this mint. It also differs in type from the coins of Shah 'Álam I

Metal Νο.	' Mint	- Date	Obverse	Reverse
At 2467	Sháh- jahanabád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> ilúfat	1221- 48	As on No. 2281, but enclosed in a wreath of roses, thistles, and shamrock. IFFI OVER LO M. m. 97 and 60 over	As on No. 2460, but enclosed in a wreath as on obverse.
;			W. 172. S. •9.	A.S.B. Pl.
24681	U jain Dáru-l- fath	1198- 24!	شساه از فضل اله حامی دن	As on No. 2425, but دار الفتع اجبن – ۲۴ باوس M. 137 to left of
			الماري هماهات سکه زد درکشور W. 172.	
2469		119	S. ⋅85.	Bêtúl C.P.
		25	₩. 172. \$. .85.	M. 137. Bétál C.P.
2470		1200- 27	W. 173 S. ·83.	M. 137. Bétúl C.P. Pl.
2471		1202- 31	∵ (F.F W. 173 S. ∙85.	M. 137. Bétál C.P.
2472		120 32	w. 173.	M. 137.
2473	. :	1 — 34	S. -8.	Bêtûl C.P
1	,	,	W. 173. S. ⋅82.	Bétúl C.P.

 $^{^3}$ The obverse legend has been pieced together from the fifteen goins here catalogued. The position of 35 alone is uncertain

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	.R 2474	Ujjain Dáru-l- fatḥ	1206- 35	As on No. 2468, but 17.7 W. 173. S8.	As on No. 2468, but To M. 137. Bétúl C.P.
	2475	,.	1208- 36	 ₩. 173. \$8.	M. 137. Bétúl C.P.
	2476		1209-	"," "r.9 W. 173. S. .8.	M. 137. Bétúl C.P.
	2477	> ;	1211- 38	" (r)) W. 173. S. ∙8.	M. 137. Bétúl C.P.
	2478		1212- 39	,. 1rir ₩. 172. S. -81.	M. 137. Bétúl C.P.
	2479	,;	1212- 40	,. irir W. 172. S. ∙81.	M. 137. Bétúl C.P.
	2480	,.	1213-40	., irir W. 172. S. -8.	M. 137. Bétál C.P.
	2481	,,	1215-	 4rto W. 173. S. -8.	M. 137. Bétál C.P.
	2482	51	12	(r W. 173. S. ∙85.	M. 137. Bétúl C.P.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Ж 2483	3	1177-4	حام]ی دین شاه		SILVER
			ف <u>]</u> خسـل ۱۱۷۷ کشور	میمنت جلوس سنة ۴ ما[نوس	
			رر سکه زد بر هفت	ب ب	
			W. 170. S. ∙77.	جلوس of س M. 59 in	
			5. 777.	Probably of Muḥammad- ábád Banáras.	
2484	3	1181–8			
			حا]می دین شاہ فضـل	مبهنت ماد	
			قصان ۱۱۸۱ کشور هفت	جلو]س سنة ، مانوس ب	
			هفت	M. 59 in م of جلوس	
			W. 168. S. ⋅7.	Probably of Muḥammad- ábád Banáras.	
2485	?	119	(119	مانوس	
		'''	۱۱۹ شاہ علیگوہرے بادشاہ غاز	میمنت ۱۷۶	
			بادشاه غاز	سنة جلوس	
			W. 175.	ب	
			S. •9.	Battle-axe to left in	
				جلوس of جلوس	
				I.M.C., No. 9042, p. 78. Pl.	
2486 1	ì	1197-	شاہ عالم ۱۱۹۷		
		2*		جلوس	
			با دشاہ نے]باز 	ا سگده	
			••••	ضرب	
				۲۱۶ سنة	
				jhár to right of جلوس	
1				Pl.	

¹ This is I.M.C., No. 11541, p. 79. It bears some resemblance to the coin figured by Capt. Webb in his Currencies of Rapputana, Pl. IX. 1, where the reading of the inscription seems to me doubtful.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Oliverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2486 (u)	1	1200-	شاه عا ۱۲۰۰ لم عاد الم	مانوس مست ۲۷
	2486 (<i>b</i>)	ţ	-37	لا. 173.5. S82. محمد عالم فصال حامى دس فصال حامى دس معمد علام كشور عفت كشور M. 96 over	سنه جلوس ضرب ۰۰۰۰۰ اباد ضرب مبهنت مانوس جلوس ۲۰
	2487 1	} Jodhpúr	1215-	M. 145 over دين علاق الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا	M. 86 in س of جلوس Pl.
COPPER	Æ 2488 2489	Barélí	12	عاوس ۱۰ فاوس ۱۰ عالم شـــا عالم M. 104 to right of ۱۰ Star over هے W. 260–256.	سه ۳۵ صر جلوس نر بلیم Star over
	1 (1	S. -95.	Pl.

 $^{^{-1}}$ See Carrencies of Rayputana (Webb , p. 49, where M. 135 is given as an old mint-mark of Jodhpur State according to Prinsep.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2490 2491	Chhach- raulí	1215-42	عالم شا ۱۵ ما ما هم	ج]مهچرولی ضرب	COPPI
;	i	:	<u>۱۵ ۱۳ ه</u> م فلوس	le h	
			M. 33 and 91 to left of فلوس فلوس W. 268–226 (cut). S. 1·08–·87.	M. 139 to left of ۴۲ M. 140 to right of ۴۲ (2491) A.S.B. Pl.	
2492¹	₹Kánán	40	شاد عالم شاد باد <u>عاز</u> غاز To left of باد	} کاذان ضرب ۶. سنة To right of ۶. a fish	
4 93 ²	ł Khár- púr		W. 246.5. S. 1. As on No. 2490. M. m. 33 and 91. W. 256.	surmounted by a five-pointed leaf.	
i			S. 1.	سنه M. 141 to left of ۴. M. 140 to right of ۶. Pl.	
2494	Najíb- ábád	1175-3	عالم شا عالم شا مرا <u>اه</u> فلوس فلوس of سا M. 84 in W. 288.	اداد مجس ضرب س سنه	

¹ This coin which is catalogued as No. 8842 on p. 83, I.M.C., should have been marked No. 8844, as the coin of Akbar II of Ahmadabád bears on it the number 8842. 'Kánán' is a doubtful reading. The coin reached me too late for illustration.

² This is LMC, No. 8843, p. 83. The reading is a very doubtful one, there being little of no trace of the γ . It may be noted that it bears the same mint-mark $\langle M, 140 \rangle$ as is seen on the Chhachrauli and Saháranpúr coins. The obverse too is similar to that of No. 2490.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 2495	Najíb- ábád	1177–5	As on No. 2494, but ۱۱۷۷ M. 84 in فلوس of فلوس	As on No. 2494, but
			1	₩. 301. S. ·85.	Pl.
	2496	Saháran- púr	1205 l- 33	As on No. 2494, but 110 فلوس to left of فلوس M. 88 in س of فلوس	سهارنبور ضرب ۲۳۰
					M. 139 to left of rr M. 140 to left of rr
	2497	,,,	1215- 42	As on No. 2494. M. 88 in من of فلوس فلوس عند 455.	but m. 34 in place of m.
			1	S. 1·15.	PI

¹ Both mint-marks are the same as those on the Chhachrauli coin.

BÍDÁR-BAKHT

Pretender

А. н. 1202-3. А. р. 1788.

	1			1	-
Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
X 2498	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1202— aḥd	بيداربخت شـاه ۱۲۰۲ تا]ج و محمد جهان تخ]ت بزر سکه] زد وارث	 دار لخلا شاه ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس احد سنة	GOLD
			w. 166. s. ⋅75.	A.S.E	
A 2499	Ahmad- ábád	1203- aḥd	محمد بیداربخت شـــاه تا]ج و تخت جهان ســـکه بزر زد] وارث	اد]جداباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة	SILVER
			M. 84 over جہان of جہان W. 172. S. ·8.	احد M. 142 to right of احد	I.

XVI

MUHAMMAD AKBAR II1

А. н. 1221-1253.

A.D. 1806-1837.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 2500	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	12	محمد اكبر شاه دادشاه غازي ۱۲-۰ ماحب قران ثاني سكد مبارك حب M. 97 over	 دار الحلافة شاء ب ضر ميمنت مانوس جلوس ٢ سنة
		į		W. 165·5. S. ·82.	جاوس of س At. 143 in
SILVER	Æ	<u> </u>		!	Pl.
	25012	Aḥmad- ábád	-11	اکبر شاه <u>م</u> دا]دشاه عاز ك اسكه مار]	مانوس مینت سنة جلوس سراب احمد]اباد جلوس of س M. 80 in جلوس of جلوس A.S.B.
	2502	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1224-3	As on No. 2500 If If over Lo M. 97 over Lo M. 60 to left of Lo Traces of dotted border.	جهان!باد دار الحلافة شاه فر مبهنت مانوس جلوس ۳ سنة
			i 	W. 171.5 S. 1.1	M. 114 in س of جلوس A.S.B.

¹ I have omitted, as more fit for inclusion in Volume IV, all coins which, though bearing the name of Akbar II, were obviously issued by rulers of states over whom the suzerainty of Dehli was purely nominal.

⁴ The mint is fixed by its mint-mark. Cf. No. 2282

Metal No	Mint	Date	Obverse	Roverse	
R 2503 2504	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dóru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1225-4	As on No. 2500, but Tree M. m. 97 and 60. No. 2503 has full dotted borders. No. 2504 has no border.	As on No. 2502, but M. 144.	LVER
	i	1	W. 173–171. S. 1·15–1.	(2503) A.S.B.	
2505		1235– 15	free Full dotted borders. M. m. 97 and 60.	M. 144.	
	i		₩. 173.5. S. 1.25.	A.S.B.	
2506		1237– 17	M. m 97 and 60.	M. 144.	
			W. 173. S. 1⋅225.	A.S.B.	
2507	31	1239– 19	 1773 M. m. 97 and 60. W. 173	M. 144.	
	I		S. 1·25.	A.S.B.	
2508	· ·	1241- 21	M. m. 97 and 60.	M. 144	
			₩. 173. S. 1-25.	A.S.B.	
2509		1242- 22	 1rer M. m. 97 and 60.	 M 114.	
			W. 171. S. 1⋅275	Pl.	
2510		125(sic) - 30	 tre (sic) M. m. 97 and 60.	M. 144.	
I	,		W. 174 S. 1/2.	A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
COPPER	Æ 2511 ¹	Aḥmad- ábád	1234-	شاہ اک]جر ۱۳۳۶ فلو]س	۱۲ جلوس سنة احمداباد	
				w. 118. s. ∙95.		Pl.
	2512	Sháh- jahánábád	1225-4	شاہ اکبر شاھے فلو]س ۱۳۲۰	[اباد] جهان شاء	
				W. 174·5. S. ·8.	۶ ۶ ضرب	
					S stands for سنة	Pl.
	2512 (a)	; ;	12]33	butrr W. 177.	Ir Fragmentary.	
			(S. ·78.	Į.	

 $^{^{1}}$ This is I.M.C., No. 8844, p. 85. It bears on it, however, the number 8842.

XVII

BAHÁDUR SHÁH II

а. н. 1253-1274.

A. D. 1837-1858.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2513	Sháh- jahanábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1255-3	In dotted border در شاه ۱۲۵۰ محمد بها بادشاه عازے	In dotted border جهان اباد دار الحلافة شاه	SILVER
			سراج الدبن	Ļ	
		1	لمظفر	ضر مىمنت مانوس	
			ابو ا	ضر مىمنت مانوس جلوس ۳	
			M. m. 60 and 97 to left of الدين	سئة	
			W . 170. S . 1·12.		Pl.

UNASSIGNED

	Metal No.	Mınt	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 2514 2515	Imtiyaz- gadh (Adoní)		 دادشاه غ ك سكه مبار س. 164	[مانوس] مبهنت مبنت خرب ضرب امتبازگده
	25 16¹	!	-7	S. -85	A.S.B. (Madrús) مادوس مىنى سند جلوس
	2517	q	-21	سکه منار W. 163. S. -85. M. 146 over منار W. 165. S. -85	هن المنطقة Star to left of v PL PL المنطقة جلوس المنطقة جلوس أسرت المنطقة
COPPER	Æ 2518 2519	Élichpur ?	-	غاز رادشاہ <u>ے</u> W. 300–283.	A.S.B. (Madris). Pl. Parts of العجبور اللجبور A.S.B.
	2520	<i>q</i>		S95. غ مان الله على W. 177. S76.	قلوس فرب فرب او

¹ I.M C., No. 7330

APPENDIX A

ABSTRACT OF COINS CATALOGUED

			GOLD	SILVER	COPPER
Babar .				6	6
Humáyún			2	10	39
Akbar .			46	230	231
Jahángír .			24	223	12
(Núrjahán) .				13	
Shahjahan I			3 3	239	9
Murad Bakhsh				5	
Aurangzeb .			37	492	4
Shah 'Álam I			4	57	
Jahándar .			2	21	
Fərruklı-siyar			7	78	
Rafí'u-d-darjat			2	7	
Sháhjahán H			2	11	
Ibrahím				1	
Muhammad			21	237	3
Ahmad ,			3	93	
Álamgír H			12	68	3
Shahjahán III			1	8	
Shah Alam H			13	211	10
Bídar-Bakht			1	1	_
Akbar H .			1	10	3
Bahadur .				1	
Unassigned			-	1	3
			211	2026	323
				2560	

APPENDIX B

CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

Note.—In this appendix the coins have been grouped chronologically under their Hijra dates. Where the Hijra date is not recorded, the coin has ordinarily been put under the earliest year with which the regnal year corresponds. E.g. coins of the 41st Iláhí year of Akbar (= A. H. 1004-5) are put under A. H. 1004, and coins of the 6th year of Alamgír II (= A. H. 1172-3) will be found under A. H. 1172. The printing of the regnal year in italics indicates that the Hijra date is not given on the coin.

		Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
BÁBAR	936	_	<u> </u>	Æ Æ	Ágra Ágra Fort	=	7-9 12 10-11
HUMÁ- YÚN	937		_	Æ Æ Æ Æ	Ágra ,, Ágra Fort Jaunpúr	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat Dáru-z-zarb Dáru-z-zarb K hita	$ \begin{array}{r} 25 \\ 26-27 \\ 28-29 \\ 45 \\ 49 \end{array} $
	938		_	ÆÆ	Agra Jaunpúr	Mutabarrak Dáru-l-k <u>h</u> iláfat Dáru-z-zarb <u>Khit</u> a	30-31 50
	939	_	_	ÆÆÆ	Agra Jaunpúr	Mutabarrak Dáru-l-khiláfat Dáru-z-zarb <u>Kh</u> ita	32-33 51
	940		_	Æ ; Æ Æ	Láhor Ágra Jaunpúr	Mutabarrak Dáru-l- <u>k</u> hiláfat , Dáru-z-zarb Khita	58 31 52
				ÆÆ	Láhor	Mutabarrak Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat "	60 61 63
	941	_	_	Æ Æ Æ	Ágra ,. Jaunpúr	Dáru-l-khiláfat Daru-l-amán Dáru-z-zarb <u>Kh</u> ita	35 36 53
	942			Æ Æ Æ	Ágra Dehlí	Mutabarrak Dáru-l-amán Dáru-l-mulk	41 38-10 46-48
				Æ	Jaunpúr	Dáru-z-zarb Khita Mutabarrak	55

Hijra Regnal year year	Month	Metal Mint Honorific epithet No. in Catalogue	_
942 — . 943 —	_	E Mandú — 62 E Ágra — 42-43	HUMÁ- YÚN
		AR Dehlí — 15	
		AR - 16	
945 —	_	- 17	
946 —		E Agra — 44	
•		R Láhor — 18	
0.17		At - 19	
947 —			
9507 —	-	- At - 21	
962 — (819)		Æ Nárnol — 491	AKBAR
963 —	_	Æ Kálpí Dáru-z-zarb 455 (Muḥammadabád)	
0		E Nárnol — 492	
964 —		R Dehlí Hazrat 180	
		E Kálpí Dáru-z-zarb 456	
,		(Muhammadábád)	
1		E ,. 457	
1		E Nárnol — 493	
		\mathbb{R} — 285	
0.25		AR — 286	
965 -		R Láhor — 207	
(14).)		E Námol — 494	
966 -		E Dehlí Hazrat 391	
		E Hisár Fíroza — 446–447	
		R Kálpí – 206	
		E Dáru-z-zarb <u>Kh</u> ita 458	
		E Lakhnau — 478	
		E Nárnol – 495 LE 4 496	
967			
,		E Alwar — 369 E Hisar — 448	
		E Kálpí Dáru-z-zarb Khita 459	
		E Lakhnau 179	
		E Narnol 497	
		V 109	
•		18 .R 287	
		- R 288	
1		1 1 289	
		- 556	
968		Æ Alwar 370	
i		E Gwáliar Fort 445	
i		E Kalpí Dáru-z-zarb Khita 460	
1		E Qanauj Dáru-l-khiláfat 514	
1		(Shahgarh)	
		. 107	
		+R + - 290	
(aca)		E = 544	
969		E Awadh (Dáru-l-khiláfat Khita 375	

		Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR	969	_ ,	_	E	Dehlí	Hazrat	393
		• 1		Æ	Nárnol	· - 1	499
				Æ.			500
		1		Æ	Qanauj (Shahgarh)	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	515
				Æ	, ~ /	•	516
		1		\perp \Re			291
	970	-		į įE	' Awadh	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat Khita	376
		1 1		Æ	Bahraich		378
				Æ	Nárnol		501
		1		${\mathcal R}$			292
	971			\mathcal{X}	$\Lambda ar{a}$ ra	!	64 - 65
		1 1		Æ	Bahraich		379
		į		Æ	Bairata		382
		ì		-X	Láhor		91-92
		1		E	Narnol	'	501
		1		Æ			557
	972			\overline{X}	$\operatorname{Dehl} olimits_i$	Hazıat	84
		i '		·Æ	'	'	394
		1		Æ	**	"	395
				$+ \frac{m}{X}$	Jaunpúr	' ''	89
		1		Ē	Nárnol		503
				17		_	108
	973	· '		$-+\frac{A}{X}$	Lahor		
	974			$\overset{\alpha}{X}$	$\Lambda_{ m gra}$		93
	975			$\overset{A}{A}$	Dehlí		66
	0.0			æ		Haziat	85
		į, i		: .R	Jaunpúr	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	198-199
				A	Lihor	••	200
		į		+ Æ			94
		- 1		X	Narnol	<u> </u>	501
	976			X	·	·	102
	570			X	Agra	Dáru-l-k <u>h</u> iláfat	67-68
	977			R	Lahor	••	95 - 96
	.,,,	_			Ágra		110
		1		E	Bahráich	- 1	380
				$X_{\mathbf{C}}$, Dehlí	Hazrat	86
				$\frac{X}{D}$;	– Dáru-l-mulk Hazrat	87
		1 0		.E	11 1	Ḥaẓīat .	396
				E	Fathpúr		433
		1		AR	Jaunpúi	Dáru-l-khiláfat	201
				.E	Narnol		505
	070			Λ.	;		103
	978			X	$\Lambda \alpha r_{a}$	Dáru-l-khiláfat	69
	0.70	1 1		AR	Jannpúr	•	202
	979			F F.	$\sim \Lambda_{ m Jinter}$	Dáru-l-mansúr ?	
		1 :		.E			359
				E	Δm ir k ot	Qaşba	371
		1		.R	Jannpúr	Dáru-l-khiláfat	202 (a)
		i		E	Narnol		506
				'Æ			545
	980			Λ	Ahmadabad	_	76
							• • • •

Hijia Regnal year year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	-
980 —	_	. <i>X A</i> ?	Ahmadábád Dehlí	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat Ḥaẓrat	77 181	AKBAR
981		$egin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{\mathcal{X}} & & \\ \mathbf{\mathcal{X}} & & & \\ & & & & \end{array}$	Dogáon Narnol Ágra	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat — Baldat	419-420 507 70	
		$egin{array}{c} X \ X \ E \end{array}$., Aḥmadabád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat Dáru-s-saltanat	71-72 78 347	
1/2		E Æ	Ajmér		348 360	
		E E E	Akbarpúr Dehlí ?	Ḥaẓrat —	364 399 547	
982 —	_	$rac{A}{A}$	Ágra Alimadabád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat Dáru-s-saltanat	73-74 79-80 1111	
		E E E	Lakhnau	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	349-350 480-481 548	
983 -		$\frac{A}{A}$! Alimadábád Jaunpúr Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat Dáru-l-khiláfat 	112 202 (b) 97	
984		X E E	l Alimadábad Dogaon	Dáru-s-saltanat Dáru-l-khiláfat	104 351 421 90	
		X E E X	Jaunpúr Malpúr Narnol	Daru-z-zarb	30 485 508 	
		X	Patna Urdú-e-zafar- qarin	Data-š-žano	100	
985 -	-	R E E E	Alimadabad Lakhnau	Dáru-s-saltanat Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	$\begin{array}{c c} + 294-296 \\ \hline + 352 \\ \hline + 182 \\ \hline + 486-187 \end{array}$	
		Æ .R	Málpúr Narnol	-	509 297-300 519	
986		E X AR P	Alimadabad ''	Dáru-s-salţanat	81 113 353	
		. E . E . X	Dogaon Fathpúr	Dáru-l-khiláfat	$\begin{array}{c} +422-423 \\ -88 \end{array}$	
1 4		.R Æ Æ	**	Dáru-8-saltanat '' ''	192 434-435 436-437	
		Æ Æ	Lahor Lakhnau Upain	Dáru-l-khiláfat —	$\begin{array}{r} 463 \\ 483 - 484 \\ 526 \end{array}$	
987		AR V	Ahmadabad	Daru-s-saltanat	$\frac{301}{82}$	

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR	987	· — ·		 . R :	Alimadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	114
				Æ	•	,,	354-355
		1		· Æ	Ajmér	1 -	361
				±Ξ	Dehlí	Hazrat	400
				Æ	Fathpúr	Dáru-s-saltanat	193-194
				Æ	2 ((-7)	i	438-439
				AR	Láhor	33	208
				E		••	464
	<u>1</u>			Æ	**	٠٠	465
	2			$\pm \widetilde{\Xi}$	Nárnol	**	510-511
				$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2R}{R}$			1 248
					Patna	_	i
				Æ	!	_	302
	0.20	į		Æ		TV 1112164	550
	988			Æ.	Agra	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	339-340
				Æ	Dehlí	Hazrat	401-402
		1		E	Degáon	Dáru-s-salám	424
		į		Æ	Fatḥpúr	Dáru-s-saltanat	195–196
				Æ		1,	440
				Æ	Jaunpúr	i	203
		' !		A	Láhor	' Dáru-s-saltanat	98
		,		Æ	· ,,	! .,	466
		i		Æ	Mírath		488
	989	1 1		-E	Amírkot	Qaṣba	372
				A	, }	-	105
		1 1		$\downarrow A$ R	;	· —	303-304
	990	-		AR	- Ahmadábad	∤ Dáru-s-saltanat	115-116
		1 :		R	Ujjain		278
	991	- 1		\mathbb{R}	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	117-118
		- '		Æ	Nárnol		512
				R	1		305
	992			AR	Alimadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	119
	993	-		\mathcal{R}	,,	,,	120
		i		Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-s-salám	427
		30		-X	<u> </u>		109
		30		AR	•		182-183
	991	— i		-R	Ahmadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	121-122
		1		.E	Ajmér		362
	995		-	AR	i Alimadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	123
		$\frac{1}{2}$ 32		$A\!\!E$! Kabul	- Targeria	452
		-		Æ	Ujjain		527
				AR	. —		306
	996	· ;		$A\!R$	Ahmadábad	Dáru-s-saltanat	124
		. ;		Æ	$\Lambda m jm\acute{e}r$	- varianat	363
		33		Æ	Allahábád		1 367-368
				₁ .E	Dogácn	Dáru-s-salám	428
		1 33		Æ	Kabul	- salan	453
		2 33		At	_		318-319
		33		At			
		33		Æ			320
	997			AR	Alimadábad	Dáru-s-saltanat	561-562
		1 3		AR	1	Tana - 5anganat	125
				•			307

Hijra '		Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
997	31		Æ			321-322	AKBAR
998			.R			308-309	
ĺ	35	Shahréwar	\mathbf{R}	_	<u> </u>	323	
999		—	Æ	Aḥmadabád	Dáru-s-saltanat	126	
1			Æ	Chitor	. —	388	
ï	36	Shahréwar	Æ	Láhor	<u> </u>	209	
i	36	Abán	Æ	,,	_	467	
1			Æ	Nárnol	_	513	
}	36	_	Æ	Urdú-e-zafar- qarín	_	528	
		İ	Æ	qarin	_	310-313	
1	36	Ázar	R		<u> </u>	324	
$rac{rac{1}{2}}{1000}$		Mihr	Æ	Atak Banáras	1	373	
11/(///	37	Shahréwar	R	Dehlí		184	
8	37	Khúrdád	Æ	Denn	-	403	
'	37	Tír	R	Láhor	·	210-211	
:	37 37	I-fandármuz		Lanor	-	212	
	37 37	Khúrdád	ı Æ	,,	<u> </u>	468	
i	37 37	Amardád	Æ	.,	·	469	
	57 37		Æ	.,		470	
;	37 37	Bahman Isfandármuz		M. Iv		489	
ļ	37 37	Tír	Æ	Multán		517	
	57 37	Shahréwar	E	Saháranpúr		518	
	37	Snanrewar	E	G 1: 1	<u> </u>	524-525	
1.+	-07	_	X X	Sarhind		101	
abf		!	- A	Urdú-e-zafar-		101	
			Т	qarin		279-281	
1			AR AR	••	-	282	
$\frac{1}{2}$	37	_	E.E	••	:	529	
alif	.57	-	E	"	1	531-534	
-			X	٠,		106	
,.			R			314-315	
1	37	P. baran	R			325	
$\frac{1}{4}$	- 38 38	Bahman			!	127	
TOOT	38	Shahréwar	AR	Aḥmadábád		128	
	38	Abán	R	••		129	
	38	1	AR AR	51		130	
	38	Azar Dí		٠,		131	
	38	i	.R	••		132	
	' د	Bahman	R	7. 1 (1 (1		387	
	-	(alif wa aḥd		Burhánabád		389	
	38	1-10-11-14	E	Chitor	_	101	
	1 38	Ardíbihisht		Dehlí	_	405	
	$\frac{35}{138}$	Amardád	E	.,	1	406	
		Shahréwar		••		$\frac{407}{407}$	
	38	Mihr	.E			408	
	38	Ában	LE.	, ,"		213	
	38	Ardíbihisht		Lahor	1	471	
	38	Tír	Æ	1,1,1		519	
	38	Khúrdád Xi	E	Saháranpúr		$\frac{519}{520}$	
	38	Mihr	A:	,		$\frac{520}{256}$	
	7.7	Farwardin	AR	† Tatta		2.70	

	Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR	1001	-	alif wa ahd	Æ			551
	1002	39	Tír	\mathcal{A}	Ahmadabad	-	133
		39	Ában	Æ	٠,	•	134
		39	Az (r	\cdot R	11		135
		39	Dí .	\mathcal{A}	49		136
		39	Ardíbihisht	æ	Dehlí		185
		39	Kh'irdad	\mathcal{A}	••		186
		39	Tír	Æ		· -	409
		39	Shahréwar	\mathbb{R}	Lahor		214
		39	Ábán	\mathcal{A}	••	-	215 - 216
		39	Ázar	\mathbb{R}	.,		217
		39	, -	£			472
		39	Khúrdad	Æ	Multán	-	247
		39	Azar	ΞĒ.			490
		39	Khúrdad	Æ	Saháranp ír	!	521
		39		æ	Tatta	· _	257
		39	Tír	$\frac{1}{R}$	ıattı		$\frac{257}{258}$
	1003		Farwardí	R	Ahmadábád		238 137
	1000	40	Farwarui Ábán	Æ			
		40	Avan Ázar	$rac{1}{2}$ R	**		138
		40	, Farwardí	E	1) 11/		139
		40	Bahman	.E	Dehlí	_	410
		40	Danman	, Æ	T) ',		411
		40	Dí	$\frac{2\mathbf{r}}{R}$	Dogáon 7/1	Dáru-s-salám	429
		40			Láhor	_	218
		10	Isfandái muz		''		219
		10	Ardíbihi-ht	LE LE			173
		10	A <u>z</u> ar Tír	$\frac{1}{4}$ R	Saháranpúr	_	522
		40			Tatta		259
		10	Shahréwar		11		260
		41	Pahman	-R	41 1/1/ A	_	$\sim 260 \ (a)$
	1004		<u>Kh</u> úrdád	At.	Ahmadábád	-	140
		41	Azar	AR	,,	-	141
		41	Mihr	.lt	Láhor	<u>-</u>	220
		-11	Bahman	111	1 11	1	221
		-11	Islandarmuz				222
		11	${ m \hat{A}b}$ án	LE.	•		474
		1 11	Isfandármuz		Saháranpúr	-	523
		11	Azar	.R	Tatta -		261
		#1	i	L.E.	Urdú-e-zatar-		535
			1		, qarin		
		<i>i1</i>	Shahréwar		_		326
-		$\frac{1}{2}$ 41	,,	ı.R	· ,		327-328
	1005	1.2	, ,,	X = X	+ Agra		7.5
		12	$+\Lambda {f z}{f a}{f r}$	At	Alimadábád		112
		12	Bahman	-R	.,		1 13
		12	,.	$\mid A$ i	Bairáta	I	169
		; —		Æ	Chitor		390
		12	Ardíbihisht	AR	Dehlí	!	187
		12	Khúrdád	.R		1	188
		12	⊢ Tír	. R	1		189
		1 12	Mihr	$^{\circ}$. R			

_	No. in Catalogue	Honorific epithet of Mint	Mint	Metal	Month	Regnal year	Hıjra year
AKBAI	223		Láhor	\mathcal{A}_{-1}	Farwardín	42	1005
	224		,.	-R	Amardád	12	
	225		11	\mathbf{R}	Shahréwar	12	
	226		,,	Æ	Dí	12	1
	475		•	Æ	Ardíbihisht	42	-
	525(a)		Srínagar	.E		42	
	144		Alymadábád	\mathbb{R}	Farwardí	-	1006
	227		Láhor	\mathbb{R}	Ardíbihisht		1
	228			R	Khúrdád	43	;
	229		''	R	Tír	13	1
	262-263		Tatta	R	Khúrdád	13	
	329		iatta	R	Farwardín	13	
	330-331		-	R	rarwaram	13	
	342		·		611 1		100-1
			Agra	.E	Shahrewar	11	$1007\frac{1}{2}$
	145		Aḥmadábád	At	Tír	ĺĹ	
	146		,,	AR	Amardad	II	
	147		••	R	Bahman	ÍÍ	
	148	_	**		Ísfandármuz	-££	
	383	_	Bairáta	Æ	Ardíbihisht	41	
	384 - 385		••	\mathbf{E}	Tír	ĺį	1 2
	413		Dehlí	E	Ardíbihi-ht	ſĮ.	$\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$
	412		••	E E	Amardád	ſį	1
	230		Láhor	$ \cdot $.R	Ardíbihi-ht	i i	-
	231			R	Shahréwar	ίí	
	232	-	,,	R	Ázar	11	1 2
	264	-	Tatta	R	Khúrdad	11	2
	265			Æ	Paliman	iί	
	332		11	R	1 dillidii	11	10
	558			E	\	41	1/4
	164		111111		Amardad	15	1008
	414	•	Allahábád	R R			
	415	_	Dehlí	.E	Shahrewar	4.5	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2
				E	$\Lambda_{ m Zar}$	15	1
	111	-	Gobindpúr	.E	Bahman	45	- 1
	4 12		••		I-tandarmuz		$\frac{1}{2}$
	233	.=	Láhor	l R	Λ_1 díbihisht	1.5	
	234		11	.R	Khúrdad	1.5	
	266		Tatta	.R	••	15	
	267	-	,,	AR	Shahrewar	15	
	268			.R	- Dí	15	
	343		Ágra	Æ	$\hat{f A}{ m bán}$	16	1009
	344	_	1.6.0	Æ	Bahman	16	
	149		Aḥmadabád	AR.	Azar	16	
	150	-		R	Dí	16	
	1.51	*	••	.R	Pahman	16	
	165		Allahábád		Ardibihisht	16	
	386						ı
	300 175	-	Barráta	E	Khúrdad	46	ļ
			¦ Burhánpúr		barwardin -		
	113		Gobindpúr	E	$\Lambda_{ m Zar}$	16	
	204		Kábul	\mathbb{R}	Dí	16	
	235		Lálior		Farwardín	16	
	236		•	$\cdot R$	Khúrdád	íti	

							
	Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR		46	Tír	Æ	Láhor		237
	1 2	46	Dí '	\mathcal{R}	**	-	238
		46	Khúrdád	Æ	,,		476
		46	Ázar	Æ	••		477
		46	Dī	Æ	Patna		249
		46	Farwardín	Æ	Tatta	_	269
		46	Khúrdád	Æ	٠,		270
		46	Mihr	AR	,,		271
		46	Ábán	\mathbb{R}	,,		272
		46	Dí .	Æ	<u>,</u>		273
		46	Bahman	\mathcal{R}	٠,		274
		! —	<u> </u>	Æ	1		315(a)
	1010		Amardád	Æ	Agra		345
		47	<u>K</u> húrdád	\mathcal{R}	Aḥmadábád		152
		47	Tír	Æ	,,	' 	153
		47	Isfandármuz				154-155
		47	_	At	Allahábád		166
		47	Isfandármuz		Gobindpúr		144
		47	Azar	R	Kábul ¯		205
		17	Ábán	-Æ	,,,		454
		47	Farwardín	ĽΕ	<u>Kh</u> airpúr	_	462
		47	Shahréwar	AR	Láhor		239
		47	Abán	Æ	Tatta		275
	1011		T C 14	AR	1	-	315(b)
	1011	48	I-fandármuz		Atak Banáras	1	374
		48	Farwardín	\mathbb{R}	Aḥmadábád	1	156
		48	Azar	AR.	••		157
		48	Bahman	AR	D		, 158
		$\frac{48}{48}$	Mihr	! AR	Bairáta	-	170
		48	211111	A	Burhánpúr		83
		48	Farwardín	R	T divers		176
		48	Ardíbihisht	AR AD	Láhor		240
		1 48 48	Mihr	AR AR	,,	_	241
		4 48	Dí	AR AR	•••	1	242
		18	Mihr	AR	Sítpúr	-	243
		48	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	AR	Srínagar		250-252
		1 48	Khúrdád	Æ		!	255
	1012	· ·	Azar	R	Alimadábád		559
	11112	19	Bahman	A	1		159
		49	Isfandármu		11	-	160
		49	1	AR	Bairáta		161
		19	Ázar	AR	Burhánpúr		171
		49	Farwardín	- R	Láhor	-	177
		49	Khúrdád	AR	11		244
		49	Mihr	AR	Sítpúr	1	245
		49	Khúrdád	R	Tatta		253-251
	1013		Tír	Æ	Agra	-	276
		50	Khúrdád	R	Burhánpúr		346
		50	Ábán	\mathbb{R}	Burhánpúr		178
		50	Ardíbihish		Lahor	-	179
							246

Hıjı a year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1013	$rac{50}{50}$	Mihr —	Æ Æ	Tatta U1dú-e-zafar- qarín	_	277 530	AKBAR
1014	1		\mathcal{A}	$ m \acute{A}gra$	_	588	JAHÁN-
	(50)	$ m \acute{A}_{Zar}$	Æ	Aḥmadábád	_	606	GÍR
	i 50	Dí	Æ	,,		607	C
		_	R	Burhánpúr		654	
$\frac{1}{2}$	—		AR	Kábul		686	
1615	1	_	\mathbb{R}	Láhor		697	
1015	2 2 2 2 2		Æ	Agra		589	
	. 2	<u>Kh</u> úrdád	Æ	Aḥmadábád		608-609	
	2	Tír	\mathbb{R}	"		610	
,	' 2		R	,,,	· —	611	
1/2			Æ	Kábul	_	687-688	
	1	_	Æ	Láhor		698	
	2	_	At D	,,	. —	699	
	$\frac{2}{2}$		Æ Æ	Talla		700 794	
1016	2	<u> </u>	AR	Tatta Ahmadábád	-	612	
1010	3		.R	Láhor		701	
	. 3		.R	Tatta		795	
1017	, 1		\mathbb{R}	Ágra		590	
	ļ	_	R	Láhor		702	
1018	4	i	Æ	Bairáta		831	
	1		Æ	Kashmír		691	
	1		Æ	Láhor		703	
	1		Æ	Tatta		796	
	5		Æ	, ,,		797	
1019	5	Isfandármuz	\mathbf{A}	Ágra	•	564	
	5	<u> </u>	Æ	,,		591	
			AR	Akbarnagar		644-645	
		<u> </u>	AR	Kashmir		692	
	5	-	.R	Láhor		704	
1000	5		AR	Țatta	·	798	
1020		Ábán	A	Agra		565	
	6	Bahman	X	,,	·	566	
	6		Æ	, ,,		824-825	
		A 10 1 1 1 .	Æ	Akbarnagar	!	646 705	
	6	Ardíbihisht	AR	Láhor	-	705	
	$\lfloor \frac{6}{6} \rfloor$	Amardád Dí	AR	••	<u> </u>	707	
	6	Isfandármuz	R	٠,		708	
	6	Islandarmuz		,, Qandahár	-	766	
	6	=0	AR A	Qandanar		587	
1021	: 7	Ábán	A A	Ágia		567	
	7	Tír	R	1		592	
	7	Amardád	AR	,,		593	
	7		Æ	,,	_	826-828	
	7	Khúrdád	AR	Ahmadábád		613	
	7	Ábán	R	,,		614	

JAHÁN- 1021 7 Ázar R Ahmadábád GÍR 7 Ædíbihisht Æ Dehlí 7 Ardíbihisht Æ Dehlí 7 Dí Æ 7 Farwardín Æ Láhor 7 Shahrewar Æ 7 Bahman Æ 7 Isfandármuz Æ	615 832 662 663 709 710 711 712 767 799 568 594 829 586
GÍR 7 Ardíbihisht At Dehlí 7 Dí R 7 Farwardín A Láhor 7 Shahrewar At 7 Bahman A	832 662 663 709 710 711 712 767 799 568 594 829
7 Ardíbihisht At Dehlí 7 Dí At ,	662 663 709 710 711 712 767 799 568 594 829
7 Dí AR ,	663 709 710 711 712 767 799 568 594 829
7 Farwardín A Láhor 7 Shahr war A	709 710 711 712 767 799 568 594 829
7 Shahrewar AR 7 Bahman AR	710 711 712 767 799 568 594 829
7 Bahman A	711 712 767 799 568 594 829
7 Jefandirma D	712 767 799 568 594 829
	767 799 568 594 829
7 — R Qandahár —	799 568 594 829
7 Khúidád R Tatta	568 594 829
	594 829
	829
	596
— Abán R Burhánpúr —	
8 Tír Ahmadábád	616
8 + Abán At	617
8 Farwardí At Dehlí —	664
8 Amardád R "	665
8 Mihr R	666
8 Bahman R ,	667
8 Shahréwar R Kashmír	693
8 Tír A Láhor	713
8 Shahréwar R	714
8 Mihr R	715
8 Abán A	716
-8 $\stackrel{\wedge}{1}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{A}$ zar $\stackrel{\wedge}{1}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{A}$ 1 $\stackrel{\circ}{1}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{1}$	717
$8 \mid \overline{\text{Di}} \mid R \mid$	718
8 Khúrdád R Qandahár	
1023 9 Mihr Agra	768
1 9 Bahman At Ahmadábád	595
8 Isfandármuz At Kashmír	618
9 Tir Rasmin —	694
	695
$egin{array}{cccccc} 9 & { m Ardibihisht} & { m Ar} & { m L\'{a}hor} \ 9 & { m A\'{z}ar} & { m Ar} & \ \end{array}$	719
	720
	721
410	722
Tit Latin	739
	740
9 Tir A Qandahar	769
9 Shahréwar A:	770
9 Mihr At "	771
1024 — , R Ahmadábád	619
10 Bahman R Akbarnagar	647-648
9 — R Kábul	689
10 Khúrdád At Láhor	723
10 Azar At	
10 Isfandármuz A	724
10 Ardíbihisht R Qandahár	725
10 PC. 7)	772
70 1	773
	774
1025 10 Bahman At Agra	596

Hıjra ' year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1025	11	Farwardín	Æ	Ágia		597	JAHAN-
1020		Abán	Æ	Ahmadábád	_	620	GÍR
1	11	Tír	R	Burhánpúr		. 658	GIL
1	11	Amardád	Æ	Dehlí		668	
	11		$\frac{\pi}{R}$	Láhor		726	
i	11	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Patna		741	
İ		Tír	Æ			742	
	11	Mihr	Æ	••		743	
	11	Ardíbihisht	Æ	,, Qandahár		775	
	11	Mihr	Æ	•		776	
	11	Ábán	R	**		777	
	11	Amardád	At	"	_	778	
	11	Amaraaa	.R	••	_	779	
1026		Shahréwar	X	Á arra		569	
1020 (11	Isfandármuz		Agra		598	
	$\frac{11}{12}$	Farwardín	Æ	••		599	
	$\frac{12}{12}$	Ardíbihisht	R	••		600	
	$\frac{12}{12}$		A.	D.1.1/		669	
	$\frac{12}{12}$	Farwardí		Dehlí		670	
I		Khúrdád	AR D	T 1 ' ' ' '		674	
	12	Shahréwai	Æ	Jahángírnagar		690	
	11! 12	Farwardí	$\frac{R}{R}$	Kábul ,		727	
		T C 1/	AR D	Láhor ;		744	
	11	['] Isfandármuz		Patna		744	
	12	, Amardád	R	**		746	
1	12	A <u>z</u> ar	AR	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		780	
	11		AR	Qandahár		781	
	12	771 6 371	AR N			800	
	12	' Khúrdád	Æ	Tatta			
140-	12	Azar	AR	••		801	
1027	13		AR	A lımadábád		621	
	13	(Aries)	Æ	٠,		627-628	
	13	(Taurus)	Æ	••		629-630	
	13	(Gemini)	AR	٠,		631-632	
	13	(Cancer)	AR	١,,		633-634	
	13	$(L\epsilon o)$	Æ	,, i		636	
	13	Farwardí	AR	Akbarnagar		649	
	13	,	Æ	Bairáta -		833	
	13	Abán	AR	Dehlí		671	
	13	Azar	.R	Jahángírnagar '		675	
	13		AR	Láhor		728-729	
	13	Ardíbihisht	.R	Patna	-	747	
	13	[†] Shahréwar	AR	,,	•	748	
$\frac{1}{2}$		Ábán	AR	,,		749	
	12	-	AR	Qandahár		782	
	1.3	1	AR	,,	•	783-784	
1,	13	Shahréwar	\mathcal{R}	Tatta		802	
1028	1.1	(11ries)	A	Ágra	-	570	
	11	(Taurus)	X	.,		571	
	13	(Pisces)	A	,,		582	
	11	(Gemini)	AR			604	
	11		A	Ahmadábád		583	

	 Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. 1n Catalogue
JAHÁN-	1028	13	— Khúrdád	Æ Æ	Ahmadábád Burhánpúr	-	622 659
GÍR		14			Jahángírnagar	_	676
		1.1	Farwardí	Æ	Láhor		730
		14	T C 3'	æ	Patna		750
		13	Isfandármuz	$\frac{A}{D}$	Qandahár		785-786
		11	Qandahár	Æ	Tatta		803
		-	Amardád	Æ	· •	<u> </u>	605
	1029	15	(Cancer)	æ	Agra		623
		15		Æ	Almadábád		650-651
		1.5	Mihr	$A\!R$	Akbarnagar		677-678
		1.5	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Jahángírnagar		679
		1.5	Tír	Æ	.,		
		15	(Gemini)	AR	Kashmír		696
		15		/R	Láhor		731-732
		15	Farwardín	AR	Patna		751
		15	Khúrdád	\mathbb{R}	1 ,,		752
		15		Æ	Qandahár	_	787-788
		1.5	Amardád	Æ	Tatta	<u> </u>	804
	1030	16	(Taurus)	A	Ágra		572-574
	1000	16	(Gemini)	X			575
		16	(Cancer)	\widetilde{X}	,.		576
		16	(Taurus)	$\frac{\alpha}{R}$		man-arrah	603
		15	(1007113)	X = X	Ahmadábád		584
		16	Mihr	A AR	Jahángírnagar		680
		1	Bahman		o anangii nagai	1	681
		16	Farwardín	R	.,. Patna		753
		16	:	AR			754
		16	Amardád	AR	••		755
		16	Abán	AR.	0"11/		789
		15		AR	Qandahár		790
		16	T 0 1/	AR		,	$\begin{array}{c} + 790 \\ 792 \end{array}$
		15	Isfandármu		Súrat		
		16	<u>K</u> hái dád	\mathcal{A}	Tatta	_	805
	1031		(Cancer)	A	Agra		577
		16	(Libra)	Γ			579
		16	(Sagittarius		,,	<u> </u>	581
		17	_	AR	.,		601
		17		AR	Alımadábád		624
		17	Farwardí	/R	Jahángírnagar		682
		17	- Shahréwai	AR	٠,		683
		_	Mihr	A	Jaler?		685
		16	Ázar	$\perp R$	Patna		756
		16	Pahman	AR.	.,		757
		17	Farwardír		.,		758
		17	_	R	Qandahár		791
		17	1)í	AR	Súrat		793
	103		(Libra)	A	Ágra		580
		18		AR	Akbarnagar		652
		18		AR			733
		18	Tír	AR			759
	103			1 AR			625
	100	19		AR			684

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1033	19		A	Láhor		734-735	JAHÁN-
	18	Dí	A?	Patna	<u> </u>	760	GÍR
	19	Farwardín	\mathbf{R}	,,		761	~
	19	Mihr	\mathbb{R}	Tatta		806	
1034	19		Æ	Ágra		602	
	20	<u> </u>	Æ	Bairáta	i —	835	
	20	Isfandármuz	\mathbb{R}	Akbarnagar	1	653	
		Ázar	\mathbf{R}	Dehlí	·	672	
	20	Ardíbihisht	At	Patna		762	
	20	Amardád	R	, ,		763	
	20	Farwardín	A	Tatta		807	
1035		Khúrdád	Æ	Dehlí		673	
	21		Æ	Láhor	_	736	
	21	Khúrdád	AR			764	
1036		_	R	Ahmadnagar		637	
-000	21		R	Láhor		737	
	22		At			738	
$\frac{1}{2}$	21	Ábán	Æ	,, Patna		765	
1037	22	,,	Æ	Tatta		808	
1034	20		Æ	Ágra		811	Withname
1001	20		R	Láhor		815-816	of Núrja-
	:	i —	R	Súrat		821	hán
1035			AR	Surat		822	
1036			AR	,, Ahmadábád		814	
1037	22		R			812-813	
1001	22	_	AR AR	Agra Patna	_	817-820	
	22	_	AR	Súrat	_	823	
	ahd		$ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $	Ágra	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláf at	836	SHÁH-
	ahd		R	11811		868-870	JAHÁN
	ahd		AR	Ahmadábád	!	874	UAHAM
1 2		1	R	Animadabad	_	875	
2	ahd		AR	Akbarnagar		909	
	- Aire		Æ	Bairát	<u> </u>	1107	
	ahd		AR	Burhánpúr		930	
	and		X	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	853	
	ahd		AR.	1		965	
	ahd		AR	Patna	,,	1012(a)	1
1 2			AR AR	Súrat		1040	1
1038	ahd	_			Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	871-87	2
1000	2	Shall man	R	Agra Akbarábád		889	=
	ahd	Shahrewar				876	
	ahd	_	R	Ahmadábád Akbarnagar		910	
	and 2		AR			931	
			AR	Burhánpúr		966	
	alid	-	AR	Láhor		967	
	2	_	AR	Multán		985	
	ahd	T71 6 211	AR	Multan		986	
	2	Khúrdád	AR	n n		855 (a))
	2	Shahréwar	X	Patna	. —	000 (0	'

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	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH-	1038	aḥd		Æ	Súrat		1039
JAHÁN	1000	2		R	,,		1041-1042
JAHAN				Æ		_	1089
	1039	3	Farwardín	\overline{X}	Alımadábád		837
		2	Ázar	\mathcal{A}	•		877
		2		At.	Akbarábád		890-891
		3		Æ	,,		892-894
			Dí	$\mathbf{A}\!\mathbf{R}$	Akbarnagar	<u> </u>	911
		2	Ábán	Æ	.,		912
		1 3	Tír	$A\!R$,,		913
		3	Ábán	AR	Katak		960
		2	Ázar	Æ	Multán		987
		2 '	Istandármuz	\mathcal{A} R	•••		988
		2	Mihr	Æ	Patna		1013-101-
		2 2 2 2 3		Æ	Ujjain	Baldat	1084-1083
		3	Farwardí	\mathbb{R}	Zafarnagar	-	1086
	1040	i —	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Ahmadábád	_	878
		-1		AR	Akbarábád	_	895-897
		· 1	Bahman	\mathcal{A} R	Akbarnagar		914
		1 3		Æ	Bhakkar		919
		1	<u> </u>	AR	,,		920
		4		A	Burhánpúr		844
		3		AR	,,		932-935
			Shahréwar	Æ	Dehlí		944
		3	Abán	AR	,.	_	945
		3	_	Æ	Jahángírnagar		951
		3		Æ	Láhor		968
		4	_	\mathbb{R}			969
		3		\mathcal{R}	Multán	_	989-990
		4	Tír	-R	Patna	_	1016
		-	_	\mathbb{R}	Súrat	_	1043
		3	T 0 34	X	;	<u> </u>	864
	1041	-	Isfandár muz		Aḥmadábád	<u> </u>	879
			Shahréwar	AR	Ahmadnagar	_	886
		5		.R	Akbarábád		898
		5	D'	AR	Gulkanda		947
		1	Dí	-R	Jahángírnagar		952
		1		Æ	Láhor	_	970-971
		5		R	T 11	<u> </u>	972
		5	_	Æ	Lakhnau	-	1110
		1	-	AR	Multán	_	991
		5 5	Khurdád	R	Details	_	992
		ij	Kintraad	AR	Patna		1017
		5	Ardíbihisht	AR	Súrat Zafarnagar	_	1044
	1042	"	Ázar	R			1087
	1042	5	AZar	AR AR	Ahmadábád	_	880
		6		AR	Akbarabád		899
		$\begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \end{vmatrix}$	-	AR AR	Burhánpúr	_	900
		$\frac{5}{5}$		AR	Láhor	-	936
		5		AR	Multán	_	973
		, 0		1 411	i minimi	I	993-994

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1042	6		$\mid_{R}\mid$	Multán		995	SHÁH-
1012	5	Amardad	Æ	Patna			JAHÁN
	5	Shahréwar	\mathcal{R})		1019	UAMAN
	5	Mihr	R	••		1020	
	6		Æ	•••		1021	
	6	Ábán	Æ	Tatta		1070	
1043	6		X	Akbarábád		838	
1010	7		R			901-902	
	<u> </u>		Æ	Allahábád		918	
	6		R	Bhakkar		921	
	7	_	Æ			922	
	6		Æ	 Bui hánpur	_	937	
	6	_	Æ	Multán	_	996-997	
	7	_	Æ			998	
			Æ	Zafarnagar		1088	
$\frac{1}{2}$			R			1090	
1044	8		Æ	Ahmadábád		881	
	7		AR	Akbarábád		903	
	7		Æ	Bhakkar		923	
	7		Æ	Burhánpúr		938	
	-		Æ	Dehlí		946	
	7		Æ	Jahángírnagar		953	
	7	<u> </u>	AR	Láhor	_	974-975	
	8		Æ			976	
	7		AR	,, Multán		999	
	7		Æ	Súrat		1045-1046	
	7	Tír	R	Tatta	_	1071	
1045	8		R	Ahmadábád		882	
	8		X	Akbarábád		839	
	9		AR	Akbarnagar	_	915	
	8		AR	Multán		1000	
	9		AR	,,		1001	
	8		A	Patna		856	
	8		A	Súrat		860	
	8	<u> </u>	AR	1,,	_	1047	
1046	10		.R	Akbarnagar		916	
	9		\mathbb{R}	Láhor		977	
	10		Æ	,,		978	
	9		AR	Multán		1002-1003	3
	9	_	A	Súrat		861	
	9		Æ	,,		1048	
	10		AR	,,		1049	
1047	10		Λ	Akbarábád	_	840	
	10		AR	Multán		1004	
	10		AR	Patna	_	1022	
		_	AR	_	_	1091	
1048	12		AR	Akbarábád		904	
	-	-	Æ	Bairát	_	1108	
	1.2	-	AR	Kashmír		959	
	11	_	AR	Multán		1005-1000	3
	12	1 —	AR	1,,	_	1007	

	Hijra	— · — Regnal	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet	No. in
	year	year	montu	mr.car		of Mint	Catalogue
SHÁH-	10481	12		Æ	Patna	_	1023
JAHÁN	10102	12		\tilde{R}	Súrat		1050
JAAAM	1049			Al	Bhílsa		927
	1010	12		Æ	Qandahár		1032
		13		Æ	•		1033
		1 13		AR .	Súrat	_	1051
		12	Ardíbihisht		Tatta		1072
		13	_	$^{\prime}$ $^{\prime}$ $^{\prime}$	_	_	1092
	1050	14	· · —	R	Júnagarh		955
	1000	11		Æ	Qandahár		1034
	1051	15		Æ	Bhakkar	· ·	924
	2002			Æ	Dehlí		1109
		1.5	-	Æ	Multán	-	1008
		15	<u> </u>	X	Patna]	857
		15	-	$ A$ ϵ	,,		1024-1025
		1.5		Æ	Qandahár		1035
		14	<u> </u>	R	Tatta		1073
	1052	16	-	.R	Akbarábád	·	905
	,=	15	<u> </u>	R	Bhílsa		928
		1.5	_	A	Daulatábád	·	848
	1053			R	Patna		1026
	1054	18	1	Al			1027
	2001	17	l —	Al	Súrat		1052-1053
		18		Æ	,,,		1054
		-		R	"		1093
	1055	18		R	Almadábád		883
	1,000	19	; —	Æ			884
		19		R	Akbarábád		906
		19	-	AR	Patna	-	1028
	1			AR	Súrat		1055
	1056^2	19		Æ	Bhílsa		929
		20	_	At	Súrat		1056
		19	Khúrdád	R	Tatta		1074
		. 19		$-\mathbf{R}$		1	1094
		$^{:}$ 20		\mathcal{A} R			1095
	12		-	AR			1096
	1057	20	,	-X	Akbarábád		811
		20	-	\mathbb{R}	Daulatábád		941
		20	-	R	Multán		1009
		20		H.	Qandahár		1036-1037
		. 21	_	A	,,		1038
		21		$_{ m LR}$	Súrat		1057-1058
		20		1 $_{2}\mathrm{R}$	Tatta	1	1075-1076
	1058	22	!	.R	Ahmadnagar		887
		21	·	AR	Súrat		1059
		- 22		\mathcal{A}	_		1097
	1059			\mathcal{X}	Akbarábád		842
				Λ	,,		843
				$\overline{\mathbf{R}}$,,		907
			l	R	Akbarnagar	-	917
			-	.R	Bhakkar		925
							1 040

Hıjra Year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1059	23		A	Patna		1029 SHÁH -
1000	23		Al	Súrat		1060-1061 JAHÁN
1	23		æ			1098
1060	$\frac{\sim}{24}$		A	Burhánpúr		845
1000	-		AR !	Khanbáyat		961
1061	24		\mathcal{A} R	Ahmadnagar		888
1001	25		R	Daulatábád		942
1			R	Khanbáyat		962
i	25		A	Patna		858
	24		Æ	Súrat		1062
İ	' <u></u>	_	A	3		866
1062	26		\boldsymbol{X}	Láhor		854
	25		Æ	,,		979
	26		\mathbf{R}	Patna		1030
	26		\mathbf{A}	Sháhjahánábád		859
	25		Æ	Súrat		; 1063
	26		\mathbf{R}	"		1064
,	26	-	\mathbb{R}	Tatta		1077
1063	27		R	Láhor		980
Ī	27		AR	Súrat		1065
į	26		\mathcal{A} R	Tatta		1078
	27		\mathbf{R}	,,		1079
1064			X	Daulatábád		849
	28	_	A	Multán	derricans .	855
	27	_	.R	Súrat		1066
160=	28		A.			1099-1100
1065	90		R	Khanbáyat		963
1000	29	_	Æ	Láhor		981
1066	30		R	Ahmadábád		885
	30		A.	Daulatábád		850
	30		AR AR	Láhor		982-983 1010
	30	-	R	Multán Patna		1031
'	29		Æ	Súrat		1067
	30	Khúrdád	A A	Tatta		863
	29	Ábán	$\frac{\alpha}{\Re}$;		1080
	30	-	A.	ï	·	867
1067	31		.R	Bhakkar		926
			AR	Júnagarh	****	956-957
ļ	30		A	Khanbáyat	-	852
	31	-	AR	Láhor		984
	31	_	+ R	Multán		1011
	30		\mathcal{A} R	Súrat		1068
	31	_	R	",		1069
1068	32		A	Burhánpúr		846-847
i	32		A	Daulatábád		851
	31		R	,,		943
			R	K hanbáyat		964
1	0.1	_	\mathcal{R}	Multán	1	1012
	31	-	A	Súrat		862
	31		\mathbb{R}	Tatta		1081

Hijra Regnal year Month Metal Mint Honorific epithet No. Cata	in logue
SHÁH- 1068 31 - R - 110	01
JAHÁN 32 - R - 1103-	-1104
1069 32 — At Tatta — 10	
33 $ \mathbb{R}_+$ $ 10$	83
32 - $ A $ - $ 11 $	02
MURÁD 1068 ahd - A Ahmadábád - 11	15
77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	-1117
	_1119
AURANG-1069 al.d - R Gulkanda - 13	
ZÉB 1070 3 — R Akbarnagar — 11	
3 – Y Aurangábád – 11	
3 - R Gulkanda - 13	
ahd – R Lahor Dáru-s-saltanat 14	15
2 - R Multán Dáru-l-amán 14	67
3 – N Sháhjahánábad Dáru-l-khiláfat 11	
	-1540
	39
	78
	79
3 – At Bhakkar – 12	
	_1338
	77
3 - R Patna - 14	
	86
3 - R Súrat - 15	
	27
	55
	00
	01
	43
	44
	87
The state of the s	10
	-1543
	67
6 37	40 41
	41
1 1 1 2 2	-1629
	53
	56
	80
	45
	39
	67
	30
" " 13	883

	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1074	·	_	\mathbf{A}	Súrat		1545	AURANG-
	6		$^{\circ}$ A R	Zafarábád	!	1640	
1075	7	_	$-\mathbf{R}$	Ahmadábád		1157	ZÉB
	. 8		R	Multán	_	1468	
	7		\boldsymbol{A}	Súrat		1148	
	7		$-\mathbf{R}$			1546	
1076			Æ	Akbarábád		1646	
10,0		1	Æ	'Álamgírpúr		1233	
	8		R	Aurangábád			
	8		, A	Bhakkar	-	1246-1247 1268	
	8		R	Multán		_	
	8		A	Patna		1469	
	9	_	AR	Súrat		1138	
	8		R			1547	
10-7	9	_		Tatta	_	1630	
1077	ř.	_	A	Kanbáyat	1 -	1131	
		_	X	Súrat		1149	
	9	_	R	,,,		1548	
	9		R	Tatta	_	1631	
1078	10		\mathbb{R}	Súrat		1549-1550	
1079	11		\mathbb{R}	Akbarnagar	_	1202	
	11		\mathbb{R}	Súrat		1551-1552	
	12		$_{\perp}$ $_{\parallel}$ $_{\parallel}$	•,		1553	
	12		$\{-R\}$	Zafarábád		1641	
1080	1.2		R	Gulkanda		1340	
	, — I		R	Júnagadh		1368	
	12		X	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1142	
1081	13	-	A	Akbarnagar		1121	
	13		R			1203	
	13		R	Gulkanda		1341	
i	14	_	R	Jahángírnagar		1356	
			R	Kanbáyat		1384	
	15(sec)		X	Sholapúr	_	1146	
	13		R	Súrat	_	1554	
Í	13		A	Tatta		1632	
1082	14		AR		}		
- 00-	15	(1070)	R	Akbarnagar Gulkanda		1204	
	15	(1076)	R		-	1342-1343	
1	15			Júnagadh	-	1369	
}	14		$-\frac{X}{D}$	Kábul		1129	
			-R	Kanbayat		1385	
f L	15		R	Multán	-	1470	
}	14		[X]	Shahjahanabad	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> ılafat	1143	
į	11		R	,•	••	1511	
-	1.5		.R	Súrat		1555	
1000	1.4		' .R	Tatta		1633	
1083	15		R	Kanbáyat		1386	
}	16	_	.R	Sháhjahanábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1512	
	1.5		R	Súrat		1556	
1000	16		_R	٠,		1557	
1081	17		.R	Kanbáyat	-	1387	
1	17		.R	Súrat	<u>.</u>	1558	
	16						

	3.00						
	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
	1005	17		R	Ahmadábád		1158
AURANG-	1003	17	(1076)	R	Gulkanda		1344
ZÉB			(1076)			_	1388
		17		R	Kanbáyat	—	1389
		18	_	R	01 71 12 12 12 12 13	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1513
		17	_	AR.	Sháhjahánábád	Daru-I- <u>ku</u> llalat	1559
		1 —		R	Súrat		1159
	1086			IR.	Aḥmadábád	_	
		18	(1076)	\mathbb{R}	Gulkanda		1345
		18		\mathbb{R}	Súrat		1560
	1087	19		\mathbb{R}	Ahmadábád		1160
		19	-	\mathbb{R}	Akbarábád		1181
		19	<u> </u>	\mathbb{R}	Gulkanda		1346
		19		\mathbb{R}	Kanbáyat	~-	1390
		19	-	$+$ \mathbb{R}	Lakhnau	~	1451
		19	_	\mathbb{R}	Sûrat		1561
	1088	20	_	æ	Lakhnau	_	1452-1453
		20		\mathbb{R}	Súrat		1562
		21		R		~	1563
	1089	22		\mathcal{A}	Akbarábád		1182
	1000	21		AR	Akbarnagar		1205
		22		R	22100021100501		1206
		~~	_	Æ	Kanbáyat		1391
		22		I R	Patna		1488
		22		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1514
		22		R	Súrat	Daru-i-Kniiaiat	1564
	1000	23		R		-	
	1090				Akharnagar	_	1207-1208
		23	_	R	Gulkanda	-	1347
		23	-	ıR.	Shahjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1515
		22	_	$+$ \mathbb{R}	Súrat		1565
	7	22	-	.Ht	,,	-	1566
		23	-	AR	,,,		1567
	1091	23	-	\mathcal{A} R	Ahmadábád		1161
		23		AR	Kanbáyat	_	1392
		24		R	Patna		1489
		23	-	Æ	Súrat		1568
		24		.R	,,,		1569
	1092	+25		.R	Akbarnagar	1 -	1209
		2.5		R	Gulkanda		1348
		24		-R	Jahángírnagar		1357
		24		R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1116
		24	_	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1516
		24	i	-1 R	Súrat	- Minimum	1570
		25		-R			1571
	1093			A	Aurangábád		
	1000	26	7	R	aranganad		1124
		26	_	R	Gulkanda		1248
		26	_	AR	Júnagadh		1349
		25		R		_	1370
		1		R	Kanbáyat Lábon	D'	1393
		25	-	AR	Láhor Multán	Dáru-s-saltanat	1417
		2.5	1	117.	i muuran	-	1 1 1 7 1
		26)	-R	Patna	_	$\begin{array}{c c} 1471 \\ 1490 \end{array}$

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1093	25		Æ	Súrat		1572-1573AURANG-
-000	26		R			1574-1575 ZÉB
1094	26		æ	Akbarnagar		1210
1001	27		Æ	Aurangábád		1249
	27		Æ	Gulkanda		1350
	27		R	Islámábád		1355
	27		A	Júnagadh		1371
	26		R	Láhor		1418
	27		R	Multán		1472
	26		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1517
	26		Æ	Súrat		1576-1577
	27		Æ			1578
1095	28		$ \mathbf{R} $	Ahmadnagar		1165-1166
	28		$\overline{\mathbb{R}}$	Akbarábád		1183
	27		Æ	Akbarnagar		1211-1212
	28		\mathbb{R}^{\parallel}	'Álamgirpúr		1234
	29		R	g.································		1235
			ıR	 Kanbáyat		1394
	27		R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1419
	27		AR	Súrat		1579-1580
	28		Æ	~ uztro		1581-1582
	27		R	Tatta		1635
1096	29		R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1184
	28		R	Akbarnagar		1213-1214
	29		æ	Gulkanda		1351
	28		At	Kanbáyat		1395
	29		Æ			1396
	28		R	,, Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1420
	28		R	Patna		1491
	29	-	R	- 1		1492
	i — I		.R	Sholápúr		1536
	28		R	Súrat	1	1583
	29		R			1584
	29		A	, 'i'		1154(b)
	29		AR	3		1642
1097	30		R	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1170
	29		R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1185
	29		AR	Akbarnagar	_	1215
	30		AR	Bíjápúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1269
	30		AR	Burhánpúr		1279
	30		Æ	Jahángírnagar		1358
	317		Æ	Júnagadh		1372
	30		N	Kulbarga		1136
	29		\mathbb{R}	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1421
	29		AR	Patna		1493
	31		AR	Sholápúr		1537
	29		A	Súrat [*]		1150
	29		R	,,		1585
•	30		R	,,		1586
1098	31		AR	Ahmadnagar		1167
	31	1	$^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1186

		_					
	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AURANG-	1098	30	_	1.13	Akbarnagar		1216
ZÉB		31		Æ	١ ,,	<u>—</u>	1217
		30		+R	Aurangábád	_	1250
				\mathbf{R}	Etáwa		1298
		30		\mathcal{R}	Kanbáyat		1397
		31	_	\mathbf{R}	Kulbarga		1413
		30		\mathbf{R}	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1422
		31	_	Æ	,,	,,	1423-1424
		30		\mathbb{R}	Lakhnau		1454
		31		Æ	Nárnol		1479-1480
		30		\mathbb{R}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1518
		31		\mathcal{A} R	,,	",	1519
		30		\mathcal{R}	Súrat		1587-1588
	1099	31	_	. R .	Aḥmadábád		1162
		32		Æ	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1171
		3.2		\mathbb{R}	Akbarnagar		1218
		32	_	\mathbb{R}	'Álamgírpúr		1236
		31		A	Allahábád		1122
		31		\mathbb{R}	Burhánpúr		1280
		31		\mathbb{R}	Etáwa -		1299
		32		\mathcal{R}	,,		1300
		31		\mathcal{A}	Júnagarh		1373
		31		_1R	Katak		1379
		31		_R	Kanbáyat	_	1398
		31		\mathbb{R}	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1425-1426
		32		-R	,,	,,	1427
		_		.R	Nárnol		1481
		31		A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1144
		31	_	Æ	,,	,,	1520
		31		\mathbb{R}	Súrat		1589
	1100	33		\mathbb{R}	Akbarnagar		1219
		33		.R	Burhánpúr		1281
		32		AR.	Etáwa		1301
		33		AR .	Ḥaidarábád	Dáru-l-jihád	1352
		33		AR AR	Jahángírnagar		1359
		32		AR	Katak		1380
		33	_	AR	Kanbáyat	i	1399
		32	-	X	<u>Kh</u> ujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1132
		32	_	R	35.77	1,	1406
		33		R	Multán		1473
		33	_	$\frac{1}{R}$	Nárnol		1482
		32	_	I AR	Snanjahanabad	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1521
	1101	32 34	H —	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	Súrat Melandida	<u> </u>	1590
	1101	34	_	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1187
		32		A	Akbarnagar	- -	1220
		33		R	Barélí Bássas		1253
		33	_	AR	Bíjápúr Burbánnán	Dáru-z-zatar	1270
		33		R	Burhánpúr Ignogyb		1282
		33		AR	Júnagarh Kanlaina		1374
		33		$\frac{1}{4}$	Kanbáyat Lábon	-	1399(a)
		00		-11	Láhor	! Dáru-s-saltanat	1428

Hıjr.ı year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1101	33		Æ	Lakhnau		1455 AURANG
	33	-	Æ	Multán		1474 ZÉB
	34		\mathbb{R}	Patna		1494
	33		\mathbb{R}	Súrat		1591
	34	-	R	,,		1592
	34		Æ	Tatta		1636
1102	34		\mathcal{A}	Aḥmadábád		1163
	34		H.	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1172
	34		\mathbb{R}	Akbarnagar		1221
	35	_	\mathbb{R}	Etáwa		1302-1303
	34		\mathbb{R}	Jahángírnagar		1360
	34	-	\mathbf{R}	Júnagarh		1375
	35		Æ	Katak		1381
	34		\mathbf{R}	Kanbáyat		1400
	34		\mathcal{A} R	Lakhnau		1456
	35		Æ	Multán		1475
	34		\mathcal{R}	Nárnol		1483
	34		\mathbb{R}	Patna		1495
	34		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1522
	35		R	o nanjana		1523
	34		\mathbb{R}	Súrat		1593-1594
1103	35		Æ	Barélí		1254
00	36		Æ	Bíjápúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1271
	36		R	Burhánpúr		1283
	35		R	Etáwa	~_	1304-1305
	36		R	Duna		1306
	36		R	Katak		1382
	35		Al	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1429
	36		R	Multán	Data a sarganac	1476
	35		AR	Patna Patna	<u> </u>	1496
	35	_	R	Sarhind	_	1504
	35		A	Súrat		1595-1596
	36		AR	Burn		1597
1104	36		AR	A labama aran		1222
-101			At	Akbarnagar		1237
	36		$+\frac{A}{A}$	'Alamgírpúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1125
	36		R	Bíjápúr	Data-ž-žarat	1272
	36		R	., Etáwa	11	1307
	36				_	1376
	36	Minima.	-R	Júnagarh		1401
		-	l R	Kanbáyat	_	1414
	1		I R	<u>Kh</u> ujista-bunyád	1)' 14 4	1430
	36		R	Láhor	Daru-s-saltanat	1431
	37		.R	(''	,,	1505
	36		At	Sarhind		1
	36	_	J.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1521
1105	36		AR D	Súrat		1598-1599
r T (19)	38	~	AR	Akbarnagar		1223-1224
	37	_	AR	Bíjápúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1273
	37	~	A	Khujista-bunyad	(Aurangábád)	1133
	37	_	\mathcal{R}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1525
	37		At	Súrat		1600-1601

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Meta.	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AURANG-	1106	38		\cdot R	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1173
ZÉB		39		R	Akbarnagar	- ara r <u>an</u> an	1
		38		${ m -}{ m R}$	'Álamgírpúr		1225
		39		A	Bíjapúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1238
		38		\overline{R}	i	Datu-z-zatar	1126
		38		Æ	Etáwa	,,,	1274
				R	Kanbáyat		1308
	Į.	38		R	Khujista-bunyác	11 (4)	1402
		38		R	Láhor		1407
	1	39		R	Lanor	Daru-s-saltanat	1432
	!	39			Multán	,,	1433
	1	38		Æ		_	1647
	1	39		AR P	Patna	_	1497
		38		$\frac{1}{2}$ R	S1 /1 · 1 / /1 · 2	_	1498
		39		\mathcal{A}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1526-1527
		38		\mathbb{R}	C	,,	1528
	1			+R	Súrat	<u> </u>	1602
	$\frac{1}{2}$	38		\mathcal{H}	1)		1603
	,	39	-	-R	,•		1604-1605
1.	107	38		\mathcal{R}	Tatta		1637
1.	107	40		\pm \pm	Barélí	1	1255
	1	10	_	\cdot R	Chinapatan	(Madrás)	
	ŀ	39		' R	Etáwa	(22001100)	1292
	- 1	40		+R	• • •		1309-1310
	1	39		R	Haidarábád	Dáru-l-jihád	1311
	1	39		-R	Jahángírnagar	1 var a-1-linaa	1353
	1	39		.R	Láhor	Diam a 1	1361
	1	40	-	AR I	Lakhnau	Dáru-s-saltanat	1434
		39		$-\mathbf{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	D' 1111110	1457
		40		$\overline{A'}$	ontanganana (a)	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1529
		$39 \pm$		$ \frac{1}{R}$	Súrat		1145
11	08	40		R	Aḥmadnagar	_	1606
	ĺ	41		R	Akbarábád		1168
	1	40		R	Bíjápúr	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1188
	į	41	-	R	manu.	Dáru-z-zafar	1275
	1	10		R	Provide (,,	1276
	1	11		R	Burhánpár		1284
	;	40		R	Chínápatan		1293
		41		R	Etáwa		1312
	1	40			T 1.		1313
		10	-	AR D	Jahángírnagar		1362
	1	41		-R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1435-1436
	- 1	11		-R	Lakhnau		1437
		41		AR	Lakhnau	- !	
	1	40	!	Æ	Sarhind		1458
				\mathcal{A}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1506
110	10	41		ılı i	Súrat /		1530
11(11		AR $+$	Ahmadábád		1607–1608
		41		AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1164
		11		R	Barélí	rata.1-Ellan.	1174
		42	-		Burhánpúr		1256
		12			Chinapatan		1285
		11	-	'	Etáwa		1294
						~	1128

	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1109	41		Æ	Etáwa	_	1314	AURANG-
1100	41		\mathcal{A} R	Etáwá		1315	ZÉB
	41		\mathbf{R}	Jahángírnagar		1363	2112
	41		\overline{R}	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1438	
	12		Æ		1	1439	
	42		\mathbf{R}	Lakhnau	"	1459	
	41		Æ	Nuṣratábád		1484	
	42		Æ	Sarhind		1507	
	41		-R	Súrat		1609	
	12		\mathbf{R}			1152	
	42		Æ	1		1643	
1110	43		R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1189	
	42		R	Akbarnagar		1226	
	13		R	221120111112012		1277	
	42		A	Barélí		1258	
	43		Æ			1258	
	42		At	Etáwá		1316	
	43		Æ	1		1317	
	42		A	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1134	
	43		At	Lakhnau	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1460	
	1 42		Æ	Súrat	i	1610	
	43		Æ	Jarac		1611	
1111	44		R	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1175	
	+ 41	1	Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1190	
	43		A	Etáwá		1318-1319	
	41		AR	Daw.		1320	
	43		R	Kábul	Dáru-l-mulk	1378	
	43	-	R	Kanbáyat		1403	
	1 43		AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1440-1441	
	44	<u>-</u>	AR		,,	1442	
	11		AR	Lakhnau		1461	
	14		Æ	Patna		1499	
	43		A	Súrat		1612	
	44		AR	- Surar	_	1613	
1112	4.4		AR	Akbarnagar		1228-1229	ł –
	44		Æ	Burhánpúr		1286	
	44		AR	Etáwá		1328-1329	ı
	45	_	AR			1323	
	4.1	! —	AR	Haidarábád	Dáru-l-jihád	1354	
	4.1		AR	Jahángírnagar		1364	
	41	-	AR	Khujista-bunyad	(Aurangábád)	1408	
	45		AR	i .	**	1409	
	45	· —	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1443	
	45	_	AR	Lakhnau		1462	
	41	_	A	Multán	_	1137	
	44		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1531	
	41	-	AR	Súrat		1614	
	44		AR	3		1644	
1113	45	_	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khilafat	1191-1194	E
	15		AR	Akbarnagar	_	1230	
	15		AR	Barélí	-	1259	

		Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AURANG-	1113	46		Æ	Barélí	_	1260
ZÉB		45	<u> </u>	\mathcal{A}	Etáwá		1324
		46		_R	, ,,		1325
		46		\mathbb{R}	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1410
		46	_	_R	Láhor	Dáru-s-sultanat	1444
		46	_	Æ	Lakhnau	_	1463
		45	-	\mathbb{R}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1532
		45	_	\mathcal{A}	Súrat		1615
		46	_	At .	,,	_	1616
	1114	47	i —	$-\mathbb{R}$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1195
		47		R	Akbarnagar		1231
		47		\Re	Alamgírpúr	_	1239
		47	<u> </u>	$-\mathbb{R}$	Bíjápúr		1277
		46	. _	\mathbb{R}	Burhanpúr		1287
		47		43	,,	_	1288
		46		Æ	Etáwá		1326
		47		\mathcal{R}	,,	_	1327
		46		\mathbb{R}	Jahángírnagar		1365
		47		Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1445
		46		Æ	Patna		1500
		47		Æ	Súrat	-	1607
	1115	48		Æ	Ahmadnagar		1169
		48		\mathbf{A}	Ahsanábád		1120
		48		\mathcal{A} R	Álamgírpúr		1240
		48	_	Æ	Barélí		1261-1262
		47	_	Æ	Burhánpúr		1289
		48		AR	Etáwá		1328
		48		Æ	Jahángírnagar		1366
		47		AR	Kanbáyat		1404
		47		A	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1135
		48		_R		(marangapaa)	1411
		47	_	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1446
		48		ıR.			1447
		48		\mathbb{R}	Ma <u>kh</u> şúşábád	21	1466
		47		At.	Patna		
		47		Æ	Súrat		1501 1618–1619
		48	_	AR			
	1116	48		AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	$1620 \\ 1196-1197$
		19		Æ	,,		1190-1197
		18		\perp R	Akbarnagar		
		19		AR	'Álamgírpúr		1232
		19	(1112!)	AR			1241
		18	` -	AR	 Parélí		1242
		18		At	Bíjápúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1263
		49		A		Dara-v-valar	1278
		19		AR	Burhánpúr		1127
		49		AR	Chínápatan	~	1290
		48		All	Etáwá		1295
		49		\mathcal{A} R			1329
		49		AR	Kanbáyat		1330
		48		1 R	Khujista-bunyád	/Ammon w/1 / 3)	1405
		. '		, -10	unliera-minka(t)	(Aurangabad)	1412

	Regnal year		Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	_
1116	48		A	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1448	AURANG-
	49		\mathbf{R}	,,,	٠,	1449	ZÉB
	19		\mathcal{R}	Lakhnau		1464	
	48		AR	Patna		1502	
			\mathbb{R}	Purbandar		1503	
	48		\mathbb{R}	Sathind		1508	
	48		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1533	
	49		\mathbf{R}	,,	.,	1534	
	18	~	Æ	Súrat	<u> </u>	1621	
	[-49]	_	\mathbb{R}	,,		1622	
1117	49	_	Æ	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1176	
	, 50		${ m -} { m R}$	'Azimábád	(Patna)	1251	
	49		R	Barélí	· · ·	1264	
	49		Æ	Burhánpúr	<u> </u>	1291	
	49		Æ	Élichpúr	<u> </u>	1297	
	49	_	AR	Etáwá		1331	4
	50		Æ	٠,		1332	
	: 49		\mathcal{A} R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1450	
	50		Æ	Lakhnau		1465	
	49		Æ	Murshidábád	i —	1477	
	50		A	Sarbind		1509	
	, 49 [Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1535	
	49		Æ	Súrat		1623	
	50		Æ	,,		1624	
	49		Æ	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	1638	
1118	51		\mathbb{R}	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1177	
	51		.R	'Azímábád	(Patna)	1252	
	51		.R	Barélí		1265	
	51		\mathbb{R}	Chínápatan		1296	
1	50		AR	Etáwá	_	1333	
1	51	·	AR	••		1334	
	51		Æ	Murshidábád		1478	
	50		\mathcal{A} R	Súrat		1625	
1 2	51		_1t	**		1626	
1119	ahd		7.	A11 /1/1	35 / ' 111'1'0'	1055 1050	arr 6 vr
1110	and		ıR D	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat		
	and		AR D	T7. / /	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1657	'ÁLAM I
	ahil	_	.R	Etáwá Labbaran		$\begin{array}{c} 1678 \\ 1693 \end{array}$	
}	ahd		AR D	Lakhnau	D' 1 lala:14 fat	1	
1	ahd		AR D	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1699	
1	ahd		AR	Súrat		1703-1704	
1120	2		AR	Tatta	25	1708(a)	
- 12.7	$\stackrel{\sim}{2}$		-R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1658	
i	$\frac{\sim}{3}$		AR I	Akbarnagar		1661	
l	ahd		Æ	'Alamgírpúr		1662	
	9		.R	Allahábád	_	1663(a)	
}	2 2		R	Barelí Barlánnán	Dime a somin	1669-1670	
ļ	$\frac{\sim}{2}$		X	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1650	
Ì	$\frac{2}{2}$		AR	01.7.7	(35 . 1(2)	1674	
	2		AR	Chínápatan	(Madrás)	$\begin{array}{c} 1676 \\ 1679 \end{array}$	
i	- 1	_	.R	Etáwá		1073	

		Regnal year		Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH	1120	2		Æ	Jahángírnagar		1682
'ÁLAM	I	2		\mathbb{R}	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1689
	_	2		Æ	Láhor	(11d1dligabad)	1690
		2		\mathbb{R}	Lakhnau		1694
		1 2		At	Murshidábád		1696
		2 2 2 2		R	Sarhind		1698
		2 ;		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1700
	$\frac{1}{2}$	2		\mathbb{R}	Súrat		1705-1706
	1121	3		$A\!R$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1659-1660
		3		\mathbb{R}	Ausá	_	1664
		4		\mathbb{R}	'Azímábád		1665
		3	_	At	Barelí		1671
		-		\mathbb{R}	Chínápatan		1677
		3		Æ	Etáwá		1680
		3		Æ	Karímábád		1684-1685
		3		X	Khujista-bunyád		1651
		3	_	All	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1691
		3		Æ	(n) //	,,	1692
	1122	3 4		Al	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> íláfat	1701
	1122	4		R	Ahmadnagar		1654
		4		$\frac{R}{R}$	'Azímábád Barélí		1666-1666(a)
		5		H	Haidarábád		1672–1673
		4		Al	Jahángirnagar	Far <u>kh</u> unda-bunyád	1681
		4		Æ	Karímábád	 -	1683
		4		R	Lakhnau		1686–1687
		4		Æ	Purbandar		1695
		4		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1697 1702
	1123			Æ	'Álamgírpúr	Data 1-Kiinatat	1663
		5		AR	'Azímábád		1667
	1104	5		A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1652
	1124	6		$\mid \mathbb{R} \mid$	'Azímábád	——	1668
	ì	$-\frac{6}{6}$	-	\mathbb{R}	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1675
	ŀ	6		ıI.	Súrat		1707
JAHÁN	. 1194	ahd		37	A31 (1)		
DÁR		alid		A A	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1709
				Æ	., Barélí	,,	1711
		ahd	-	R	Etáwá		1712
	!	ahd			Khujista-bunyád		1713-1717
		ahd		X	Kulbarga	(Λ urangábád)	1718–1719
	1	ahd		R	Láhor	T) (1710
	ĺ	alid		.13	Lakhnau	Dáru-s-saltanat	1720-1722
	ļ	alid		-R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1723-1724
	1	ahd	_	.R	Súrat	Datu-i-kniiaiat	1725-1728
FAR-	1197	.1.1		_			1729-1731
	1125	alıd		AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1737
RUKH-	1	2		R	,,	y	1738
SIYAR	į	9	_	AR I	Allahábád		1743
	,	2 2 2 2		AR AR	Azímábád		1744
		-		211	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1753

Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1125	ahd		AR	Élichpúr		1758 FAR -
	$\dot{2}$		Æ	Etáwá		1759-1760 RUKH-
	2		AR	Khujista-bunyád		1 1 / / 2
	2		Æ	Lakhnau		1783 SIYAR
i	ahd		A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1734
ļ	ahd	_	$^{\perp}$ R	.,	11	1790-1791
	2		X	, ,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1734(a)
	2		Æ	,,	,,	1792-1793
ļ	aḥd		A	Súrat		1735
1126	3	_	${\mathfrak R}$	'Azímábád		1745
	3		Æ	,,	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1746
	3		AR	Chínápatan	. —	1756
1	3		\mathcal{A}	Jahángírnagar	i	1774
I	3		\mathbb{R}	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1776-1777
ĺ	3	-	\mathbf{R}	Murshidábád		1785
	2		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1794
1	3		A	· ·	,	1795–1796
1107	3	_	\mathbb{R}^{+}	Súrat		1807
1127	4		Æ	Barelí		1751
	1		$\frac{A}{1}$	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1778
1128	$\frac{4}{5}$		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1797
1120	5		\mathbb{R}	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1739
	4		AR AR	"Azímábád Etáwá	, ,,	1747-1748
1	$oldsymbol{5}$		$\frac{\pi}{R}$		·	1761-1762
i	5		X = X	**		1763-1766
	5		$\frac{A}{R}$	Láhor		1733 1779
	5		$\frac{A}{R}$	Murshidábád	I	1786
1	5		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1798
İ	5		AR		Data 1-Killarat	1799
	5		iR	,, Súrat	-	1808-1809
	5		\mathbb{R}	- Juliu	} !	1810
1129	6		A R $^{-1}$	Barélí		1752
	6		R	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1754
	6	!	R	Etáwá		1767-1768
1	6		AR	Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		1772
	6		$-\mathbf{R}^{-1}$	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1780
- 1	6	'	R	Murshidabád		1787
1	6		.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1800-1801
1100	6)	\mathcal{A}	Súrat		1811
1130	7	!	R	Ahmadábád	i —	1736
1	7		-X	${f A}$ kbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1732
1	7	-	.R	***	,,	1740-1741
1	7]	.R	'Agimábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1749
2	7	-	.R	11	,,	1750
	7 7		R	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1755
ļ	7		.R	Chínápatan		1757
į	7		AR	Etáwá		1769-1770
ĺ	7		AR	Gwáliár - :	-	1773
	7		AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1781
1	• 1		AR	Multán		1784

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
FAR- RU <u>KH</u> -	1130	7 6 7		.R -R -R	Murshidabád Sháhjahánábád 	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1788-1789 1802 1803-1805
SIYAR	1131	7 7 8 7		Я. Я. Я.	Súrat Akbarábád Etáwá Láhor	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat — Dáru-s-saltan at	1812 1742 1771 $1733(a)$
		7 7 7	<u> </u>	$egin{bmatrix} \mathcal{R} \ \mathcal{X} \ \mathcal{R} \end{bmatrix}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-s-saiganat ,, Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1782 1734 (b) 1806
,	1	7 ;	-	Æ	Súrat		1813
RAFÍ·U- D-DAR- JÁT	1131	ahd ahd ahd ahd		R R R R	Etáwá Láhor	Zínatu-l-bilád Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat — Dáru-s-saltanat	1816 1817 1818–1819 1820
	1	aḥd ahd <i>aḥd</i>		$+\frac{X}{R} + X$	Sháhjahánábád Súrat	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat —	1814 1821–1822 1815
SHÁH- JAHÁN I	1131 [ahd ahd ahd ahd ahd	 	A A A A A	Akbarábád Etáwá Láhor Murshidábád Sháhjahánábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat ————————————————————————————————————	1825-1826 1827 1823 1828-1829 1830-1834
MUḤAM-	1131	ahd		- R	Súrat 'Azímábád	_	1835 1886–1887
MAD		ahd ahd ahd		R R Al	Murshidábád Sháhjahánábád Súrat	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat —	$\begin{vmatrix} 1971 \\ 2008-2009 \\ 2070 \end{vmatrix}$
	1132	ahd ahd 2	_ _ _	R R R	Ajmér Akbarábád 'Azímábád Burhánpűr	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1863 1864–1865 1888
		2 2 2 ahd		At At At At At		Dáru-s-sarúr Dáru-s-saltanat — Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1904 1945-1946 1972 2010
		2		R	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		$ \begin{array}{c c} 2069 & (a, b) \\ 2071 \end{array} $
IBRÁ- HÍM	1132	ahd 	-	.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1836
MAHAM-	1133	3 3	-	R AR AR AY	Arkát Barélí Burhánpúr Imtiyázgadh	— Dáru-s-sarúr (Adoní)	1883 1900 1905 1839
	11314	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	 	AR AR AR	Kanbáyat Sháhjahánábád Akbarábád	Dáru-l- <u>k</u> hiláfat Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1932 2011–2013 1866

Hıjra year	- Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1134	3		AR AR	Etáwá Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1906 2014	MAD MUḤAM-
	1 1 1		$\begin{vmatrix} A' \\ A \\ A \end{vmatrix}$;; Súrat		1844 2015 2072	
1135	5 5 1	<u>-</u> -	AR AR :	Akbarábád Akbarnagar Gwáliár	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1867 1877 1919	
	5 - 5 5		-R 	Láhor Multán Murshidábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	1947 1968 1973	
1136	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$		-R -R -R	Sháhjahánábád Akbarábád A <u>kh</u> tarnagar Awadh	Dáru-l-l _{th} iláfat Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat —	2016 1868 1879	
	$\left \frac{6}{6} \right $		R R R	Arkát Kashmír Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1883 (a) 1929 1948	
1137	5 6 7	_	: AR : AR : AR	Sháhjahánábád Akbarábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat " Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2017 2018–2019 1869	
	71		R R R	Arkát 'Azímábád Barelí		1883 (b) 1889 1901	
	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 1 \\ 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		Al Al Al Al Al Al Al Al	Gwáliár Kanbáyat Láhor	 - Dáru-s-saltanat	1920-1921 1933 1949	
1138	7 8		.R .R .R	Sháhjahánábád Súrat Ahmadábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat — —	$2020-2021 \\ 2073 \\ 1856-1857$	
,	8 8		- R - R - R	Arkát Sháhjahánábád 	Dáru-l- <u>k</u> hiláfat	$1884 \\ 2022 \\ 2023$	
1139	9 8		.R .R .At	Etáwá Korá Sháhjahánábád	Páru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	$1907 \\ 1934 \\ 2024-2025$	
1140	9 10 9		R R R	Etáwá Sháhjahánábád	<u>"</u> Dáru-l-khiláfat	2026-2027 1908 2028	
1141	10 10 11 11		R R R	Súrat Ahmadábád		2029 2074 1858	
	11		AR X	Akhtarnagar Awadh	Mustagirru-l-khiláfat —	1870 1838	
	11 11 11		R R R R R R R R R R	Allahábád Arkát Barelí		1880 1884 (a) 1902 1909	
	11 10		.R AR .R	Etáwá Korá Shahjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	$1909 \\ 1935 \\ 2030$	

	Hijia year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
MUHAM-	11 #1	11		l .R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2031-2032
MAD	1142	12		13.	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1871
шар		12	_	\boldsymbol{A}	Imtiyázgadh	(Adoní)	1840
		12		Æ	Korá	` <i>'</i> —	1936-1937
		12		\mathcal{A} R	Sarhind		1988
		11		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2033
		12		\mathbb{R}	,,	,,	2034-2036
		12		X	٠,	,,	1844(a)
	1143	13		Æ	Arkát	-	1885
		13	_	Æ	Korá	-	1938
		13		Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-sal <u>t</u> anat	1950
		12		Æ	Multán	- 1	2084
		13			Shahábád Qanauj	TO 111111111	2000
		13 13		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2037
	1141	111	_	X	A1-1 (1 ()	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1845-1846
	1144	14	_	$\frac{1}{2}\frac{X}{R}$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-i-kumaat	1837 1910
		11		$\frac{1}{R}$	Etáwá Gwáliár		1910
		14		: At	: Korá		1939-1940
		13		Æ	Sháhábád Qanauj		2001
		13		$+$ $\frac{AR}{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2038
		111		AR	Imaljananabad	Dara I Kilitatat	2089
	1145	15		R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1872
		15	_	$+\frac{\pi}{4R}$	Jahángírnagar		1924
		11		R	Korá		1941
		15		_R	,,		1942
		15	_	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		1958
		15		Æ	Murshidábád	_	1974
		11		\mathcal{R}	Sháhábád Qanauj		2002
		14		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2040-2041
	1110	15		-R	,,	,,	2042
	1146	16 16		AR	L Etáwá	_	1911
		16		R	Korá		1943
		1 15		$\frac{1}{2}$ R	Murshidábád	Tr/ 1 1 1 1/6 /	1975
		16		AR AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	$\begin{vmatrix} 2043 \\ 2044-2046 \end{vmatrix}$
	1147	1 17		R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1873
		17	_	R	Etáwá		1912
		17		ı.R	Multán		1969
		17		Æ	Sháhábád Qanauj		2003
		17		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2047
		17		AR	,,		2048-2049
		17		AR	Súrat	"	2075
	1148	15		At	Etáwá		1913
		18	_	R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1951
		18	. –	+ R	Murshidábád	<u> </u>	1976
		18		Λ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1847
	11.0	18		R	,,,	,,	2050-2051
	1149	19		.R	'Azímábád		1890
		19		\mathcal{R}	Etáwá		1914

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1149	19 19		Al Æ	Murshidábád Sháhjahánábád	– Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1977 2052	минам-
1150	20		Æ	Ahmadábád		1859	MAD
	20	_	Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khilafat	1874	
	20		\mathcal{A} R	Barélí	——————————————————————————————————————	1903	
	20	_	\boldsymbol{A}	Muḥammadábád	_	1842 (a)	
	20		Æ	Banáras Qamarnagar	(Karnúl)		
	20		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1986–1987 2053	
	20		R	Súrat	Daru-1-Kiinaiat	2033	
	20		X	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	1853	
1151	21		\ddot{X}	Islámábád	Dara-1-18tij	1842	
	21		$\hat{\mathbb{R}}$	Muḥammadábád		1959	
	21			Banáras			
	20		R	Sháhábád Qanauj	D/m 1 1-1:1/4-4	2004	
j	21	_	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2054	
	$\frac{21}{21}$		$\frac{\mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{R}}$,,	"	2055	
1152	22	_	$A_{\mathbf{D}}$	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	,,	1848	
1102	22	_	Æ	'Azímábád		1891	
	$\frac{22}{22}$	_	Æ	Korá	D'	1944	
	22		Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1952	
	22		Æ	Murshidábád	_	1978	
]	22		Æ	Sháhábád Qanauj	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2005	
	22		$\frac{\mathbf{R}}{\mathbf{D}}$	Sháhjahánábád	Daru-i- <u>kn</u> najat	2056-2057	
	22		Æ	, ·	,,	$\begin{array}{c} 1849 \\ 2085 \end{array}$	
1153	23		Æ	· i		1860	
	23		R	Aḥmadábád Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1875	
			R D	Gwáliár	Mastadirra-1-Kunatat	1923	
ļ	23		$rac{R}{R}$	Jaipúr Sawáí		1926	
1	23	_	R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1953	
	23		X	Murshidábád	Daru-s-sartanav	1843	
	23		Æ	Sarhind		1999	
	23			Sháhábád Qanauj		2006	
	22		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2058	
	23		R	1		2059	
	23		X	"	,1	1850	
1154	24		æ	Allahábád		1881	
	23	_	R	'Azímábád		1892	
	24		R	132/thickness	_	1893-1894	
	24		Æ	Katak		1931	
-	21		R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1954-1955	
	21	_	R	Muhammadábád		1960	
			116	Banáras			
-	21		Æ	Murshidábád		1979	
ļ	21			Sháhábád Qanauj		2007	
	23		.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2060-2061	
1155	25		R	Akbarnagar		1878	
-	24		AR	Allahábád		1882	
-	25		R	Jahángírnagar		1925	
	25		IR	Jaipúr Sawáí		1926(a)	
		'	1	oailar sanar		()	

		Regnal	Month	Metl	Mint	Honorific epithet	No. in
	year	year				of Mint	Catalogue
MUHAM-	1155	25		\mathbb{R}	Murshidábád		1980
MAD		24		$^{+}$ $ m At$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2062
		25	_	R	,,	·	2063
	1156	26		\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot	Ahmadábád	,	1861-1862
	2100	26		.R	'Azímál ád	·	1895
		26		$\hat{\mathbf{R}}$	Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		1918
		26	-	- At	Muhammadábád	-	1961
		31)		, .It	Banáras		1901
		.14*		4 47		TO: 1111110	1051
		26	_	X	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfa t	1851
		26		-R	Súrat		2078
	1157	27		_R	'Azímábád		1896
		27	Annual	\mathcal{A}	Etáwá		1915
		27		' Æ ;			1962
		1		1 .	Banáras		
		26 .		R	Multán		1970
		26		R	Murshidábád		1981
		27		± 1 R			1982
		26		AR	,, Sháhjahánábád	D'm. 1 l-l-11/6-4	2064
		27		R R	Súrat	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	
	1158	~/	_		Arkát		2079-2081
	1136	ο.		; _R			1885(a, b)
		25		R	'Azímábád	_	1897
		27		$^{\prime}$ A R	Etáwá	_	1916
		28		Æ,	Jaipúr Sawaí 🦠		1927
		23		\mathbf{R}	Muḥammadábad Banáras	_	1963-1961
		28	_	$\perp_{ m R}$	Wurshidábád		1983
		28		Æ		Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2065-2066
	1159	29		' R	Akbarábád		
	- 2.5 €	29		.R	'Azímábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	
		29	_				1898
		29		\mathcal{A}	Etawá		1917
			_	ı.R	Jaipúr Sawáí		1928
		29		l .li	Láhor	' Daru-s-saltanat	
		29			Mur-hidábád		1984-1984(#
		28		\mathcal{R}	Shábjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2067
		29		· R	14	••	2068
	1160	30	_	$^{+}$.R	'Azímábád		1899
		30		1.18	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1957
		29		.R	Muhammadábád	- an a-o-oarganat	. 1965–1966
					Banáras	-	1900-1900
		30		$\cdot \mathbf{R}$	ranaras		1007
		30	-	X	Shilliah ta da ta		1967
		30			Sháhjahánabád	Dáru-l-l _e hiláfat	1852
	1161	30		.H:	M 1: 1/1 - 1	23	2069
	****	32!	-	.R	Murshidábad		1985–1985(4)
		. o≟.	_	AR 	Sárat -	 !	2082
AHMAD	1161	ahd		.R	Eurol I (1 (1		
•	~ -	alul			Farrukhábád	NYSS consti	2103
		alid		-R	Jahángírmagar	-	2106
				.R	Jaipúr Sawáí		2110
		and	~-	-13	Katak		2111
		ahd	-	· LR	Kanbáyat		2135

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1161	aḥd	_	A	Muḥammadábád Banáras	-	2141	Д Щ М Д
	ahd		.R	Sarhind		2167	
	ahd		\mathbf{R}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2169-2170	
1162	2	_	A	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> ilá- fat	2086	
	ahd	_	æ	'Azímábád		2092	
	2	_	\mathbf{R}			2093-2094	
	2		R	Katak		2112	
	ahd		Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	2136	
	2		Æ		,,	2137	
	2	_	Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras		2142-2143	
	aḥd		.R	Murshidábád		2154-2155	;
	$\dot{2}$		R	,,		2156-2157	•
	2		R	, ,, 		2158	
	2		Æ	Sathind		2168	
	ahd		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2171	
	2		ı.R	Dhanjahanasaa		2172	
1163	3	-	A	Allahábád	• • •	2087	
1100	$\frac{3}{3}$		R	Barelí		2098	
	3		R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	2138	
	3		AR.	Muhammadábád Banáras		2144-2145	i
	2		.R	Multán		2153	
	3		Æ	Murshidábád		2159-2160)
	3		; A	Sháhjahánábád		2173 - 2174	
1164	1		R	Akbarragar		2089	
	. 1		R	Allahábád		2090	
	1 4		\mathbb{R}	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	2101	
	.1		R	Katak		2113	
	1		\mathbf{R}	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	2139-2140)
	1		R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2146-2147	,
	3		\mathbb{R}	Murshidábád		2161	
	4	! 	R	1		2162	
	1 1		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2175 - 2170	3
1165	. 5		R	Etáwá		2102	
	5		+ .R	Jahángírnagar		2107	
	5 5		R	+ Katak	·	. 2114-211	5
	1		R	Muhammadábád Banáras	1	2148-2149	9
	5		Æ		!	2150	
	5		R	Murshidábád	_	2163 - 216	1
	5		i R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2177	
1166	5		R	Allahábád	_	2091	
	6		R	'Azímábád		2095-209	ն
	6	_	\mathbb{R}	Barelí	· —	2099	
	6		X	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	2088	
	6		$\frac{1}{2}$ R	Jahángírnagar		2108	
	6		æ	: Katak	_	2116	

	Hijra Regnal Month		·!	:	77 0 11 1	N7 .	
	Hijra year		Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
THMYD	1166	5	-	j A	Muhammadábád Banáras		2151
		6		\mathbb{R}	Murshidábád	_	2165
		6		\mathbb{R}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2178
	1167	7 :		R	'Azímábád		2097
		6		$+$ \mathbb{R}	Barélí		2100
		7		$\hat{\mathbb{R}}$	Jahángírnagar		2109
		7		\mathbf{R}	Katak	_	2117
		-	_	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	-	2152
		6		$-\mathbb{R}$	Mur-hidábád		2166
'ÁLAM-	1167	ahd		R	Akbarnagar		2194
GÍR II		uhl		R	'Azímábád		2199
GIII II		ah1		Æ	Jahángírnagar		2221
		ahd		$\pm \mathbb{R}$	Jaipúr Sawaí		2224
		aḥd		R		_	2228
		alıd		\mathbb{R}	Murshidábád		2237
		ahd		-R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2251
	1168	2		\mathbb{R}	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2192
		ahd		\mathbb{R}	Allahábád		2195
		2		\mathcal{A}	'Azímábád		2200
		aḥd		\mathbb{R}	Barélí		2210-2211
		2		\mathbb{R}) . ,,		2212-2213
		and !		l .It	Etáwá		2217
		2		$A\!R$	Jahángírnagar		2222
		2		-R	Muhammadábád Banáras	_	2229
		alid		\mathbb{R}	Murshidábád		2238-2239
		2 :		R	Najíbábád		2244
		2		\mathbb{R}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2252
	1169	3		ı.R	Ahmadábád	·	2190
		3		\mathcal{R}	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2193
		2		\mathbb{R}	Allahábád		2196-2197
		2		$-\mathbf{R}$	'Azímábád		2201
		3		\mathbb{R}	12		2202
		2		-R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	2226
		3		A	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2185
		3		-R	35 33333		2230
		2		-R	Murshidábád	·	2240
		3		$\frac{1}{1}$	Najíbábád (177)		2245
	11~	3		-R	' Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2253
	1170	4		ı R	Arkát		2198
		3		-R	' 'Azímábád	_	2203
		4		-R	Barelí	_	2214
		4	_	-R	Gwáliár National (1997)		2218
		4		.R	Muhammadábád		2231
		1		-R	Banáras Najíbábád	<u> </u>	2246

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1170 1171 12	4 4 5 5 5 4		R R R R E R	Sháhjahánábád 'Azímábád Jahángírnagar Láhor Muḥammadábád Banáras	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat ————————————————————————————————————	2254 2204 2205 2223 2258–2259 2232–2233	
1172	6 6 5 6 6		R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	Murádábád Murshidábád Najíbábád Sarhind Súrat ? ? Aḥmadábád 'Azímábád 'Jaipúr Sawáí Kanbáyat Láhor ' Muḥammadábád Banáras		2234 2236 2241-2243 2247 2250 2256 2257 2191 2206-2207 2209 2215-2216 2183 2225 2184 2227 2235	
1173	5 6 6 6 6	 	AR AR AR AR AY AY	Najíbábád Sháhjahánábád ',' 'Azímábád Narwar Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat ,, ,. ,. ,. ,. ,. Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat ,,	2248 2186-2187 2255 2208 2249 2188 2189	
1173	aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd		AR AR AR AR AR	Aḥmadábád Akbarábád 'Azímábád '', '', Maha Indrapúr	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	2264 2261 2267 2265–2266 2268	_
1174	aḥd 2 2 aḥd		AR AY AR	Allahábád 'Azímábád Korá Muhammadábád	_ _ _ _	2328-2329 2332 2273 2359	SHÁH 'ÁLAM II
1175	2 2 2 3 3		R R R R R AR	Banáras , Sháhjahánábád A'' Akbarábád A'' Anwalá	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat ,,, Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat ,,	2360-2363 2279 2460 2311 2312 2331	ı

	Hijra year	Regnal ·	Month	Metal		Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH	1175	2	_	- R	Barélí	_	2337
'ÁLAM II		3		X	' Korá	<u></u>	2274
MINIM II		2	_	A	Muḥammadábád Banáras	_	2275
		3		Æ.	• •		2362
		2	_	\mathbb{R}	Murshidábád		2444-2445
		3		$+$ \pm	Najíbábád	-	2494
	1176	3 -		\mathbb{R}	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	
		4		Æ			2314
		4		R	Allahábád		2330
		ı 1		R	'Azímábád		2333
		1					
		4	_	A.	Muhammadábád Banáras		2363-2364
		4	_	\mathbb{R}	Murádábád		2441-2442
		3		1 .R	Murshidábád		2446
		3		1.R	Najíbábád		2450
	1177	5		+ .R	'Azímábád	·	2334-2335
		5		\mathbb{R}	Muhammadábád		2365-2366
					Banáras		
		1		Æ	Najíbábád –		2451
		5		\mathbb{R}	,,		2452
		5		Æ	1,		2495
		1		\mathbb{R}	į		2483
	1178	6 .		AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	2307
		5		\mathbb{R}	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	
		5		ı.R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2367-2368
		5	<u></u>	R	Murshidábád		2447
		5		A	Najíbábád		2277
		6		AR I			2453
	1179	6		Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras		2371-2372
		7		.R	Daniel as		2373
		7		A.	Voi(1.41.41		
	1180	7		R	Najíbábád Akbarábád	35	2454
	1100			1		Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2316
		7		-R			2443
		7		i R	Najíbábád –		2455
		8 ,		\mathcal{A}	,,		2456-2457
	1181	8		+ R		·	2458
		8		-R	ı		2484
	1182	10		+ R	Ajmér	Dára-l-khair	2308
		9		.R	'Azímábád		2336
		10		Λ	Maha Indrapúr		
	1183	10		ıR.	Barelí		2276
	1181	11	•	-R			2338
	A E () E				VI 4 CV1 / 1	_	2339
	1185	$\frac{12}{12}$		-R	Mustaf ábád	1	2448
		13		\mathcal{A} R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2461
	1186				nil	1 1 1	
	1187	1.5		.R	Ahmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		2285
		15		$^{\perp}$ X	¹ Jaipúr Sawáí	-	2272

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1187	15	(1185 !)	Æ	Mulhárnagar		2425	SHÁH
1188	15	(1100.)	Æ	Ahmadábád			ÁLAM II
1100	14!		R	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	2309-2310	VITVIE II
	16		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat		
1189	17		R		Daru-i- <u>kn</u> natat	2462	
1100		_ 	R	Gokulgarh	<u></u>	2349	
	18! 16	_	At :	,, Muḥammadábád Banáras		2350 2374	
1190	17		Æ	Korá?	i —	2358	
	17	_	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2375	
1191	17!		\mathbb{R}	**		2376	
		_	\mathbb{R}	Mulhárnagar	<u> </u>	2426	
	19		-R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2463	
1192	19		Æ	Aḥmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		2286	
	20		\mathbb{R}	Korá !		2358(a)	
	17!	_	Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras	1	2377	
1100	19		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2464	
1193	21		.R	Aḥmadábád		2284	
	20	_	-R	Aḥmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		2287	
44	21		.R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2378	
1194	22	_	AR	Etáwá		2348	
1195	23		.R	Gokulgarh		$_{ }$ 2351	
1100	23		.R	Muhammadábád Banáras		2379	
1196	24	_	.R	Gokulgarh		2352	
	24		R	Jammún	Dáru-l-amán	2356	
1105	24	_	R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2380	
1197	23!		.R	Ahmadnagar Farruk <u>h</u> ábád	_	2288-2289	
	21		-R	,,,		2290	
j	25		_R +	Gokulgarh		2353	
	25		æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	. -	2381	
	2.5	-	A	Najíbábád	·	2278	
	21		A^{\prime}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2280	
	2.5		AR ·	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2469	
• • • •	24		_R	3		2486	
1198	21!		R	Ahmadnagar Farrukhábád		2291	
	25	-	-R	••		2292-2293	
	26		.R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2317	
	26		.R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2382	
1	26		_R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2465	
1	24!	-	.R	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2468	

SHÁH	Hıjra year	Regnal year	35. 41	1		TT. 'C '11 .	
		1 3 0 11	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
	1199	27	_	Æ	Aḥmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád	_	2294
'ÁLAM II		26		AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	_	2383
:	1200	27 27 27		R R R	., Sháhjahánábád Muhammadábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat —	2384 2466 2385
		27		Æ	Banáras Mulhárnagar	_	2427
		27 27	_	AR AR	? Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2486 (a) 2470
	1201 1202	29 30		R R R	Mulhárnagar Gokulgarh		2428 2354 2355
		29	-	R	Muhammadábád Banáras		2386
,	1009	30 31!		R R R	Mulhárnagar Ujjain	 Dáru-l-fatḥ	2387 2429 2471
	1203	31		AR R	Ahmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		2295 2296
		31 30	_	A A	,, Muḥammadábád Banáras		2270–2271 2388
1	1204	$\frac{31}{32}$		R R R	Mulhárnagar Muhammadábád		2389 2430 2390–2391
		- 0.0		æ	Banáras Mulhárnagar		2431
1	1205	<i>32</i> 33	_	AR AR	Ujjain Muḥammadábád Banáras	Dáru-l-fath —	2172 2392
1	1206	31! 33 33		AR AR AR AR	Mulhárnagar Najíbábád Saháranpúr Muḥammadábád Banáras		2432 2459 2496 2393
1	1207	34 		AR AR AR AR AR	,, Mulhárnagar U,jain ,, Akbarábád Barélí	——————————————————————————————————————	2394 2433 2473 2474 2318 2488-2489
	1208	31 35 — 34! 35		AR AR AR AR	Brajindrapúr Muhammadábád Banáras Mulhárnagar Jaipúr Sawáí Muhammadábád Banáras		2345 2395 2434 2357 2396–2397

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1208	, <u> </u>		Æ	Mulhárnagar	1	2435	SHÁH
	36		R	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2475	
1209	36		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2398	'ÁLAM II
	37		R	,,	<u> </u>	2399-2400	
	ļ —		\mathbb{R}	Mulhárnagar	-	2436	
			R	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2476	
	37		R	}		2486(b)	
1210	37		R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2401	
j	38		\mathbb{R}	,,		2402	
			R	Mulhárnagar	<u> </u>	2437	
1211	31!		R	Aḥmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád	_	2297	
	38		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2403	
	39		R	24	_	2404	
j			\mathbb{R}	Mulhárnagar		2438	
	39		\mathbb{R}	Muzaffargarh		2449	
1212	38		AR	Ujjain Walta	Dáru-l-fath	2477	
1412	39		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	_	2404 (a)	
i	40	******	R	3+ 3F 11 /		2405	
į	39		R	Mulhárnagar	D (1 C.4)	0.50	
	$oxed{egin{array}{c c} 35 & (& & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $		$egin{array}{c} \mathbb{R} \ \mathbb{R} \end{array}$	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	$\begin{bmatrix} 2478 \\ 2479 \end{bmatrix}$	
1213	39!		R	Aḥmadnagar	,,	2298	
	10		Æ	Farru <u>kh</u> ábád Muhammadábád		2406	
i !			111	Banáras		2100	
	41		.R			2407	
	10		Æ	Kánán ?	_	2492	
1			.R	Mulhárnagar		2440	
	40		.R	Ujjain .	Dáru-l-fath	2480	
1214	39!		A	Ahmadnagar Farrukhábád		2299	
!	41		A	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2408	
	42		Æ	••		2409	
1215	39!		AR	Ahmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		2300-2300	(a)
	12		AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2319	
(- 1	_	Æ	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	2347	
[42		Æ	Chhachraulí		2490-2491	
	40!		Æ	Khárpúr ?		2493	
	42		AR	Muhammadábád Banáras		2410	
	43		AR	11		2411	
	42		Æ	Saháranpúr		2497	
	12		AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2481	
I	!		AR	1		2487	

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH 'ÁLAM II	1216	39!		$.\mathrm{R}$	Almadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád	<u></u>	2301-2302
ALAMII		37! 43	-	Æ Æ	Barelí Muḥammadábád Banáras		2340 2412
	1217	39!		R R	Ujjain Ahmadnagar Farrukhábád	Dáru-l-fath —	2482 2303
		44 37! 45		# # #	Akbarábád Barelí Muhammadábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat — —	2320 2341 2413
	1218	45 39!	~ ~	X R	Banáras Shahjahánábád Ahmadnagar	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat —	2281 2304
		45 46 37!		R R R	Farru <u>kh</u> ábád Akbarábád Barélí	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat ,.	2323
	1010	45	_	A	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2342 2414
	1219	39! ;		, R R	Ahmadnagar Farruk <u>h</u> ábád Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2305
		47 37! 47	_	: R : R : R	 Parélí Muhammadábád Banáras	"	$\begin{array}{c c} 2325 - 2326 \\ 2343 \\ 2415 \end{array}$
	1220	39!		R AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukḥábád Parélí		2306 2344
		47		AR AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2416
	1221	48 48		R R	 Sháhjahánábád	— Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	$2417 \\ 2418 \\ 2467$
AKBARI	1222 1223	49!		R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2419
	$\frac{1223}{1224}$	49! 3		$egin{array}{ccc} R & R & R & R \end{array}$	Sk41.5.k441.(1	T)/ 1.1.1.1.0.1	2420
	1225	4		R) manjanananaa	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2502 $2503-2504$
	1226	49!		Æ Æ	;; Muhammadábád Banáras	·· ·· ·-	2512 2421
	$\frac{1227}{1228}$	191		A AR	Sháhjahánábád Muhammadábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat —	$\frac{2500}{2422}$
	1229 1230) 1231 (49!		.R	Banáras ,.		2423-2421
	1232		_	_R	nil Aḥmadábád		2501

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1233	12		Æ	Sháhjahánábád		2512(a)	AKBARII
1234	12		Æ	Ahmadábád		2511	
1235	15		\mathbb{R}	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2505	
1236	!			nil			
1237	: 17		\mathbf{R}	,,	,,	2506	
1238	- 1			nil	,,		
1239	. 19		Æ	,,	,,	2507	
1240				nil	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1	
1241	21				;	2508	
1242	22			"	1	2509	
1242 1243			!	"	,,	,	
1243	i '				!		
1244	i .				i I		
$\frac{1245}{1246}$				nil		İ	
	!			ııı		1	
1247	1					İ	
1248	1 (1	
1249					1	0-10	
1250	30			7,9	,,	2510	
1251					1		
1252^{t}			}	nil		1	
1253	!			icc		İ	
1254							
1255	3	-	A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2513	BAHÁ- DUR II

APPENDIX C

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF THE YEARS OF THE HIJRA AND OF THE CHRISTIAN ERA

А. Н.	A. D.	А. Н.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.
932	1525, Oct. 18	970	1562. Aug. 31	1008	1599, July 24
933	1526. " 8	971		1009	1600, ,, 13
934	1527, Sept. 27	972	1564, , 9	1010	1601, , 2
935	1528, , 15	973	1565, July 29	1011	1602, June 21
936	1529, ,, 5	974	1566, " 19	1012	1603, ,, 11
937	1530, Aug. 25	975	1567, ,, 8	1013	1604, May 30
938	1531, , 15	976	1568, June 26	1014	1605, ,, 19
939	1532, 3	977	1569, ., 16	1015	1606, " 9
940	1533. July 23	978	1570, ,, 5	1016	$1607, \mathrm{April} 28$
941	1534, 13	979	1571, May 26	1017	1608, , 17
942	1535, 2	980	1572, 14	1018	1609, "6
913	1536, June 20	981	1573, , 3	1019	1610, Mar. 26
944	1537, ,. 10	982	1574, April 23	1020	1611, "16
945	1538, May 30	983	1575, , 12	1021	$1612, \dots 4$
946	1539, ,, 19	984	1576, Mar. 31	1022	1613, Feb. 21
947	1540, ., 8	985	1577, ,, 21	1023	1614, "11
918	1541, April 27	986	1578, ,, 10	1024	1615, Jan. 31
949	1542, , 17	987	1579, Feb. 28	1025	1616, ,, 20
950	1543, 6	988	1580. ,, 17	1026	1617, ,, 9
951	1544, Mar. 25	989	1581, " 5	1027	
952	1545, , 15	990	1582, Jan. 26	1028	1618, " 19
953	1546, 4	991	$1583, ,, 25^{1}$	1029	1619, "8
954	1547, Feb. 21	992	1584, 14	1030	1620, Nov. 26
955	1548, _,, 11	993	1585, " 3	1031	1621, " 16
956	1549, Jan. 30	994	1585, Dec. 23	1032	1622, ,, 5
957	1550, , 20	995	1586, 12	1033	1623, Oct. 25
958	1551, ., 9	996	1587,	1031	1624, , 14
959	1551, Dec. 29	997	1588, Nov. 20	1035	1625, ,, 3
960	1552, , 18	998	1589. , 10	1036	1626, Sept. 22
961	1553, ,, 7	999	1590, Oct. 30	1037	1627, " 12
962	1554, Nov. 26	1000	1591, 19	1038	1628, Aug. 31
963	1555, , 16	1001	1592, ., 8	1039	$1629, ,, \frac{21}{10}$
961	1556, ., 4	1002	1593, Sept. 27	1010	1630, , 10
965	1557, Oct. 24	1003	1594, ,, 16	1041	1631, July 30
966	1558. ,, 14	1004	1595, , 6	1012	1632, " 19
967	1559 3	1005	1596, Aug. 25	1043	1633, ,, 8
968	1560, Sept. 22	1006	1597, , 14	1044	1631, June 27
969	1561. " 11	1007	1598, ,, 4	1045	1635, ,, 17

¹ Here the change to the New Style occurs.

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF HIJRA AND CHRISTIAN ERAS 353

А. Н.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.	А. Н.	A. D.
		1000	1007 Voy 7	1159	1739, April 10
$1046 \\ 1047$	1000, June 0	1100	1687, Nov. 7 1688, Oct. 26	1152 1153	1739, April 10
			,	1153	1740, Mar. 29
1048	1638, " 15	1101	1689, " 15	1154	1741, ,, 19
1049	1639, ,, 4	1102	1690, ,, 5	1155	1742, ,, 8
1050	1640. April 23	1103	1691, Sept. 24	1156	1743, Feb. 25
1051	1641, " 12	1104	1692, ,, 12	1157	1744, ., 15
1052	1642. , 1	1105	1693, ,, 2	1158	1745, ,, 3
1053	1643, Mar. 22	1106	1694, Aug. 22	1159	1746, Jan. 24
1054	1644, " 10	1107	1695, , 12	1160	1747, ,, 13
1055	1645, Feb. 27	1108	1696, July 31	1161	1748 2
1056	1646, 17	1109	1697, ,, 20	1162	1748, Dec. 22
1057	1647, ,, 6	1110	1698, ", 10	1163	1749, ,, 11
1058				1164	1750, Nov. 30
	1648, Jan. 27	1111	1699, June 29		
1059	1649, ,, 15	1112	1700, ,, 18	1165	1751, ,, 20
1060	1650, ,, 4	1113	1701, ,, 8	1166	
1061	1650, Dec. 25	1114	1702, May 28	1167	1753, Oct. 29
1062	1651, ,, 14	1115	1703, ,, 17	1168	1754, ,, 18
1063	$1652, \dots 2$	1116	1704, ,, 6	1169	
1064	1653, Nov. 22	1117	1705, April25	1170	1756, Sept. 2 6
1065	1654, " 11	1118	1706, ,, 15	1171	1757, " 15
1066	1655, Oct. 31	1119	1707, ,, 4	1172	1758, ,, 4
1067	1656, ,, 20	1120	1708, Mar. 23	1173	1759, Aug. 25
1068	1657, ", 9	1121	1709, ,, 13	1174	1760, , 13
1069	1658, Sept. 29	1122	1710, ,, 2	1175	
1070	1659, " 18			1176	1762, July 23
1071		1123	1711, Feb. 19	1177	1762, surj 25
1072		1124	1712, ,. 9	1	1764, ,, 1
1073	1661, Aug. 27	1125	1713, Jan. 26	1178	
1074	1662, ,, 16	1126	1714, ,, 17	1179	1765, June 20
	1663, ,, 5	1127	1715, ,, 7	1180	1766, ,, 9
1075	1664, July 25	1128	1715, Dec. 27	1181	1767, May 30
1076	1665, ,, 14	1129	1716, ,, 16	1182	1768, " 18
1077	1666, ,, 4	1130	1717, " 5	1183	1769, "7
1078	1667, June 23	1131	1718, Nov. 24	1184	1770, April 2 7
1079	1668, ,, 11	1132	1719, ,, 14	1185	1771, , 16
1080	1669, ,, 1	1133	1720, ,, 2	1186	1772, ,, 4
1081	1670, May 21	1134	1721, Oct. 22	1187	1773, Mar. 25
1082	1671, , 10	1135	1722, ,, 12	1188	1774, , 14
1083	1672, April 29	1136	1723, ,, 1	1180	1775 4
1084	1673, ,, 18	1137	1724, Sept. 20	1190	1776, Feb. 21
1085	1674, ", 7	1138	1725, ,, 9	1191	1777, " 9
1086	1675, Mar. 28	1139	1726, Aug. 29	1192	1778, Jan. 30
1087	1676, ,, 16	1	1720, Aug. 23	1193	1779, ,, 19
1088		1140	1727, ,, 19	1194	1780, ,, 8
1089	1677, , 6	1141	1728, ,, 7		1780, Dec. 28
1090	1678, Feb. 23	1142	1729, July 27	1195	1780, Dec. 28
1091	1679, , 12	1143	1730, ,, 17	1196	
1092	1680, ,, 2	1144	1731, " 6	1197	1782, " 7
1093	1681, Jan. 21	1145	1732, June 24	1198	1783, Nov. 26
1094	1682, ,, 10	1146	1733, "14	1199	1784, ,, 14
1095	1682, Dec. 31	1147	1734, ,, 3	1200	1785, ,, 4
	1683, ., 20	1148	1735, May 24	1201	1786, Oct. 24
1096	1684, "8	1149	1736, , 12	1202	1787, ., 13
1097	1685, Nov. 28	1150	1737, ,, 1	1203	1788, " 2
1098	1686, ., 17	1151	1738, April 21	1204	1789, Sept. 21
WRIGH			. 1		A a
-	·-				4

А. Н.	A, D.		А. Н.	A.D.	1	A. H.	A. D.
1205	1790, Sept. 10		1229	1813, Dec. 24		1253	$1837, \mathrm{April}7$
1206	1791, Aug. 31		1230	1814, " 14		1254	1838, Mar. 27
1207	1792, 19	:	1231	1815, ., 3		1255	1839, " 17
1208	1793, ., 9		1232	1816, Nov. 21		1256	
1209	1794, July 29		1233	1817, ., 11		1257	1841, Feb. 23
1210	1795, 18		1234	1818, Oct. 31	;	1258	1842, " 12
1211	1796, 7	•	1235	1819, , 20		1259	1843, ,, 1
1212	1797, June 26		1236	1820, " 9		1260	1844, Jan. 22
1213	1798, ,, 15		1237	1821, Sept. 28		1261	1845, ,, 10
1214	1799, 5		1238	1822, ,, 18		1262	1845, Dec. 30
1215	1800, May 25	1	1239	1823, 7		1263	
1216	1801, ., 14		1240	1824, Aug. 26		1264	
1217	1802, ., 4		1241	1825, , 16		1265	
1218	1803, April 23		1242	1826, ,, 5		1266	1849, " 17
1219	1804, , 12	1	1243	1827. July 25		1267	1850, "6
1220	1805, ., 1	1	1244	1828, " 14		1268	1851, Oct. 27
1221	1806, Mar. 21	;	1245	1829, ,, 3		1269	1852, , 15
1222	1807, 11		1246	1830, June 22		1270	1853, ,, 4
1223	1808, Feb. 28		1247	1831, ,, 12		1271	1854, Sept. 24
1224	1809, ,, 16		1248	1832, May 31		1272	1855, " 13
1225	1810, ,, 6	ŧ	1249	1833, ,, 21		1273	1856, ,, 1
1226	1811, Jan. 26		1250	1834, ,, 10		1274	1857, Aug. 22
1227	1812, 16		1251	1835, April 29		1275	1858, " 11
1228	1813, ,, 4	i	1252	1836, , 18	1		

Note.—This table is taken from the British Museum Catalogue 'Sultáns of Dehli', for which it was compiled by Mr. Stanley Lane-Poole from sources there quoted.

APPENDIX D

NOTE ON THE ILÁHÍ ERA OF AKBAR

WHILE at work on this catalogue my attention was attracted to a difference in the dates given by the principal authorities for the commencement of the Iláhí era, which was established by Akbar in the thirtieth year of his reign (A. H. 992=A. D. 1584).

On p. 32 (note) of the *British Museum Catalogue*, 'Moghul Emperors,' Mr. Lane-Poole says, 'The Iláhí or divine epoch of Akbar . . . dates from the fifth day of Rabí' II of the year 963.'

Similarly Dr. Codrington, who followed Thomas's *Prinsep's Indian Antiquities*, vol. ii, p. 171, says in his *Musalman Numismatics*, p. 205, The Tarikh Ilahí... began with his (Akbar's) reign on 5th Rabí'u-s-saní, A.H. 963 or 19th February, 1556 A.D.'

On the other hand the table given on p. 246 of vol. v of Elliot and Dowson's 'History of India as told by its own Historians' makes the commencement of the Iláhí era to fall on the 27th Rabí'u-l-ákhir, 963, corresponding to the 10th or 11th March, 1556 O.S., and in a footnote it is stated that 'this table, as far as the forty-sixth year, has been drawn up from the Akbarnáma of Abú-l-fazl, which is the most accurate of the authorities and most consistent with itself.'

The dates given in this table for the commencement of the twenty-eighth to fiftieth years of Akbar have been adopted by Mr. Lane-Poole on p. lxii of the introduction to the *British Museum Catalogue*, 'Moghul Emperors.'

The question is whether the Iláhí era began on 5th Rabí II, 963, or the 27th of that month.

Dr. Codrington, on my bringing the point to his notice, has most kindly supplied the information given below, which enables the difficulty to be cleared up. The quotations are from Mr. Beveridge's translation of the Akbarnáma in the Bibliotheca Indica, 1904, Fas. 1, Part 2.

Page 22. 'It appears that eras were framed upon some great event, such as the appearance of an established religion or the acquisition of a great kingdom.... But if your Majesty directs that the new era commence from the day of your seating yourself on the throne of sovereignty, ... assuredly such a good deed will be at once a mark of thanksgiving and a fulfilment of the wishes of mankind.'

Page 23. 'The repeated representations of this body of men, and a regard for their petitions prevailed, and were accepted, and an order was issued that the New Year which followed close on the year of the accession should be the foundation of the Divine era.'

Page 33. 'Inasmuch as the wise of the past and the present are agreed that whenever some glorious event is made the foundation of an era, the latter should begin from the proximate New Year, without regard to a discrepancy either in previousness or in lateness; the sundry days before the New Year were reckoned as included in the New Year, and the latter was made the beginning of the Divine era. Accordingly this has been recorded in the proclamation which has been set forth above.'

Page 5. 'At that place, in a felicitous hour, to wit, near noon of Friday, which was, according to visibility, the 2nd of Rabí'u-s-sání, 963, of the lunar year (Feb. 14, 1556), but, by calculation, the middle of the third (Feb. 15), ... that glory of his lofty lineage put on his person a golden robe, and sate with good auspices and prestige on the dais of sovereignty and the throne of the Caliphate.'

Page 32. 'Twenty-five days after the auspicious time of the accession, viz. on Wednesday. 28th Rabí'u-s-sání. 963, there was the world-illuminating New Year, and the Sultán of the East confronted Aries with his world-adorning banners.'

[Note by Mr. Beveridge.—It has been already stated that the accession took place on Friday, which was probably the 3rd Rabí'u-ṣ-sání, and now we have this supported by the statement that the New Year or 28th Rabí'u-ṣ-sání was twenty-five days after the accession. But if the 3rd was a Friday, then the 28th must have been a Tuesday, and not a Wednesday as here stated.]

From these quotations it is clear that the Ilahí era began on the Nauroz (i. e. the day following the vernal equinox—when the sun enters Aries) of the year 963 A.H.. which, according to the Akbarnáma, occurred on 28th Rabí'u-s-sání, but according to the Tabaqút-i-Akbarí (Elliot and Dowson, vol. v, p. 247) on the 27th Rabí'u-s-sání. The latter also gives the 2nd Rabí'u-s-sání (not the 3rd) as the date of Akbar's accession (ibid., vol. v, p. 241), and this date is accepted by most authorities. Abú-l-fazl clearly states that the accession took place on a Friday, and Friday appears to have been the second day of the month. Twenty-five days after this would bring the Nauroz to the 27th. I have therefore followed the dates in the table on p. 246 of vol. v of Elliot and Dowson's History of India, which is given below.

4	1.7	n	A	T
-	n	'n	źΑ	T i

Iláhí Yi	EAR				А. н.	
1					963	27 Rabí' II
30					993	19 Rabí I
31	•				994	29 Rabí I
32	•				995	11 Rabí' II
33	•				996	22 "
31	•	•			997	4 Jumádá I
35					998	1 1 ,,
36	•	•	•	•	999	24 ,,
37	•	٠	•		1000	5 Jumádá II
38	•	•	•		1001	17
39	•	•		•	1002	28 .,
$\frac{40}{41}$	•	•	•		1003	9 Rajab
'1 1	•		•	•	1004	20 ,

ILÁHÍ YE.	AR.			А. Н.		
42				1005	2	Sha'bán
43				1006	13	,,
44				1007	23	**
45			•	1008	4	Ramazán
46				1009	15	,,
47				1010	26	,,
48				1011	6	Shawwál
49				1012	17	,,
50				1013	28	,,

The Ilahi year contained the following months:-

1. Farwardín	5. Amardád	9. Ázar
2. Ardíbihisht	Shahréwar	10. Dí
3. Khúrdád	7. Mihr	11. Bahman
4. Tír	8. Ábán	12. Isfandármuz

The following table, which Dr. G. P. Taylor has kindly prepared with the help of Elliot and Dowson's *History of India* and sent to me, shows the dates A. H. on which the regnal years of Jahángír commenced:—

	_			_				
REGNAL	YEAR					A. H.		
1						1014	11	Z`u-l-qʻada
2						1015	22	
3						1016	2	Z'u-l-ḥijja
4						1017	14	
5						1018	24	,,
6						1020	6	Muharram
7		•	•	•		1021	17	,,
8		•	•	•	•	1022	26	
9		•	•	•	•	1023	9	Şafar
10		•	•	•	•	1024	18	•
11		•	•	•	•	1025	1	Rabí' I
12		•	•	•	•	1026	12	
13		•	•	•	•	1027	23	,,
14		•	•	•	•		4	Rabí' II
15		•	•	•	•	1028		
		•	•	•	•	1029	15	"
16		•	•	•	•	1030	27	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
17		•	•	•		1031	9	Jumádá I
18		•			•	1032	20	,,
19						1033	29	"
20						1034	10	Jumádá II
21						1035	21	,,
22						1036	3	Rajab
-1.7. /	_							_

Jahángír ascended the throne on 20th Jumádá II, 1014, and, as in the case of Akbar, the period before the first Nauroz was included in his first regnal year.

Jahángír died on 28th Ṣafar, 1037.

The Hijra months are:-

1. Muljarram	5. Jumádá I	9. Ramazán
2. Safar	6. Jumádá II	10. Shawwal
3. Rabí' I	7. Rajab	11. <u>Z</u> 'u-l-q'ada
4. Rabí' II	8. Sha'bán	12. Zu-l-ḥijja

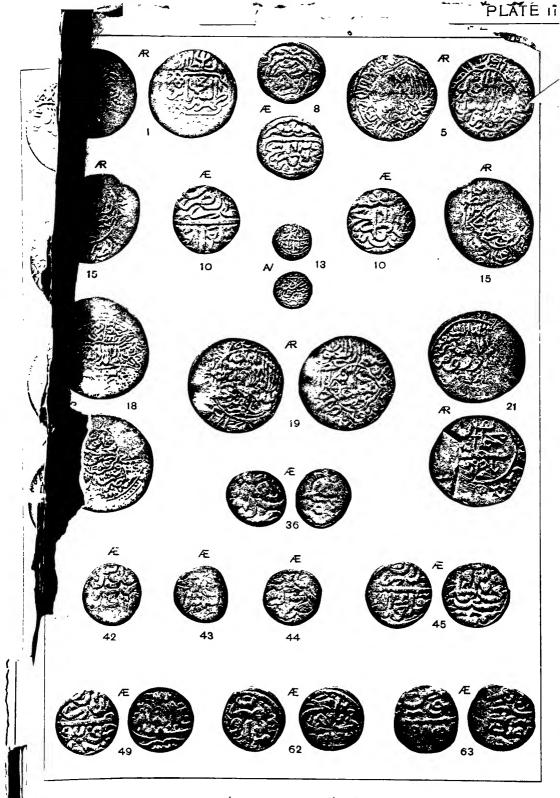
TABLE OF ORNAMENTS FOUND ON MUGHAL COINS

*	²	3	\$	5 *	6 ♦
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19	20 A	2I • \	\(\frac{22}{\infty} \)	23	²⁴
25	²⁶	O	28	²⁹	30 8 8
³¹ ⊗	32	33	34	35	36 {}
37 Υ	38	39 \$	4° (3)	41	42
43	44 •••	45 4 * -	6 47	48	49

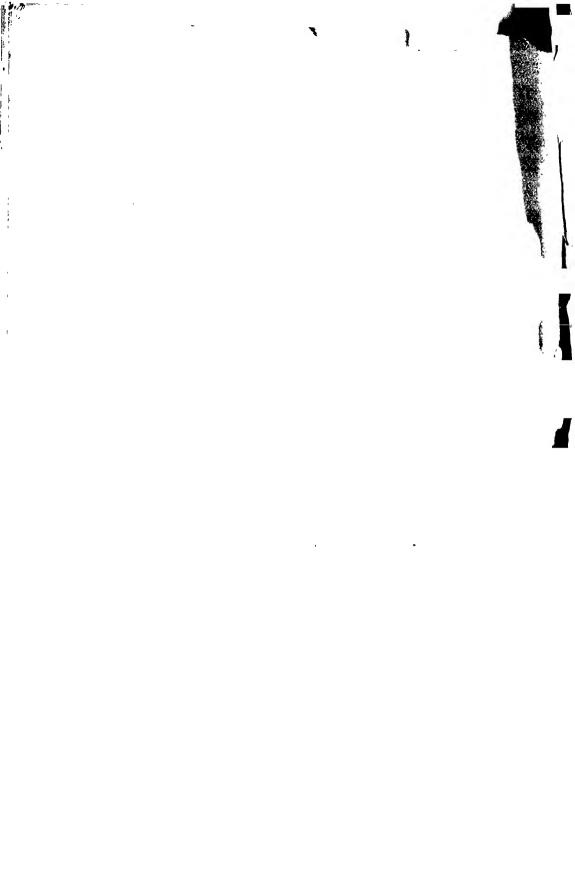
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Q	P	:4:	Ш		\mathcal{V}
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62	63	64	65	66	67
Ψ	+	; ;	65	O	12
68	69	70	71	72	73
不	w		4	:	73 12
74	75	76	77	78	79
74	*	&	77	*	半
80	81	82	83	84	85
3	华	*	i	*	D
86	87	88	89	90	91
T	*	*	*	+++	O
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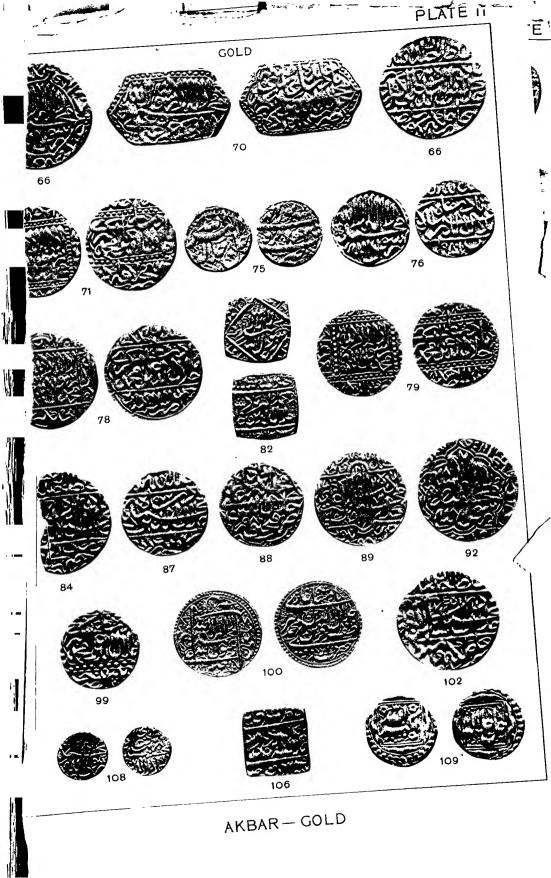
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99	100	101	102	103	104
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105	106	107	108	109	110
	***	**	\prec		*
III	112	113	114	115	116
XX	\approx	X	*	\$	P
117	118	119	120	121	122
*	p	3	*	*	*
123	124	125	126	127	128
*	*	क्ष	ڹ		Ţ
129	130	131	132	133	134
9	ဦ၁	f	<u>\$</u>	#	* *
135	136	137	138	139	140
M	*	مبر	\$	*	**
141	142	143	144	145	146
	f	*	•‡•	ず	

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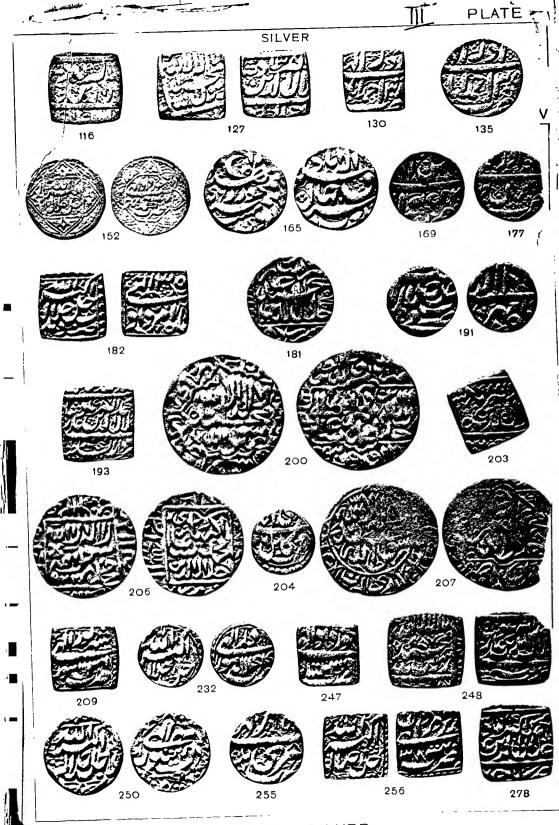


BÁBAR — HUMÁYÚN



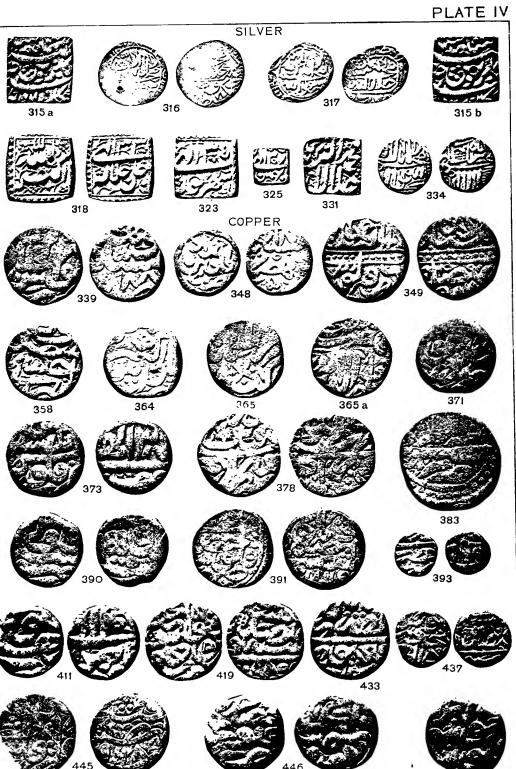




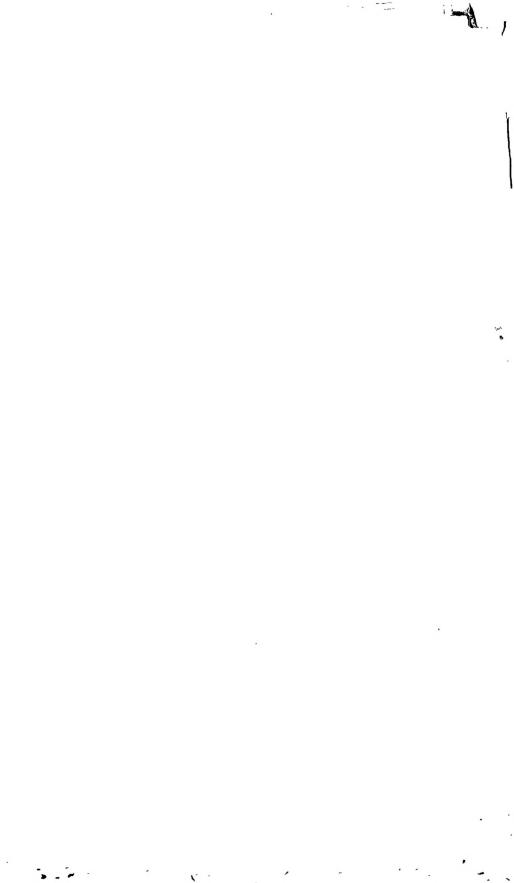


AKBAR - SILVER



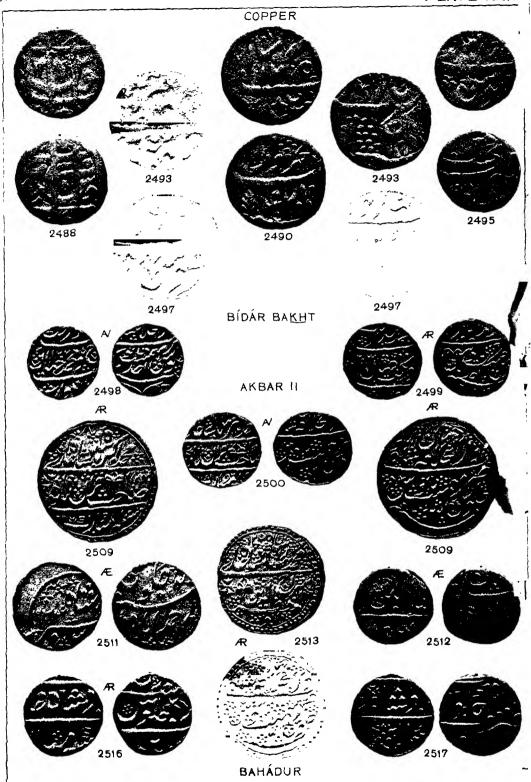


AKBAR

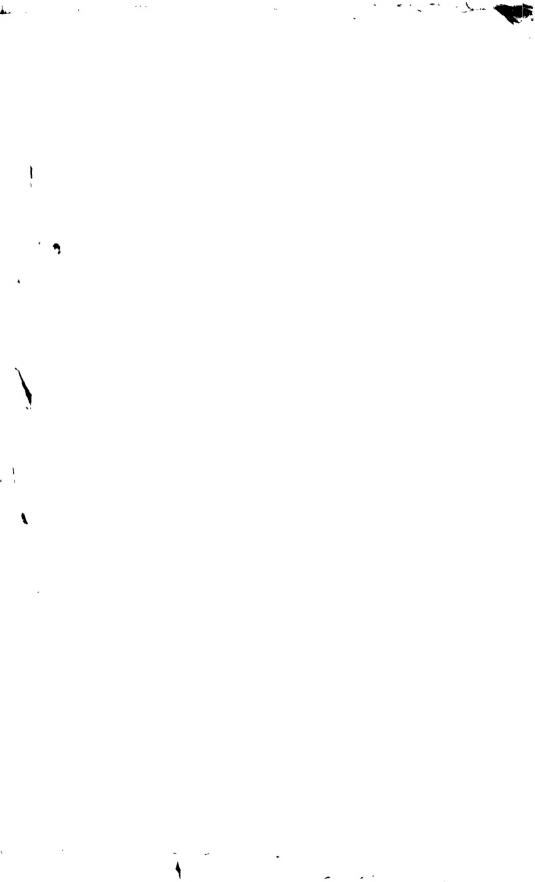


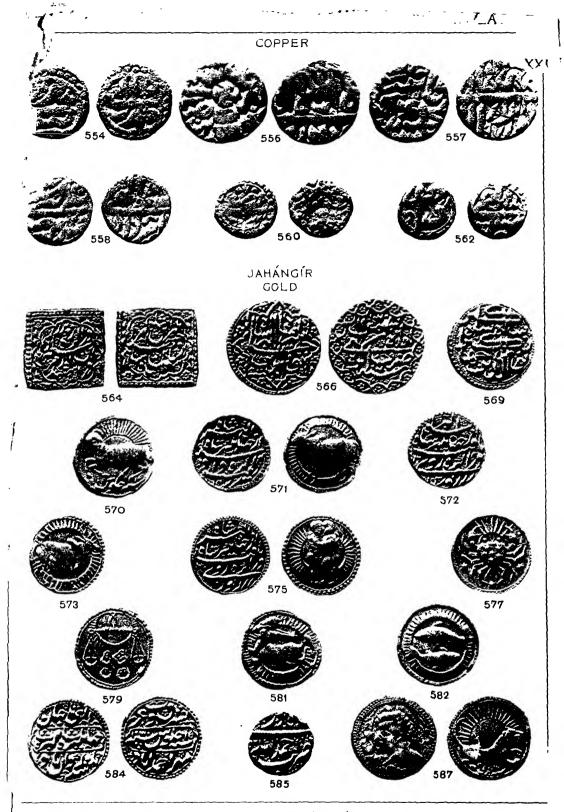






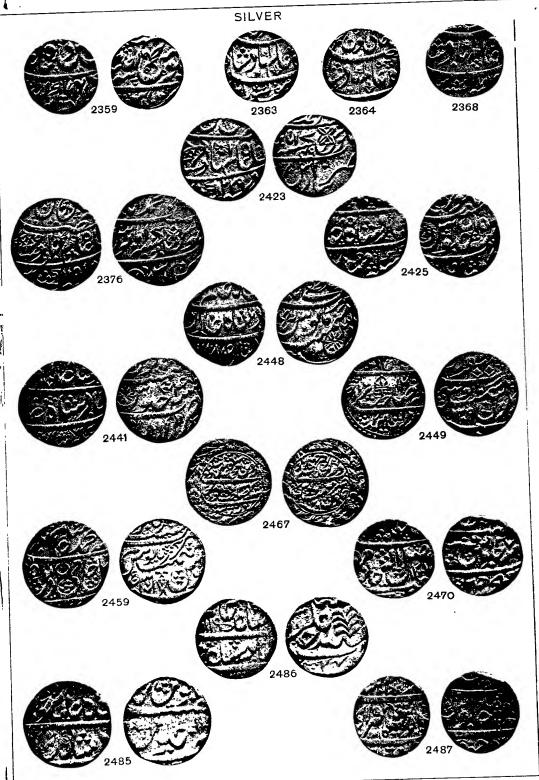
SHÁH 'ALÁM II-BÍDÁR BAKHT-AKBAR II BAHÁDUR



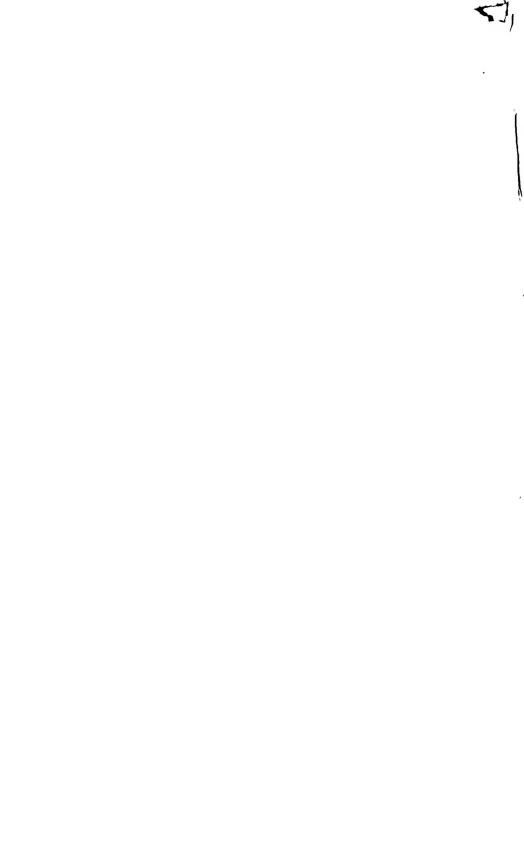


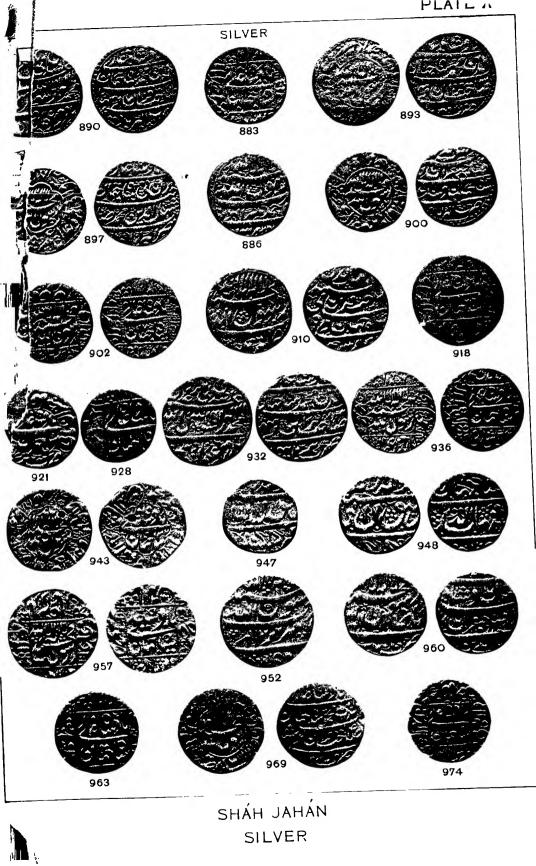
AKBAR – JAHÁNGÍR

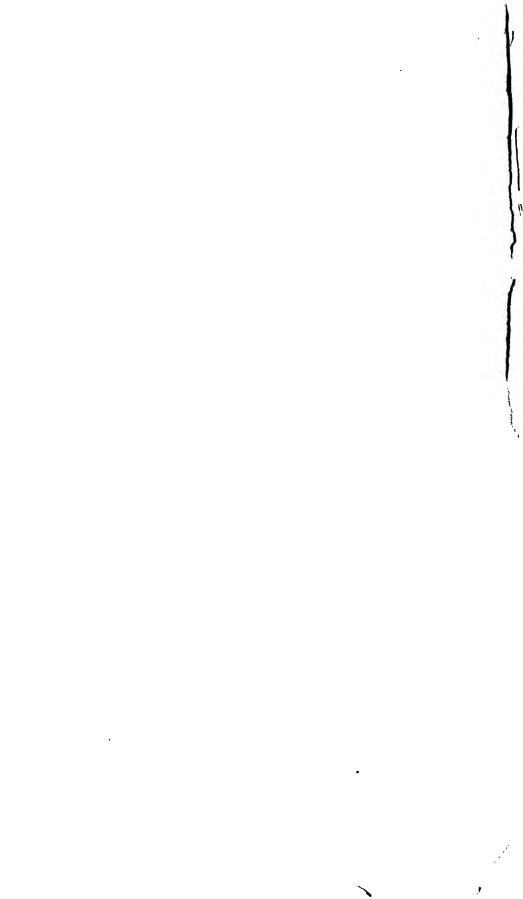


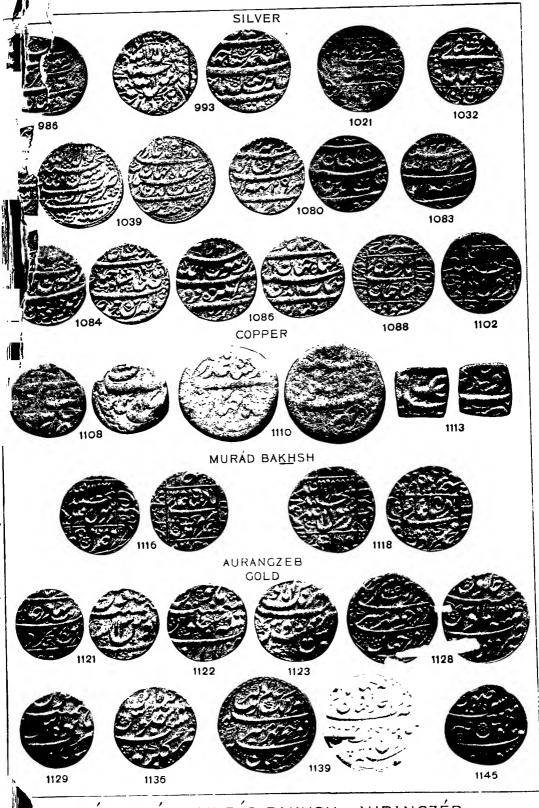


SHÁH 'ÁLAM II SILVER

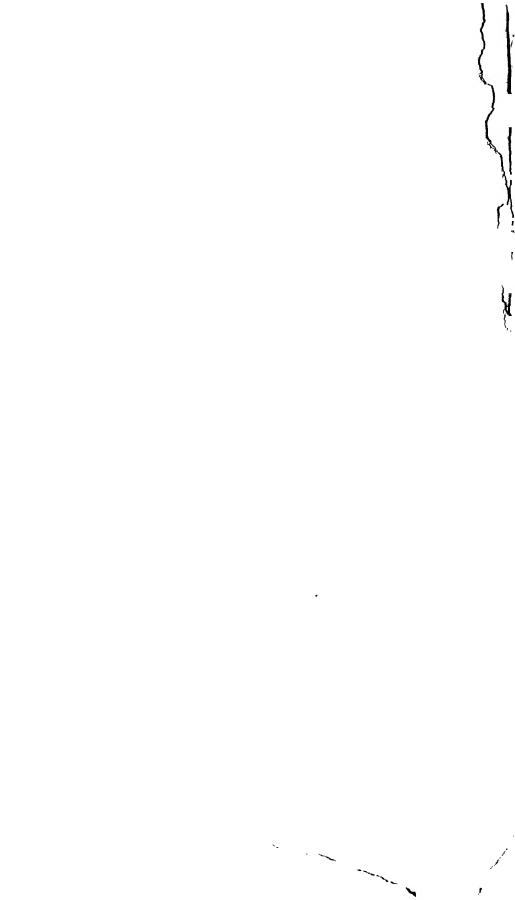


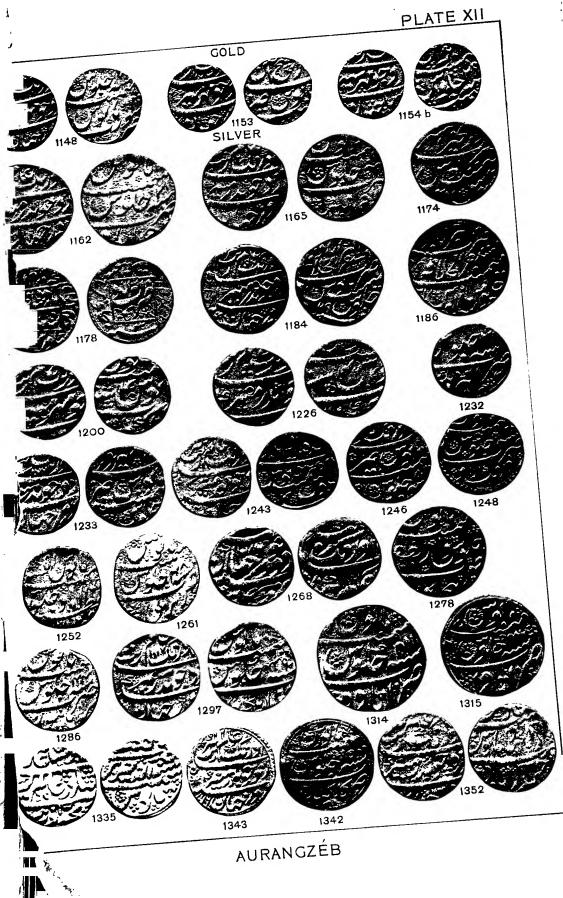




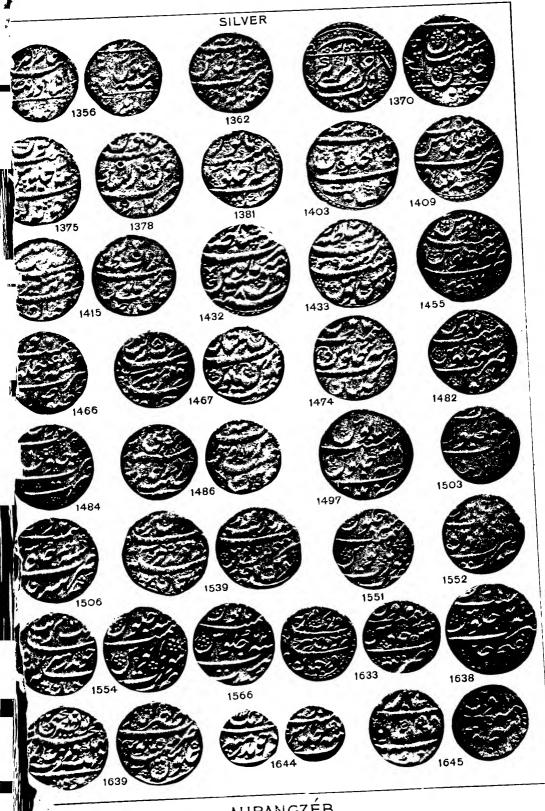


SHÁH JAHÁN — MURÁD BAKHSH — AURANGZÉB ELVER — COPPER SILVER GOLD



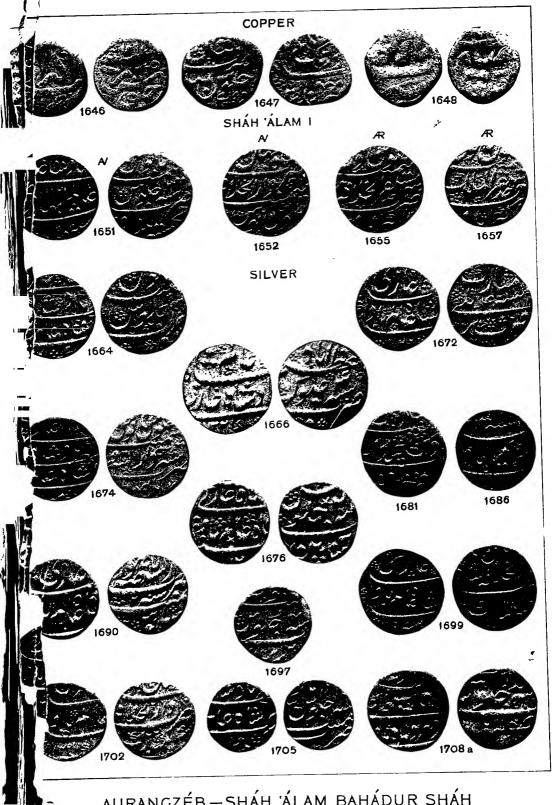






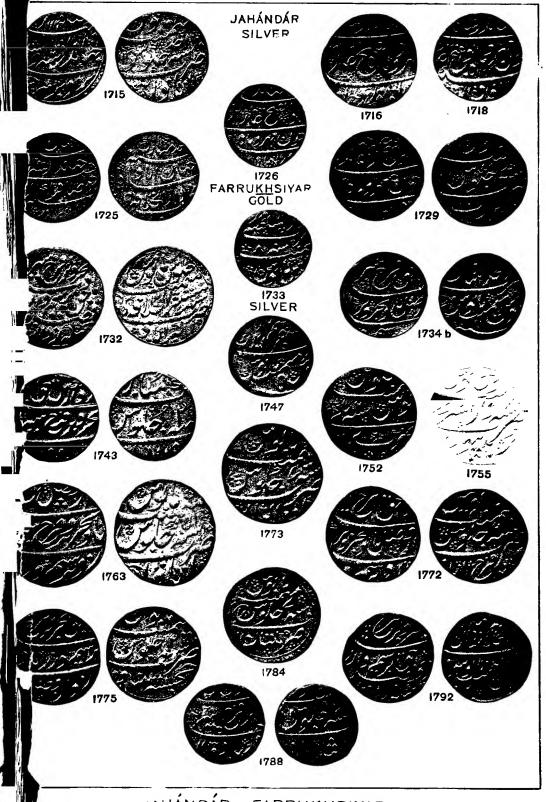
AURANGZÉB SILVER





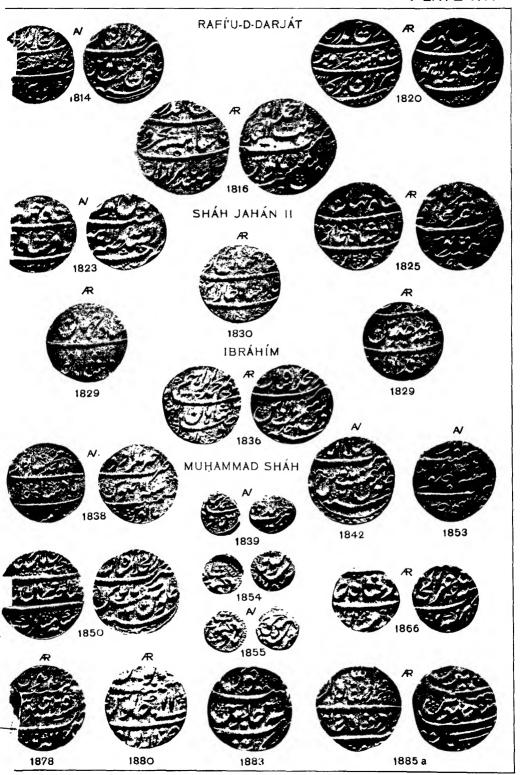
AURANGZÉB-SHÁH 'ÁLAM BAHÁDUR SHÁH COPPER GOLD-SILVER





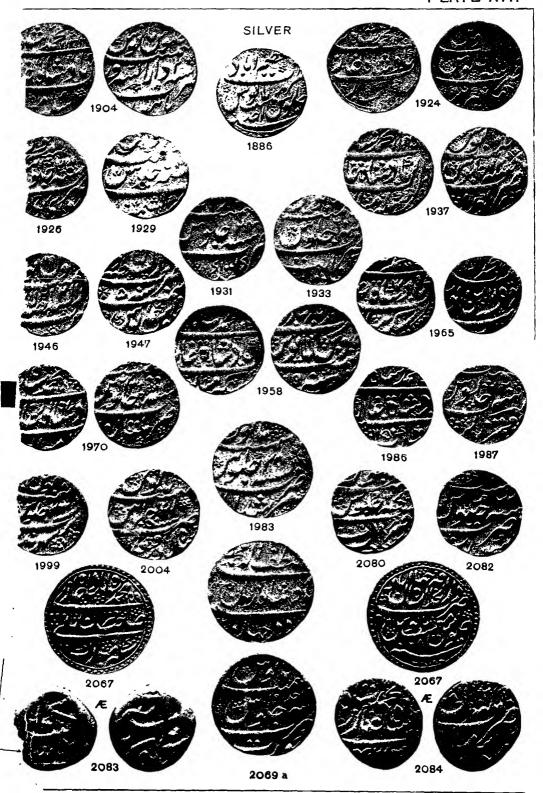
JAHÁNDÁR – FARRU<u>KH</u>SIYAR





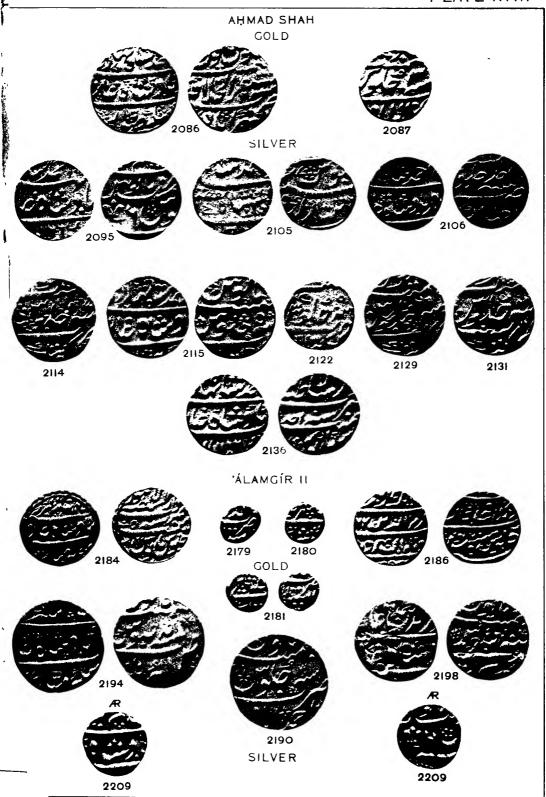
RAFÍ'U-D-DARJÁT — SHÁH JAHÁN II IBRÁHÍM — MUHAMMAD SHÁH

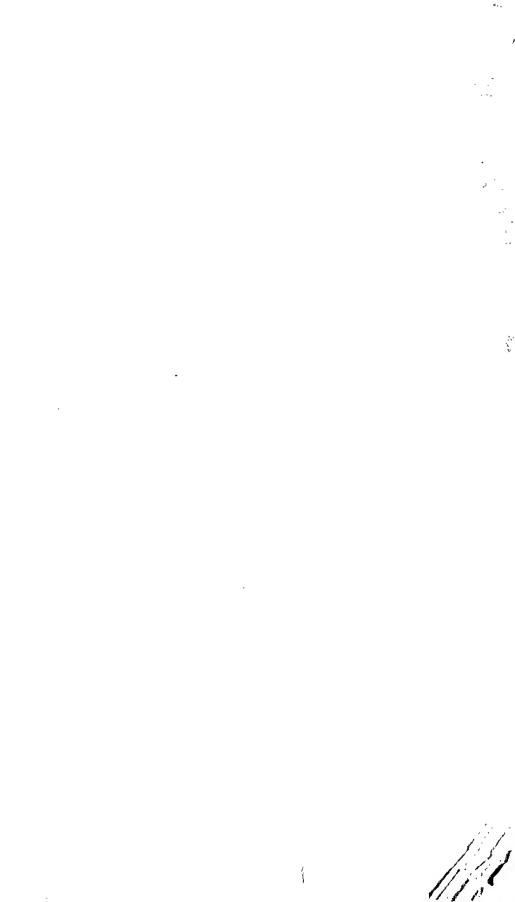


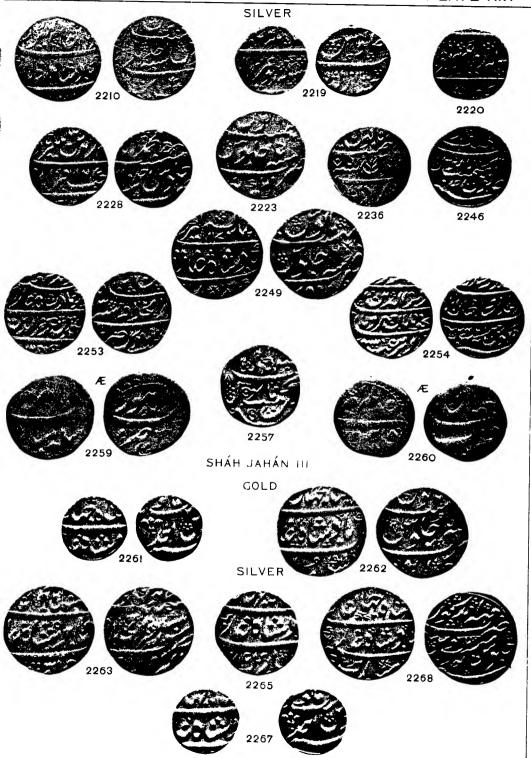


MUHAMMAD SHÁH SILVER-COPPER



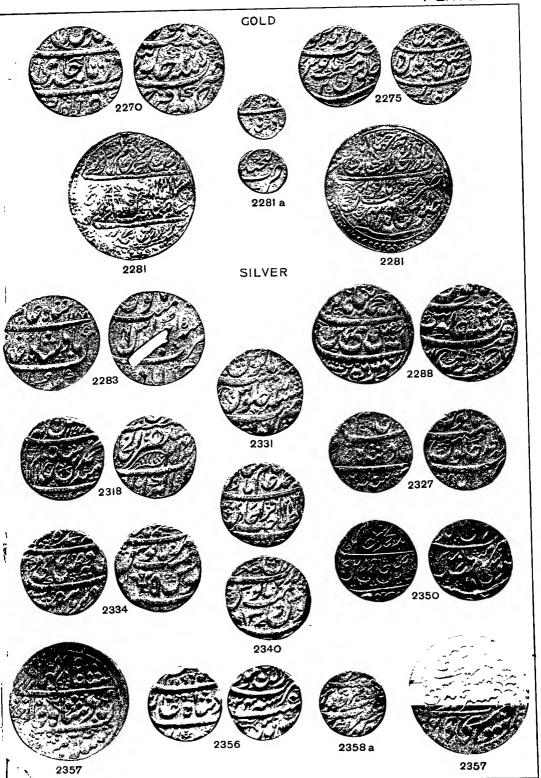






ÁLAMGÍR II—SHÁH JAHÁN III





SHÁH ÁLAM II

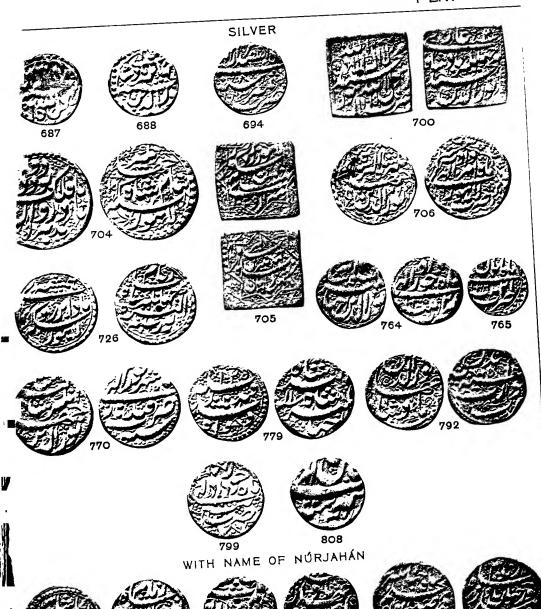


JAHÁNGÍR-SILVER

684



PLATE VIII















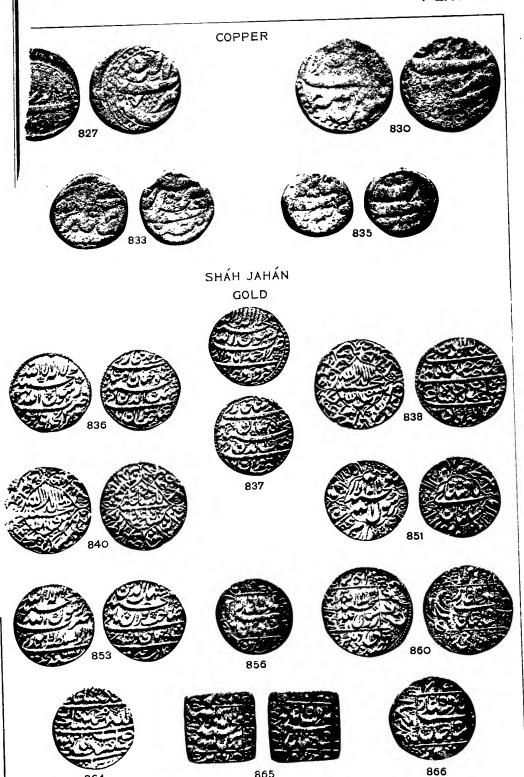


SILVER



JAHÁNGÍR — NÚRJAHÁN

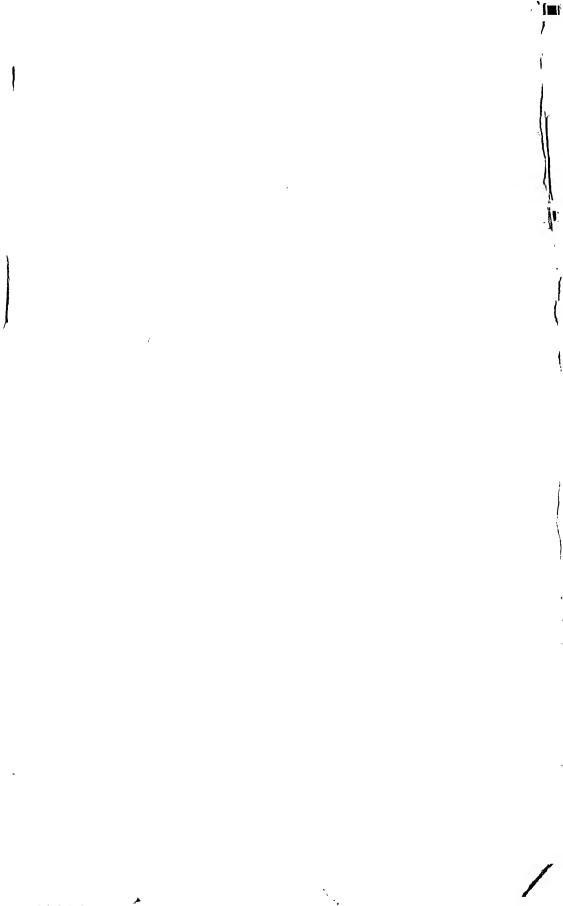


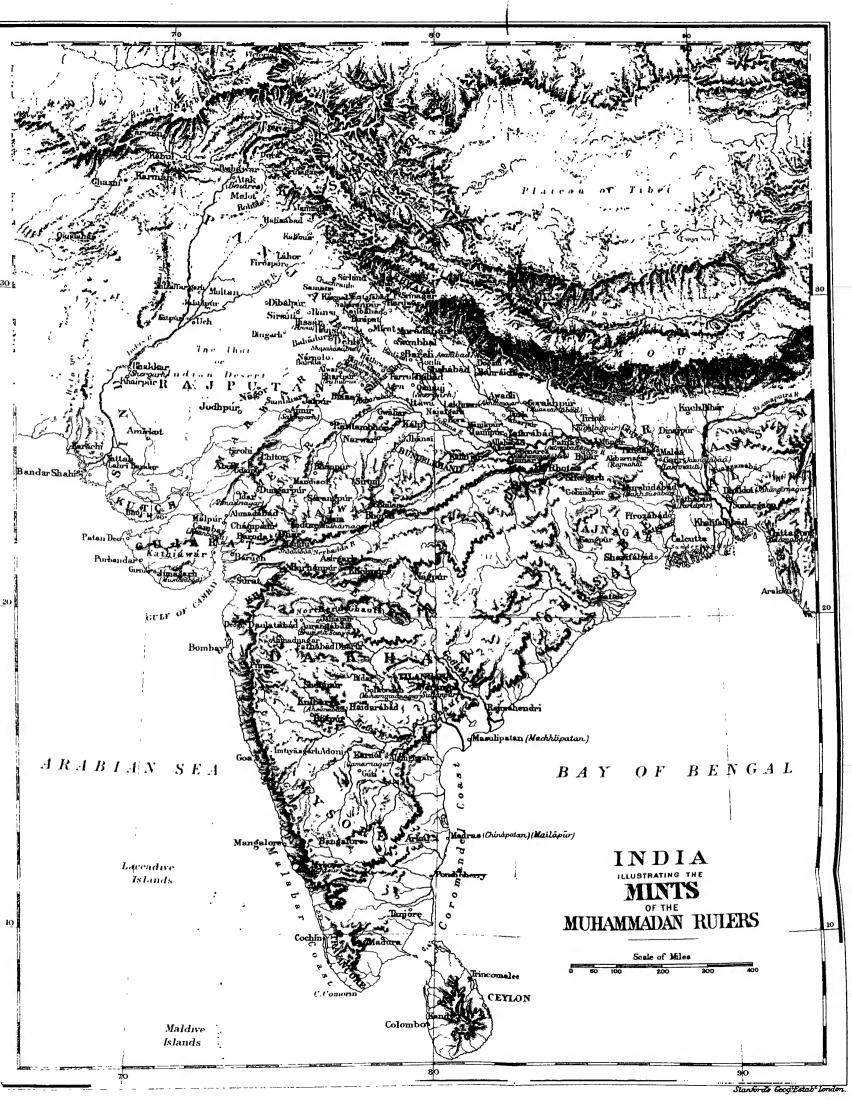


JAHÁNGÍR—SHÁH JAHÁN COPPER GOLD

865

864













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